

Features

Single-Supply Operation from +2.1V ~ +5.5V

· Rail-to-Rail Input / Output

Gain-Bandwidth Product: 11MHz (Typ.)

Low Input Bias Current: 1pA (Typ.)

Low Offset Voltage: 3.5mV (Max.)

· High Slew Rate: 9V/µs

· Settling Time to 0.1% with 2V Step: 0.3μs

Low Noise : 8nV/ Hz @10kHz

Quiescent Current: 1.1mA per Amplifier (Typ.)

Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +125°C

· Small Package:

GS8600 Available in DFN2*2-8 Packages

General Description

The GS8600 have a high gain-bandwidth product of 11MHz, a slew rate of $9V/\mu s$, and a quiescent current of 1.1mA per amplifier at 5V. The GS8600 are designed to provide optimal performance in low voltage and low noise systems. They provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The input common mode voltage range includes ground, and the maximum input offset voltage is 3.5mV for GS8600. They are specified over the extended industrial temperature range (-40°C to +125°C). The operating range is from 2.1V to 5.5V. The GS8600 dual is available in Green DFN2*2-8 package.

Applications

Sensors

· Active Filters

Cellular and Cordless Phones

Laptops and PDAs

- Audio
- · Handheld Test Equipment
- · Battery-Powered Instrumentation
- A/D Converters

Pin Configuration

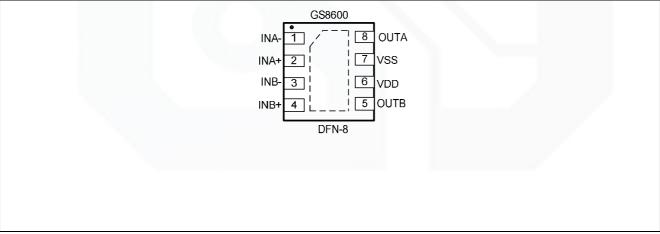


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram





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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Condition	Min	Max				
Power Supply Voltage (V _{DD} to Vss)	-0.5V	+7.5V				
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)	Vss-0.5V	V _{DD} +0.5V				
PDB Input Voltage	Vss-0.5V	+7V				
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C	+125°C				
Junction Temperature	+16	+160°C				
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C	+150°C				
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+26	+260°C				
ESD Susceptibility						
НВМ	8	KV				
MM 400V						

Note: Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Package/Ordering Information

MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
GS8600	Dual	GS8600-FR	DFN2*2-8	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8600





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Electrical Characteristics

(At Vs=5V, T_A = +25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, V_{CM} = Vs/2, R_L = 600 $^{\Omega}$, unless otherwise noted.)

		GS8600						
DADAMETER	COMPITIONS	TYP	MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE					
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	+25℃	+25℃	0℃ to 70℃	-40℃ to 85℃	-40 °C to	UNITS	MIN /
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS		1				•	I.	
Input Offset Voltage (Vos)		0.8	3.5	3.9	4.3	4.6	mV	MAX
Input Bias Current (I _B)		1					pA	TYP
Input Offset Current (I _{OS})		1					pA	TYP
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (V _{CM})	V _S = 5.5V	-0.1 to					V	TYP
		+5.6						
Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)	$V_S = 5.5V$, $V_{CM} = -0.1V$ to 4V	82	65	64	64	63	dB	MIN
	$V_S = 5.5V$, $V_{CM} = -0.1V$ to 5.6V	75					dB	MIN
Open-Loop Voltage Gain (A _{OL})	$R_L = 600\Omega, V_O = 0.15V \text{ to } 4.85V$	90	80	76	75	68	dB	MIN
	$R_L = 10k\Omega, V_O = 0.05V \text{ to } 4.95V$	108					dB	MIN
Input Offset Voltage Drift ($\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta_T$)		2.4					µV/℃	TYP
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					•			
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	$R_L = 600\Omega$	0.1					V	TYP
	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	0.015					V	TYP
Output Current (I _{OUT})		70	55	45	42	38	mA	MIN
Closed-Loop Output Impedance	f = 100kHz, G = 1	7.5					Ω	TYP
POWER SUPPLY						•		
Operating Voltage Range			2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	V	MIN
			5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	V	MAX
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)	$V_S = +2.5V \text{ to } +5.5V$							
	$V_{CM} = (-V_S) + 0.5V$	91	74	72	72	68	dB	MIN
Quiescent Current/Amplifier (IQ)	I _{OUT} = 0	1.1	1.5	1.65	1.7	1.85	mA	MAX
								<u> </u>





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Electrical Characteristics

(At Vs=5V, T_A = +25 $^{\circ}$ C, V_{CM} = V_S/2, R_L = 600 $^{\Omega}$, unless otherwise noted.)

	CONDITIONS	GS8600						
PARAMETER		TYP	TYP MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE					
		+25℃	+25℃	0°C to	-40℃ to	-40℃to 125℃	UNITS	MIN/
		+25 C		70℃	85℃			MAX
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE								
Gain-Bandwidth Product (GBP)	$R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$	11					MHz	TYP
Phase Margin (φ _O)	$R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$	51					Degrees	TYP
Full Power Bandwidth (BWP)	$<$ 1% distortion, R _L = 600 Ω	400					kHz	TYP
Slew Rate (SR)	$G = +1$, 2V Step, $R_L = 10k\Omega$	9					V/µs	TYP
Settling Time to 0.1% (t _S)	$G = +1$, 2V Step, $R_L = 600\Omega$	0.3					μs	TYP
Overload Recovery Time	V_{IN} ·Gain = VS, $R_L = 600\Omega$	1.5					μs	TYP
NOISE PERFORMANCE								•
Voltage Noise Density (e _n)	f = 1kHz	11.5					nV/\sqrt{Hz}	TYP
	f = 10kHz	8					nV/\sqrt{Hz}	TYP



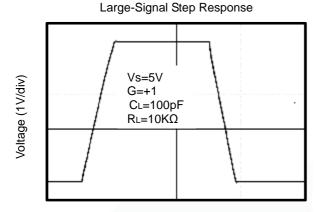


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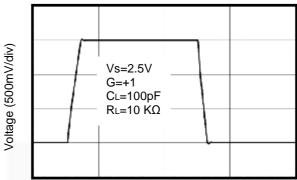


Typical Performance characteristics

(At Vs=5V, TA = +25°C, VcM = Vs/2, RL = 600 Ω , unless otherwise noted.)





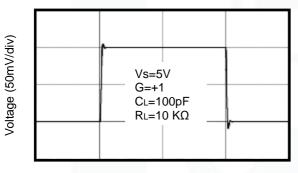


Large-Signal Step Response

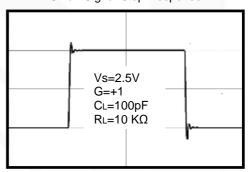
Time (1µs/div)

Time (1µs/div)





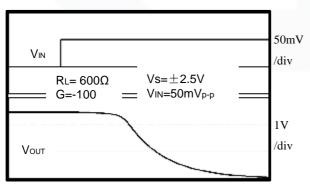
Small-Signal Step Response



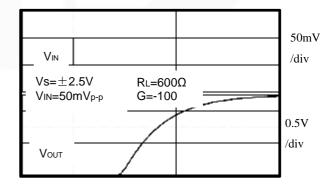
Time (1µs/div)

Time (1µs/div)

Positive Overload Recovery



Negative Overload Recovery



Time (2µs/div) Time (2µs/div)

Voltage (50mV/div)

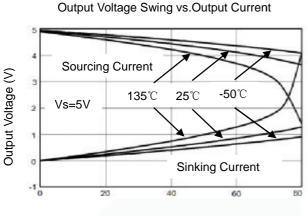


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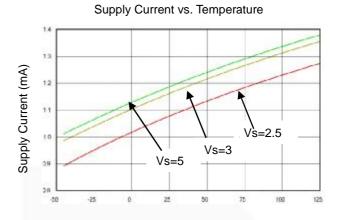


Typical Performance characteristics

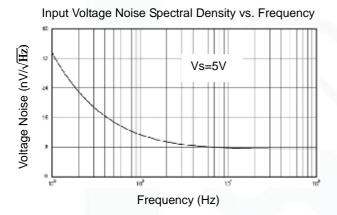
(At Vs=5V, TA = +25°C, VcM = Vs/2, RL = 600 Ω , unless otherwise noted.)

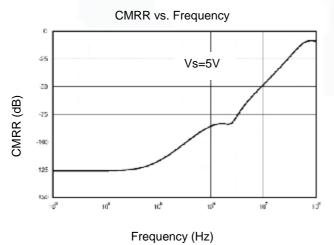


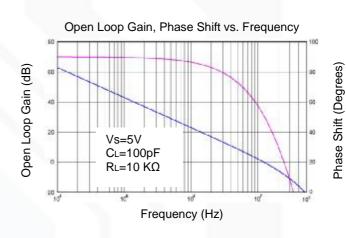


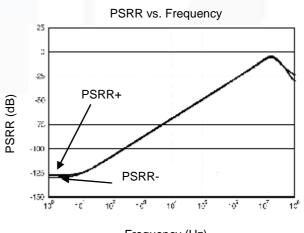


Temperature (°C)









Frequency (Hz)



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Application Note

Size

GS8600 series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the GS8600 series packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

GS8600 series operates from a single 2.1V to 5.5V supply or dual ± 1.05 V to ± 2.75 V supplies. For best performance, a 0.1μ F ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the V_{DD} pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both V_{DD} and V_{SS} supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1μ F ceramic capacitors.

Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical 1.1mA per channel) of GS8600 series will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems

Operating Voltage

GS8600 series operate under wide input supply voltage (2.1V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40 °C to +125 °C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-lon battery lifetime

Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of GS8600 series extends 100mV beyond the supply rails (V_{SS} -0.1V to V_{DD} +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

Rail-to-Rail Output

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of GS8600 series can typically swing to less than 2mV from supply rail in light resistive loads (>10k Ω), and 15mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads (10k Ω).

Capacitive Load Tolerance

The GS8600 family is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2. shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.

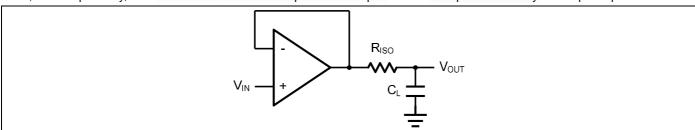


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor

The bigger the R_{ISO} resistor value, the more stable V_{OUT} will be. However, if there is a resistive load R_L in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to R_{ISO}/R_L) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2. R_F provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the V_{IN} to R_L. C_F



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and $R_{\rm ISO}$ serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of C_F . This in turn will slow down the pulse response.

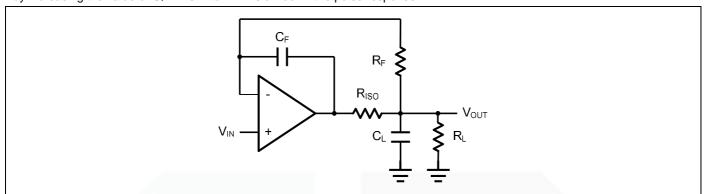


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy





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Typical Application Circuits

Differential amplifier

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using GS8600.

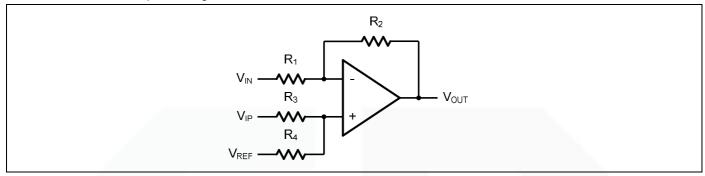


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = (\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_2 + R_4}) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{\text{IN}} - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{\text{IP}} + (\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_2 + R_4}) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{\text{REF}}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e. R₁=R₃ and R₂=R₄), then

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{\text{IP}} - V_{\text{IN}}) + V_{\text{REF}}$$

Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by $-R_2/R_1$. The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency $f_C=1/(2\pi R_3C_1)$.

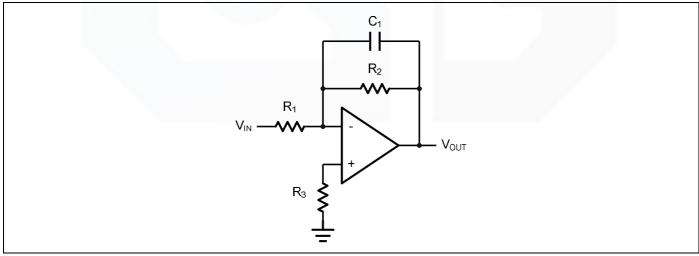


Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter



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Instrumentation Amplifier

The triple GS8600 can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of R_2/R_1 . The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.

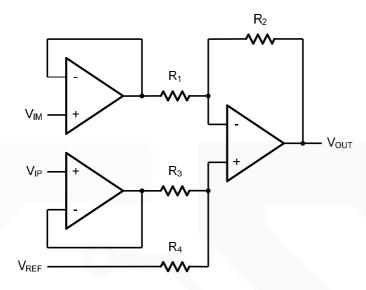


Figure 6. Instrument Amplifier



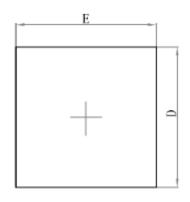


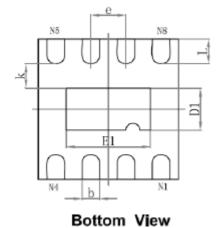
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Package Information

DFN-8





Top View

Side View

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Side View	

Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions In Inches			
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
Α	0.80	0.85	0.9	0.031	0.033	0.035	
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.000	0.001	0.002	
A2	0.153	0.203	0.253	0.006	0.008	0.010	
b	0.18	0.24	0.30	0.007	0.009	0.012	
D	1.9	2.0	2.1	0.075	0.079	0.083	
E	1.9	2.0	2.1	0.075	0.079	0.083	
D1	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.020	0.024	0.028	
E1	1.1	1.2	1.3	0.043	0.047	0.051	
е		0.50			0.20		
k	0.2			0.008			
L	0.25	0.35	0.45	0.010	0.014	0.018	
						-	



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