

1.8V, 18µA, RRIO Zero-Drift Operational Amplifiers

Features

■ Low offset Voltage: 20µV (Max.)

■ Zero Drift: 0.005µV/°C

■ Low Quiescent Current: 18µA

Gain Bandwidth Product: 350kHz

■ Operates on 1.8V ~ 5.5V Supplies

■ Slew Rate: 0.2V/µs

Rail-to-Rail Input and Output (RRIO)

Unity Gain Stable

No Phase Reversal

Extended Temperature Ranges
 From -40°C to +125°C

Small Packaging
 COS1333 available in SOT23-5/SOP-8
 COS2333 available in SOP-8/MSOP-8
 COS4333 available in SOP14/TSSOP14

Applications

- Sensor Conditioning
- Temperature Measurements
- Transducers
- Test Equipment
- Medical Instrumentation
- Battery Powered Instruments
- A/D converters

General Description

The COS1333 (single), COS2333 (dual) and COS4333 (quad) are micro power, zero-drift operational amplifiers operated on 1.8 to 5.5 supplies. COSx333 family use chopper stabilized technique to provide very low offset voltage (less than 20µV maximum) and near zero drift over temperature. Low quiescent supply current of 18µA per amplifier and very low input bias current make the devices an ideal choice for low offset, low power consumption and high impedance applications.

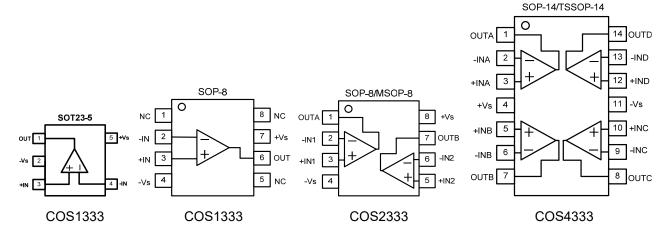
Despite their low quiescent current, the COSx333 family provides excellent overall performance and versatility. They have both rail-to-rail input and output range. The output voltage swing extends to within 5mV of each rail, providing the maximum output dynamic range with excellent overdrive recovery. COSx333 family is unity gain stable and has a gain bandwidth product of 350kHz (typical).

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1. Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

Name	Description	Note
+Vs	Positive power supply	A bypass capacitor of 0.1µF as close to the part as possible should be placed between power supply pins or between supply pins and ground.
-Vs	Negative power supply or ground	If it is not connected to ground, bypass it with a capacitor of 0.1µF as close to the part as possible.
-IN	Negative input	Inverting input of the amplifier. Voltage range of this pin can go from -Vs -0.3V to +Vs + 0.3V.
+IN	Positive input	Non-inverting input of the amplifier. This pin has the same voltage range as –IN.
OUT	Output	The output voltage range extends to within millivolts of each supply rail.
NC	No connection	

2. Package and Ordering Information

Model	Channel	Order Number	Package	Package Option	Marking Information
COS1333	1	COS1333TR	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel, 3000	C1333
0031333	0081333	COS1333SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS1333
CO53333	COS2333 2	COS2333SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS2333
CO32333		COS2333MR	MSOP-8	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS2333
COS4222	0004333	COS4333SR	SOP-14	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS4333
COS4333 4	4	COS4333TR	TSSOP-14	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS4333



3. Product Specification

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings (1)

Parameter	Rating	Units
Power Supply: +Vs to -Vs	7.5	V
Input Voltage	-Vs -0.5V to +Vs + 0.5V	٧
Input Current (2)	10	mA
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to 150	°C
Junction Temperature	150	°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 125	ů
ESD Susceptibility, HBM	2000	V

⁽¹⁾ Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

3.2 Thermal Data

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Package Thermal Resistance	190 (SOT23-5) 206 (MSOP8) 155 (SOP8) 105 (TSSOP14) 82 (SOP14)	°C/W

3.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Rating	Unit
DC Supply Voltage	1.8V ~ 5.5V	V
Input common-mode voltage range	-Vs ~ +Vs	V
Operating ambient temperature	-40 to +85	°C

⁽²⁾ Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.5V beyond the supply rails should be current-limited to 10mA or less.



3.4 Electrical Characteristics

(+V_S=+5V, -V_S=0, V_{CM}=V_S/2, T_A =+25°C, R_L =10k Ω to V_S/2, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Input Characteristics							
Input Offset Voltage	Vos			2	20	μV	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	ΔVos/ΔT	-40 to 125°C		0.005	0.05	μV/°C	
Input Bias Current	IB			±3		рА	
Input Offset Current	los			±3		рА	
Common-Mode Voltage Range	V _{CM}	Vs = 5.5V	-0.1		5.6	V	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	V _{CM} =0.1V to 4.9V		120		dB	
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	AOL	V ₀ =0.2V to 4.8V		145		dB	
Out Characteristics							
Outset Maltana Conin or frama Dail		R _L =100kΩ		5		mV	
Output Voltage Swing from Rail		R _L =10kΩ		15		mV	
Chart Circuit Comment	I _{SR}	Sourcing		7		mA	
Short-Circuit Current	Isk	Sinking		-7		mA	
Power Supply							
Operating Voltage Range			1.8		5.5	V	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V _S = 1.8V to 5.5V	80	100		dB	
Quiescent Current / Amplifier	IQ	Vs = 3.0V		18		μΑ	
Dynamic Performance	Dynamic Performance						
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBWP	G=+1		350		kHz	
Slew Rate	SR	G = +1 , 2V Output Step		0.2		V/µs	
Noise Performance				•			
Voltage Noise Density	en	f=1kHz		60		nV/√Hz	



4.0 Application Notes

Driving Capacitive Loads

Driving large capacitive loads can cause stability problems for voltage feedback op amps. As the load capacitance increases, the feedback loop's phase margin decreases, and the closed loop bandwidth is reduced. This produces gain peaking in the frequency response, with overshoot and ringing in the step response. A unity gain buffer (G = +1) is the most sensitive to capacitive loads, but all gains show the same general behavior.

When driving large capacitive loads with these op amps (e.g., > 100 pF when G = +1), a small series resistor at the output (R_{ISO} in Figure 1) improves the feedback loop's phase margin (stability) by making the output load resistive at higher frequencies. It does not, however, improve the bandwidth.

To select R_{ISO} , check the frequency response peaking (or step response overshoot) on the bench. If the response is reasonable, you do not need R_{ISO} . Otherwise, start R_{ISO} at 1 k Ω and modify its value until the response is reasonable.

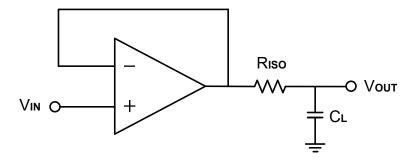


Figure 1. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load

An improvement circuit is shown in Figure 2. It provides DC accuracy as well as AC stability. R_F provides the DC accuracy by connecting the inverting signal with the output, C_F and $R_{\rm ISO}$ serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving phase margin in the overall feedback loop.

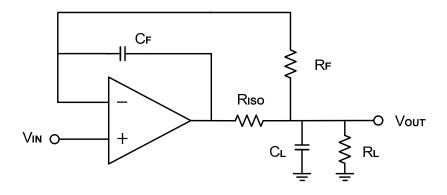


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy



For noninverting configuration, there are two others ways to increase the phase margin: (a) by increasing the amplifier's gain or (b) by placing a capacitor in parallel with the feedback resistor to counteract the parasitic capacitance associated with inverting node, as shown in Figure 3.

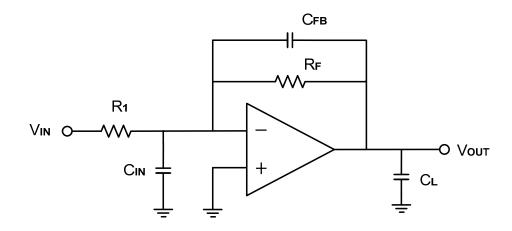


Figure 3. Adding a Feedback Capacitor in the Noninverting Configuration

Power-Supply Bypassing and Layout

The COSx333 operates from a single +1.8V to +5.5V supply or dual $\pm 0.9V$ to $\pm 2.75V$ supplies. For single-supply operation, bypass the power supply +Vs with a $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor which should be placed close to the +Vs pin. For dual-supply operation, both the +Vs and the -Vs supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitors. $2.2\mu F$ tantalum capacitor can be added for better performance.

The length of the current path is directly proportional to the magnitude of parasitic inductances and thus the high frequency impedance of the path. High speed currents in an inductive ground return create an unwanted voltage noise. Broad ground plane areas will reduce the parasitic inductance. Thus a ground plane layer is important for high speed circuit design.

Typical Application Circuits

Differential Amplifier

The circuit shown in Figure 4 performs the differential function. If the resistors ratios are equal $(R_4 / R_3 = R_2 / R_1)$, then $V_{OUT} = (V_{IP} - V_{IN}) \times R_2 / R_1 + V_{REF}$.



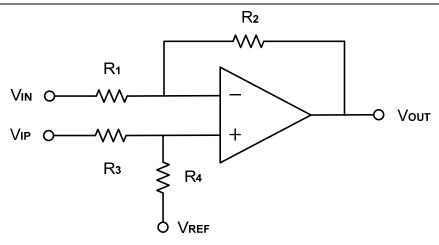


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

Low Pass Active Filter

When receiving low-level signals, limiting the bandwidth of the incoming signals into the system is often required. The simplest way to establish this limited bandwidth is to place an RC filter at the noninverting terminal of the amplifier. If even more attenuation is needed, a multiple pole filter is required. The Sallen-Key filter can be used for this task, as Figure 5. For best results, the amplifier should have a bandwidth that is 8 to 10 times the filter frequency bandwidth. Failure to follow this guideline can result in reduction of phase margin. The large values of feedback resistors can couple with parasitic capacitance and cause undesired effects such as ringing or oscillation in high-speed amplifiers. Keep resistors value as low as possible and consistent with output loading consideration.

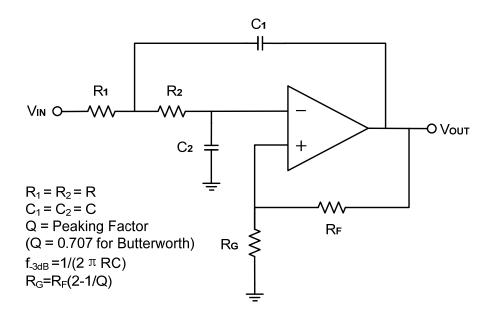
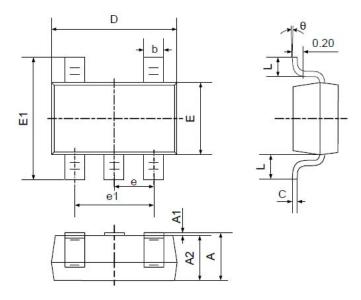


Figure 5. Two-Pole Low-Pass Sallen-Key Active Filter



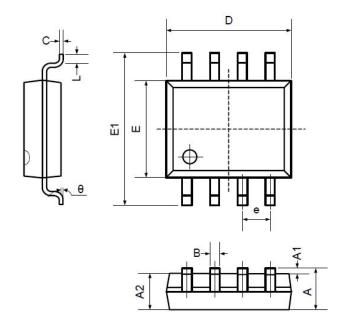
5. Package Information

5.1 SOT23-5 (Package Outline Dimensions)



Symbol	-	nsions imeters	Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045
b	0.300	0.400	0.012	0.016
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119
Е	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116
е	0.950	OTYP	0.03	7TYP
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079
L	0.700REF		0.028	BREF
L1	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

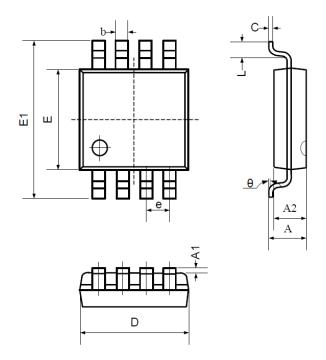
5.2 SOP8 (Package Outline Dimensions)



Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
В	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
С	0.190	0.250	0.007	0.010
D	4.780	5.000	0.188	0.197
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.300	0.228	0.248
е	1.270TYP		0.050	TYP
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

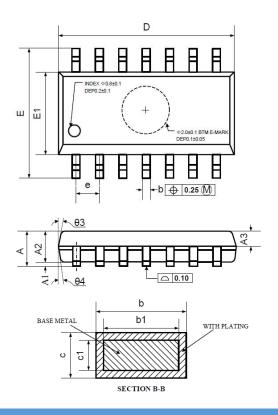


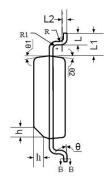
5.3 MSOP8 (Package Outline Dimensions)



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	0.800	1.200	0.031	0.047
A1	0.000	0.200	0.000	0.008
A2	0.760	0.970	0.030	0.038
b	0.30	TYP	0.012 TYP	
С	0.15	TYP	0.006 TYP	
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
е	0.65	TYP	0.026	TYP
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E1	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.201
L	0.410	0.650	0.016	0.026
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°

5.4 SOP14 (Package Outline Dimensions)

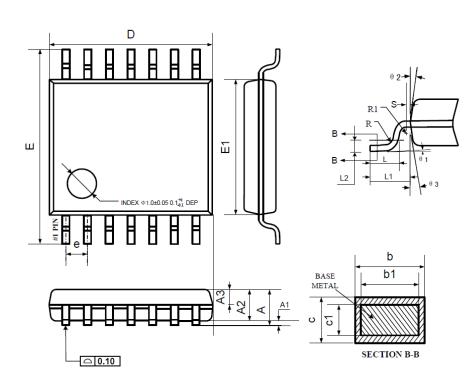




Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			
	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Α	1.35	1.60	1.75	
A1	0.10	0.15	0.25	
A2	1.25	1.45	1.65	
A3	0.55	0.65	0.75	
b	0.36		0.49	
b1	0.35	0.40	0.45	
С	0.16		0.25	
c1	0.15	0.20	0.25	
D	8.53	8.63	8.73	
Е	5.80	6.00	6.20	
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00	
е		1.27 BS0	0	
L	0.45	0.60	0.80	
L1		1.04 REI	F	
L2		0.25 BS0	0	
R	0.07			
R1	0.07			
h	0.30	0.40	0.50	
θ	0°		8°	
θ1	6°	8°	10°	
θ2	6°	8°	10°	
θ3	5°	7°	9°	
θ4	5°	7°	9°	



5.5 TSSOP14 (Package Outline Dimensions)



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters				
	MIN	NOM	MAX		
Α	_	_	1.20		
A1	0.05	_	0.15		
A2	0.90	1.00	1.05		
A3	0.34	0.44	0.54		
b	0.20	_	0.28		
b1	0.20	0.22	0.24		
С	0.10	_	0.19		
c1	0.10	0.13	0.15		
D	4.86	4.96	5.06		
Е	6.20	6.40	6.60		
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50		
е		0.65 BSC			
L	0.45	0.60	0.75		
L1		1.00 REF	•		
L2		0.25 BSC			
R	0.09	_			
R1	0.09	_	_		
S	0.20	_	_		
θ1	0°	_	8°		
θ2	10° 12° 14°		14°		
θ3			14°		

6. Related Parts

Part Number	Description
COS6041/2/4	24kHz, 0.5μA, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply
COS1347/2347/4347	350kHz, 15μA, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply
COS6001/2/4	1.5MHz, 50µA, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply
COS1314/2314/4314	3MHz, 150μA, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply
COS821/2/4	5MHz, 300μA, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply
COS1374/2374/4374	7MHz, 500μA, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply
COS721/2/4	10MHz, 650μA, RRIO Op Amps, 2.1 to 5.5V Supply
COS1333/2333/4333	0.5MHz, 18μA, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Zero Drift, Vos<10μV
COS8551/2/4	1.5MHz, 55μA, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Zero Drift, Vos<10μV

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