

## FEATURES

- Ultra-low Noise
- Ultra-Fast Transient Response
- High PSRR: -87dB @ 217Hz  
-83dB @ 1KHz  
-54dB @ 1MHz
- 0.1 $\mu$ A Standby Current When Shutdown
- Low Dropout: 240mV@500mA ( $V_{OUT}=2.8V$ )
- Wide Operating Voltage Ranges:  
1.8V to 5.5V
- Current Limiting and Short Circuit Current Protection
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Only 1 $\mu$ F Output Capacitor Required for Stability
- Fast output discharge
- Available in SOT23-5, SC70-5 and DFN1X1-4L Packages

- PCMCIA Cards
- Portable Information Appliances

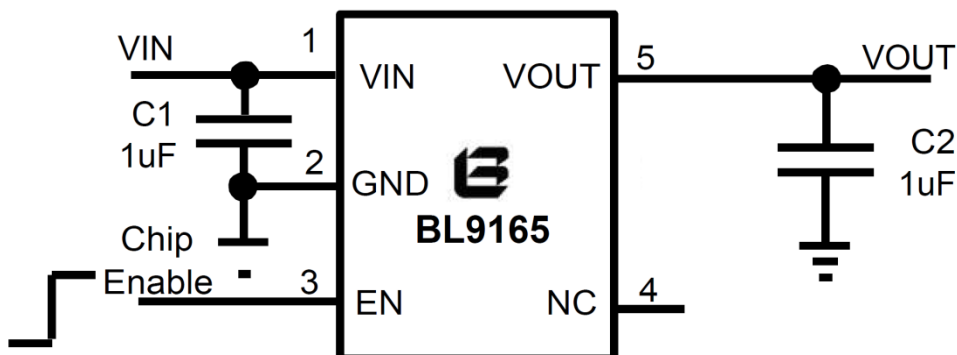
## DESCRIPTION

The BL9165 is designed for portable applications with demanding performance and space requirements. The BL9165 performance is optimized for battery-powered systems to deliver ultra-low noise and low quiescent current. Regulator ground current increases only slightly in dropout, further prolonging the battery life. The BL9165 also works with low-ESR ceramic capacitors, reducing the amount of board space necessary for power applications, critical in hand-held wireless devices. The BL9165 consumes only 0.1 $\mu$ A current in shutdown mode and has fast turn-on time (Typical 100 $\mu$ s). The other features include ultra-low dropout voltage, high output accuracy, current limiting protection, and high ripple rejection ratio.

## APPLICATIONS

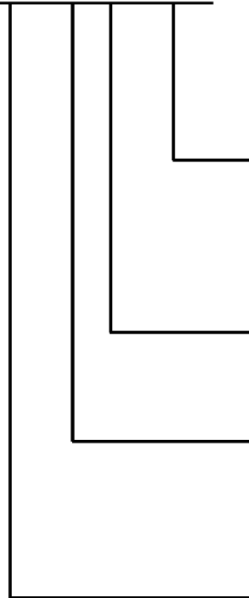
- Cellular and Smart Phones
- Cordless Telephones
- Camera and Machine Vision Modules
- Battery-Powered Equipment
- Laptop, Palmtops, Notebook Computers
- Hand-Held Instruments

## TYPICAL APPLICATION



## ORDERING INFORMATION

BL9165 - XXX X X XXX



Package:

RN: SOT23-5

URN: SC70-5

DRN: DFN1x1-4L

Enable Option:

A: active high with internal pull down

Output Voltage Accuracy:

B:  $\pm 2\%$

Output Voltage:

100:1.0V 105:1.05V 110:1.1V 115:1.15V

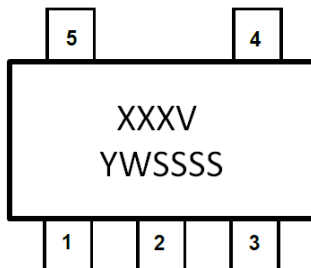
120:1.2V 150:1.5V 180:1.8V 250:2.5V

260:2.6V 280:2.8V 300:3.0V 330:3.3V

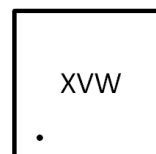
360:3.6V 400:4.0V

## Package Marking

**SOT23-5 & SC70-5**



**DFN1×1-4L**



V: Output voltage

Y: Data code—Year

W: Data code—Week

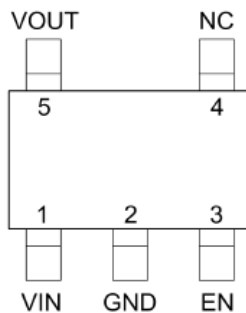
Output Voltage	V		Output Voltage	V	
	SOT23-5	SC70-5 & DFN1X1-4L		SOT23-5	SC70-5 & DFN1X1-4L
1.0V	B	A	2.5V	E	P
1.05V	$\bar{B}$	$\bar{A}$	2.6V	T	Q
1.1V	F	B	2.8V	G	S
1.15V	$\bar{F}$	$\bar{B}$	3.0V	I	U
1.2V	A	C	3.3V	K	X
1.5V	C	F	3.6V	Y	Y
1.8V	D	I	4.0V	Z	Z

Y	4	5	6	...	0	1	...
Year	2014	2015	2016	...	2020	2021	...

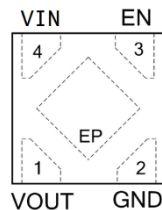
W	A	...	Y	Z	a	...	y	z
Week	1	...	25	26	27	...	51	52

## PIN CONFIGURATIONS

SOT23-5 & SC70-5  
(TOP VIEW)



DFN1X1-4L  
(TOP VIEW)



## Thermal Resistance (Note3)

Package	$\Theta_{JA}$	$\Theta_{JC}$
SOT23-5	250°C/W	130°C/W
SC70-5	333°C/W	170°C/W

## Pin Description

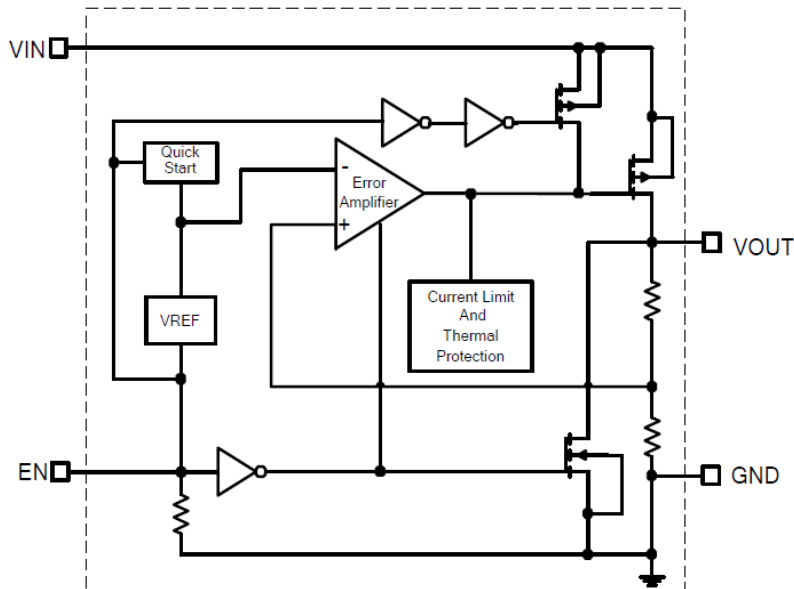
### SOT23-5 & SC70-5

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	VIN	Power Input Voltage.
2	GND	Ground.
3	EN	Chip Enable Pin, This pin has an internal pull-down resistor
4	NC	No Connection.
5	VOUT	Output Voltage.

### DFN1X1-4L

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	VOUT	Output Voltage.
2	GND	Ground.
3	EN	Chip Enable Pin, This pin has an internal pull-down resistor
4	VIN	Power Input Voltage.
Exposed Pad		The exposed pad should be connected to a large ground plane to maximize thermal performance.

## Block Diagram



## Absolute Maximum Rating <sup>(Note 1)</sup>

Input Supply Voltage (VIN)	-0.3V to +6V	Maximum Junction Temperature	150°C
EN Pin Input Voltage	-0.3V to VIN	Operating Temperature Range <sup>(Note2)</sup>	-40°C to 85°C
Output Voltages	-0.3V to VIN+0.3V	Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 125°C
Output Current	500mA	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)	300°C

**Note 1:** Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

**Note 2:** The BL9165 is guaranteed to meet performance specifications from 0°C to 70°C. Specifications over the -40°C to 85°C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process controls.

**Note 3:** Thermal Resistance is specified with approximately 1 square of 1 ozcopper.

## Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

( $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1V$ ,  $EN=V_{IN}$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=1\mu F$ ,  $T_A=25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	unit
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$		1.8		5.5	V
Output Voltage Accuracy	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1V$ , $I_{OUT}=1mA$	-2		+2	%
Current Limit	$I_{LIM}$	$R_{LOAD}=1\Omega$	550			mA
Short Circuit Current	$I_{SHORT}$	$V_{OUT}=0V$		200		mA
Quiescent Current	$I_Q$	$V_{EN}>1.2V$ , $I_{OUT}=0mA$		45	70	$\mu A$
Dropout Voltage	$V_{DROP}$	$I_{OUT}=500mA$ , $V_{OUT}=3.3V$		220	320	mV
		$I_{OUT}=500mA$ , $V_{OUT}=2.8V$		240	360	
		$I_{OUT}=500mA$ , $V_{OUT}=1.8V$		360	520	
		$I_{OUT}=500mA$ , $V_{OUT}=1.0V$		700	1000	
Line Regulation <small>(Note 5)</small>	$\Delta V_{LINE}$	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1V$ to 5.5V $I_{OUT}=1mA$		0.03	0.17	%/V
Load Regulation <small>(Note 6)</small>	$\Delta V_{LOAD}$	$1mA < I_{OUT} < 300mA$ $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1V$		0.002		%mA
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient <small>(Note 7)</small>	$TC_{V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=1mA$		$\pm 60$		ppm/ $^\circ C$
Standby Current	$I_{STBY}$	$V_{EN}=GND$ , Shutdown		0.1	1	$\mu A$
EN Input Bias Current	$I_{IBSD}$	$V_{EN}=GND$ or $V_{IN}$		0.1	1	$\mu A$
EN Input Threshold	Logic Low	$V_{IL}$	$V_{IN}=3V$ to 5.5V, Shutdown		0.4	V
	Logic High	$V_{IH}$	$V_{IN}=3V$ to 5.5V, Start up	1.2		V
Output Noise Voltage	$e_{NO}$	10 to 100kHz; $C_{OUT}=1\mu F$ $I_{OUT}=100mA$ ; $V_{OUT}=2.8V$		50		$\mu V_{RMS}$
		10 to 100kHz; $C_{OUT}=1\mu F$ $I_{OUT}=100mA$ ; $V_{OUT}=1.8V$		38		
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$f=217Hz$	PSRR	$I_{OUT}=10mA$ $V_{OUT}=1.8V$ $V_{IN}=2.8V$		-87	dB
	$f=1KHz$				-83	
	$f=10KHz$				-72	
	$f=1MHz$				-54	
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	$T_{SD}$	Shutdown, Temp increasing		170		$^\circ C$
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	$T_{SDHY}$			25		$^\circ C$

**Note 4:** Production test at +25°C. Specifications over the temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

**Note 5:** Line regulation is calculated by 
$$\Delta V_{LINE} = \left| \frac{V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT(normal)}} \right| \times 100$$

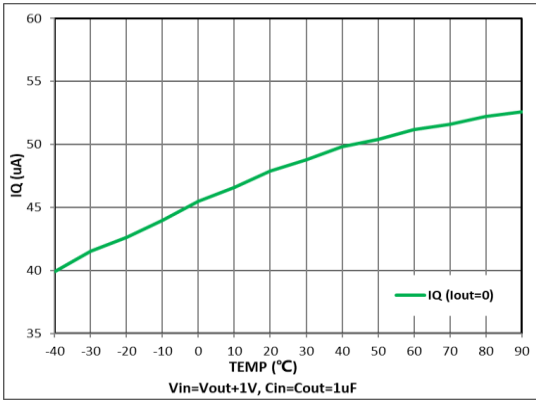
Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{IN}=5.5V$ , and  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $V_{IN}=4.3V$ ,  $\Delta V_{IN}=1.2V$ .  $V_{OUT(normal)}=3.3V$ .

**Note 6:** Load regulation is calculated by 
$$\Delta V_{LOAD} = \left| \frac{V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}}{\Delta I_{OUT} \times V_{OUT(normal)}} \right| \times 100$$

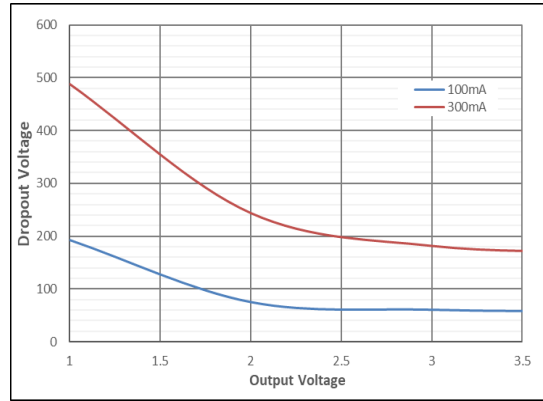
Where  $V_{OUT1}$  is the output voltage when  $I_{OUT}=1mA$ , and  $V_{OUT2}$  is the output voltage when  $I_{OUT}=300mA$ .  $\Delta I_{OUT}=299mA$ ,  $V_{OUT(normal)}=2.8V$ .

**Note 7:** The temperature coefficient is calculated by 
$$TC_{V_{OUT}} = \frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T \times V_{OUT}}$$

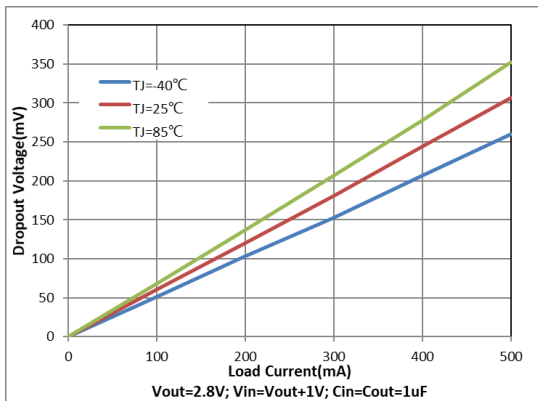
## Typical Performance Characteristics



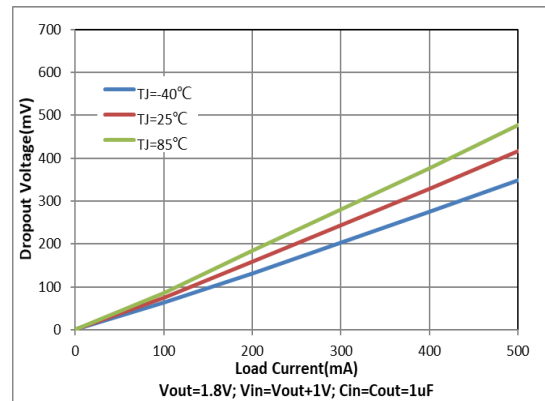
Quiescent Current vs Temperature



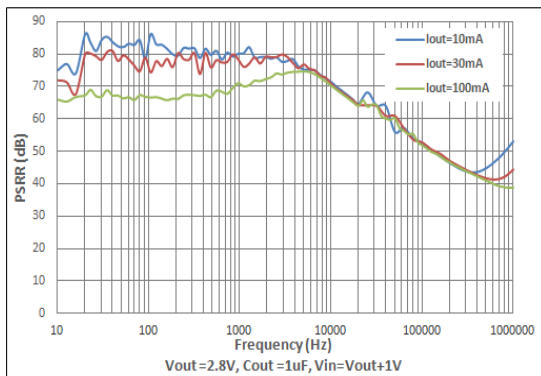
Dropout Voltage vs Output



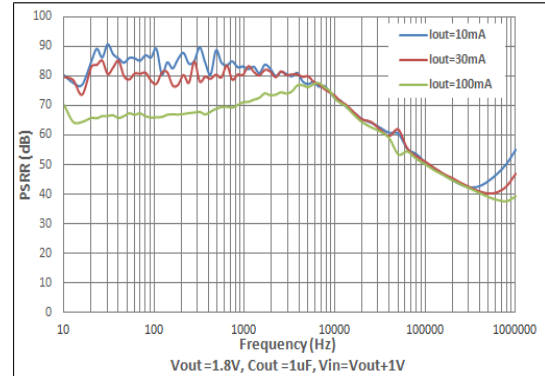
Output Dropout Voltage vs Load Current (Vout=2.8V)



Dropout Voltage vs Load Current (Vout=1.8V)

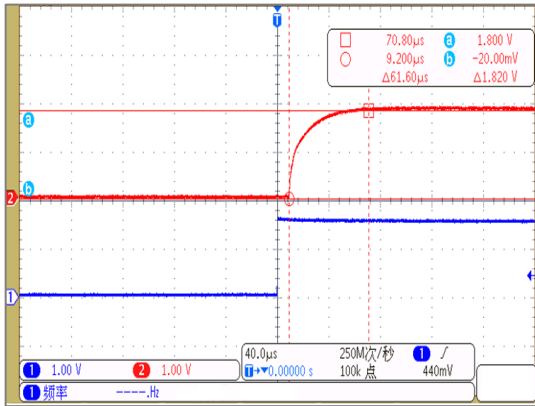


Power-Supply Ripple Rejection vs Frequency (Vout=2.8V)

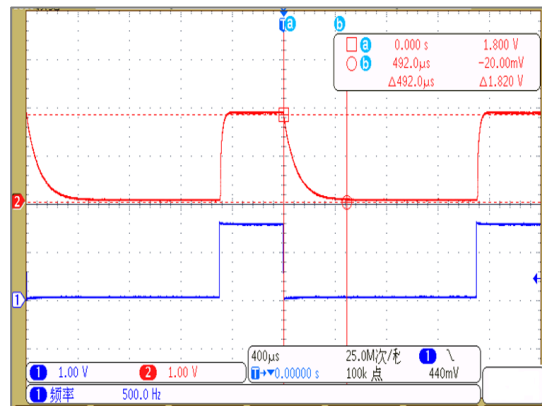


Power-Supply Ripple Rejection vs Frequency (Vout=1.8V)

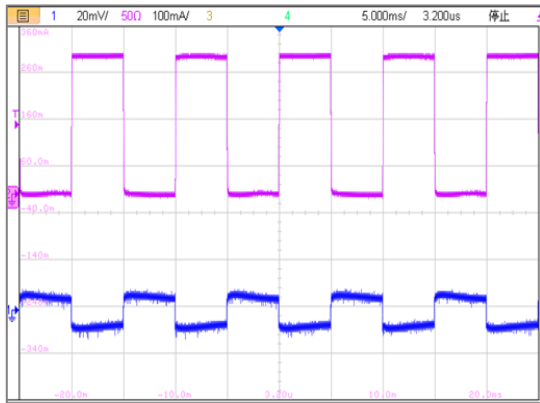




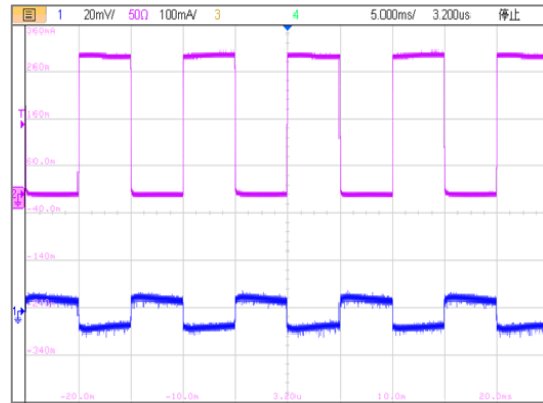
EN Start (Vout=1.8V)



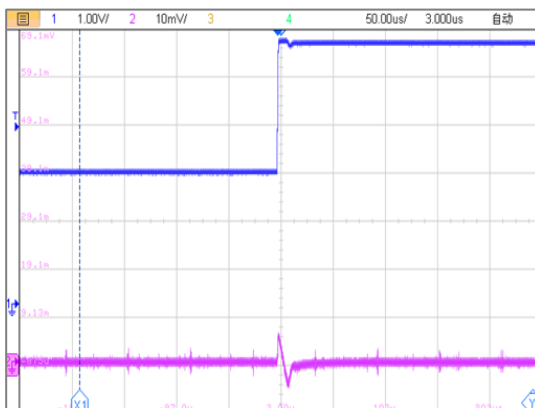
EN Shutdown (Vout=1.8V)



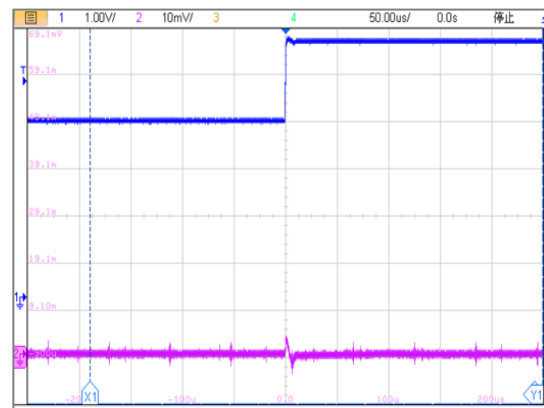
Load Trans 1mA - 300mA (Vout= 1.8V)



Load Trans 1mA - 300mA (Vout= 2.8V)



Line Trans 2.8V~5.5V (Vout=1.8V, Iout=1mA)



Line Trans 3.8V~5.5V (Vout=2.8V, Iout=1mA)

## Applications Information

Like any low-dropout regulator, the external capacitors used with the BL9165 must be carefully selected for regulator stability and performance. Using a capacitor whose value is  $> 1\mu\text{F}$  on the BL9165 input and the amount of capacitance can be increased without limit. The input capacitor must be located a distance of not more than 0.5 inch from the input pin of the IC and returned to a clean analog ground. Any good quality ceramic or tantalum can be used for this capacitor. The capacitor with larger value and lower ESR (equivalent series resistance) provides better PSRR and line-transient response. The output capacitor must meet both requirements for minimum amount of capacitance and ESR in all LDOs application. Generally,  $1.0\text{-}\mu\text{F}$  X7R-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because these capacitors have minimal variation in value and equivalent series resistance (ESR) over temperature. Output capacitor of larger capacitance can reduce noise and improve load transient response, stability, and PSRR. The output capacitor should be located not more than 0.5 inch from the VOUT pin of the BL9165 and returned to a clean analog ground.

## Enable Function

The BL9165 features an LDO regulator enable/disable function. To assure the LDO regulator will switch on; the EN turn on control level must be greater than 1.2 volts. The LDO regulator will go into the shutdown mode when the voltage on the EN pin falls below 0.4 volts. For to protect the system, the BL9165 have a quick discharge function. If the enable function is not needed in a specific application, it may be tied to VIN to keep the LDO regulator in a continuously on state.

## Thermal Considerations

Thermal protection limits power dissipation in BL9165. When the operation junction temperature exceeds  $170^\circ\text{C}$ , the OTP circuit starts the thermal shutdown function turn the pass element off. The pass element turns on again after the junction temperature cools by  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .

For continue operation, do not exceed absolute maximum operation junction temperature  $125^\circ\text{C}$ . The power dissipation definition in device is:

$$PD(\text{MAX}) = (T_J(\text{MAX}) - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$$

Where  $T_J(\text{MAX})$  is the maximum operation junction temperature  $125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature and the  $\theta_{JA}$  is the junction to ambient thermal resistance. For recommended operating conditions specification of BL9165, where  $T_J(\text{MAX})$  is the maximum junction temperature of the die ( $125^\circ\text{C}$ ) and  $T_A$  is the maximum ambient temperature. The junction to ambient thermal resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$  is layout dependent) for SOT-23-5 package is  $250^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ , on standard JEDEC 51-3 thermal test board. The maximum power dissipation at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  can be calculated by following formula:

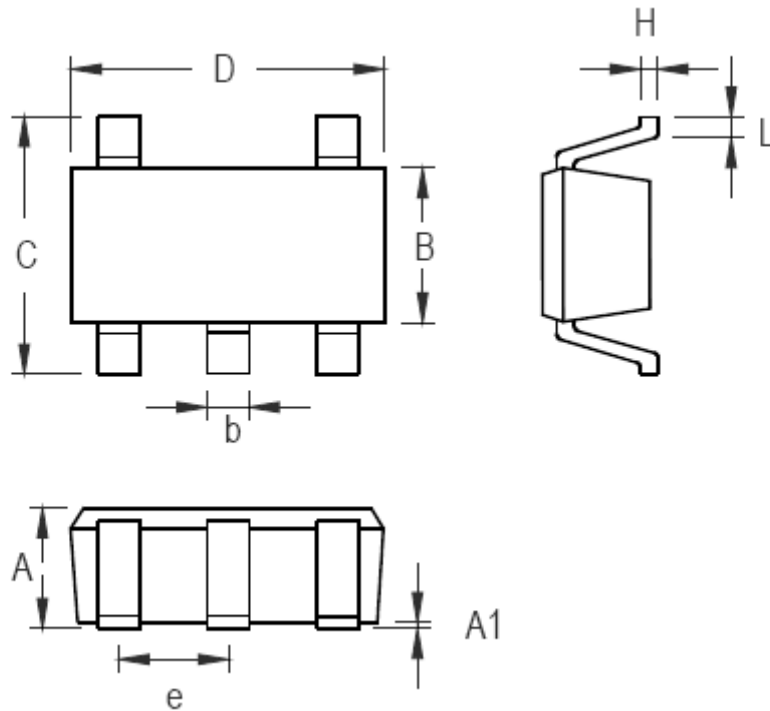
$$PD(\text{MAX}) = (125^\circ\text{C} - 25^\circ\text{C}) / 250 = 400\text{mW (SOT-23-5)}$$

## Layout considerations

To improve ac performance such as PSRR, output noise, and transient response, it is recommended that the PCB be designed with separate ground planes for VIN and VOUT, with each ground plane connected only at the GND pin of the device.

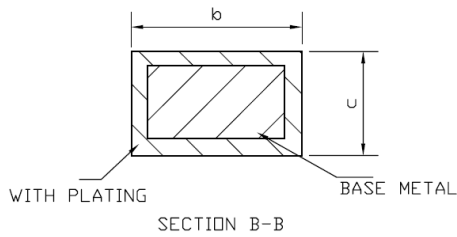
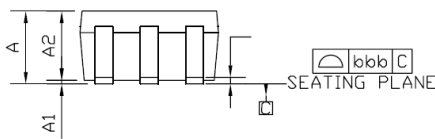
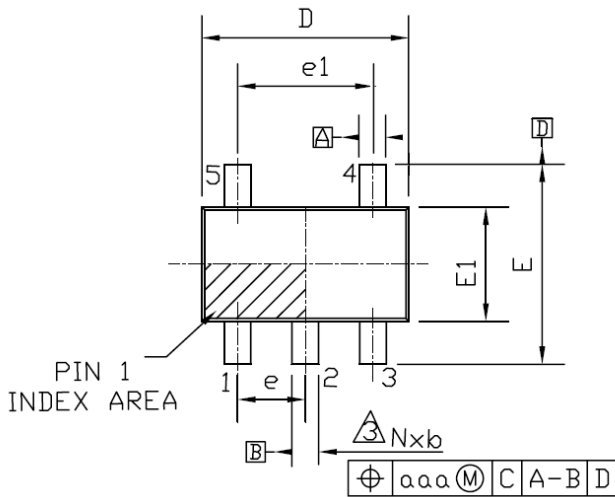
## Package Description

SOT23-5

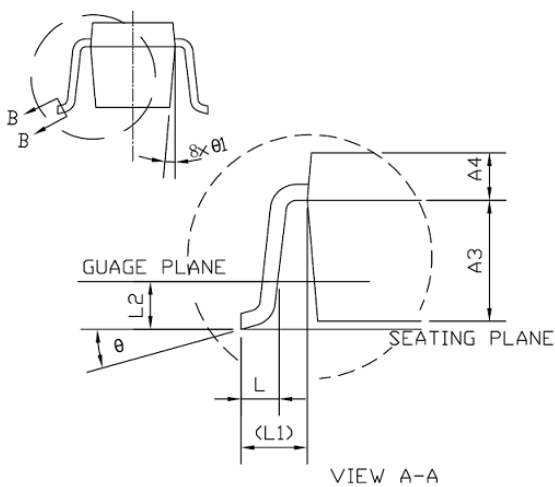


Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.889	1.295	0.035	0.051
A1	0.000	0.152	0.000	0.006
B	1.397	1.803	0.055	0.071
b	0.356	0.559	0.014	0.022
C	2.591	2.997	0.102	0.118
D	2.692	3.099	0.106	0.122
e	0.838	1.041	0.033	0.041
H	0.080	0.254	0.003	0.010
L	0.300	0.610	0.012	0.024

SC70-5

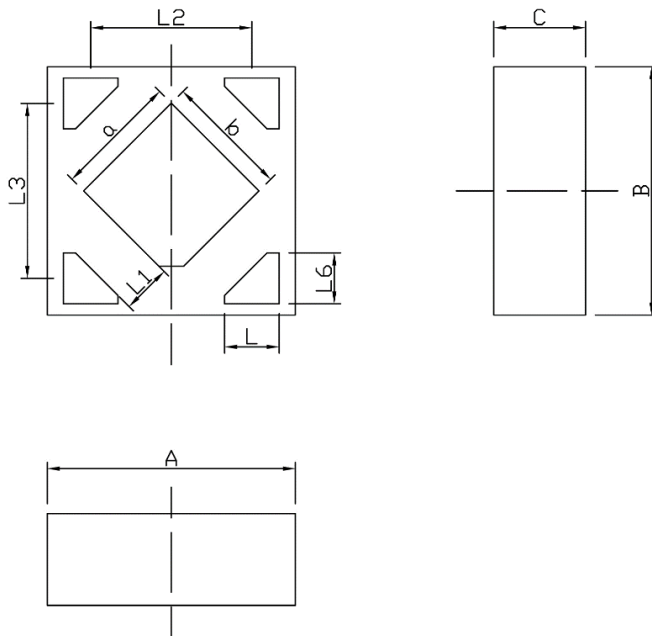


SEE VIEW A-A



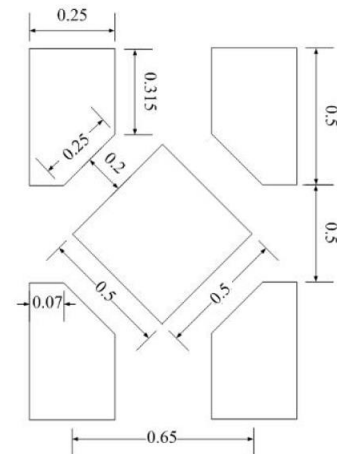
COMMON DIMENSION			
SYMBOL	IN MILLIMETERS		
	MIN	NOMAL	MAX
A	0.80	-	1.10
A1	0	-	0.10
A2	0.80	0.90	1.00
A3	0.47	0.52	0.57
A4	0.33	0.38	0.43
b	0.15	-	0.30
c	0.10	-	0.25
D	1.85	2.00	2.20
e	0.65 BSC		
e1	1.30 BSC		
E	1.80	2.10	2.40
E1	1.15	1.25	1.35
L	0.10	-	0.45
L1	0.42 REF.		
L2	0.20 BSC		
$\theta$	0°	4°	30°
$\theta_1$	4°	-	12°
aaa	0.10		
bbb	0.10		

**DFN1×1-4L**



Dimensions In Millimeterer			
Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX
A	0.950	1.000	1.050
B	0.950	1.000	1.050
C	0.320	0.370	0.420
L	0.170	0.220	0.270
L1	0.140	0.190	0.240
L2	0.600	0.650	0.700
L3	0.625	0.675	0.725
L6	0.175	0.225	0.275
a	0.440	0.490	0.540
b	0.440	0.490	0.540

There may be slight differences in shape



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)



单击下面可查看定价，库存，交付和生命周期等信息

[>>BELLING\(上海贝岭\)](#)