

Features

- Single-Supply Operation from +1.8V ~ +5.5V
- Rail-to-Rail Input / Output
- Gain-Bandwidth Product: 4.5MHz (Typ. @25°C)
- Low Input Bias Current: 20pA (Typ. @25°C)
- Low Offset Voltage: 30µV (Max. @25°C)
- Quiescent Current: 550µA per Amplifier (Typ.)
- Operating Temperature: -45°C ~ +125°C
- Zero Drift: 0.03µV/°C (Max.)

- Embedded RF Anti-EMI Filter
- Small Package:

GS8591 Available in SOT23-5 and SOP-8 Packages GS8592 Available in MSOP-8 and SOP-8 Packages GS8594 Available in SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 Packages

General Description

The GS859X amplifier is single/dual/quad supply, micro-power, zero-drift CMOS operational amplifiers, the amplifiers offer bandwidth of 4.5MHz, rail-to-rail inputs and outputs, and single-supply operation from 1.8V to 5.5V. GS859X uses chopper stabilized technique to provide very low offset voltage (less than 50µV maximum) and near zero drift over temperature. Low quiescent supply current of 550µA per amplifier and very low input bias current of 20pA make the devices an ideal choice for low offset, low power consumption and high impedance applications. The GS859X offers excellent CMRR without the crossover associated with traditional complementary input stages. This design results in superior performance for driving analog-to-digital converters (ADCs) without degradation of differential linearity.

The GS8591 is available in SOT23-5 and SOP-8 packages. And the GS8592 is available in MSOP-8 and SOP-8 packages. The GS8594 Quad is available in Green SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 packages. The extended temperature range of -45°C to +125°C over all supply voltages offers additional design flexibility.

Applications

- Transducer Application
- Temperature Measurements
- Electronics Scales

- Handheld Test Equipment
- Battery-Powered Instrumentation

Pin Configuration

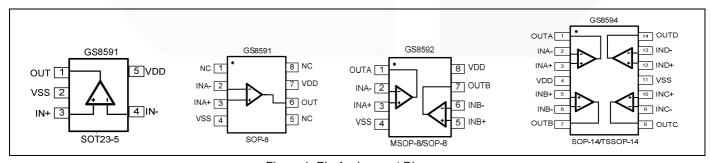


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram



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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Condition	Min	Max		
Power Supply Voltage (V _{DD} to Vss)	-0.5V	+7.5V		
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)	Vss-0.5V	V _{DD} +0.5V		
PDB Input Voltage	Vss-0.5V	+7V		
Operating Temperature Range	-45°C	+125°C		
Junction Temperature	+	160°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C	+150°C		
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+2	+260°C		
Package Thermal Resistance (T _A =+25°C)				
SOP-8, θ _{JA}	12	5°C/W		
MSOP-8, θ_{JA}	21	6°C/W		
SOT23-5, θ _{JA}	19	190°C/W		
ESD Susceptibility				
НВМ		6KV		
MM	4	100V		

Note: Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Package/Ordering Information

MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
CC0504	Cinalo	GS8591-TR	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8591
GS8591	Single	GS8591Y-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8591Y
GS8592	Duel	GS8592-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8592
G30592	Dual	GS8592-MR	MSOP-8	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8592
GS8594	Ouad	GS8594-TR	TSSOP-14	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8594
U30594	Quad	GS8594-SR	SOP-14	Tape and Reel,2500	GS8594



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Electrical Characteristics

(V_S = +5V, V_{CM} = +2.5V, V_O = +2.5V, T_A = +25 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS		•	•	•	•
Input Offset Voltage (Vos)			1	5	μV
Input Bias Current (I _B)			20		pA
Input Offset Current (I _{OS})			10		рА
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)	V _{CM} = 0V to 5V		110		dB
Large Signal Voltage Gain (A _{VO})	$R_L = 10k\Omega$, $V_O = 0.3V$ to 4.7V		145		dB
Input Offset Voltage Drift ($\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta_T$)			30		nV/℃
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS		•			
Output Valtage High (V	$R_L = 100k\Omega$ to - V_S		4.998		V
Output Voltage High (V _{OH})	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ to - V_S		4.994		V
	$R_L = 100k\Omega$ to + V_S		2		mV
Output Voltage Low (V _{OL})	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ to + V_S		5		mV
Short Circuit Limit (I _{SC})	R_L =10 Ω to - V_S		43		mA
Output Current (I _O)			30		mA
POWER SUPPLY					
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)	V _S = 2.5V to 5.5V		115		dB
Quiescent Current (IQ)	$V_O = 0V$, $R_L = 0\Omega$		180		μA
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE					
Gain-Bandwidth Product (GBP)	G = +100		4.5		MHz
Slew Rate (SR)	$R_L = 10k\Omega$		2.5		V/µs
Overload Recovery Time			0.10		ms
NOISE PERFORMANCE					•
Voltage Noise (e _n p-p)	0Hz to 10Hz		0.2		μV _{P-P}
Voltage Noise Density (e _n)	f = 1kHz		30		nV/\sqrt{Hz}

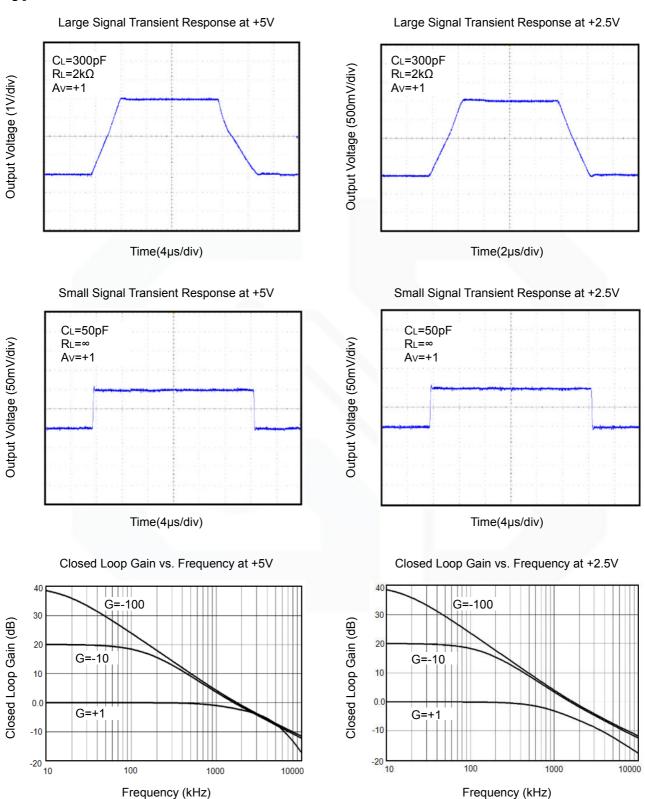




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Typical Performance characteristics



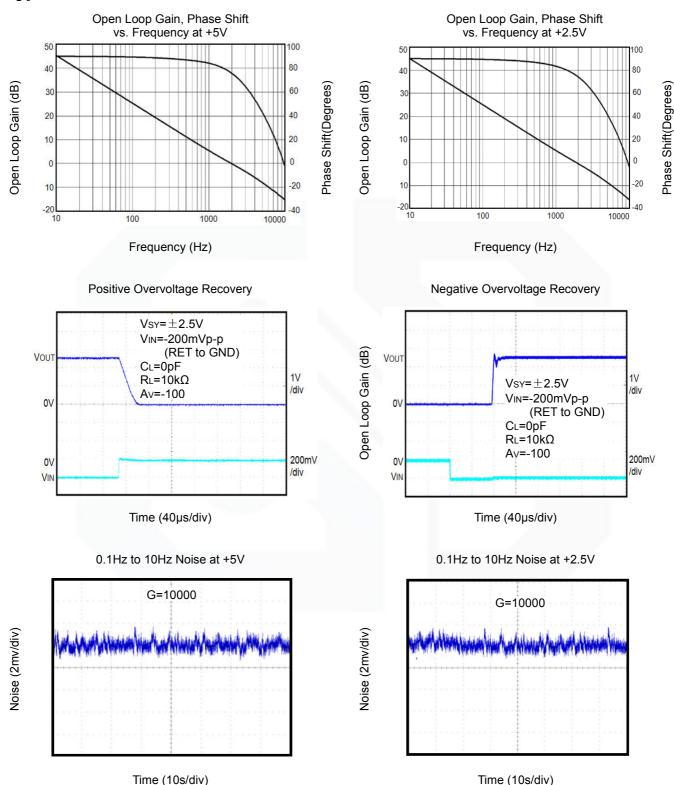


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Typical Performance characteristics







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Application Note

Size

GS859X series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the GS859X series packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

GS859X series operates from a single 1.8V to 5.5V supply or dual ± 0.9 V to ± 2.75 V supplies. For best performance, a 0.1μ F ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the V_{DD} pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both V_{DD} and V_{SS} supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1μ F ceramic capacitors.

Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical 550uA per channel) of GS859X series will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems

Operating Voltage

GS859X series operate under wide input supply voltage (1.8V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from $-40\,^{\circ}$ C to $+125\,^{\circ}$ C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-Ion battery lifetime

Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of GS859X series extends 100mV beyond the supply rails (V_{SS} -0.1V to V_{DD} +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

Rail-to-Rail Output

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of GS859X series can typically swing to less than 5mV from supply rail in light resistive loads (>100k Ω), and 60mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads (10k Ω).

Capacitive Load Tolerance

The GS859x family is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2. shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.

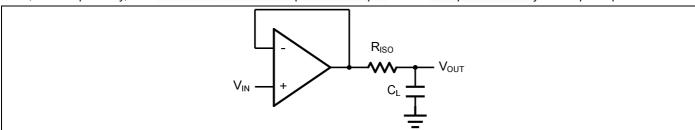


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor

The bigger the R_{ISO} resistor value, the more stable V_{OUT} will be. However, if there is a resistive load R_L in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to R_{ISO}/R_L) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2. R_F provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the V_{IN} to R_L. C_F



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and $R_{\rm ISO}$ serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of C_F . This in turn will slow down the pulse response.

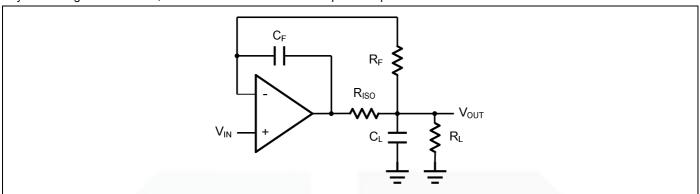


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy





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Typical Application Circuits

Differential amplifier

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using GS855X.

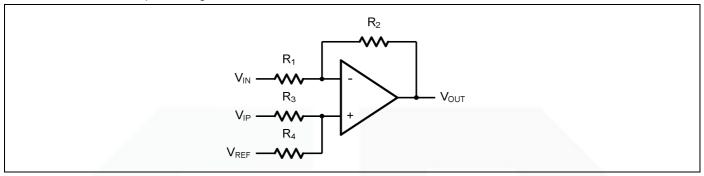


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{\text{IN}} - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{\text{IP}} + \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{\text{REF}}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e. R₁=R₃ and R₂=R₄), then

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{\text{IP}} - V_{\text{IN}}) + V_{\text{REF}}$$

Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by $-R_2/R_1$. The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency $f_C=1/(2\pi R_3C_1)$.

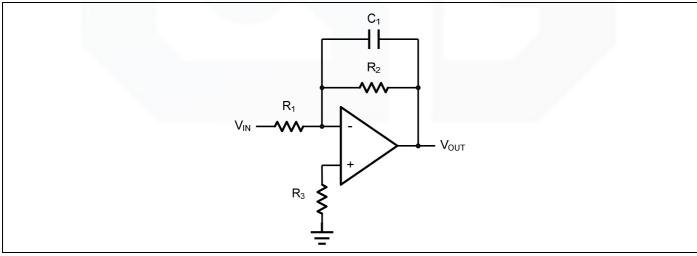


Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter



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Instrumentation Amplifier

The triple GS859X can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of R_2/R_1 . The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.

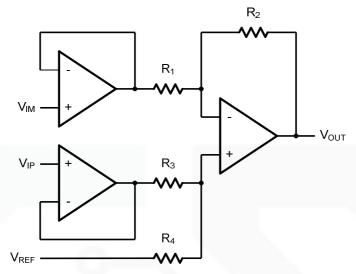


Figure 6. Instrument Amplifier

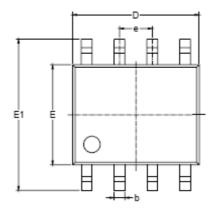


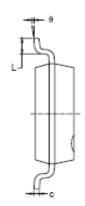
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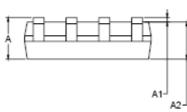


Package Information

SOP-8





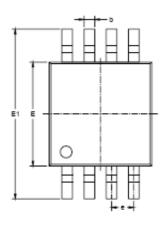


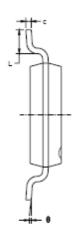
Symbol		nsions imeters	Dimensions In Inches		
•	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
С	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010	
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200	
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244	
e	1.27 BSC		0.050	BSC	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
е	0°	8°	0°	8°	

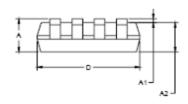
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MSOP-8







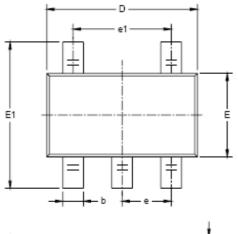
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches		
-	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043	
A1	0.020	0.150	0.001	0.006	
A2	0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037	
b	0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015	
С	0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009	
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E1	4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199	
e	0.650 BSC		0.026	BSC	
L	0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031	
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°	

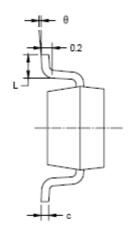


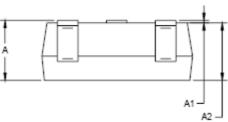
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SOT23-5







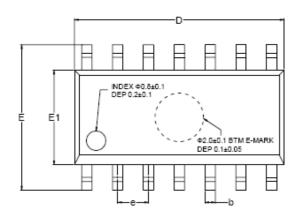
Symbol		sions imeters	Dimensions In Inches		
,	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045	
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020	
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008	
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119	
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067	
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116	
e	0.950	BSC	0.037	BSC	
e1	1.900	1.900 BSC		BSC	
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	

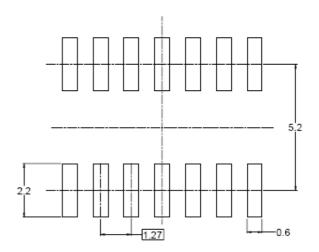


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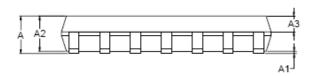


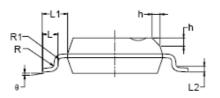
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RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





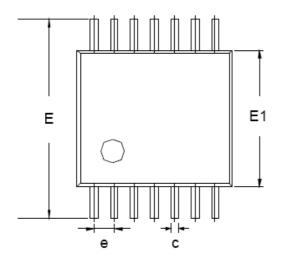
Symbol	Dimen	Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	MIN	MOD	MAX	MIN	MOD	MAX	
Α	1.35		1.75	0.053		0.069	
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010	
A2	1.25		1.65	0.049		0.065	
A3	0.55		0.75	0.022		0.030	
b	0.36		0.49	0.014		0.019	
D	8.53		8.73	0.336		0.344	
E	5.80		6.20	0.228		0.244	
E1	3.80		4.00	0.150		0.157	
е		1.27 BSC	•	0.050 BSC			
L	0.45		0.80	0.018		0.032	
L1		1.04 REF		0.040 REF			
L2		0.25 BSC		0.01 BSC			
R	0.07			0.003			
R1	0.07			0.003			
h	0.30		0.50	0.012		0.020	
θ	0°		8°	0°		8°	

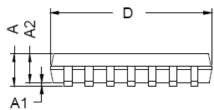
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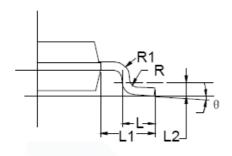
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TSSOP-14







	Dimensions				
Symbol	In Millimeters				
Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX		
А	-	-	1.20		
A1	0.05	-	0.15		
A2	0.90	1.00	1.05		
b	0.20	-	0.28		
С	0.10	-	0.19		
D	4.86	4.96	5.06		
E	6.20	6.40	6.60		
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50		
е		0.65 BSC			
L	0.45	0.60	0.75		
L1	1.00 REF				
L2	0.25 BSC				
R	0.09				
θ	0°	-	8°		



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单击下面可查看定价,库存,交付和生命周期等信息

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