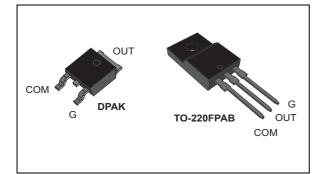


ACST2

Overvoltage protected AC switch

Datasheet - production data



Features

- Triac with overvoltage crowbar technology
- High noise immunity: static dV/dt > 500 V/µs
- TO-220FPAB insulated package:
 - complies with UL standards (File ref: E81734)
 - Insulation voltage : 2000 VRMS

Benefits

- Enables equipment to meet IEC 61000-4-5
- High off-state reliability with planar technology
- Needs no external overvoltage protection
- Reduces component count
- Interfaces directly with the micro-controller
- High immunity against fast transients described in IEC 61000-4-4 standards

Applications

- AC on/off static switching in appliances and industrial control systems
- Driving low power highly inductive loads like solenoid, pump, fan, and micro-motor

Description

The ACST2 series belongs to the ACS/ACST power switch family. This high performance device is suited to home appliances or industrial systems and drives loads up to 2 A.

This ACST2 switch embeds a Triac structure with a high voltage clamping device to absorb the inductive turn-off energy and withstand line transients such as those described in the IEC 61000-4-5 standards. The component needs a low gate current to be activated ($I_{GT} < 10$ mA) and still shows a high electrical noise immunity complying with IEC standards such as IEC 61000-4-4 (fast transient burst test).

Figure 1. Functional diagram

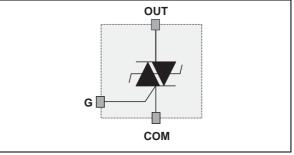


Table 1. Device summary

| Symbol | Value | Unit |
|------------------------------------|-------|------|
| I _{T(RMS)} | 2 | A |
| V _{DRM} /V _{RRM} | 800 | V |
| I _{GT} | 10 | mA |

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This is information on a product in full production.

1 Characteristics

| Symbol | Paramete | r | | Value | Unit |
|------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------|-------|------|
| 1 | On state rms surrent (full size ways) | TO-220FPAB | T _c = 105 °C | 2 | А |
| I _{T(RMS)} | On-state rms current (full sine wave) | DPAK | T _c = 110 °C | Z | |
| I | Non repetitive surge peak on-state current | F = 60 Hz | t = 16.7 ms | 8.4 | А |
| I _{TSM} | (full cycle sine wave, T _J initial = 25 °C) | F = 50 Hz | t = 20 ms | 8.0 | |
| l²t | I ² t Value for fusing | I^2 t Value for fusing $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ | | | |
| dl/dt | Critical rate of rise of on-state current $I_G = 2 \times I_{GT}$, $t_r = 100 \text{ ns}$ | F = 120 Hz | Tj = 125 °C | 50 | A/µs |
| V _{PP} ⁽¹⁾ | Non repetitive line peak mains voltage ⁽¹⁾ | 2 | kV | | |
| P _{G(AV)} | Average gate power dissipation | Average gate power dissipation Tj = 125 °C | | | |
| P _{GM} | Peak gate power dissipation ($t_p = 20 \ \mu s$) | | Tj = 125 °C | 10 | W |
| I _{GM} | Peak gate current (t _p = 20 μs) | 1.6 | А | | |
| T _{stg} T _j | Storage junction temperature range Operating junction temperature range | -40 to +150 -40 to +125 | °C | | |
| Τ _Ι | Maximum lead soldering temperature durin | 260 | °C | | |
| V _{INS(RMS)} | Insulation RMS voltage (60 seconds) | | TO-220FPAB | 2000 | V |

| Table 2. Absolute maximum | n ratings | (limiting values) |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------------------|
|---------------------------|-----------|-------------------|

1. According to test described in IEC 61000-4-5 standard and Figure 17

Table 3. Electrical characteristics ($T_j = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Test conditions Quadrant | | | Value | Unit |
|-------------------------------|---|---------|-----|-------|------|
| $I_{GT}^{(1)}$ | V_{OUT} = 12 V, R _L = 33 Ω | - - | MAX | 10 | mA |
| V _{GT} | V_{OUT} = 12 V, R _L = 33 Ω | - - | MAX | 1.1 | V |
| V _{GD} | $V_{OUT} = V_{DRM}, R_L = 3.3 \text{ k}\Omega, T_j = 125 \text{ °C}$ I - II - III | | MIN | 0.2 | V |
| I _H ⁽²⁾ | I _{OUT} = 100 mA | | | 10 | mA |
| 1 | $I_{G} = 1.2 \times I_{GT}$ | I - III | MAX | 25 | mA |
| IL IL | $I_G = 1.2 \times I_{GT}$ | II | MAX | 35 | |
| dV/dt ⁽²⁾ | $V_{OUT} = 67\% V_{DRM}$ gate open, T _j = 125 °C | MIN | 500 | V/µs | |
| (dl/dt)c (2) | $(dV/dt)c = 15 V/\mu s, T_j = 125 °C$ | MIN | 0.5 | A/ms | |
| V _{CL} | $I_{CL} = 0.1 \text{ mA}, t_p = 1 \text{ ms}, T_j = 25 \text{ °C}$ | | MIN | 850 | V |

1. Minimum I_{GT} is guaranteed at 5% of I_{GT} max

2. For both polarities of OUT pin referenced to COM pin



2/14

| Symbol | Test conditions | | | Value | Unit |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------|-----|-------|------------|
| V _{TM} ⁽¹⁾ | I _{TM} = 2.8 A, t _p = 500 μs | T _j = 25 °C | MAX | 2 | V |
| V _{TO} ⁽¹⁾ | Threshold voltage | T _j = 125 °C | MAX | 0.9 | V |
| R _D ⁽¹⁾ | Dynamic resistance | T _j = 125 °C | MAX | 250 | m Ω |
| I _{DRM} | | T _j = 25 °C | MAX | 10 | μA |
| I _{RRM} | $V_{OUT} = V_{DRM} / V_{RRM}$ | T _j = 125 °C | | 0.5 | mA |

| Table 4. S | Static elect | rical charac | teristics |
|------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
|------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|

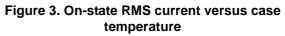
1. For both polarities of OUT pin referenced to COM pin

| Table 5. Thermal resistance |
|-----------------------------|
|-----------------------------|

| Symbol | Para | | Value | Unit | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|------|------|
| Р | lunction to page (AC) | | DPAK | 4.5 | |
| R _{th(j-c)} | Junction to case (AC) | | TO-220FPAB | 7 | °C/W |
| Р | lunction to ambient | | TO-220FPAB | 60 | C/W |
| R _{th(j-a)} Junction to ambient | | $S_{CU}^{(1)} = 0.5 \text{ cm}^2$ | DPAK | 70 | |

1. S_{CU} = copper surface under tab

Figure 2. Maximum power dissipation versus on-state RMS current (full cycle)



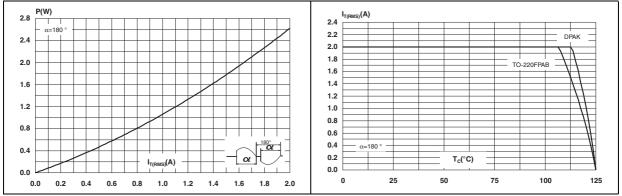




Figure 4. On-state RMS current versus ambient temperature

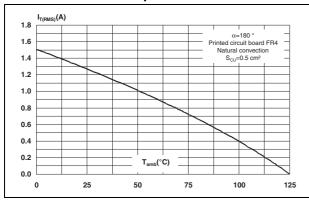


Figure 6. Relative variation of thermal impedance versus pulse duration DPAK

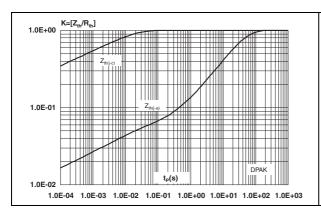


Figure 8. Relative variation of static dV/dt versus junction temperature

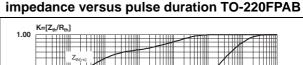


Figure 5. Relative variation of thermal

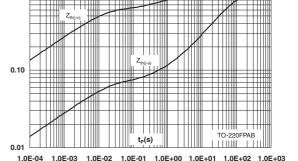
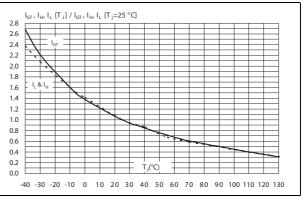
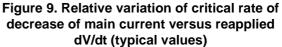
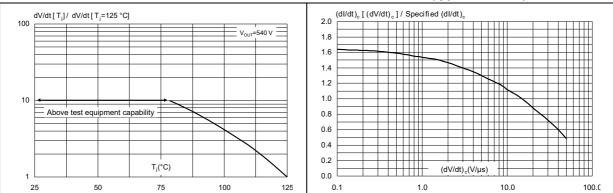
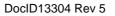


Figure 7. Relative variation of gate trigger, holding and latching current versus junction temperature (typical value)











П

1000

Figure 10. Relative variation of critical rate of decrease of main current versus junction temperature

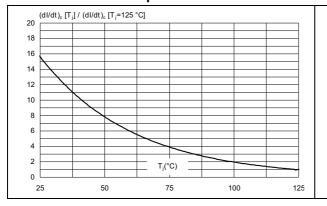


Figure 12. Non repetitive surge peak on-state current for a sinusoidal pulse with width t_p < 10 ms and corresponding value

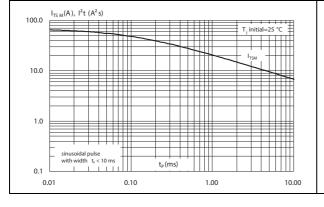
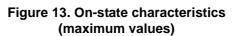


Figure 14. Thermal resistance junction to ambient versus copper surface under tab DPAK



er of cycle

100

Figure 11. Surge peak on-state current versus

number of cycles

Non repet

T_i initial=25

=110

10

DPAK

I_{TSM}(A)

9

8

7

6

5

4

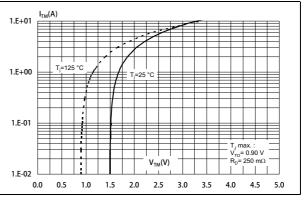
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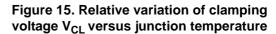
2

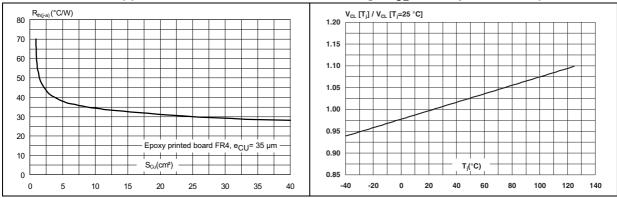
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0

1





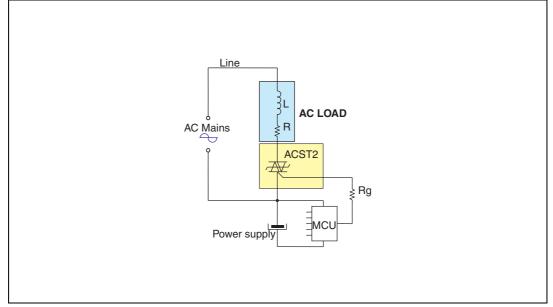


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2 Application information

2.1 Typical application description

The ACST2 device has been designed to switch on and off highly inductive or resistive loads such as pump, valve, fan, or bulb lamp. Thanks to its high sensitivity (I_{GT} max = 10 mA), the ACST2 can be driven directly by logic level circuits through a resistor as shown on the typical application diagram. Thanks to its thermal and turn-off commutation performances, the ACST2 switch can drive, without any additional snubber, an inductive load up to 2 A.





2.2 AC line transient voltage ruggedness

In comparison with standard Triacs, which are not robust against surge voltage, the ACST2 is self-protected against over-voltage, specified by the new parameter V_{CL} . In addition, the ACST2 is a sensitive device ($I_{GT} = 10$ mA), but provides a high noise immunity level against fast transients. The ACST2 switch can safely withstand AC line transient voltages either by clamping the low energy spikes, such as inductive spikes at switch off, or by switching to the on state (for less than 10 ms) to dissipate higher energy shocks through the load. This safety feature works even with high turn-on current ramp up.

The test circuit of *Figure* 17 represents the ACST2 application, and is used to stress the ACST switch according to the IEC 61000-4-5 standard conditions. With the additional effect of the load which is limiting the current, the ACST switch withstands the voltage spikes up to 2 kV on top of the peak line voltage. The protection is based on an overvoltage crowbar technology. The ACST2 folds back safely to the on state as shown in *Figure* 18. The ACST2 recovers its blocking voltage capability after the surge and the next zero current crossing. Such a non repetitive test can be done at least 10 times on each AC line voltage polarity.



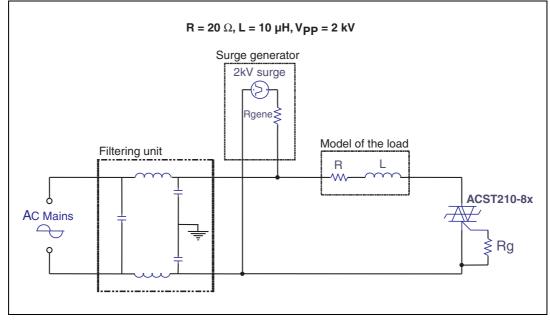
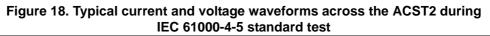
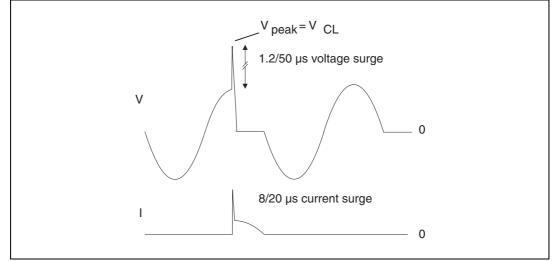


Figure 17. Overvoltage ruggedness test circuit for resistive and inductive loads for IEC 61000-4-5 standards





2.3 Electrical noise immunity

The ACST2 is a sensitive device ($I_{GT} = 10 \text{ mA}$) and can be controlled directly though a simple resistor by a logic level circuit, and still provides a high electrical noise immunity. The intrinsic immunity of the ACST2 is shown by the specified dV/dt equal to 500 V/µs @ 125 °C. This immunity level is 5 to 10 times higher than the immunity provided by an equivalent standard technology Triac with the same sensitivity. In other words, the ACST2 is sensitive, but has an immunity usually available only for non-sensitive device (I_{GT} higher than 35 mA).



3 Package information

- Epoxy meets UL94, V0
- Recommended torque (TO-220FPAB): 0.4 to 0.6 N·m

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK[®] packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK[®] specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: <u>www.st.com</u>. ECOPACK[®] is an ST trademark.

3.1 TO-220FPAB package information

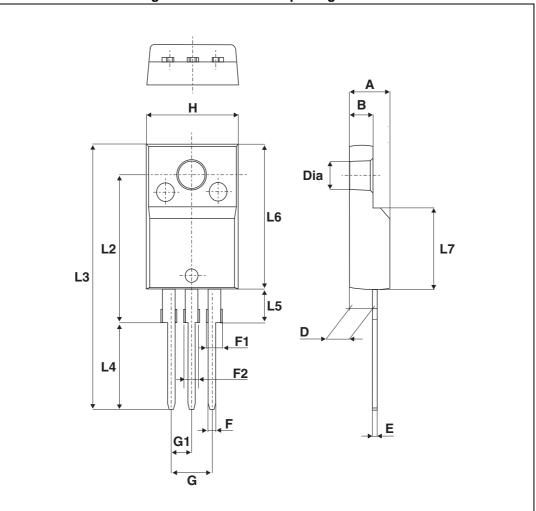


Figure 19. TO-220FPAB package outline



| | 10 | | - | age mechanica | | |
|------|-------------|------|------|---------------|--------|--------|
| - | Dimensions | | | | | |
| Ref. | Millimeters | | | | Inches | |
| | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Min. | Тур. | Max. |
| А | 4.4 | | 4.6 | 0.1730 | | 0.1809 |
| В | 2.5 | | 2.7 | 0.0983 | | 0.1062 |
| D | 2.5 | | 2.75 | 0.0983 | | 0.1081 |
| Е | 0.45 | | 0.70 | 0.0177 | | 0.0275 |
| F | 0.75 | | 1 | 0.0295 | | 0.0393 |
| F1 | 1.15 | | 1.70 | 0.0452 | | 0.0669 |
| F2 | 1.15 | | 1.70 | 0.0452 | | 0.0669 |
| G | 4.95 | | 5.20 | 0.1947 | | 0.2045 |
| G1 | 2.4 | | 2.7 | 0.0944 | | 0.1062 |
| Н | 10 | | 10.4 | 0.3932 | | 0.4090 |
| L2 | | 16 | | | 0.6292 | |
| L3 | 28.6 | | 30.6 | 1.1247 | | 1.2033 |
| L4 | 9.8 | | 10.6 | 0.3854 | | 0.4168 |
| L5 | 2.9 | | 3.6 | 0.1140 | | 0.1416 |
| L6 | 15.9 | | 16.4 | 0.6252 | | 0.6449 |

9.30

3.20

0.3539

0.1180



L7

Dia.

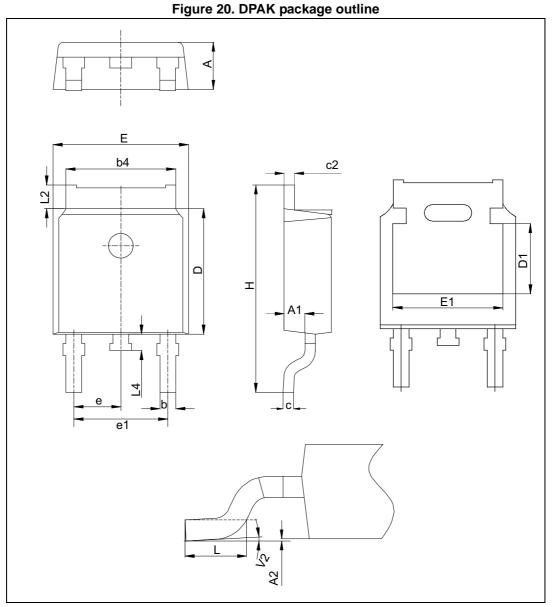
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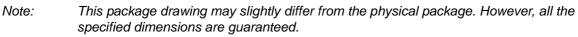
3.00

0.3657

0.1258

3.2 DPAK package information



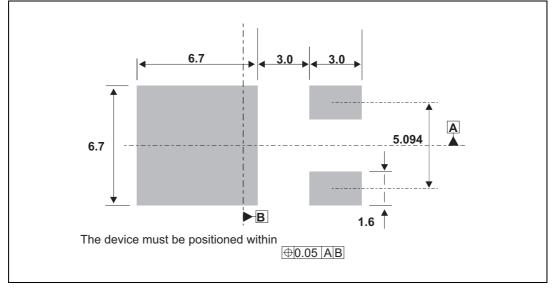




| | | | · · | nsions | | | |
|------|------|-------------|-------|--------|--------|-------|--|
| Ref. | | Millimeters | | | Inches | | |
| - | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Min. | Тур. | Max. | |
| А | 2.18 | | 2.40 | 0.086 | | 0.094 | |
| A1 | 0.90 | | 1.10 | 0.035 | | 0.043 | |
| A2 | 0.03 | | 0.23 | 0.001 | | 0.009 | |
| b | 0.64 | | 0.90 | 0.025 | | 0.035 | |
| b4 | 4.95 | | 5.46 | 0.195 | | 0.215 | |
| с | 0.46 | | 0.61 | 0.018 | | 0.024 | |
| c2 | 0.46 | | 0.60 | 0.018 | | 0.023 | |
| D | 5.97 | | 6.22 | 0.235 | | 0.244 | |
| D1 | | 5.1 | | | 0.201 | | |
| Е | 6.35 | | 6.73 | 0.250 | | 0.264 | |
| E1 | | 4.32 | | | 0.170 | | |
| е | | 2.286 | | | 0.09 | | |
| e1 | | 4.572 | | | 0.18 | | |
| Н | 9.35 | | 10.40 | 0.368 | | 0.409 | |
| L | 1.00 | | 1.78 | 0.039 | | 0.070 | |
| L2 | | | 1.27 | | | 0.05 | |
| L4 | 0.60 | | 1.02 | 0.023 | | 0.040 | |
| V2 | 0° | | 8° | 0° | | 8° | |

Table 7. DPAK package mechanical data

Figure 21. Footprint (dimensions in mm)





4 Ordering information

| AC switch | |
|---------------------------|--|
| | |
| Topology | |
| T = Triac | |
| | |
| On-state rms current | |
| 2 = 2 A | |
| | |
| Sensitivity | |
| 10 = 10 mA | |
| Voltage | |
| 8 = 800 V | |
| 0 - 000 V | |
| Package | |
| FP = TO-220FPAB | |
| B = DPAK | |
| | |
| Delivery mode | |
| TR = Tape and reel (DPAK) | |

Figure 22. Ordering information scheme

Table 8. Ordering information

| ······································ | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|------------|--------|----------|---------------|--|--|
| Order code | Marking | Package | Weight | Base Qty | Packing mode | | |
| ACST210-8FP | | TO-220FPAB | 2.4g | 50 | Tube | | |
| ACST210-8B | ACST2108 | DPAK | 0.3g | 50 | Tube | | |
| ACST210-8BTR | | DPAK | 0.3g | 2500 | Tape and Reel | | |



5 Revision history

| Date | Revision | Changes |
|-------------|----------|--|
| 01-Mar-2007 | 1 | Initial release. |
| 13-Apr-2010 | 2 | Updated ECOPACK statement. Reformatted for consistency with other datasheets in this product class. |
| 01-Jul-2010 | 3 | Updated Figure 22. |
| 24-May-2014 | 4 | Updated DPAK package information and reformatted to current standard. |
| 14-Jun-2017 | 5 | Updated features in cover page and <i>Table 2</i> . Updated <i>Figure 8</i> , <i>Figure 9</i> , <i>Figure 10</i> , <i>Figure 14</i> and <i>Section 3</i> . Minor text changes. |

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