



16-Bit I2C-Bus and SMBus I/O Port with Interrupt

Features

- → Operation Power Supply Voltage from 2.3V to 5.5V
- ➔ 16-bit I/O pins which can be programmed as Input or Output
- ➔ 5V Tolerant I/Os
- ➔ Polarity Inversion Register
- → Active LOW Interrupt Output
- → Low Current Consumption
- → 0Hz to 400KHz Clock Frequency
- → Noise Filter on SCL/SDA Inputs
- → Power-On Reset
- → ESD Protection (4KV HBM and 1KV CDM)
- → Latch-Up Tested (Exceeds 100mA)
- → Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- → Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- ➔ For automotive applications requiring specific change control (i.e. parts qualified to AEC-Q100/101/200, PPAP capable, and manufactured in IATF 16949 certified facilities), please <u>contact us</u> or your local Diodes representative.

https://www.diodes.com/quality/product-definitions/

➔ Offered in Two Different Packages: TSSOP-24 and TQFN 4x4-24

Description

The PI4IOE5V9555 is an I²C-bus I/O expander that provides 16-bits of general purpose parallel input/output (GPIO) expansion for I²C-bus/SMBus applications. Its features include a higher driving capability, 5V tolerance, lower power supply, individual I/O configuration, and smaller packaging. It provides a simple solution when an additional I/O is required for ACPI power switches, sensors, push buttons, LEDs, fans, etc.

The PI4IOE5V9555 consists of two 8-bit configuration registers to configure the I/Os as either inputs or outputs, and two 8-bit polarity registers to change the polarity of the input port register data. The data for each input or output is kept in the corresponding input port or output port register. All registers can be read by the system master.

The PI4IOE5V9555 open-drain interrupt output is activated and indicates to the system when any input state has changed. The power-on reset sets the registers to their default values and initializes the device state machine.

Three input pins (A0, A1, A2) can select the I²C-bus address of PI4IOE5V9555 from the eight preset address. It allows up to eight PI4IOE5V9555 to share the same I²C-bus/SMBus and provide maximum 128 I/Os.

Notes:

^{1.} No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.

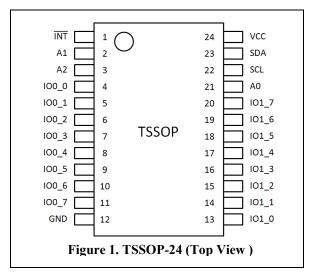
^{2.} See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.

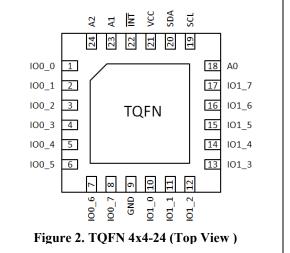
^{3.} Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.





Pin Configuration





Pin Description

Pi	in	N	T	Description
TSSOP24	TQFN24	Name	Туре	Description
1	22	INT	0	Interrupt Input (Open-Drain)
2	23	Al	Ι	Address Input 1
3	24	A2	Ι	Address Input 2
4	1	IO0_0	I/O	Port 0 Input/Output 0
5	2	IO0_1	I/O	Port 0 Input/Output 1
6	3	IO0_2	I/O	Port 0 Input/Output 2
7	4	IO0_3	I/O	Port 0 Input/Output 3
8	5	IO0_4	I/O	Port 0 Input/Output 4
9	6	IO0_5	I/O	Port 0 Input/Output 5
10	7	IO0_6	I/O	Port 0 Input/Output 6
11	8	IO0_7	I/O	Port 0 Input/Output 7
12	9	GND	G	Ground
13	10	IO1_0	I/O	Port 1 Input/Output 0
14	11	IO1_1	I/O	Port 1 Input/Output 1
15	12	IO1_2	I/O	Port 1 Input/Output 2
16	13	IO1_3	I/O	Port 1 Input/Output 3
17	14	IO1_4	I/O	Port 1 Input/Output 4
18	15	IO1_5	I/O	Port 1 Input/Output 5
19	16	IO1_6	I/O	Port 1 Input/Output 6
20	17	IO1_7	I/O	Port 1 Input/Output 7
21	18	A0	Ι	Address Input 0
22	19	SCL	Ι	Serial Clock Line Input
23	20	SDA	Ι	Serial Data Line Open-Drain
24	21	VCC	Р	Supply Voltage

* I = Input; O = Output; P = Power; G = Ground





Maximum Ratings

Power Supply	-0.5V to +6.0V
Voltage on an I/O pin	GND-0.5V to +6.0V
Input Current	±20mA
Output Current on an I/O pin	±50mA
Supply Current	
Ground Supply Current	
Total Power Dissipation	
Operation Temperature	
Storage Temperature	
Maximum Junction temperature ,T j(max)	

Note:

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Static Characteristics

VCC = 2.3V to 5.5V; GND = 0V; Tamb= -40°C to +85°C; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power Sup	ply					
VCC	Supply Voltage	—	2.3		5.5	V
I _{CC}	Supply Current	Operating mode; VCC = 5.5V; no load; fSCL = 100kHz	—	135	200	μΑ
L	Standby Current	Standby mode; VCC = 5.5V; no load; VI = GND; fSCL = 0kHz; I/O = inputs	—	1.1	1.5	mA
I _{sto}	Standby Current	Standby mode; VCC = 5.5V; no load; VI = VCC; fSCL = 0kHz; I/O = inputs	—	0.25	1	μΑ
V _{POR}	Power-On Reset Voltage ⁽¹⁾	—	—	1.16	1.41	V
Input SCL,	Input/Output SDA					
V _{IL}	Low Level Input Voltage	—	-0.5		+0.3VCC	V
V _{IH}	High Level Input Voltage	—	0.7VCC		5.5	V
I _{OL}	Low Level Output Current	V _{OL} =0.4V	3			mA
IL	Leakage Current	$V_I = VCC = GND$	-1		1	μΑ
C _i	Input Capacitance	$V_I = GND$		6	10	pF



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PI4IOE5V9555

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/Os				•		
V _{IL}	Low Level Input Voltage	—	-0.5		+0.81	V
V_{IH}	High Level Input Voltage		+1.8		5.5	V
т	Low Loval Output Current	VCC = 2.3 V to 5.5 V; V _{OL} = 0.5 V ⁽²⁾	8	20	_	mA
I _{OL}	Low Level Output Current	VCC = 2.3V to 5.5V; $V_{OL} = 0.7V^{(2)}$	10	24	_	mA
		$I_{OH} = -8mA; VCC = 2.3V^{[3]}$	1.8		_	V
		I_{OH} = -10mA; VCC = 2.3V ^[3]	1.7			V
3.7	High Level Output Voltage	I_{OH} = -8mA; VCC = 3.0V ^[3]	2.6			V
V _{OH}		I_{OH} = -10mA; VCC = 3.0V ^[3]	2.5			V
		I_{OH} = -8mA; VCC = 4.75V ^[3]	4.1			V
		I_{OH} = -10mA; VCC = 4.75V ^[3]	4.0			V
I _{LIH}	High Level Input Leakage Current	$VCC = 5.5V; V_I = VCC$	_		1	μΑ
I _{LIL}	Low Level Input Leakage Current	$VCC = 5.5V; V_I = GND$	—		-100	μΑ
Ci	Input Capacitance		—	3.7	10	pF
Co	Output Capacitance		—	3.7	10	pF
Interrupt I	NT					
I _{OL}	Low Level Output Current	$V_{OL} = 0.4V$	3		_	mA
Select Inpu	its A0, A1, A2					
V _{IL}	Low Level Input Voltage	—	-0.5		+0.81	V
V _{IH}	High Level Input Voltage		+1.8		5.5	V
IL	Input Leakage Current	—	-1		1	μΑ

Note:

 VCC must be lowered to 0.2V for at least 20μs in order to reset part.
 Each I/O must be externally limited to a maximum of 25mA and each octal (IO0_0 to IO0_7 and IO1_0 to IO1_7) must be limited to a maximum current of 100mA for a device total of 200mA.

3. The total current sourced by all I/Os must be limited to 160mA.





Dynamic Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		rd Mode ² C	Fast M	ode I ² C	Unit
Symbol			Min	Max	Min	Max	
\mathbf{f}_{SCL}	SCL Clock Frequency	_	0	100	0	400	kHz
$t_{\rm BUF}$	Bus Free Time between a STOP and START Condition	—	4.7		1.3		μs
t _{HD;STA}	Hold Time (Repeated) START Condition	_	4.0		0.6		μs
t _{SU;STA}	Set-Up Time for a Repeated START Condition	_	4.7		0.6		μs
$t_{\mathrm{SU;STO}}$	Set-Up Time for STOP Condition	—	4.0	_	0.6	_	μs
$t_{VD;ACK}^{(1)}$	Data Valid Acknowledge Time	_	_	3.45		0.9	μs
$t_{\text{HD;DAT}}{}^{(2)}$	Data Hold Time	_	0		0		ns
t _{VD;DAT}	Data Valid Time	_		3.45		0.9	μs
t _{SU;DAT}	Data Set-Up Time	_	250	—	100	_	ns
t_{LOW}	LOW Period of the SCL Clock	_	4.7	_	1.3		μs
t _{HIGH}	HIGH Period of the SCL Clock	_	4.0	_	0.6		μs
$t_{\rm f}$	Fall Time of both SDA and SCL Signals	—	_	300		300	ns
t _r	Rise Time of both SDA and SCL Signals	—	_	1000	_	300	ns
t_{SP}	Pulse Width of Spikes that must be Suppressed by the Input Filter	—	_	50		50	ns
Port Timi	ng						
$t_{v(Q)}$	Data Output Valid Time ⁽³⁾	_	_	200		200	ns
t _{su(D)}	Data Input Set-Up Time	_	150		150	—	ns
T _{h(D)}	Data Input Hold Time	_	1		1	_	μs
Interrupt	Timing	-	•	•	•	•	
t _{v(INT)}	Valid Time on pin INT	_	_	4	_	4	μs
T _{rst(INT)}	Reset Time on pin INT	_		4		4	μs

1. $t_{VD;ACK}$ = time for acknowledgement signal from SCL LOW to SDA (out) LOW. 2. $t_{VD;DAT}$ = minimum time for SDA data out to be valid following SCL LOW. 3. $t_{v(Q)}$ measured from 0.7VCC on SCL to 50% I/O output. Note:





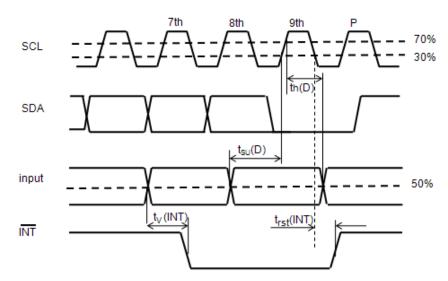
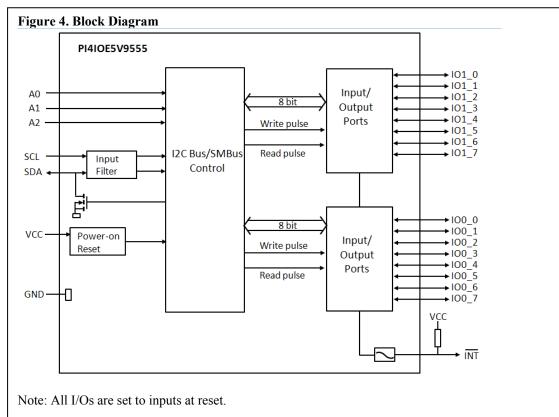


Figure 3. Timing Parameters for INT Signal



PI4IOE5V9555 Block Diagram





Details Description

a. Device Address

	b7(MSB)	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
Address Byte	0	1	0	0	A2	A1	A0	R/W

Note: Read "1", Write "0"

b. Registers

i. Command Byte

The command byte is the first byte to follow the address byte during a write transmission. It is used as a pointer to determine which of the following registers will be written or read.

Table 1. Com	mand Byte
Command	Register
0	Input Port 0
1	Input Port 1
2	Output Port 0
3	Output Port 1
4	Polarity Inversion Port 0
5	Polarity Inversion Port 1
6	Configuration Port 0
7	Configuration Port 1

ii. Register 0 and 1: Input Port Registers

This register is a read-only port. It reflects the incoming logic levels of the pins regardless of whether the pin is defined as an input or an output by Register 3. Writes to this register have no effect. The default value 'X' is determined by the externally applied logic level.

Table 2. Input Port 0 Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	I0.7	I0.6	I0.5	I0.4	I0.3	I0.2	I0.1	I0.0
Default	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Table 3. Input Port 1 Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	I1.7	I1.6	I1.5	I1.4	I1.3	I1.2	I1.1	I1.0
Default	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

iii. Register 2 and 3:Output Port Registers

This register is an output-only port. It reflects the outgoing logic levels of the pins defined as outputs by registers 6 and 7. Bit values in this register have no effect on pins defined as inputs. In turn, reads from this register reflect the value that is in the flip-flop controlling the output selection—**not** the actual pin value.

Table 4. Output Port 0 Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	O0.7	O0.6	O0.5	O0.4	O0.3	O0.2	O0.1	O0.0
Default	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1





Table 5. Output Port 1 Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	01.7	01.6	01.5	01.4	01.3	01.2	01.1	01.0
Default	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

iv. Register 4 and 5: Polarity Inversion Registers

This register allows the user to invert the polarity of the Input port register data. If a bit in this register is set (written with '1'), the input port data polarity is inverted. If a bit in this register is cleared (written with a '0'), the input port data polarity is retained.

Table 6. Polarity Inversion Port 0 Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	N0.7	N0.6	N0.5	N0.4	N0.3	N0.2	N0.1	N0.0
Default	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 7. Polarity Inversion Port 1 Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	N1.7	N1.6	N1.5	N1.4	N1.3	N1.2	N1.1	N1.0
Default	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

v. Register 6 and 7: Configuration Registers

This register configures the directions of the I/O pins. If a bit in this register is set (written with '1'), the corresponding port pin is enabled as an input with high-impedance output driver. If a bit in this register is cleared (written with '0'), the corresponding port pin is enabled as an output. Note that there is a high value resistor tied to VCC at each pin. At reset, the IOs are configured as inputs with a pull-up to VCC.

Table 7. Configuration Port 0 Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	C0.7	C0.6	C0.5	C0.4	C.3	C0.2	C0.1	C0.0
Default	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Table 8. Configuration Port 1 Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	C1.7	C1.6	C1.5	C1.4	C1.3	C1.2	C1.1	C1.0
Default	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

c. Power-on Reset

When power is applied to VCC, an internal power-on reset holds the PI4IOE5V9555 in a reset condition until VCC has reached VPOR. At that point, the reset condition releases, the PI4IOE5V9555 registers, and the SMBus state machine initializes to default states. The power-on reset typically completes the reset and enables the part by the time the power supply is above VPOR. However, when it is required to reset the part by lowering the power supply, it is necessary to lower it below 0.2 V.



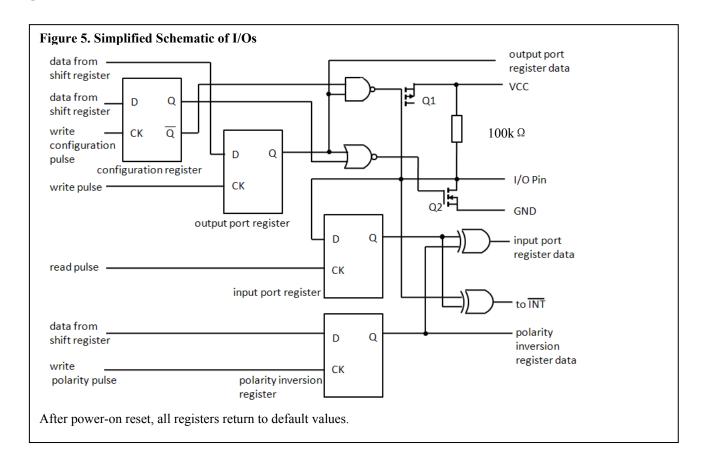
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d. I/O Port

When an I/O is configured as an input, FETs Q1 and Q2 are off, creating a high-impedance input with a weak pullup to VCC. The input voltage can be raised above VCC to a maximum of 5.5V.

If the I/O is configured as an output, either Q1 or Q2 is on depending on the state of the output port register. Care should be exercised if an external voltage is applied to an I/O configured as an output because of the low-impedance path that exists between the pin and either VCC or GND.



e. Bus Transaction

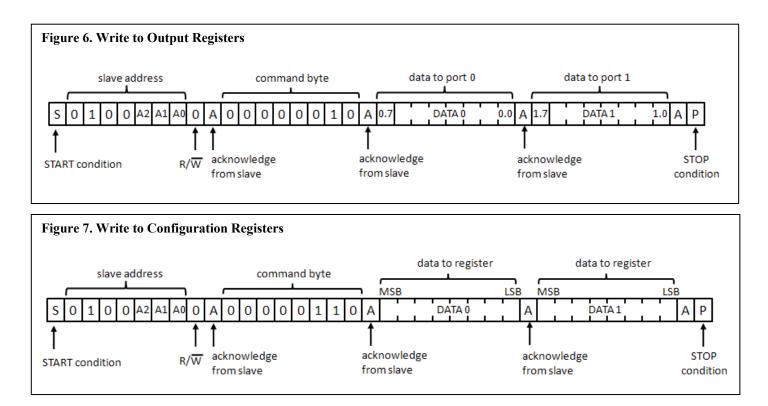
i. Writing to the Port Registers

Data transmits to the PI4IOE5V9555 by sending the device address and setting the least significant bit to a logic 0. The command byte sends after the address and determines which register receives the data following the command byte.

The eight registers within the PI4IOE5V9555 are configured to operate as four register pairs. The four pairs are input ports, output ports, polarity inversion ports, and configuration ports. After sending data to one register, the next data byte is sent to the other register in the pair. For example, if the first byte is sent to Output Port 1 (register 3), the next byte is stored in Output Port 0 (register 2). There is no limitation on the number of data bytes sent in one write transmission. In this way, each 8-bit register can be updated independently of the other registers.

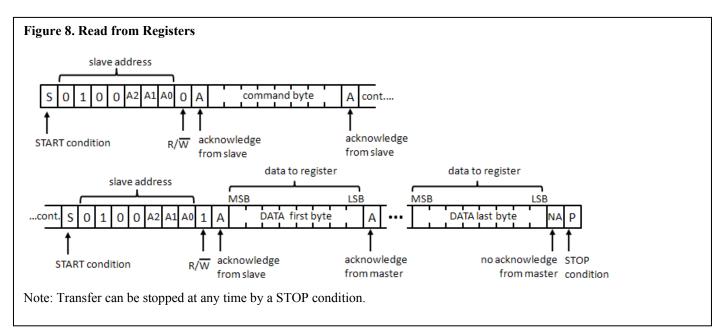






ii. Reading the Port Registers

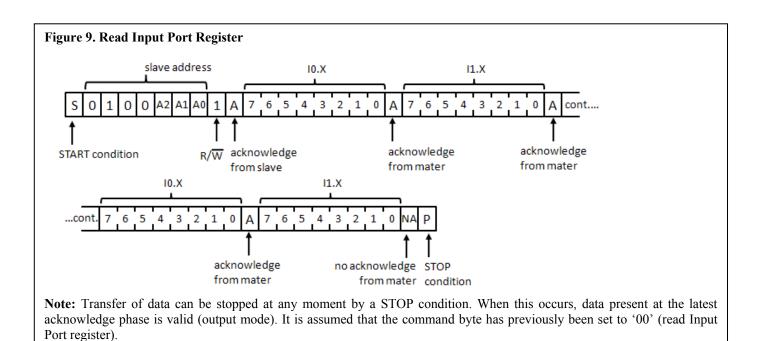
In order to read data from the PI4IOE5V9555, the bus master must first send the PI4IOE5V9555 address with the least significant bit set to a logic 0. The command byte is sent after the address and determines which register will be accessed. After a restart, the device address is sent again, but this time the least significant bit is set to a logic 1. Data from the register defined by the command byte will then be sent by the PI4IOE5V9555. Data is clocked into the register on the falling edge of the acknowledge clock pulse. After the first byte is read, additional bytes may be read but the data will now reflect the information in the other register in the pair. For example, if you read Input Port 1, then the next byte read would be Input Port 0. There is no limitation on the number of data bytes received in one read transmission but the final byte received; the bus master must not acknowledge the data.



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iii. Interrupt Output

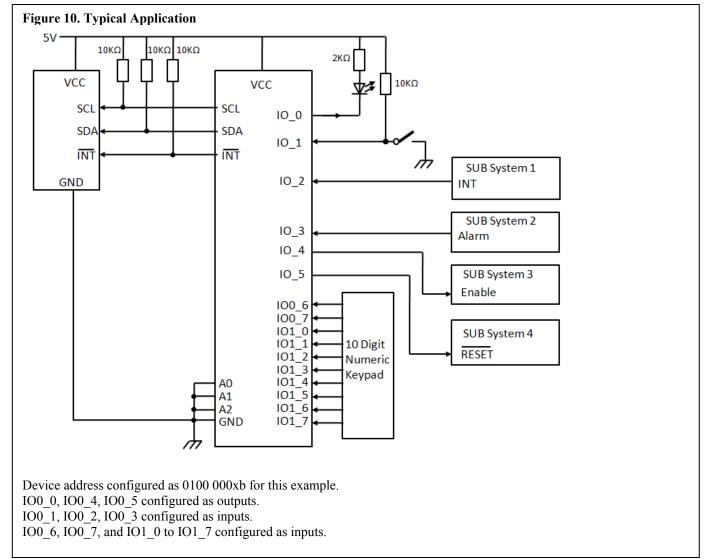
The open-drain interrupt output is activated when one of the port pins changes state and the pin is configured as an input. The interrupt is deactivated when the input returns to its previous state or the Input Port register is read. A pin configured as an output cannot cause an interrupt. Since each 8-bit port is read independently, the interrupt caused by Port 0 will not be cleared by a read of Port 1 or the other way around.

Note: Changing an I/O from an output to an input may cause a false interrupt to occur if the state of the pin does not match the contents of the Input Port register.





Application Design-in Information



Part Marking

L Package



Z: Die Rev YY: Date Code (Year) WW: Date Code (Workweek) 1st X: Assembly Site Code 2nd X: Wafer Fab Site Code Bar above 2nd "X" means Cu wire

ZD Package

PI4IOE5V 9555ZDE ZYYWWXX

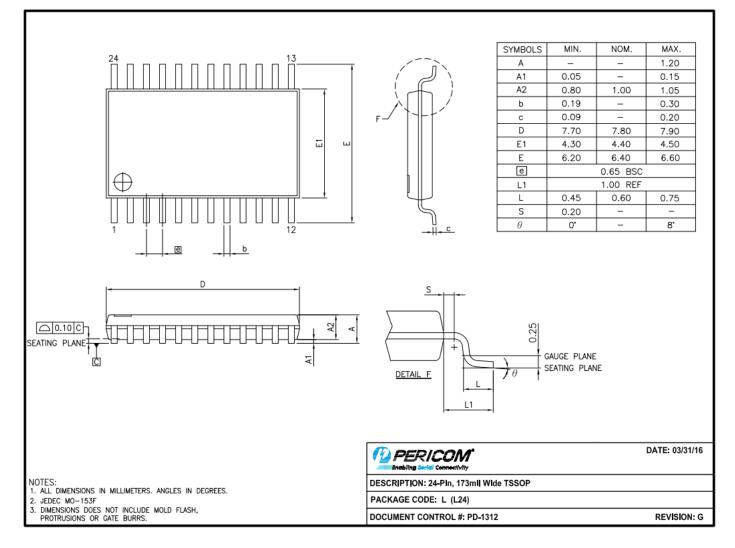
Z: Die Rev YY: Date Code (Year) WW: Date Code (Workweek) 1st X: Assembly Site Code 2nd X: Wafer Fab Site Code Bar above fab code means Cu wire





Packaging Mechanical

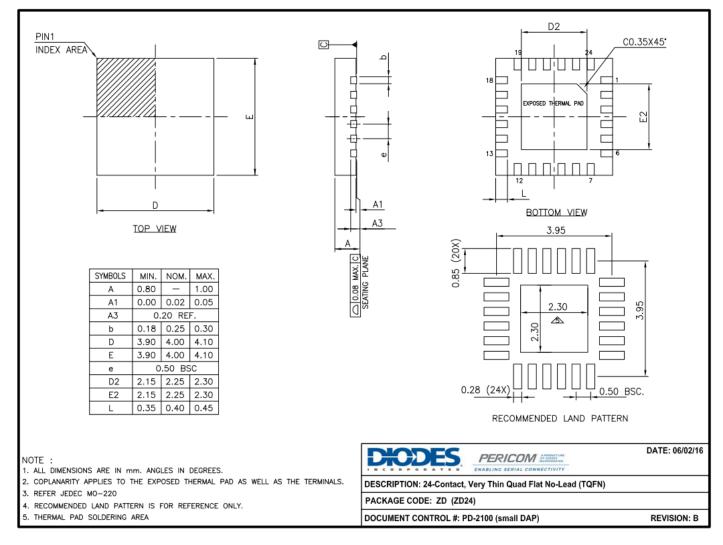
TSSOP-24(L)







TQFN-24 (ZD)



For latest package information:

See http://www.diodes.com/design/support/packaging/pericom-packaging/packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/.

Ordering Information

Part Numbers	Package Code	Package Description
PI4IOE5V9555LEX	L	24-pin,173mil Wide (TSSOP)
PI4IOE5V9555ZDEX	ZD	24-contact, Very Thin Quad Flat No-Lead (TQFN)
PI4IOE5V9555ZDEX-13R	ZD	24-contact, Very Thin Quad Flat No-Lead (TQFN), Reel pack, 13"

Notes:

1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.

2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.

3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

4. E = Pb-free and Green

5. X suffix = Tape/Reel





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