



General Description

The AOZ1341 is a member of Alpha and Omega Semiconductor's dual channel power distribution switch family intended for applications where heavy capacitive loads and short-circuits are likely to be encountered. This device incorporates 70 m Ω N-channel MOSFET power switches for power-distribution systems that require multiple power switches in a single package. Each switch is controlled by a logic enable input. Gate drive is provided by an internal charge pump designed to control the power-switch rise times and fall times to minimize current surges during switching. The charge pump requires no external components and allows operation from supplies as low as 2.7 V.

The AOZ1341 is available in an Exposed Pad MSOP-8 or an SO8 8-pin package and is rated over the -40 °C to +85 °C ambient temperature range.

Features

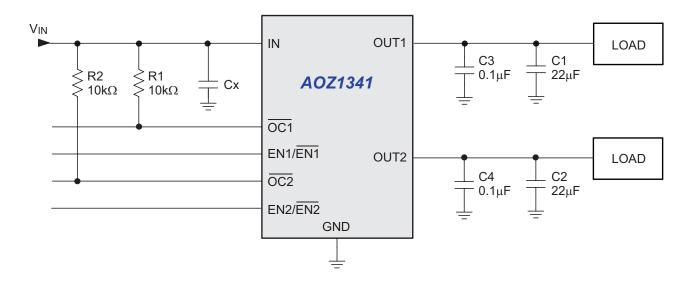
- Typical 70 mΩ (NFET)
- 1 A maximum continuous current
- V_{IN} Range: 2.7 V to 5.5 V
- Open Drain Fault Flag
- Fault Flag deglitched (blanking time)
- Discharge switch for shutdown
- Thermal shutdown
- Reverse current blocking
- Packages: Exposed Pad MSOP-8 and SO-8

Applications

- Notebook Computers
- Desktop Computers



Typical Application





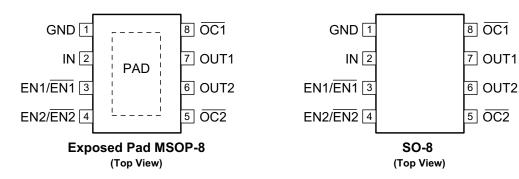
Ordering Information

Part Number	Maximum Continuous Current	Typical Short-circuit Current Limit	Enable Setting	Package	Environmental
AOZ1341AI			Active Low	SO-8	
AOZ1341AI-1	1 A	1.5 A	Active High	30-6	Green Product
AOZ1341EI		1.5 A	Active Low	Exposed Pad	RoHS Compliant
AOZ1341EI-1			Active High	MSOP-8	

AOS Green Products use reduced levels of Halogens, and are also RoHS compliant.

Please visit www.aosmd.com/web/quality/rohs_compliant.jsp for additional information.

Pin Configuration



Pin Description

Pin Name	Pin Number	Pin Function
GND	1	Ground
IN	2	Input voltage
EN1/EN1	3	Enable input, logic high/logic low turns on power switch IN-OUT1
EN2/EN2	4	Enable input, logic high/logic low turns on power switch IN-OUT2
OC2	5	Overcurrent, open-drain output, active low, IN-OUT2
OUT2	6	Power-switch output, IN-OUT2
OUT1	7	Power-switch output, IN-OUT1
OC1	8	Overcurrent, open-drain output, active low, IN-OUT1



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Exceeding the Absolute Maximum Ratings may damage the device.

Parameter	Rating
Input Voltage (V _{IN})	6 V
Enable Voltage (V _{EN})	6 V
Storage Temperature (T _S)	-55 °C to +150 °C
Maximum Continuous Current	1 A
ESD Rating ⁽¹⁾	2 kV

Note:

1. Devices are inherently ESD sensitive, handling precautions are required. Human body model is a 100 pF capacitor discharging through a 1.5 k Ω resistor.

Electrical Characteristics

 T_A = 25 °C, V_{IN} = 5.5 V, V_{EN} = 0 V, unless otherwise specified.

Recommended Operating Conditions

The device is not guaranteed to operate beyond the Recommended Operating Conditions.

Parameter	Rating
Input Voltage (V _{IN})	+2.7 V to +5.5 V
Junction Temperature (T _J)	-40 °C to +125 °C
Package Thermal Resistance	
Exposed Pad MSOP-8 (Θ_{JA})	60 °C/W
SO-8 (_{9JA})	115 °C/W

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions ⁽³⁾			Тур.	Max.	Units
POWER S	WITCH	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1	<u>I</u>	
R _{DS(ON)}	Switch On-Resistance	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, I _O = 1 A			70	135	mΩ
t _r	Rise Time, Output	V _{IN} = 5.5 V	C_L = 1 μF, R_L = 5 Ω		0.6	1.5	ms
		V _{IN} = 2.7 V			0.4	1	1
t _f	Fall time, output	V _{IN} = 5.5 V		0.05		0.5	ms
		V _{IN} = 2.7 V		0.05		0.5	1
	FET Leakage Current	Out connect to ground, $2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ $\text{V}_{(\overline{\text{ENx}})} = \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \text{ or } \text{V}_{(\text{ENx})} = 0 \text{ V}$ -40 °C $\le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le 125 \text{ °C}^{(2)}$			1		μΑ
ENABLE I	NPUT EN						
V _{IH}	High-level Input Voltage	2.7 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5.5 V					V
V _{IL}	Low-level Input Voltage	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$				0.8	V
I _I	Input Current			-0.5		0.5	μA
t _{on}	Turn-on Time	C_L = 100 μ F, R_L = 5 Ω			3	ms	
t _{off}	Turn-off Time	C _L = 100 μF, R _L = 5 Ω				10	
CURRENT	LIMIT					•	
I _{OS}	Short-circuit Output Current (per Channel)	V _(IN) = 2.7 V to 5.5 V, OUT co device enable into short-circui		1.1	1.5	1.9	A
I _{OC_TRIP}	Overcurrent Trip Threshold (per Channel)	$V_{(IN)} = 5 V$, current ramp (≤ 10	1.0	1.6	2.0	Α	
SUPPLY (CURRENT						
	Supply Current, Low-level	No load on OUT, $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			0.5	1	μA
	Output	$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, \\ \text{V}_{(\overline{\text{ENx}})} = \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \text{ or } \text{V}_{(\text{ENx})} = 0 \text{ V} \end{array}$	$-40 \ ^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le 125 \ ^{\circ}C^{(2)}$		0.5	5	
	Supply current, High-level	No load on OUT,	T _J = 25 °C		65	81	μA
	Output	$V_{(\overline{ENx})} = 0 V \text{ or } V_{(ENx)} = V_{IN}$	$-40 \ ^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_{\text{J}} \leq 125 \ ^{\circ}\text{C}^{(2)}$		65	90	
	Reverse Leakage Current	V _(OUTx) = 5.5 V, IN = ground			0.2		μA



Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

 T_{A} = 25 °C, V_{IN} = 5.5 V, V_{EN} = 0 V, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions ⁽³⁾	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
UNDERVO	LTAGE LOCKOUT						
	Low-level voltage, IN		2.0		2.5	V	
	Hysteresis, IN			200		mV	
OVERCUR	RENT OC1 AND OC2						
	Output Low Voltage V _{OL(OCx)}	$I_{O(OCx)} = 5 \text{ mA}$			0.4	V	
	Off-state Current	V _{O(OCx)} = 5 V or 3.3 V			1	μA	
	OC_L Deglitch	OCx assertion or deassertion	4	8	15	ms	
THERMAL	THERMAL SHUTDOWN						
	Thermal Shutdown Threshold		135			°C	
	Recovery from Thermal Shutdown		105			°C	
	Hysteresis			30		°C	

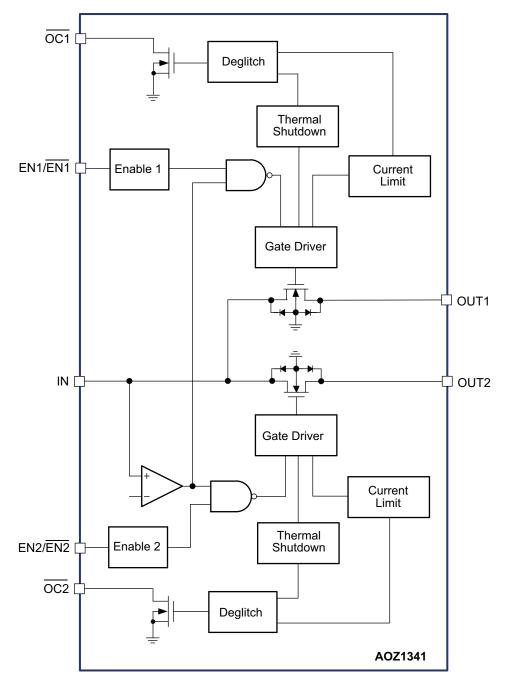
Note:

2. Parameters are guaranteed by design only and not production tested.

3. Pulse testing techniques maintain junction temperature close to ambient temperature; thermal effects must be taken into account separately.

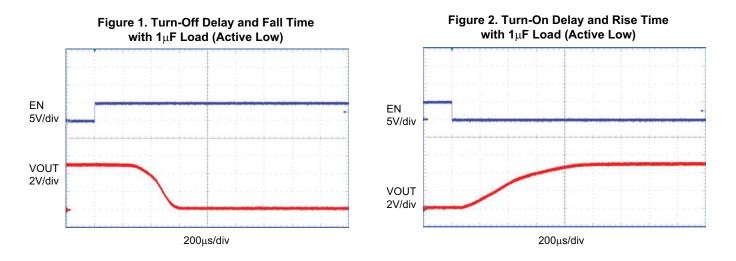


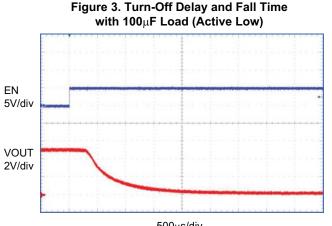
Functional Block Diagram





Functional Characteristics





500µs/div

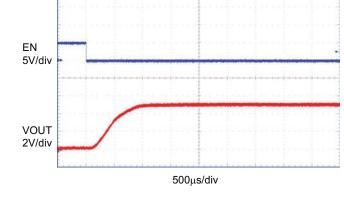
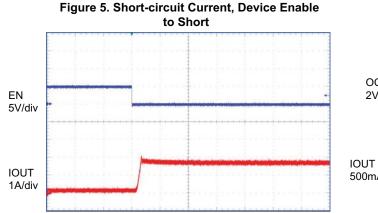
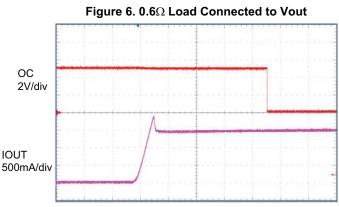


Figure 4. Turn-On Delay and Rise Time

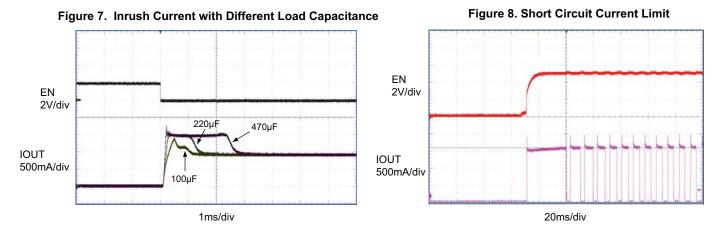
with 100µF Load (Active Low)



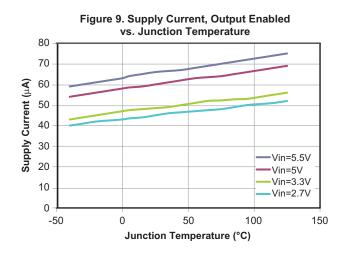


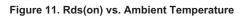


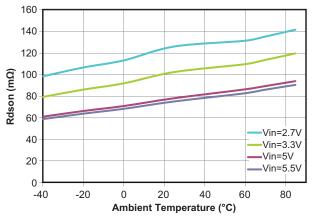
Functional Characteristics (Continued)

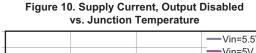


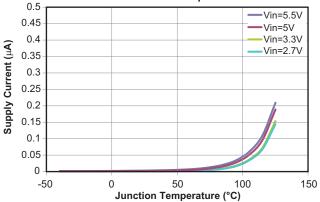
Typical Characteristics



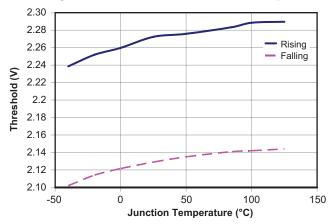








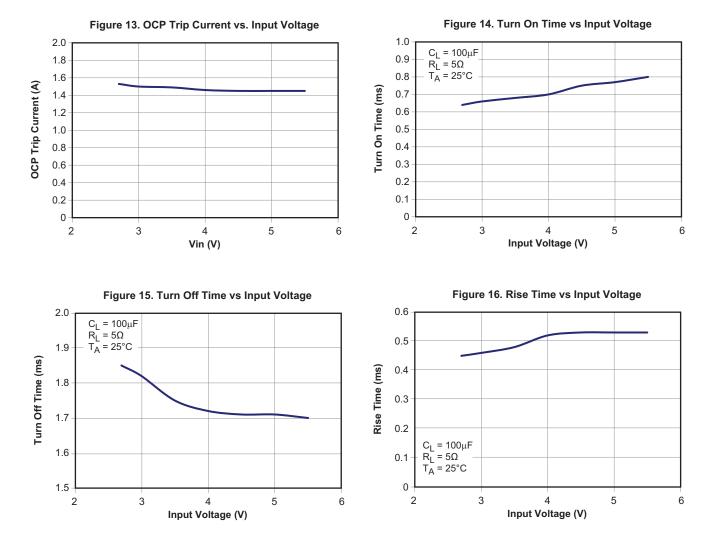


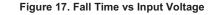


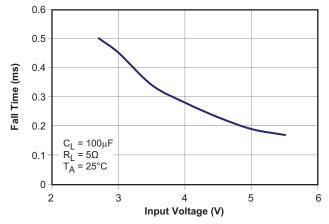


AOZ1341

Typical Characteristics (Continued)







Detailed Description

The AOZ1341 is a member of Alpha and Omega Semiconductor's dual channel power distribution switch family intended for applications where heavy capacitive loads and short-circuits are likely to be encountered. This device incorporates 70 m Ω N-channel MOSFET power switches for power-distribution systems that require multiple power switches in a single package. Each switch is controlled by a logic enable input. Gate drive is provided by an internal charge pump designed to control the power-switch rise and fall times to minimize current surges during switching. The charge pump requires no external components and allows operation from supplies as low as 2.7 V.

Power Switch

The power switch is a N-channel MOSFET with a low on-state resistance capable of delivering 1 A of continuous current. Configured as a high-side switch, the MOSFET will go into high impedance when disabled. Thus, preventing current flow from OUT to IN and IN to OUT.

Charge Pump

An internal charge pump supplies power to the circuits and provides the necessary voltage to drive the gate of the MOSFET beyond the source. The charge pump is capable of operating down to a low voltage of 2.7 Volts.

Driver

The driver controls the voltage on the gate to the power MOSFET switch. This is used to limit the large current surges when the switch is being turned On and Off. Proprietary circuitry controls the rise and fall time of the output voltages.

Enable

The logic enable disables the power switch, charge pump, gate driver, logic device, and other circuitry to reduce the supply current. When the enable receives a logic high the supply current is reduced to approximately 1 μ A. The enable input is compatible with both TTL and CMOS logic levels.

Over-current

The over-current open drain output is asserted (active low) when an over-current condition occurs. The output will remain asserted until the over-current condition is removed. A 15 ms deglitch circuit prevents the over-current from false triggering.

Thermal Shut-down Protection

When the output load exceeds the current-limit threshold the device limits the output current to a safe level by switching into a constant-current mode, pulling the overcurrent (OC) logic output low.

During current limit conditions the increasing power dissipation in the chip causing the die temperature to rise. When the die temperature reaches a specified level the thermal shutdown circuitry will shutdown the device. The thermal shutdown will cycle repeatedly until the short circuit condition is resolved.

Applications Information

Input Capacitor Selection

The input capacitor prevents large voltage transients from appearing at the input, and provides the instantaneous current needed each time the switch turns on and also to limit input voltage drop. The input capacitor t also prevents high-frequency noise on the power line from passing through the output of the power side. The choice of the input capacitor is based on its ripple current and voltage ratings rather than its capacitor value. The input capacitor should be located as close to the VIN pin as possible. A 0.1 μ F ceramic cap is recommended but higher capacitor values will further reduce the voltage drop at the input.

Output Capacitor Selection

The output capacitor acts in a similar way. A small 0.1 μ F capacitor prevents high-frequency noise from going into the system. Also, the output capacitor has to supply enough current for a large load that it may encounter during system transients. This bulk capacitor must be large enough to supply fast transient load in order to prevent the output voltage from dropping.

Power Dissipation Calculation

Calculate the power dissipation for normal load condition using the following equation:

$$P_{\rm D} = R_{\rm ON} \, x \, (I_{\rm OUT})^2$$

The worst case power dissipation occurs when the load current hits the current limit due to over-current or short circuit faults. The power dissipation under these conditions can be calculated using the following equation:

 $P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{LIMIT}$

Layout Guidelines

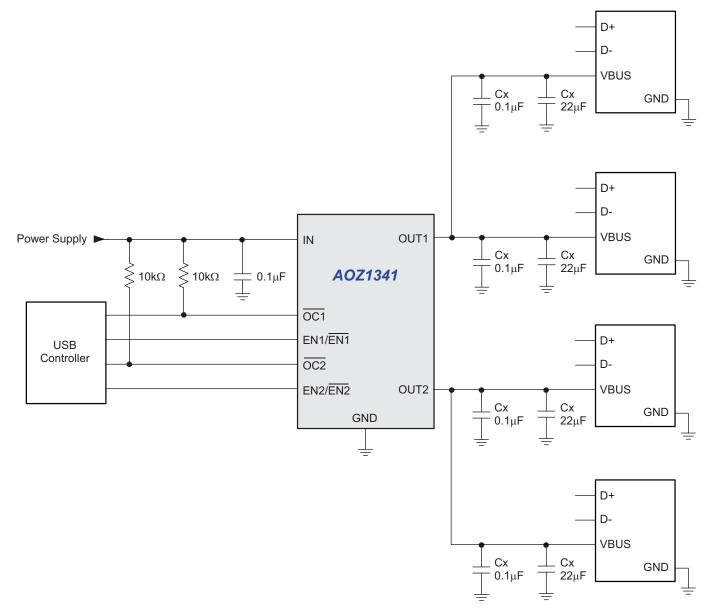
Proper PCB layout is important for improving the thermal and overall performance of the AOZ1341. To optimize the switch response time to output short-circuit conditions keep all traces as short as possible to reduce the effect of unwanted parasitic inductance.

Place the input and output bypass capacitors as close as possible to the IN and OUT pins. The input and output PCB traces should be as wide as possible for the given PCB space.

Use a ground plane to enhance the power dissipation capability of the device.



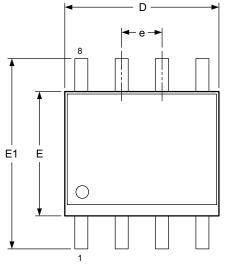
USB Power Distribution Application

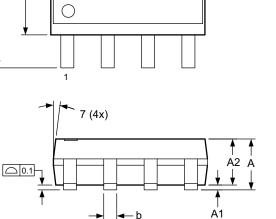


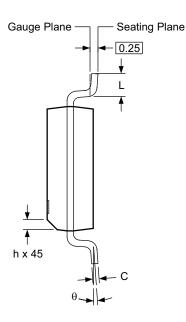




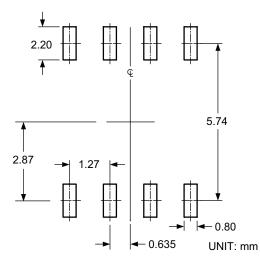
Package Dimensions, SO-8







RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



Dimensions in millimeters

Dimensions in minimeters							
Symbols	Min.	Nom.	Max.				
А	1.35	1.65	1.75				
A1	0.10	_	0.25				
A2	1.25	1.50	1.65				
b	0.31		0.51				
С	0.17		0.25				
D	4.80	4.90	5.00				
Е	3.80	3.90	4.00				
е		1.27 BSC)				
E1	5.80	6.00	6.20				
h	0.25		0.50				
L	0.40		1.27				
θ	0°		8°				

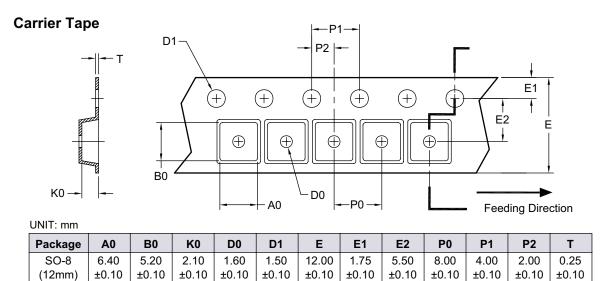
Dimensions in inches

0.069 0.010 0.065
0.065
0.005
0.020
0.010
0.197
0.157
С
0.244
0.020
0.050
8°

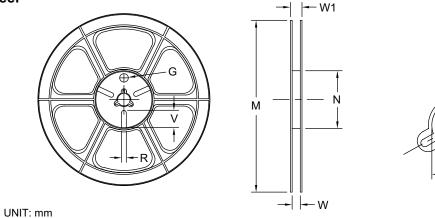
Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Dimensions are inclusive of plating
- 3. Package body sizes exclude mold flash and gate burrs. Mold flash at the non-lead sides should be less than 6 mils.
- 4. Dimension L is measured in gauge plane.
- 5. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

Tape and Reel Dimensions, SO-8



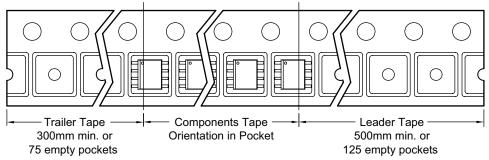
Reel



III: mm	
	Deel Cine

Tape Size	Reel Size	М	Ν	W	W1	Н	к	S	G	R	V
12mm	ø330	ø330.00			17.40	ø13.00	10.60	2.00	—		
		±0.50	±0.10	±0.30	±1.00	+0.50/-0.20		±0.50			

Leader/Trailer and Orientation

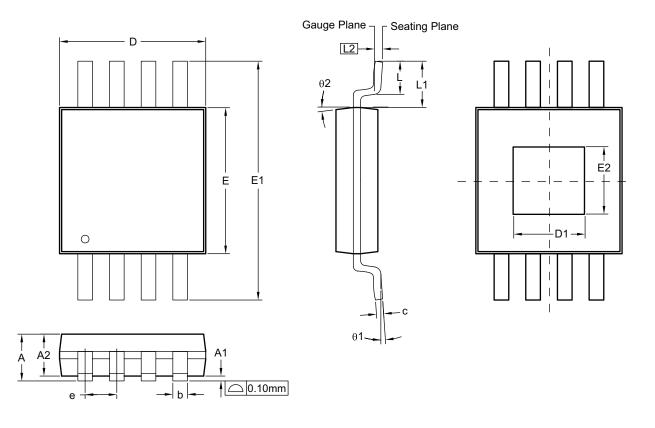


-s

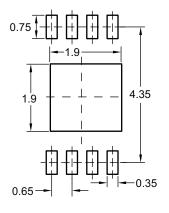
Κ



Package Dimensions, Exposed Pad MSOP-8



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



Dimensi	ions in	millim	eters
0		News	

Ourseland Min Name Mary					
Symbols	Min.	Nom.	Max.		
A	0.81	1.02	1.12		
A1	0.05	—	0.15		
A2	0.76	0.86	0.97		
b	0.25	0.30	0.40		
с	0.13	0.15	0.23		
D	2.90	3.00	3.10		
D1	1.55	—	1.8		
е	().65 TYP			
E	2.90	3.00	3.10		
E1	4.70	4.90	5.10		
E2	1.3	—	1.8		
L	0.40	0.55	0.70		
L1	0.90	0.95	1.00		
L2	().25 BSC	;		
θ1	0°	_	6°		
θ2	—	12°	_		

Dimensions in inches

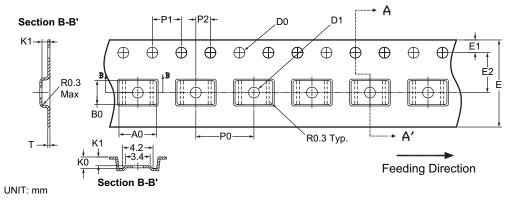
Symbols	Min.	Nom.	Max.				
Α	0.032	0.040	0.044				
A1	0.002	—	0.006				
A2	0.030	0.034	0.038				
b	0.010	0.012	0.016				
с	0.005	0.006	0.010				
D	0.116	0.118	0.120				
D1	0.06	—	0.07				
е	0.026 TYP.						
E	0.116	0.118	0.120				
E1	0.185	0.192	0.20				
E2	0.05	_					
L	0.016	0.022	0.028				
L1	0.035	0.037	0.039				
L2	0.010 BSC						
θ1	0°	_	6°				
θ2		12°					

Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Dimensions are inclusive of plating.
- 3. Package body sizes exclude mold flash and gate burrs. Mold flash at the non-lead sides should be less than 6 mils each.
- 4. Dimension L is measured in gauge plane.
- 5. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

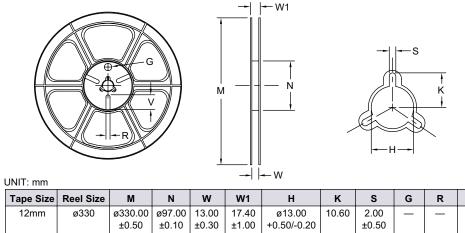
Tape and Reel Dimensions, Exposed Pad MSO8-P

Carrier Tape



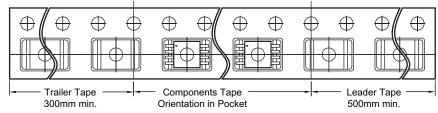
Package	т	B0	A0	K1	K0	D0	D1	Е	E1	E2	P0	P1	P2
MSOP-8	0.30 ±0.05	3.30 ±0.10	5.20 ±0.10	1.20 ±0.10	1.60 ±0.10	ø1.50 +0.1/-0.0	ø1.50 Min.	12.0 ±0.3	1.75 ±0.10	5.50 ±0.05	8.00 ±0.10	4.00 ±0.05	2.00 ±0.05
	10.05	10.10	10.10	10.10	10.10	10.1/-0.0	IVIII I.	10.5	10.10	10.05	10.10	10.05	10.05

Reel



±0.30

Leader/Trailer and Orientation



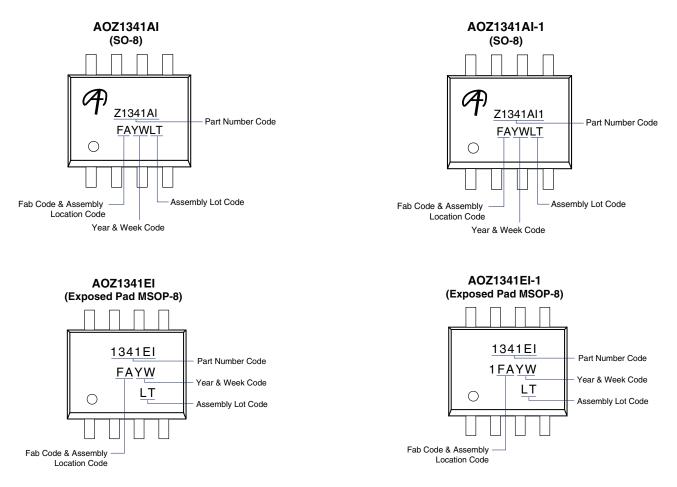
Notes:

- 1. 10 sprocket hole pich cumulative tolerance 0.2.
- 2. Camber not to exceed 1mm in 100mm.
- 3. A0 and B0 measured on a plane 0.3mm above the bottom of the pocket.
- 4. K0 measured from a plane on the inside bottom of the pocket to the top surface of the carrier.
- 5. Pocket position relative to sprocket hole measured as tue position of pocket, not pocket hole.
- 6. All dimensions in mm.

۷



Part Marking



LEGAL DISCLAIMER

Applications or uses as critical components in life support devices or systems are not authorized. AOS does not assume any liability arising out of such applications or uses of its products. AOS reserves the right to make changes to product specifications without notice. It is the responsibility of the customer to evaluate suitability of the product for their intended application. Customer shall comply with applicable legal requirements, including all applicable export control rules, regulations and limitations.

AOS' products are provided subject to AOS' terms and conditions of sale which are set forth at: <u>http://www.aosmd.com/terms_and_conditions_of_sale</u>

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

ALPHA & OMEGA SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury of the user. 2. A critical component in any component of a life support, device, or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

www.aosmd.com

单击下面可查看定价,库存,交付和生命周期等信息

>>AOS(万代)