

# AOZ8858DI-03

4-Channel Ultra-Low Capacitance TVS Array

### **General Description**

The AOZ8858DI-03 is a transient voltage suppressor array designed to protect high speed data lines such as HDMI 1.4/2.0, USB 3.0/3.1, LVDS, and V-by-one from damaging ESD events.

This device incorporates a numbers of surge rated, low capacitance steering diodes and a TVS in a single package. During transient conditions, the steering diodes direct the transient to either the positive side of the power supply line or to ground.

The AOZ8858DI-03 provides a typical line-to-line capacitance of 0.12 pF and low insertion loss providing greater signal integrity making it ideally suited for HDMI 1.4/2.0 or USB 3.0/3.1 applications, such as Digital TVs, DVD players, computing, set-top boxes and MDDI applications in mobile computing devices.

The AOZ8858DI-03 comes in a RoHS compliant and Halogen Free 2.5 mm x 1.0 mm x 0.55 mm DFN-10 package and is rated for -40 $^{\circ}$ C to +125 $^{\circ}$ C junction temperature range.

#### **Features**

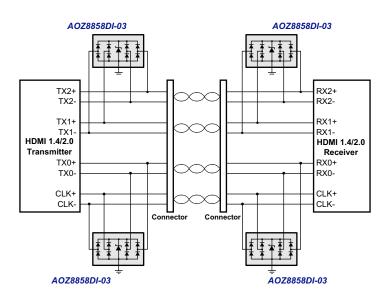
- ESD protection for high-speed data lines:
  - IEC 61000-4-2, level 4 (ESD) immunity:
    - Air discharge: ±30 kV
    - Contact discharge: ±30 kV
  - IEC61000-4-5 (Lightning) 4 A (8/20 μs)
  - Human Body Model (HBM) ±30 kV
- Protects four I/O lines
- Low capacitance between I/O to GND: 0.12 pF
- Low clamping voltage
- Low operating voltage: 3.3 V

## **Applications**

- HDMI 1.4/2.0, USB 3.0/3.1, LVDS, V-by-One
- Monitors and flat panel displays
- Set-top box
- Video graphics cards
- Notebook computers



# **Typical Applications**





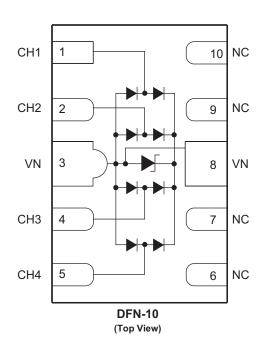
# **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Ambient Temperature Range	Package	Environmental
AOZ8858DI-03	-40°C to +125°C	2.5 mm x 1.0 mm x 0.55 mm DFN-10	Green Product



AOS Green Products use reduced levels of Halogens, and are also RoHS compliant. Please visit www.aosmd.com/media/AOSGreenPolicy.pdf for additional information.

# **Pin Configuration**



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding the Absolute Maximum ratings may damage the device.

Parameter	Rating	
Storage Temperature (T <sub>S</sub> )	-65°C to +150°C	
ESD Rating per IEC61000-4-2, contact <sup>(1)</sup>	±30 kV	
ESD Rating per IEC61000-4-2, air <sup>(1)</sup>	±30 kV	
ESD Rating per Human Body Model <sup>(2)</sup>	±30 kV	

#### Notes:

- 1. IEC 61000-4-2 discharge with C\_Discharge = 150pF, R\_Discharge = 330  $\Omega$ .
- 2. Human Body Discharge per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015  $C_{Discharge}$  = 100 pF,  $R_{Discharge}$  = 1.5 k $\Omega$ .

# **Maximum Operating Ratings**

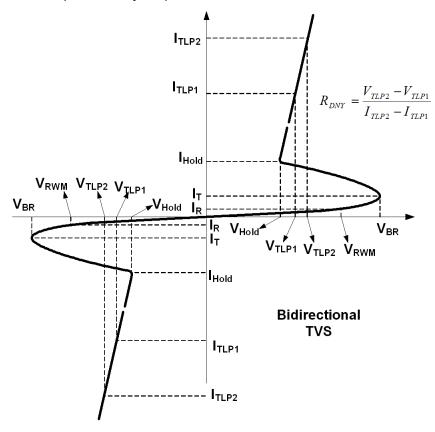
Parameter	Rating	
Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> )	-40°C to +125°C	

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### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $T_A$  = 25°C unless otherwise specified. Any I/O pin to GND.



Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max	Units
V <sub>RWM</sub>	Reverse Working Voltage	I/O pin to ground			3.3	V
V <sub>BR</sub>	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>T</sub> = 100 μA, I/O pin-to-ground	5			V
I <sub>R</sub>	Reverse Leakage Current	V <sub>T</sub> =Max. V <sub>RWM,</sub> I/O pin-to-ground		1	50	nA
V <sub>HOLD</sub>	Hold Voltage of Snapback <sup>(3)</sup>		1.8			V
I <sub>HOLD</sub>	Hold Current of Snapback <sup>(3)</sup>		20			mA
V <sub>CL</sub>	Clamping Voltage <sup>(3)(4)</sup> (100ns Transmission Line Pulse, I/O Pin-to-Ground)	I <sub>TLP</sub> = 1 A I <sub>TLP</sub> = 16 A		3 10		V V
R <sub>DNY</sub>	Dynamic Resistance <sup>(3)</sup>	I <sub>TLP</sub> = 1 A to 16 A		0.5		Ω
	Junction Capacitance	$V_{PIN 3,8} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{I/O} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz},$ I/O pin-to-ground		0.25	0.32	pF
CJ		V <sub>PIN 3,8</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, I/O pin-to-I/O pin		0.12		pF

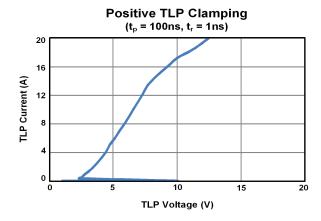
#### Notes

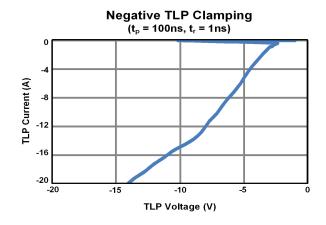
- 3. These specifications are guaranteed by design and characterization.
- 4. Measurements performed using a 100ns Transmission Line Pulse (TLP) system.

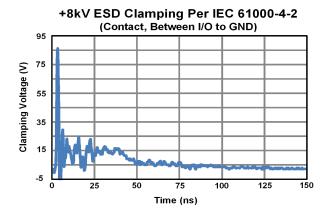
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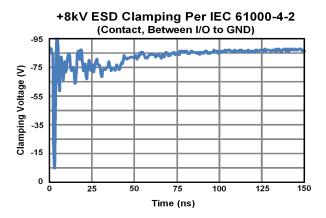


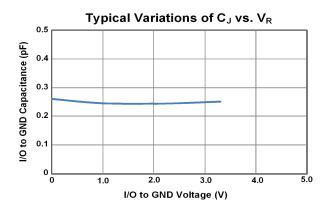
# **Typical Performance Characteristics**













### **High Speed PCB Layout Guidelines**

Printed circuit board layout is the key to achieving the highest level of surge immunity on power and data lines. The location of the protection devices on the PCB is the simplest and most important design rule to follow. The AOZ8858DI-03 devices should be located as close as possible to the noise source. The AOZ8858DI-03 device should be placed on all data and power lines that enter or exit the PCB at the I/O connector. In most systems, surge pulses occur on data and power lines that enter the PCB through the I/O connector. Placing the AOZ8858DI-03 devices as close as possible to the noise source ensures that a surge voltage will be clamped before the pulse can be coupled into adjacent PCB traces.

In addition, the PCB should use the shortest possible traces. A short trace length equates to low impedance, which ensures that the surge energy will be dissipated by the AOZ8858DI-03 device. Long signal traces will act as antennas to receive energy from fields that are produced by the ESD pulse. By keeping line lengths as short as possible, the efficiency of the line to act as an antenna for ESD related fields is reduced. Minimize interconnecting line lengths by placing devices with the most interconnect as close together as possible. The protection circuits should shunt the surge voltage to either the reference or chassis ground. Shunting the surge voltage directly to the IC's signal ground can cause ground bounce. The clamping performance of TVS diodes on a single ground

Clock
Data0
Data0
Ground
Data1
Data1
Data2
Data2

Figure 1. Flow Through Layout for HDMI 1.4/2.0

PCB can be improved by minimizing the impedance with relatively short and wide ground traces. The PCB layout and IC package parasitic inductances can cause significant overshoot to the TVS's clamping voltage. The inductance of the PCB can be reduced by using short trace lengths and multiple layers with separate ground and power planes. One effective method to minimize loop problems is to incorporate a ground plane in the PCB design.

The AOZ8858DI-03 ultra-low capacitance TVS is designed to protect four high speed data transmission lines from transient over-voltages by clamping them to a fixed reference. The low inductance and construction minimizes voltage overshoot during high current surges. When the voltage on the protected line exceeds the reference voltage the internal steering diodes are forward biased, conducting the transient current away from the sensitive circuitry. The AOZ8858DI-03 is designed for ease of PCB layout by allowing the traces to run underneath the device. The pinout of the AOZ8858DI-03 is designed to simply drop onto the IO lines of a High Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI 1.4/2.0) or USB 3.0/3.1 design without having to divert the signal lines that may add more parasitic inductance. Pins 1, 2, 4 and 5 are connected to the internal TVS devices and pins 6, 7, 9 and 10 are no connects. The no connects was done so the package can be securely soldered onto the PCB surface.

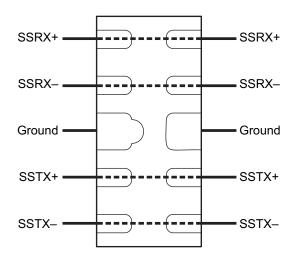
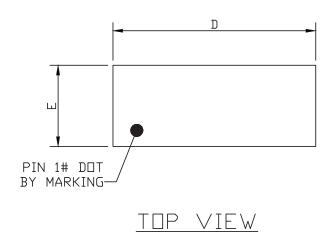
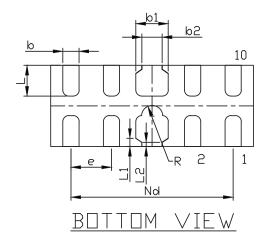


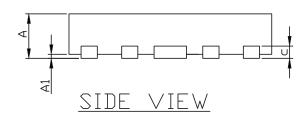
Figure 2. Flow Through Layout for USB 3.0/3.1

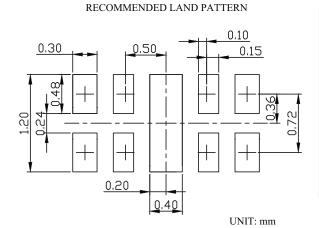


# Package Dimensions, DFN2.5x1.0A-10L, EP2\_S









SYMBOLS	DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS		DIMENSIONS IN INCHES			
	MIN	NDM	MAX	MIN	NDM	MAX
Α	0.45	0.50	0.55	0.0177	0.0197	0.0217
A1		0.02	0.05		0.0007	0.0019
b	0.15	0.20	0,25	0.0059	0.0078	0.0098
b1	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.0137	0.0157	0.0177
b2	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.0078	0.0098	0.0118
С	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.0039	0.0059	0.0078
D	2.45	2.50	2.55	0.0964	0.0984	0.1003
e	0.50 BSC			0.0196 BSC		
Nd	2.00 B2C			0.0787 BSC		
E	0.95	1.00	1.05	0.0374	0.0393	0.0413
L	0.33	0.38	0.43	0.0129	0.0150	0.0169
L1	0.075 Ref.		0.0030 Ref.			
L2	0.050 Ref.			0.0020 Ref.		
R	0.08	0.13	0.18	0.0031	0.0051	0.0071

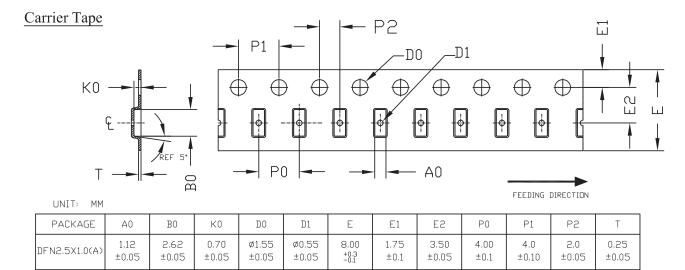
#### NOTE

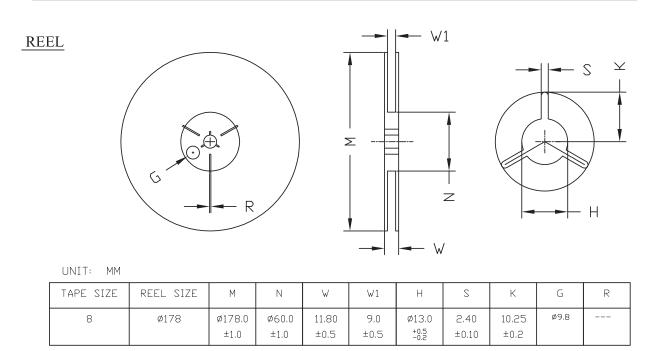
1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION IS MILLIMETER. CONVERTED INCH DIMENSIONS ARE NOT NECESSARILY EXACT.

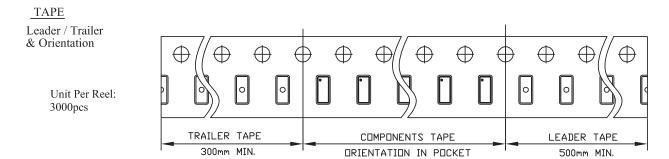
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# Tape and Reel Dimensions, DFN2.5x1.0A-10L, EP2\_S



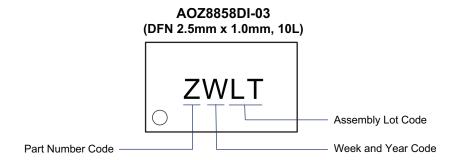




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### Part Marking



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