

## AOTF7N60FD

# 600V, 7A N-Channel MOSFET with Fast Recovery Diode

## **General Description**

The AOTF7N60FD has been fabricated using an advanced high voltage MOSFET process that is designed to deliver high levels of performance and robustness in popular AC-DC applications. By providing low  $R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})},\,C_{\text{iss}}$  and  $C_{\text{rss}}$  along with guaranteed avalanche capability this part can be adopted quickly into new and existing offline power supply designs.

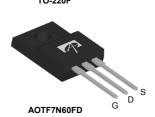
For Halogen Free add "L" suffix to part number: AOTF7N60FDL

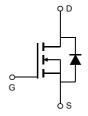
### **Product Summary**

100% UIS Tested 100%  $R_g$  Tested









Absolute Maximum	Ratings T <sub>△</sub> =25°C unles	s otherwise noted			
Parameter		Symbol	AOTF7N60FD	Units	
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	600	V	
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	±30	V	
Continuous Drain	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C		7*		
Current	T <sub>C</sub> =100°C	I <sub>D</sub>	4.7*	Α	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	24	$\neg$	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>		I <sub>AR</sub>	3.5	A	
Repetitive avalanche energy <sup>C</sup>		E <sub>AR</sub>	184	mJ	
Single pulsed avalanche energy <sup>G</sup>		E <sub>AS</sub>	368	mJ	
Peak diode recovery dv/dt		dv/dt	5	V/ns	
	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	39	W	
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	Derate above 25°C	, p	0.3	W/°C	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	°C	
Maximum lead temperature for soldering					
purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds		$T_L$	300	°C	
Thermal Characteris	stics				
Parameter		Symbol	AOTF7N60FD	Units	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A,D		$R_{\theta JA}$	65	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Case		Reic	3.25	°C/W	

<sup>\*</sup> Drain current limited by maximum junction temperature.



#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units				
STATIC PARAMETERS										
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =10mA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	600							
		$I_D$ =10mA, $V_{GS}$ =0V, $T_J$ =150°C		700		V				
BV <sub>DSS</sub> /ΔTJ	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I <sub>D</sub> =10mA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.68		V/°C				
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =600V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			10					
		V <sub>DS</sub> =480V, T <sub>J</sub> =125°C			100	μΑ				
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±30V			±100	nA				
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}$ =5V, $I_{D}$ =250 $\mu$ A	2.5	3.3	4.2	V				
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $I_{D}$ =3.5A		1.2	1.45	Ω				
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =40V, $I_{D}$ =3.5A		7		S				
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =7A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		1.03	1.6	V				
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				7	Α				
I <sub>SM</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current				24	Α				
	PARAMETERS									
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance		600	826	995	pF				
Coss	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =25V, f=1MHz	60	86	115	pF				
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		4.5	7.9	11.5	pF				
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =0V, f=1MHz	2	4	6	Ω				
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS	•	•	•	•	*				
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge		15	20	25	nC				
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =480V, I <sub>D</sub> =7A		3.6		nC				
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			7.7		nC				
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On DelayTime			24		ns				
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =300V, $I_{D}$ =7A,		55		ns				
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_G=25\Omega$		56		ns				
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			42		ns				
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =7A,dI/dt=100A/μs,V <sub>DS</sub> =100V		76	130	ns				
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	e I <sub>F</sub> =7A,dI/dt=100A/μs,V <sub>DS</sub> =100V		0.3	0.5	μС				

A. The value of R  $_{\rm 6JA}$  is measured with the device in a still air environment with T  $_{\rm A}$  =25 $^{\circ}$  C.

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B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(MAX)}=150^\circ$  C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C, Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T. =25° C.

D. The R  $_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R  $_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.

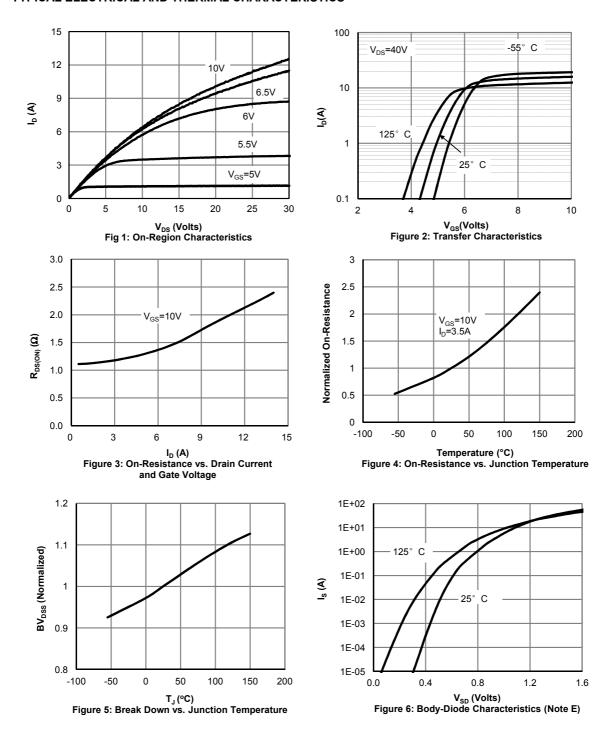
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. L=60mH,  $I_{AS}$ =3.5A,  $V_{DD}$ =150V,  $R_{G}$ =25 $\Omega$ , Starting  $T_{J}$ =25 $^{\circ}$  C

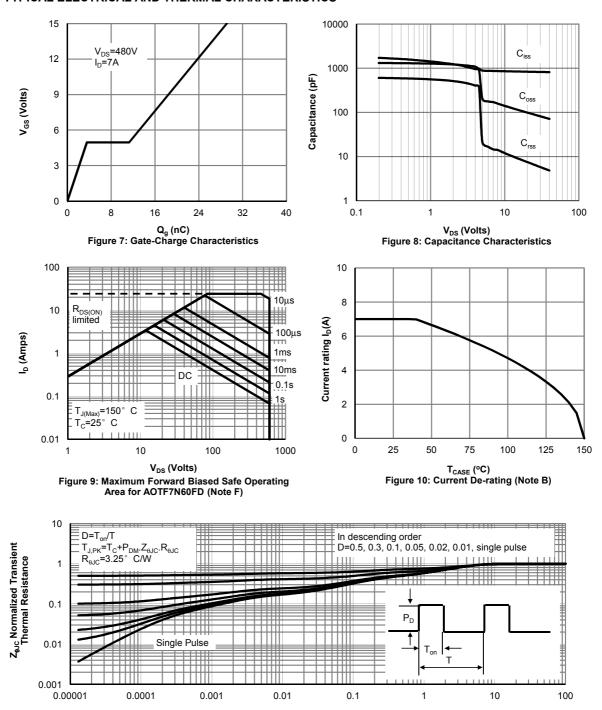


#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS





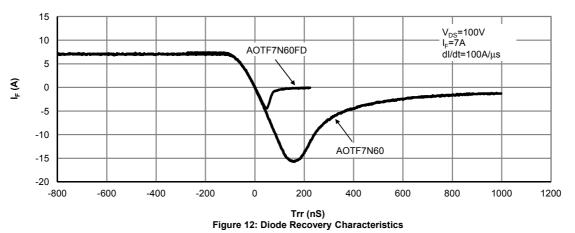
#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



Pulse Width (s)
Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOTF7N60FD (Note F)

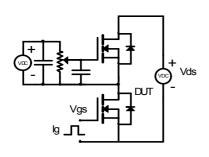


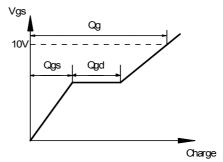
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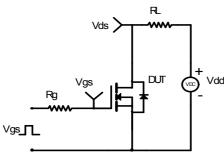


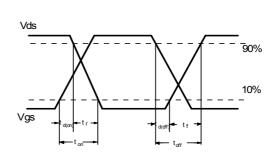
### Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



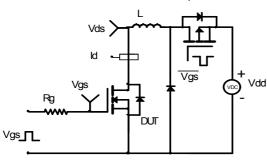


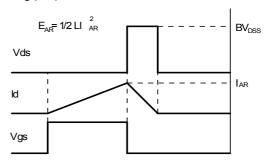
Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



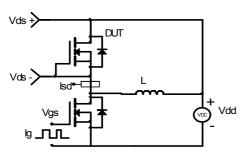


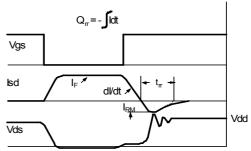
Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





### Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms





单击下面可查看定价,库存,交付和生命周期等信息

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