

3-Vrms Audio Driver with Adjustable Gain

### Features

- Voltage Output at 600Ω Load
  2Vrms with 3.3V supply voltage
  3Vrms with 5.0V supply voltage
- Ultra Low noise and THD SNR>112dB Typical Vn<5.1µVrms THD+N>100dB
- No Pop/Clicks Noise when Power ON/OFF
- No Need for Output DC-Blocking Capacitors
- Optimized Frequency Response between
  20Hz–20kHz
- Accepting Differential Input
- Featuring external under voltage mute
- HBM ESD protection: Output pin 8kV
- Available in EP-MSOP-10 package

### **Applications**

- Set-Top Boxes
- High Definition DVD Players
- Car Entertainment System
- Medical

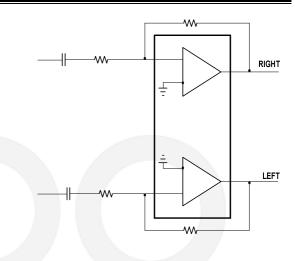
### Descriptions

The DIO2128 is an integrated solution for Set-top box and high definition player, and designed to optimize the audio driver circuit performance while reducing the BOM cost by eliminating the peripheral discrete components for noise reduction. DIO2128 features a 3Vrms stereo audio driver that designed to allow for the removal of output AC-coupling capacitors.

Featuring differential input mode, gain range of  $\pm 1$ V/V to  $\pm 10$ V/V can be achieved via external gain resistor setting. The DIO2128 is able to offer 3Vrms output at 600 $\Omega$  load with 5V supply.

Meanwhile, the DIO2128 offers built-in shut-down control circuitry for optimal pop-free performance. Under under-voltage condition, DIO2128 is able to detect it and mutes the output.

### **Block Diagram**



## **Ordering Information**

Order Part Number	Top Marking		T <sub>A</sub>	Package	
DIO2128XM10	DIO2128	Green/RoHS	-40 to +85°C	EP-MSOP-10	Tape & Reel, 3000



## **Pin Assignment**

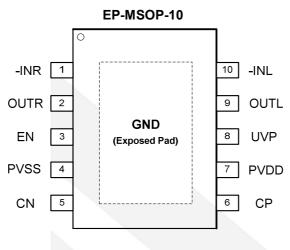


Figure 1 Top View

## **Pin Descriptions**

PIN		I/O	Description	
Name	NO.		Description	
-INR	1	I	Right-channel negative input	
OUTR	2	0	Right-channel output	
EN	3	1	Enable input, active-high	
PVSS	4	Р	Supply voltage	
CN	5	I/O	Charge-pump flying capacitor negative terminal	
CP	6	I/O	Charge-pump flying capacitor positive terminal	
PVDD	7	Р	Positive supply	
UVP	8		Under voltage protection input	
OUTL	9	0	Left-channel output	
-INL	10	1	Left-channel negative input	
GND	Exposed Pad	Р	Power ground	

Note: For simplicity, all  $V_{DD}$  below stands for PVDD.



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Rating" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maxim rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Par	ameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	Supply Voltage		V
Input Voltage		GND-0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Minimum load impedance		600	Ω
EN to GND		-0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Storage Temperature Range		-65 to 150	°C
Junction Temperature		-65 to 150	°C
MSOP-10, O <sub>JA</sub>		190	°C/W
HBM ESD, JESD22-A114 Output Pins		8	kV

## **Recommend Operating Conditions**

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended Operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. DIOO does not Recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Voltage	3	5	5.5	V
	EN High level Input Voltage(V <sub>DD</sub> =5V)	1.2			V
Vih	EN High level Input Voltage(V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V)	1.1			V
N	EN Low level Input Voltage(V <sub>DD</sub> =5V)			0.4	V
ViL	EN Low level Input Voltage(V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V)			0.3	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Temperature Range	-40		85	°C



### **Electrical Characteristics**

Typical value:  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>os</sub>	Output Offset Voltage	$V_{DD}$ =3-5V, Input grounded, unity gain	-3.3	0	3.3	mV
OVP	V <sub>DD</sub> Over Voltage Protection	$V_{DD}$ >5.5V, then IC shut down		5.7		V
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio			90		dB
		$V_{DD}$ =5V,RL=2.5k $\Omega$	4.9			V
V <sub>он</sub>	High level output voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V,R <sub>L</sub> =2.5kΩ	3.2			V
V		$V_{DD}$ =5V,RL=2.5k $\Omega$			-4.80	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low level output voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V,R <sub>L</sub> =2.5kΩ			-3.10	V
IIII	EN High level input current	V <sub>DD</sub> =5V,V <sub>I</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub>			1	μA
IIL	EN Low level input current	V <sub>DD</sub> =5V,V <sub>I</sub> =0V			1	μA
		$V_{DD}$ =3.3V, $V_{I}$ = $V_{DD}$ , No load		11		
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current	$V_{DD}$ =5V, $V_{I}$ = $V_{DD}$ , No load		12		mA
		Shut down mode, V <sub>DD</sub> =3-5V			1	mA

## **Operating Characteristics**

Typical value:  $V_{DD}$ =3.3V,  $R_L$ =2.5k $\Omega$ ,  $C_{PUMP}$ =1 $\mu$ F,  $C_{PVSS}$ =1 $\mu$ F,  $C_{IN}$ =10 $\mu$ F,  $R_{IN}$ =10 $k\Omega$ ,  $R_{fb}$ =20 $k\Omega$ ,  $T_A$ =25°C, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vo	Output Voltage	THD=1%, V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V, f=1kHz	2.05			V <sub>RMS</sub>
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion + noise	$V_0=2V_{RMS}$ , f=1kHz, R <sub>L</sub> =600 $\Omega$		0.001		%
X <sub>TALK</sub>	Channel crosstalk	V <sub>O</sub> =2V <sub>RMS</sub> , f=1kHz		95		dB
lo	Maximum output current	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V		60		mA
SNR	Signal noise ratio	V <sub>0</sub> =2V <sub>RMS</sub> , BW=22kHz, A-weighted		112		dB
SR	Slew rate			12		V/µs
V <sub>N</sub>	Noise output voltage	BW=20Hz to 22kHz,V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V		4.5		μV <sub>RMS</sub>
G <sub>BW</sub>	Unity gain bandwidth			7		MHz
A <sub>VO</sub>	Open loop voltage gain			140		dB
V <sub>UVP</sub>	External under-voltage detection		1.08	1.11	1.14	V
I <sub>Hys</sub>	External under-voltage detection hysteresis current			5		μA
f <sub>CP</sub>	Charge pump frequency			310		kHz
Attenuation @mute	Input-to-output attenuation in shutdown	EN=0V		90		dB

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## **Operating Characteristics**

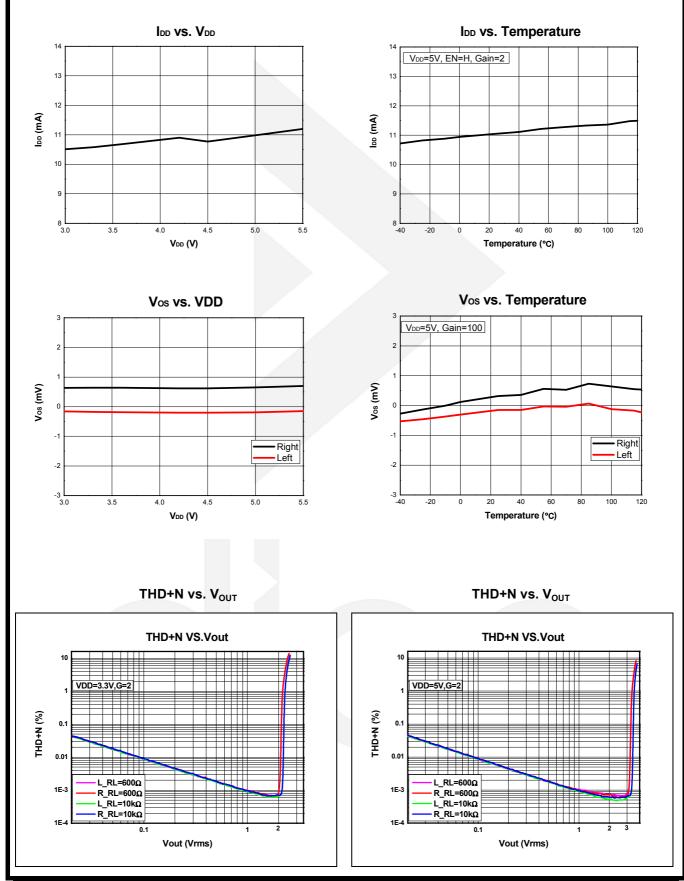
 $\label{eq:VDD} \mbox{Typical value: $V_{DD}$=5V$, $R_{L}$=2.5k$\Omega$, $C_{PUMP}$=1$\mu$F$, $C_{IN}$=10$\mu$F$, $R_{IN}$=10$\mu$F$, $R_{IN}$=20$k$\Omega$, $T_{A}$=25°C$, unless otherwise specified.} \label{eq:VDD}$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
		THD=1%, V <sub>DD</sub> =5V, f=1kHz	3.01			
Vo	Output Voltage	THD=1%, $V_{DD}$ =5V, f=1kHz, R <sub>L</sub> =100kΩ	3.1			V <sub>RMS</sub>
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion + noise	$V_0=3V_{RMS}$ , f=1kHz, R <sub>L</sub> =600 $\Omega$		0.001		%
X <sub>TALK</sub>	Channel crosstalk	V <sub>0</sub> =3V <sub>RMS</sub> , f=1kHz		95		dB
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G <sub>BW</sub>	Unity gain bandwidth			7		MHz
A <sub>VO</sub>	Open loop voltage gain			140		dB
VUVP	External under-voltage detection		1.08	1.11	1.14	V
I <sub>Hys</sub>	External under-voltage detection hysteresis current			5		μΑ
f <sub>CP</sub>	Charge pump frequency			310		kHz
Attenuation @mute	Input-to-output attenuation in shutdown	EN=0V		90		dB



## **Typical Performance Characteristics**

At  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $C_{PUMP}$ =0.33 $\mu$ F, $C_{PVSS}$ =1 $\mu$ F,unless otherwise noted.

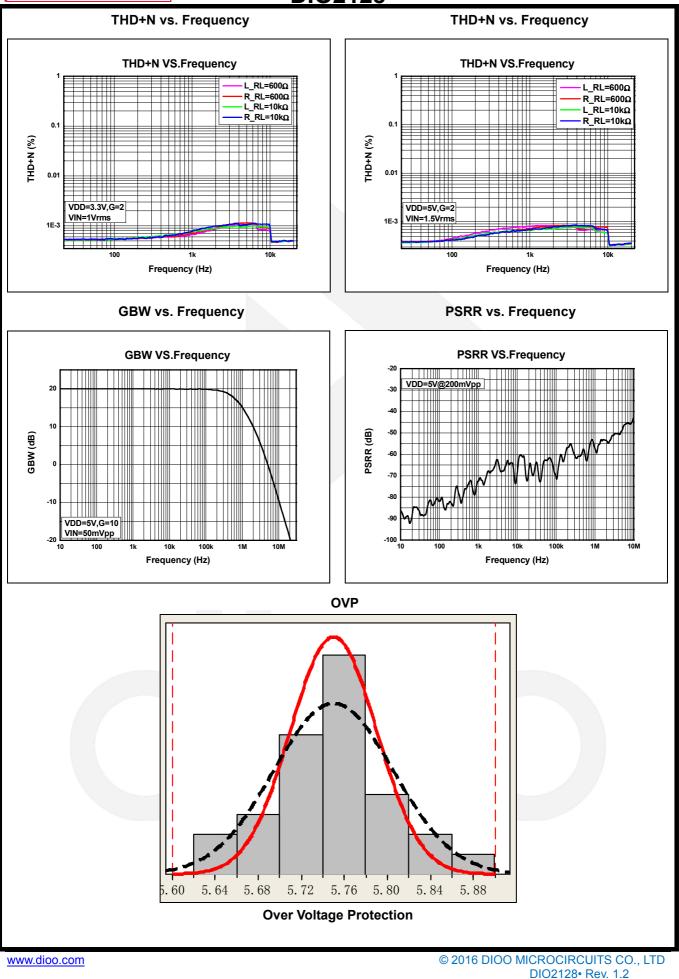


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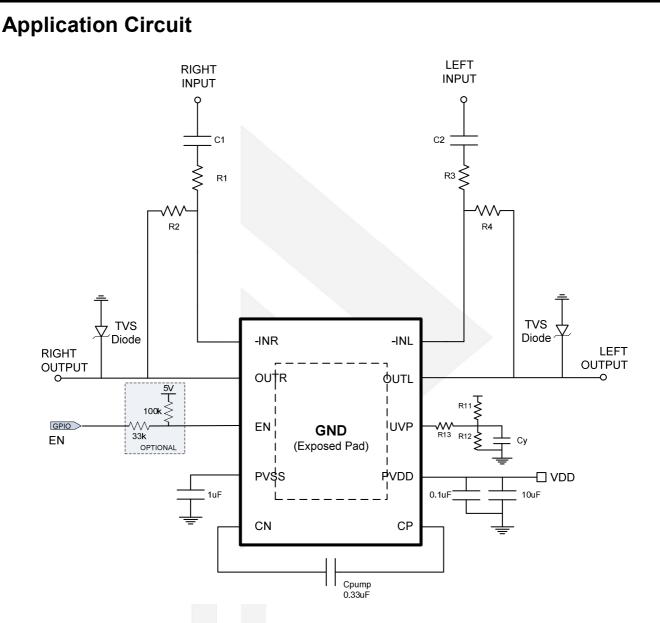


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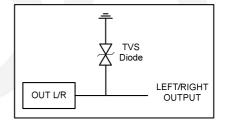




#### Notes:

1. In some applications, if the power supply noise needs to be filtered, the ferrite bead is recommended in a value of 600ohm@100MHz, instead of RC network. RC network normally will lower the power supply resulting in the degraded the audio performance. If the resistor is not chosen properly, which can trigger the internal UVP detection circuit and shut down the output. As depicted below.

 In order to protect the device against the power surge, transient voltage suppressor (TVS) devices are recommended at the output pins OUTL/OUTR.



### **Application Notes**

#### Gain-SettingResistorsRanges and Input-Blocking Capacitors

The gain-setting resistors,  $R_{IN}$  and  $R_{FB}$ , must be chosen so that noise, stability, and input capacitor size of the DIO2128 are kept within acceptable limits. Voltage gain is defined as  $R_{FB}$  divided by  $R_{IN}$ .

Table 1 lists the recommended resistor value for different gain settings. Selecting values that are too low demands a large input ac-coupling capacitor  $C_{IN}$ . Selecting values that are too high increases the noise of the amplifier.

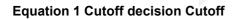
The gain-setting resistor must be placed close to the input pins to minimize capacitive loading on these input pins and to ensure maximum stability.

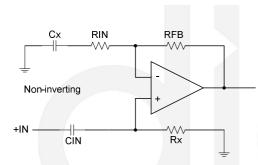
#### Table 1 Input Capacitor with 2Hz cutoff and Resistor Values Recommended

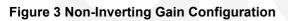
Input Res., R <sub>IN</sub>		Feedback Res., R <sub>fb</sub>	Inverting Gain
22 kΩ		22 kΩ	-1 V/V
15 kΩ		30 kΩ	-2 V/V
10 kΩ		100 kΩ	-10 V/V

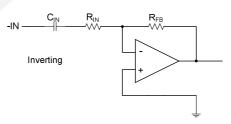
$$f_{CIN} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_{IN} C_{IN}} \quad \text{or}$$

$$C_{IN} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_{IN} f_{CIN}}$$

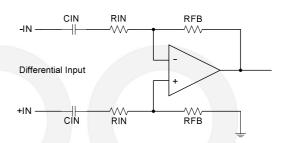








### Figure 2 Inverting Gain Configurations



### Figure 4 Differential Gain Configuration

### INPUT-BLOCKING CAPACITORS

DC input-blocking capacitors are required to be added in series with the audio signal into the input pins of DIO2128. These capacitors block the dc portion of the audio source and allow DIO2128 inputs to be properly biased to provide maximum performance.

These capacitors form a high-pass filter with the input resistor,  $R_{IN}$ . The cutoff frequency is calculated using the equation below. For this calculation, the capacitance used is the input-blocking capacitor, and the resistance is the input resistor chosen from Table 1; then the frequency and/or capacitance can be determined when one of the two values is given.

### 2nd Order Filter Typical Application

Several audio DACs used today require an external low-pass filter to remove out-of-band noise. This is possible with the DIO2128, as it can be used like a standard OPAMP. Several filter topologies can be implemented, both single-ended and differential. In Figure 3, a multi-feedback (MFB) with differential input and single-ended input is shown.

An ac-coupling capacitor to remove dc content from the source is shown; it serves to block any dc content from the source and lowers the dc-gain to 1, helping reducing the output dc-offset to minimum.

The resistor values should have a low value for obtaining low noise, but should also have a high enough value to get a small size ac-coupling capacitor.

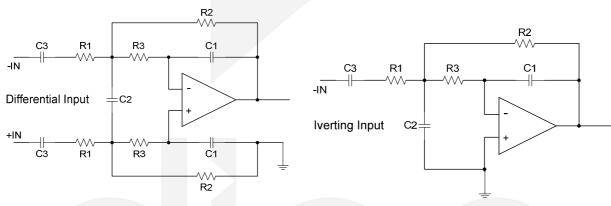


Figure 5 Second-Order Active Low-Pass Filter

#### Charge Pump Flying Capacitor and PVSS Capacitor

The charge pump flying capacitor serves to transfer charge during the generation of the negative supply voltage. The PVSS capacitor must be at least equal to the charge pump capacitor in order to allow maximum charge transfer. Low ESR X5R or X7R capacitors are recommended selection, a value of typical  $0.33\mu$ F is recommended for C<sub>PUMP</sub>, and a value of typical 1µF is recommended for P<sub>VSS</sub>. Capacitor values can be smaller than the value recommended, but the maximum output voltage may be reduced and the device may not operate to specifications.

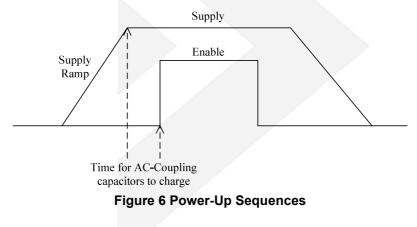


#### **Decoupling Capacitors**

The DIO2128 requires adequate power supply decoupling to ensure that the noise and total harmonic distortion (THD) are low. A good low equivalent-series-resistance (ESR) X5R or X7R ceramic capacitor, typically a combine of paralleled  $0.1\mu$ F and  $10\mu$ F, placed as close as possible to the device V<sub>DD</sub> lead works best. Placing this decoupling capacitor close to the DIO2128 is important for the performance of the amplifier. For filtering lower-frequency noise signals, a  $10\mu$ F or greater capacitor placed near the audio power amplifier would also help, but it is not required in most applications because of the high PSRR of this device.

#### Pop-Free Power-Up

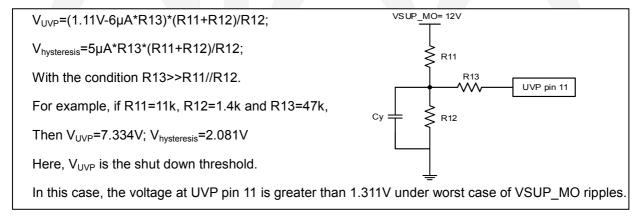
Pop-free power up is ensured by keeping the EN (shut down pin) low during power-supply ramp up and ramp down. The EN pin should be kept low until the input ac-coupling capacitors are fully charged before asserting the EN pin high to achieve pop-less power up. Figure 6 illustrates the preferred sequence.



### External Under-voltage Detection

External under-voltage detection can be used to shut down the DIO2128 before an input device can generate a pop noise. Although the shut down voltage is 1.11V, customers need to consider the accuracy of system passive components such as resistors and associated temperature variation. Users often select a resistor divider to obtain the power-on and shut down threshold for the specific application. The typical thresholds can be calculated as follows:

Case 1: VSUP\_MO= 12V (Recommended)





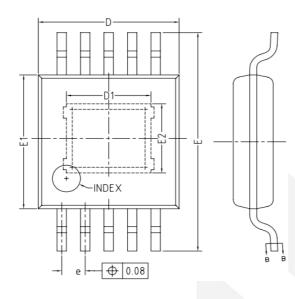
#### **Capacitive Load**

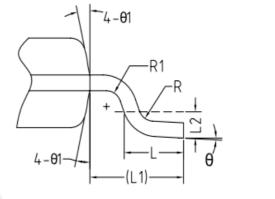
The DIO2128 has the ability to drive a high capacitive load up to 220pF directly. Higher capacitive loads can be accepted by adding a series resistor of  $47\Omega$  or larger.

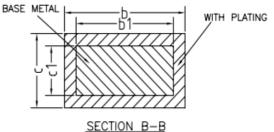
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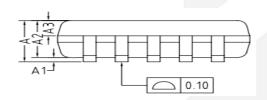


## Physical Dimensions: EP-MSOP-10









Symbol	Min	Тур	Max
A	-	-	1.10
A1	0	-	0.15
A2	0.75	0.85	0.95
A3	0.25	0.35	0.39
b	0.18	-	0.27
b1	0.17	0.20	0.23
С	0.15	-	0.20
c1	0.14	0.15	0.16
D	2.90	3.00	3.10
D1	0.75	-	2.50
E	4.70	4.90	5.10
E1	2.90	3.00	3.10
E2	0.75	-	2.50
е	0.40	0.50	0.60
L	0.40	0.60	0.80
L1		0.95REF	
L2		0.25BSC	
R	0.07	-	-
R1	0.07	-	-
Θ	0°	-	8°
Θ1	9°	12°	15°



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