

# **SPL16-001**

Digital pressure sensor



# 1. Security warning

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# 2. Publication history

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# **Index of Contents**

1.	Intr	oduction	5
2.		et condition	
3.	Abs	solute maximum ratings	ε
4.	Elec	ctrical characteristics	е
5.	Оре	eration	8
	5.1	Operating Modes	ς
	5.2	Measurement Precision and Rate	
	5.3	Sensor Interface	
	5.4	FIFO Operation	
	5.5	Calibration and Measurement Compensation	
	5.6.	·	
	5.6.	•	
	5.6.	,	
		·	
6.	App	olications	13
	6.1	Measurement Settings and Use Case Examples	13
	6.2	Application Circuit Example	14
	6.3	Calculating absolute altitude and calculating pressure at sea level	14
7.	Por	gister Map	16
8.	Reg	gister Description	17
	8.1	Pressure Data (PRS_Bn)	17
	8.1.	.1 PRS_B2	17
	8.1.	.2 PRS_B1	17
	8.1.	.3 PRS_B0	18
	8.2	Temperature Data (TMP_Tn)	18
	8.2.	.1 TMP_B2	18
	8.2.	.2 TMP_B1	19
	8.2.	.3 TMP_B0	19
	8.3	Pressure Configuration (PRS_CFG)	19
	8.4	Temperature Configuration (TMP_CFG)	21
	8.5	Sensor Operating Mode and Status (MEAS_CFG)	22
	8.6	FIFO configuration (CFG_REG)	23
	8.7	FIFO Status (FIFO_STS)	24
	8.8	Soft Reset and FIFO flush (RESET)	25
	8.9	Product and Revision ID (ID)	25
	8.10	Calibration Coefficients (COEF)	26
9.	Med	chanical characteristics	27



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9.1	Pin configuration	27
	Outline dimensions	
10.	Storage and transportation	28
11.	Soldering recommendation	29
12.	Package Specifications	30



#### 1. Introduction

The SPL16-001 is a miniaturized Digital Barometric Air Pressure Sensor with a high accuracy and a low current consumption. The SPL16-001 is both a pressure and a temperature sensor. The pressure sensor element is based on a capacitive sensing principle which guarantees a high precision during temperature changes. The small package makes the SPL16-001 ideal for mobile applications and wearable devices.

The SPL16-001's internal signal processor converts the output from the pressure and temperature sensor elements to 24-bit results. Each pressure sensor has been calibrated individually and contains calibration coefficients. The coefficients are used in the application to convert the measurement results to true pressure and temperature values.

The SPL16-001 has a FIFO that can store the latest 32 measurements. By using the FIFO, the host processor can remain in a sleep mode for a longer period of time between readouts. This can reduce the overall system power consumption. Sensor measurements and calibration coefficients are available through the serial I2C interface.

#### **Key features**

- Pressure range: 300 ... 1100hPa (+9000m ... -500m relating to sea level)
- Temperature Range: -40...+85°C
- Supply voltage: 1.7 ... 3.6V (VDD), 1.2 ... 3.6V (VDDIO)
- Relative accuracy: ±0.06hPa, equiv. to ±0.5 m
- Absolute accuracy: typ. ±1hPa (300 ... 1100hPa)
- Measurement time: Typical: 28 ms. Minimum: 3 ms.
- Average current consumption: High precision: 60 μA, Low power: 3 μA, Standby: <1 μA.
- I2C interface, Embedded 24-bit ADC
- FIFO: Stores latest 32 pressure or temperature measurements.
- Pb-free, halogen-free and RoHS complian
- Water resistance degree: IPx8: 5bar, 60minutes (equivalent at ~50m water depth) or 10bar, 10minutes (equivalent at ~100m water depth).

#### **Typical applications**

- Wearable devices
- Altimeter and barometer for portable devices
- Enhancement of GPS navigation (dead-reckoning, slope detection, etc.)
- In- and out-door navigation
- Weather station equipment
- Vertical velocity indication (rise/sink speed)

#### Specific notes

Particles can influence the performance of the pressure sensor, we strongly recommend you to introduce special measures to avoid deposition of particles on the MEMS membrane or screen particles after assembly as the assembly process is considered to be the main root cause for particle generation.



#### 2. Test condition

Table 1: Test condition

Standard Conditions	Temperature	Humidity	Air pressure
Environment conditions	-40°C+85°C	25%RH75%RH	300hPa1100hPa
Basic test conditions	+25°C	60%RH70%RH	300hPa1100hPa

# 3. Absolute maximum ratings

**Table 2: Absolute maximum ratings** 

Parameter	Condition	Min	Max	Units
Storage temperature		-40	+125	°C
Supply Voltage	All pins		+3.6	V
Voltage at all IO Pins	All pins		+3.6	V
ESD rating	JESD22-A114	-2	+2	kV
Overpressure			10000	hPa

#### 4. Electrical characteristics

VDD = 1.8V, VDDIO=1.8V, T= $25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted. If not stated otherwise, the given values are  $\pm 3$ -Sigma values over temperature/voltage range in the given operation mode.

Table 3: Operating conditions, output signal and mechanical characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	(	Condition	Min	Typ. <sup>(1)</sup>	Max	Units
Operating temperature	TA	0	perational	-40	25	85	°C
Operating temperature	IA	Fu	ll accuracy	0	25	65	°C
Operating Pressure	Р			300		1100	hPa
Supply voltage	VDD			1.7		3.6	V
Interface supply voltage	VDDIO			1.2		3.6	V
Supply current (with 1			Low Power		3	5	
measurement per	ldd	1 Hz	Standard		11	15	uA
second.)			High precision		40	50	

Note: The current consumption depends on both pressure measurement precision and rate. Please refer to the Pressure Configuration (PRS\_CFG) register description for an overview of the current consumption in different combinations of measurement precision and rate.

Peak current	Ipeak	During conversion	400	500	uA
Standby current	Iddsbm			1	uA



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Relative accuracy	P_R	9501050hPa		±6	Pa
pressure	F_K	+25+40°C		$\pm 0.5$	m
Absolute accuracy	D 4	3001100hPa		. 1	hPa
pressure	P_A	0+65°C	±1		IIFa
Resolution of output		Pressure		0.06	Pa
data		Temperature		0.01	°C
		Low Power mode		5	
Noise in pressure	P_Noise	Standard mode		1.2	PaRMS
		High precision mode		0.6	

Note: Pressure noise is measured as the average standard deviation. Please refer to the Pressure Configuration (PRS\_CFG) register description for all precision mode options.

Offset temperature coefficient	тсо	1000hPa +25+40°C		0.5		Pa/K
Absolute accuracy temperature		0+65°C		±1		°C
Pressure/Temperature measurement rate	f		1		128	Hz
		Low Power mode		5	8	
Pressure measurement time	t	Standard mode		28	35	ms
uno		High precision mode		105	115	

Note: The pressure measurement time (and thus the maximum rate) depends on the pressure measurement precision. Please refer to the Pressure Configuration (PRS\_CFG) register description for an overview of the possible combinations of measurement precision and rate.

Supply voltage ramp-up	tvddup	Time for supply voltage to	0.001		5	ms
time	tvadap	reach 90% of final value				
Serial data clock	f <sub>I2C</sub>	I2C			3.4	MHz
Long term stability		12month		0.5		hPa
		The SENSOR_RDY bit in				
Time to sensor ready	TSensor_rdy	the Measurement			12	ma
		Configuration register will be			12	ms
		set when the sensor is ready				
		The COEF_RDY bit in the				
Time to coefficients are	TCoof rdy	Measurement Configuration			40	me
available	TCoef_rdy	register will be set when the			40	ms
		coefficients can be read out				

Note: (1) Typical specifications are not guaranteed.



### 5. Operation

#### 5.1 Operating Modes

The SPL16-001 supports 3 different modes of operation: Standby, Command, and Background mode.

- · Standby Mode
  - Default mode after power on or reset. No measurements are performed.
  - All registers and compensation coefficients are accessible.
- Command Mode
  - One temperature or pressure measurement is performed according to the selected precision.
  - The sensor will return to Standby Mode when the measurement is finished, and the measurement result will be available in the data registers.
- · Background Mode
  - Pressure and/or temperature measurements are performed continuously according to the selected measurement precision and rate. The temperature measurement is performed immediately after the pressure measurement.
  - The FIFO can be used to store 32 measurement results and minimize the number of times the sensor must be accessed to read out the results.

Note: Operation mode and measurement type are set in the Sensor Operating Mode and Status (MEAS CFG) register.

#### 5.2Measurement Precision and Rate

Different applications require different measurement precision and measurement rates. Some applications, like weather stations, require lower precision and measurement rates than for instance indoor navigation and sports applications.

The SPL16-001's measurement precision and rate (in background mode) can be configured to match the requirements of the application in which it is being used. This reduces current consumption of the sensor and the system.

In order to achieve a higher precision, the SPL16-001 will read the sensor multiple times (oversampling), and combine the readings into one result. This increases the current consumption and the measurement time, which again reduces the maximum measurement rate.

The measurement precision, rate and time is set in the *Pressure Configuration (PRS\_CFG)* and *Temperature Configuration (TMP\_CFG)* registers. The register descriptions contain information about the current consumption and the possible combinations of measurement precision, time, and rate.

Please note that the pressure sensor is temperature dependent. Temperature measurements must be made together with the pressure measurements in order to compensate for the temperature



dependency. This reduces the maximum pressure measurement rate, *since:* Ratetemperature\*Timetemperature + Ratepressure\*Timepressure< 1 second. Measurement Settings and Use Case Examples contains a table with examples of combinations of pressure and temperature precision and rates for different use cases.

#### 5.3 Sensor Interface

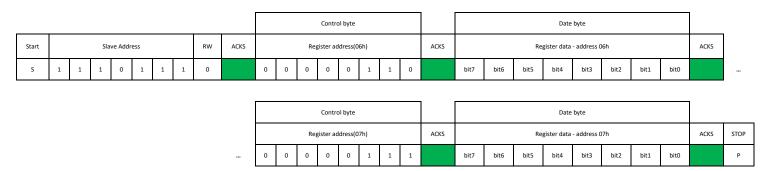
The SPL16-001 can be accessed as a slave device through I2C serial interface

#### **I2C** interface

- The sensor's default interface.
- The sensor's address is 0x77.

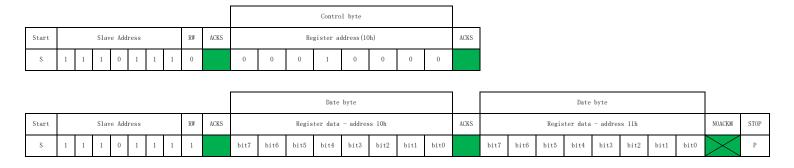
#### **I2C** write

Writing is done by sending the slave address in write mode (RW='0'), resulting in slave address 11101110. Then the master sends pairs of register addresses and register data. The transaction is ended by a stop condition.



#### I2C read

To be able to read registers, first the register address must be sent in write mode (slave address 11101110). Then either a stop or a repeated start condition must be generated. After this the slave is addressed in read mode (RW='1') at address 11101111, after which the salve sends out data from auto-incremented register addresses until a NOACKM and stop condition occurs.



Version3.0

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#### 5.4 FIFO Operation

The SPL16-001 FIFO can store the last 32 measurements of pressure or temperature. This reduces the overall system power consumption when the host processor does not need to continuously pull data from the sensor but can go into standby mode for longer periods of time.

The FIFO will store any combination of temperature and pressure measurements since the measurement rate of temperature and pressure can be set up independently in Background Mode. The pressure rate can for instance be set 4 times higher than the temperature rate and thus only every fifth result will be a temperature result. The measurement type can be seen in the result data. The sensor will set the least significant bit to:

- '1' if the result is a pressure measurement.
- '0' if it is a temperature measurement.
- The sensor uses 24 bits to store the measurement result. Because this is more bits than is needed to cover the full dynamic range of the pressure sensor, using the least significant bit to label the measurement type will not affect the precision of the result.

The FIFO can be enabled in the Interrupt and *FIFO configuration (CFG\_REG) register*. The data from the FIFO is read out from the *Pressure Data (PRS\_Bn) registers* regardless of the next result in the FIFO is a temperature or a pressure measurement.

When a measurement has been read out, the FIFO will auto increment and place the next result in the data register. A flag will be set in the *FIFO Status (FIFO\_STS) register* when the FIFO is empty and all following reads will return 0x800000.

If the FIFO runs full a flag will be set in the FIFO Status (FIFO\_STS) register and the sensor will generate an interrupt if this has been enabled in the Interrupt and FIFO configuration (CFG\_REG) register.

### 5.5 Calibration and Measurement Compensation

The SPL16-001 is a calibrated sensor and contains calibration coefficients. These are used in the application (for instance by the host processor) to compensate the measurement results for sensor non-linearity's.

The sections that follow, describe how to calculate the compensated results and convert them into Pa and °C values.

### 5.6.1 How to Calculate Compensated Pressure Values

1. Read the calibration coefficients (c00, c10, c20, c30, c01, c11, and c21) from the Calibration Coefficient register.



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Note: The coefficients c00 and c10 are 20 bit 2's complement numbers, c20, c30, c01, c11 and c21 are 16 bit 2's complement numbers.

- 2. Choose scaling factors kT (for temperature) and kP (for pressure) based on the chosen precision rate. The scaling factors are listed in Table 4.
- 3. Read the pressure and temperature result from the registers or FIFO.

Note: The measurements read from the result registers (or FIFO) are 24 bit 2's complement numbers.

Depending on the chosen measurement rates, the temperature may not have been measured since the last pressure measurement.

4. Calculate scaled measurement results.

Traw sc = Traw/kT

Praw\_sc = Praw/kP

5. Calculate compensated measurement results.

$$P_{comp}(Pa) = c00 + P_{raw\_sc}*(c10 + P_{raw\_sc}*(c20 + P_{raw\_sc}*c30)) + T_{raw\_sc}*c01 + T_{raw\_sc}*c21)$$

#### 5.6.2 How to Calculate Compensated Temperature Values

1. Read the calibration coefficients (c0 and c1) from the Calibration Coefficients (COEF) register.

Note: The coefficients read from the coefficient register are 12 bit 2's complement numbers.

- 2. Choose scaling factor kT (for temperature) based on the chosen precision rate. The scaling factors are listed in Table 4.
- 3. Read the temperature result from the temperature register or FIFO.

Note: The temperature measurements read from the temperature result register (or FIFO) are 24 bit 2's complement numbers.

4. Calculate scaled measurement results.

Traw\_sc = Traw/kT

5. Calculate compensated measurement results

Tcomp (°C) =  $c0*0.5 + c1*Traw_sc$ 



# 5.6.3 Compensation Scale Factors

**Table 4** Compensation Scale Factors

Oversampling Rate	Scale Factor (kP or kT)
1 (single)	524288
2 times (Low Power)	1572864
4 times	3670016
8 times	7864320
16 times (Standard)	253952
32 times	516096
64 times (High Precision)	1040384
128 times	2088960



# 6. Applications

# 6.1 Measurement Settings and Use Case Examples

Table 5 Measurement Settings and Use Case Examples (TBD)

Use Case	Performance	Pressure Register Configuration Address: 0x06	Temperature Register Configuration Address: 0x07	Other
Weather Station (Low power, Background mode)	5 Pa precision. 1 pr sec. 6 uA	0x01	0x80	Start background measurements (addr 0x08)
Indoor navigation (Standard precision, Background mode)	10 cm precision. 2 pr sec. 30 uA	0x14	0x80	Enable P shift (addr 0x09) Start background measurements (addr 0x08)
Sports (High precision, high rate, background mode)	5 cm precision 4 pr sec. 200 uA	0x26	0xA0	Enable P shift (addr 0x09) Start background measurements (addr 0x08)



# **6.2 Application Circuit Example**

The example application circuit example uses the I2C serial interface.

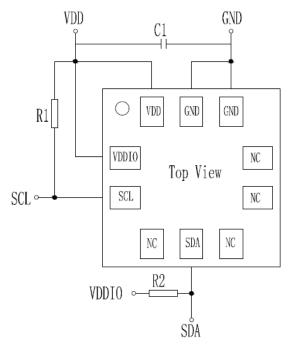


Figure 1: Typical application circuit (top view)

Table 6 Component Values

0	Cymphal	Values			Uni	Nata / Tart Oan differe
Component	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	t	Note / Test Condition
Pull-up/down Resistor	R <sub>1</sub> , R <sub>2</sub>	2.2		10	ΚΩ	R <sub>2</sub> is optional and will set the address to 0x76 instead of 0x77.
Supply Blocking Capacitor	C <sub>1</sub>	100	100		nF	The blocking capacitors should be placed as close to the package pins as possible.

### 6.3 Calculating absolute altitude and calculating pressure at sea level

With the measured pressure P and the pressure at sea level  $P_0$ =1013.25hPa, the altitude in meters can be calculated with the international barometric formula:

Altitude=44330× 
$$\left[1-\left(\frac{P}{P_0}\right)^{\frac{1}{5.255}}\right]$$

Thus, a pressure change of  $\Delta P$  = 1hPa corresponds to 8.43m at sea level.



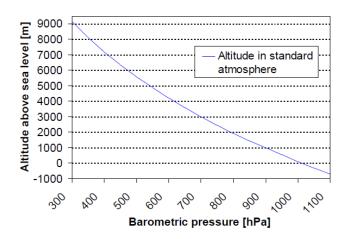


Figure 2: Transfer function: Altitude over sea level - Barometric pressure

With the measured pressure P and the absolute altitude the pressure at sea level can be calculated:

$$P_0 = \frac{P}{\left(1 - \frac{altitude}{44330}\right)^{5.255}}$$

Thus, a difference in altitude of  $\Delta$ altitude = 10m corresponds to 1.2hPa pressure change at sea level.



# 7. Register Map

Table 7 Register Map

Table / Neglister Map										
Register Name	Addr.	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	Reset State
PSR_B2	0x00	PSR[23:16]	PSR[23:16] (r)							
PSR_B1	0x01	PSR[15:8](	·)							00h
PSR_B0	0x02	PSR[7:0](r)								00h
TMP_B2	0x03	TMP[23:16]	(r)							00h
TMP_B1	0x04	TMP[15:8]	(r)							00h
TMP_B0	0x05	TMP[7:0] (r	)							00h
PRS_CFG	0x06	-	PM_RATE	[2:0] (rw)		PM_PRC [	[3:0] (rw)			00h
TMP_CFG	0x07	TMP_ EXT (rw)	TMP_RATE	E [2:0] (rw)		-	TM_PRC [2:0] (rw)			00h
MEAS_CFG	0x08	COEF_ RDY (r)	SENSOR _RDY (r)	TMP _RDY (r)	PRS_ RDY (r)	-	MEAS_CRTL [2:0] (rw)			00h
CFG_REG	0x09	INT_ HL (rw)	INT_ SEL [:	2:0] (rw)		TMP_ SHIFT_ EN (rw)	PRS_ SHIFT_ EN (rw)	FIFO_ EN (rw)	-	00h
FIFO_STS	0x0B	-	-	-	-	-	-	FIFO_ FULL (r)	FIFO_ EMPTY (r)	00h
RESET	0x0C	FIFO_ FLUSH (w)	SOFT_RST [3:0] (w)						00h	
ID	0x0D	PROD_ID	[3:0] (r)			REV_ID [3	:0] (r)			10h
COEF	0x10- 0x21	< see regis	< see register description >						XXh	
Reserved	0x22- 0x27	Reserved								XXh



# 8. Register Description

### 8.1Pressure Data (PRS\_Bn)

The Pressure Data registers contains the 24 bit (3 bytes) 2's complement pressure measurement value. If the FIFO is enabled, the register will contain the FIFO pressure and/or temperature results (please see *FIFO Operation*). Otherwise, the register contains the pressure measurement results and will not be cleared after read.

#### 8.1.1 PRS B2

The highest byte of the three bytes measured pressure value.

PRS_B2				Address		00H		
Pressure (M	1SB data)			00H				
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
PRS23	PRS22	PRS21	PRS20	PRS19	PRS18	PRS17	PRS16	

r

Field	Bits	Туре	Description
PRS[23:16]	7:0	r	MSB of 24 bit 2's complement pressure data.

#### 8.1.2 PRS\_B1

The middle byte of the three bytes measured pressure value.

PRS\_B1 Address 01H
Pressure (LSB data) Reset value: 00H

7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

PRS15	PRS14	PRS13	PRS12	PRS11	PRS10	PRS9	PRS8-

r

Field	Bits	Туре	Description
PRS[15:8]	7:0	r	LSB of 24 bit 2's complement pressure data.



### 8.1.3 PRS\_B0

The lowest byte of the three bytes measured pressure value.

PRS_B0					Address			02H	
Pressure (X	LSB da	ata)		Re	Reset value:				
7	6		5	4	3	2	1	0	
PRS7	PR	S6	PRS5	PRS4	PRS3	PRS2	PRS1	PRS0	
				r					
Field		Bits	Type	Description	on				
PRS[7:0]		7:0	r	XLSB of	XLSB of 24 bit 2's complement pressure data.				

### 8.2Temperature Data (TMP\_Bn)

The Temperature Data registers contain the 24 bit (3 bytes) 2's complement temperature measurement value (unless the FIFO is enabled, please see *FIFO Operation)* and will not be cleared after the read.

### 8.2.1 TMP\_B2

The highest byte of the three bytes measured temperature value.

TMP_B2				Address		03H	
Temperatur	Temperature (MSB data)			eset value:		00H	
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TMP23	TMP22	TMP21	TMP20	TMP19	TMP18	TMP17	TMP16
			r				

Field	Bits	Type	Description
TMP[23:16]	7:0	r	MSB of 24 bit 2's complement temperature data.



### 8.2.2 TMP\_B1

The middle byte of the three bytes measured temperature value.

TMP\_B1 Address 04H

Temperature (LSB data) Reset value: 00H

7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

 TMP15
 TMP14
 TMP13
 TMP12
 TMP11
 TMP10
 TMP9
 TMP8

r

Field	Bits	Туре	Description
TMP[15:8]	7:0	r	LSB of 24 bit 2's complement temperature data.

#### 8.2.3 TMP\_B0

The lowest part of the three bytes measured temperature value.

TMP\_B0 Address 05H

Temperature (XLSB data) Reset value: 00H

7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

TMP7 TMP6 TMP5 TMP4 TMP3 TMP2 TMP1 TMP0

r

Field	Bits	Туре	Description
TMP[7:0]	7:0	r	XLSB of 24 bit 2's complement temperature data.

# 8.3Pressure Configuration (PRS\_CFG)

Configuration of pressure measurement rate (PM\_RATE) and resolution (PM\_PRC).

PRS\_CFG Address: 06H

Pressure measurement configuration Reset value: 00H

7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 - PM\_RATE[2:0] PM\_PRC[3:0]

- rw rw



Field	Bits	Type	Description
_	7	-	Reserved.
PM_RATE[2:0]	6:4	rw	Pressure measurement rate:
			000 - 1 measurements pr. sec.
			001 - 2 measurements pr. sec.
			010 - 4 measurements pr. sec.
			011 - 8 measurements pr. sec.
			100 - 16 measurements pr. sec.
			101 - 32 measurements pr. sec.
			110 - 64 measurements pr. sec.
			111 - 128 measurements pr. sec.
			Applicable for measurements in Background mode only
PM_PRC[3:0]	3:0	rw	Pressure oversampling rate:
			0000 - Single.
			0001 - 2 times (Low Power).
			0010 - 4 times.
			0011 - 8 times.
			0100 *)- 16 times (Standard).
			0101 *) - 32 times.
			0110 *) - 64 times (High Precision).

<sup>\*)</sup> Note: Use in combination with a bit shift. See Interrupt and FIFO configuration (CFG\_REG) register

Table 8 Pressure measurement time (ms) and precision (PaRMS)

Oversampling (PRC[3:0])	Single (0000)	2 times (0001)	4 times (0010)	8 times (0011)	16 times (0100)	32 times (0101)	64 times (0110)
Measurement time (ms)	3.6	5.2	8.4	14.8	27.6	53.2	104.4
Precision (PaRMS)	5		2.5		1.2	0.9	0.5



Table 9 Estimated current consumption (uA)

Oversampling (PRC[3:0])  Measurements pr	Single (0000)	2 times	4 times	8 times	16 times	32 times	64 times
sec.(PM_RATE([2:0])	(0000)	(0001)	(0010)	(0011)	(0100)	(0101)	(0110)
1 (000)	2.1	2.7	3.8	6.1	11	20	38
2 (001)							
4 (010)							
8 (011)		he curre ement Ra		•			
16 (100)							n.a.
32 (101)						n.a.	n.a.
64 (110)					n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
128 (111)			n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Note: The table shows the possible combinations of Pressure Measurement Rate and oversampling when no temperature measurements are performed. When temperature measurements are performed the possible combinations are limited to Ratetemperature x Measurement Time<sub>temperature</sub> + Rate<sub>pressure</sub> x Measurement Time<sub>pressure</sub> < 1 second.

# 8.4Temperature Configuration (TMP\_CFG)

Configuration of temperature measurement rate (TMP\_RATE) and resolution (TMP\_PRC).

TMP_CFG				Address:			07H
Temperature m	neasureme	nt configur	ation	Reset value:			00H
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
TMP_EX	TM	1P_RATE[2	2:0]	-		TMP_PRC[2	2:0]
rw		rw		-		rw	
Field	Bits	Туре	Descr	ription			
TMP_EXT	7	rw	Temp	erature measu	rement		
			0 - Int	ernal sensor (i	n ASIC)		
			1 - Ex	ternal sensor (	in pressure	sensor MEN	/IS element)
			Note:	This bit <b>must</b> I	be set to '1'.		



			<del>-</del>
TMP_RATE[2:0]	6:4	rw	Temperature measurement rate:
			000 - 1 measurement pr. sec.
			001 - 2 measurements pr. sec.
			010 - 4 measurements pr. sec.
			011 - 8 measurements pr. sec.
			100 - 16 measurements pr. sec.
			101 - 32 measurements pr. sec.
			110 - 64 measurements pr. sec.
			111 - 128 measurements pr. sec.
			Applicable for measurements in Background mode only
-	3	-	Reserved.
TMP_PRC[2:0]	2:0	rw	Temperature oversampling (precision):
			000 - single. (Default) - Measurement time 3.6 ms.
			Note: Following are optional, and may not be relevant:
			001 - 2 times.
			010 - 4 times.
			011 - 8 times.
			100 - 16 times.
			101 - 32 times.
			110 - 64 times.
-			

# 8.5Sensor Operating Mode and Status (MEAS\_CFG)

Setup measurement mode.

MEAS_CFG				Address			H80
Measuremer	nt configura	ation	Re	eset value:			00H
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

COEF_RDY	SENSOR.	_RDY	TMP_RDY	PRS_RDY	-	MEAS_CTRL
r	r		r	r	-	rw
Field		Bits	Туре	Descript	ion	
COEF_RD	Υ	7	r	Coefficie after sta		read to the Coefficients Registers
				0 - Coeff	ficients are r	not available yet.
				1 - Coeff	ficients are a	available.



SENSOR_RDY 6 r The pressure sensor is running through self-initialization after start-up. 0 - Sensor initialization not complete 1 - Sensor initialization complete It is recommend not to start measurements until the sensor has completed the self-initialization.  TMP_RDY 5 r Temperature measurement ready 1 - New temperature measurement is ready. Cleared when temperature measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement measurement is read.  - 3 - Reserved.  MEAS_CTRL 2:0 rw Set measurement mode and type: Standby Mode 000 - Idle / Stop background measurement Command Mode 001 - Pressure measurement 010 - Temperature measurement 010 - Temperature measurement 011 - na. 100 - na. Background Mode 101 - Continuous pressure measurement 110 - Continuous temperature measurement 111 - Continuous pressure and temperature measurement				
0 - Sensor initialization not complete 1 - Sensor initialization complete It is recommend not to start measurements until the sensor has completed the self-initialization.  TMP_RDY 5 r Temperature measurement ready 1 - New temperature measurement is ready. Cleared when temperature measurement is ready. 1 - New pressure measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement measurement is read.  - 3 - Reserved.  MEAS_CTRL 2:0 rw Set measurement mode and type: Standby Mode 000 - Idle / Stop background measurement Command Mode 001 - Pressure measurement 010 - Temperature measurement 011 - na. 100 - na. Background Mode 101 - Continuous pressure measurement 110 - Continuous temperature measurement 111 - Continuous pressure and temperature	SENSOR_RDY	6	r	
1 - Sensor initialization complete It is recommend not to start measurements until the sensor has completed the self-initialization.  TMP_RDY 5 r Temperature measurement ready 1 - New temperature measurement is ready. Cleared when temperature measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement ready 1 - New pressure measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement measurement is ready.  Set measurement mode and type: Standby Mode 000 - Idle / Stop background measurement Command Mode 001 - Pressure measurement 010 - Temperature measurement 011 - na. 100 - na. Background Mode 101 - Continuous pressure measurement 110 - Continuous temperature measurement 111 - Continuous pressure and temperature				·
It is recommend not to start measurements until the sensor has completed the self-initialization.  TMP_RDY  Temperature measurement ready  1 - New temperature measurement is ready. Cleared when temperature measurement is ready. Cleared when temperature measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement measurement measurement Olared.  The pressure measurement is ready. Cleared when temperature measurement measurement is ready. Cleared when temperature measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement measurement is ready. Cleared when temperature measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement measurement is ready. Cleared when procurem				
1 - New temperature measurement is ready. Cleared when temperature measurement is ready. PRS_RDY  4 r Pressure measurement ready 1 - New pressure measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement measurement is read.  - 3 - Reserved.  MEAS_CTRL  2:0 rw Set measurement mode and type: Standby Mode 000 - Idle / Stop background measurement Command Mode 001 - Pressure measurement 010 - Temperature measurement 011 - na. 100 - na. Background Mode 101 - Continuous pressure measurement 110 - Continuous temperature measurement 111 - Continuous pressure and temperature				It is recommend not to start measurements until the
Cleared when temperature measurement is read.  PRS_RDY  4	TMP_RDY	5	r	Temperature measurement ready
1 - New pressure measurement is ready. Cleared when procurement measurement is read.  - 3 - Reserved.  MEAS_CTRL 2:0 rw Set measurement mode and type: Standby Mode 000 - Idle / Stop background measurement Command Mode 001 - Pressure measurement 010 - Temperature measurement 011 - na. 100 - na. Background Mode 101 - Continuous pressure measurement 110 - Continuous pressure and temperature				
Cleared when procurement measurement is read.  - 3 - Reserved.  MEAS_CTRL 2:0 rw Set measurement mode and type: Standby Mode 000 - Idle / Stop background measurement Command Mode 001 - Pressure measurement 010 - Temperature measurement 011 - na. 100 - na. Background Mode 101 - Continuous pressure measurement 110 - Continuous temperature measurement 111 - Continuous pressure and temperature	PRS_RDY	4	r	Pressure measurement ready
MEAS_CTRL  2:0  rw  Set measurement mode and type:  Standby Mode  000 - Idle / Stop background measurement  Command Mode  001 - Pressure measurement  010 - Temperature measurement  011 - na.  100 - na.  Background Mode  101 - Continuous pressure measurement  110 - Continuous temperature measurement  111 - Continuous pressure and temperature				Cleared when procurement measurement is
Standby Mode  000 - Idle / Stop background measurement  Command Mode  001 - Pressure measurement  010 - Temperature measurement  011 - na.  100 - na.  Background Mode  101 - Continuous pressure measurement  110 - Continuous temperature measurement  111 - Continuous pressure and temperature		3	-	Reserved.
000 - Idle / Stop background measurement Command Mode 001 - Pressure measurement 010 - Temperature measurement 011 - na. 100 - na. Background Mode 101 - Continuous pressure measurement 110 - Continuous temperature measurement 111 - Continuous pressure and temperature	MEAS_CTRL	2:0	rw	Set measurement mode and type:
Command Mode  001 - Pressure measurement  010 - Temperature measurement  011 - na.  100 - na.  Background Mode  101 - Continuous pressure measurement  110 - Continuous temperature measurement  111 - Continuous pressure and temperature				Standby Mode
001 - Pressure measurement 010 - Temperature measurement 011 - na. 100 - na. Background Mode 101 - Continuous pressure measurement 110 - Continuous temperature measurement 111 - Continuous pressure and temperature				000 - Idle / Stop background measurement
010 - Temperature measurement 011 - na. 100 - na. Background Mode 101 - Continuous pressure measurement 110 - Continuous temperature measurement 111 - Continuous pressure and temperature				Command Mode
011 - na. 100 - na. Background Mode 101 - Continuous pressure measurement 110 - Continuous temperature measurement 111 - Continuous pressure and temperature				001 - Pressure measurement
100 - na.  Background Mode  101 - Continuous pressure measurement  110 - Continuous temperature measurement  111 - Continuous pressure and temperature				010 - Temperature measurement
Background Mode  101 - Continuous pressure measurement  110 - Continuous temperature measurement  111 - Continuous pressure and temperature				011 - na.
101 - Continuous pressure measurement 110 - Continuous temperature measurement 111 - Continuous pressure and temperature				100 - na.
110 - Continuous temperature measurement 111 - Continuous pressure and temperature				Background Mode
111 - Continuous pressure and temperature				101 - Continuous pressure measurement
				110 - Continuous temperature measurement
measurement				111 - Continuous pressure and temperature
				measurement

# 8.6FIFO configuration (CFG\_REG)

Configuration of interrupts, measurement data shift, and FIFO enable.

CFG_REG			Address						
Configuration	on register		Re	eset value:			00H		
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
-	-	-	-	T_SHIFT	P_SHIFT	FIFO_EN	-		
-	-	-	-	rw	rw	rw	-		

Version3.0

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Page 23 / 31



Field	Bits	Type	Description
-	7:4	-	-
T_SHIFT	3	rw	Temperature result bit-shift
			0 - no shift.
			1 - shift result right in data register.
			Note: Must be set to '1' when the oversampling rate is >8 times.
P_SHIFT	2	rw	Pressure result bit-shift
			0 - no shift.
			1 - shift result right in data register.
			Note: Must be set to '1' when the oversampling rate is >8
			times.
FIFO_EN	1	rw	Enable the FIFO:
			0 - Disable.
			1 - Enable.
-	0	-	-

# 8.7FIFO Status (FIFO\_STS)

FIFO status register

FIFO\_STS Address 0BH
FIFO status register Reset value: 00H

 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		-			FIFO_	FUL	FIFO_EMPT
					L		Υ

Field	Bits	Туре	Description
-	7:2	-	Reserved.
FIFO_FULL	1	r	0 - The FIFO is not full
			1 - The FIFO is full
FIFO_EMPTY	0	r	0 - The FIFO is not empty
			1 - The FIFO is empty

Write '1001' to generate a soft reset. A soft reset will run through the same sequences as in power-on reset.



# 8.8Soft Reset and FIFO flush (RESET)

Flush FIFO	or	generate soft reset.
------------	----	----------------------

RESET		Ac	ldress:				0CH
FIFO flush and soft reset		Re	eset value:				00H
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
FIFO_FLUSH		-				-	
W		-				W	
Field	Bits	Type	Descriptio	n			
FIFO_FLUSH	7	w	FIFO flush	า			
			1 - Empty FIFO				
			After read	ing out all o	data from the	FIFO, write	e '1' to clear

all old data.

Reserved.

# 8.9Product and Revision ID (ID)

6:4

3:0

Product and Revision ID.

SOFT\_RST

ID Product and revision ID				Address Reset value:				
	7	6	5	4	0	2	1	
PROD_ID						REV_I	)	
r						r		

Field	Bits	Type	Description
PROD_ID	7:4	r	Product ID
REV_ID	3:0	r	Revision ID



# 8.10 Calibration Coefficients (COEF)

The Calibration Coefficients register contains the 2's complement coefficients that are used to calculate the compensated pressure and temperature values.

**Table 10 Calibration Coefficients** 

Coefficient	Addr.	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
с0	0x10	c0 [11:	c0 [11:4]						
c0/c1	0x11	c0 [3:0	]			c1 [11:	8]		
c1	0x12	c1[7:0]							
c00	0x13	c00 [19	9:12]						
c00	0x14	c00 [11	:4]						
c00/c10	0x15	c00 [3:	0]			c10 [19	9:16]		
c10	0x16	c10 [15	c10 [15:8]						
c10	0x17	c10 [7:	c10 [7:0]						
c01	0x18	c01 [15	c01 [15:8]						
c01	0x19	c01 [7:0]							
c11	0x1A	c11 [15	c11 [15:8]						
c11	0x1B	c11 [7:	c11 [7:0]						
c20	0x1C	c20 [15	c20 [15:8]						
c20	0x1D	c20 [7:0]							
c21	0x1E	c21 [15:8]							
c21	0x1F	c21 [7:0]							
c30	0x20	c30 [15:8]							
c30	0x21	c30 [7:0]							



# 9. Mechanical characteristics

# 9.1Pin configuration

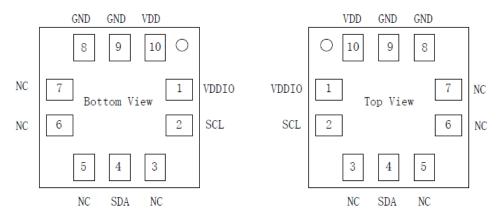


Figure 3: Layout pin configuration SPL16-001 (bottom and top view)

Table 11: Pin configuration of SPL16-001

Pin	Name	I2C
1	VDDIO	Digital supply voltage for digital blocks and I/O interface
2	SCL	Serial Clock
3	NC	Not Connected
4	SDA	Serial data in/out
5	NC	Not Connected
6	NC	Not Connected
7	NC	Not Connected
8	GND	Ground
9	GND	Ground
10	VDD	Supply voltage for analog blocks



#### 9.2 Outline dimensions

The sensor housing is an 10-Pin LGA package with potting gel. Its dimensions are 2.70mm ( $\pm$ 0.1 mm) (

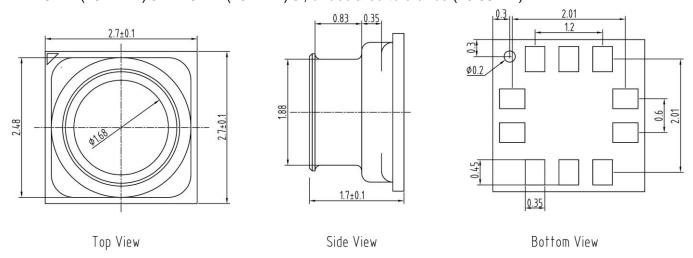


Figure 4: SPL16-001 outline and mechanical data

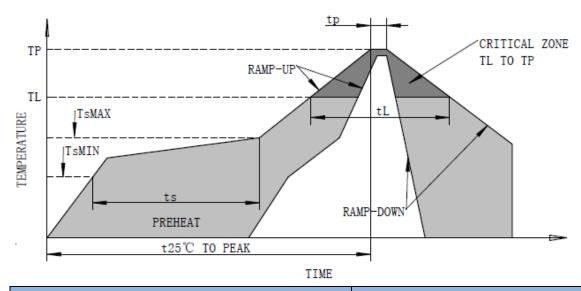
# 10. Storage and transportation

- Keep in warehouse with less than 75% humidity and without sudden temperature change, acid air, any other harmful air or strong magnetic field.
- The MEMS pressure sensor with normal pack can be transported by ordinary conveyances. Please protect products against moist, shock, sunburn and pressure during transportation.
- Storage Temperature Range: -40°C∼+125°C
- Operating Temperature Range: -40°C∼+85°C



# 11. Soldering recommendation

#### Recommended Solder Reflow



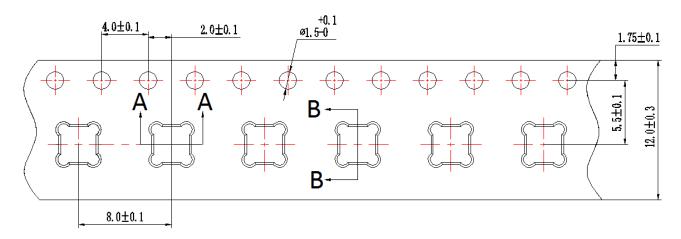
Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly		
Average ramp-up rate(TsMAX to TP)	2°C /seconds max.		
Preheat			
-Temperature Min.(TsMIN)	130°C		
-Temperature Max.(TsMAX)	200°C		
-Time(TsMIN to TsMAX)(Ts)	90~110seconds		
Time maintained above:			
-Temperature(TL)	217°C		
-Time(tL)	50∼60seconds		
Ramp time of Ts to TL	15-25 seconds		
Time 25°C to peak temperature	300 seconds max		
Peak temperature(TP)	235-240 °C		
Ramp-down rate(peak to 217°C)	2~4°C /seconds		



# 12. Package Specifications

Carrier Tape Information [Unit: mm]

Quantity per reel: 4 kpcs.



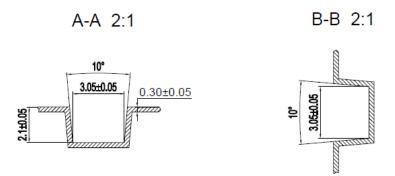


Figure 5: Carrier tape dimensions

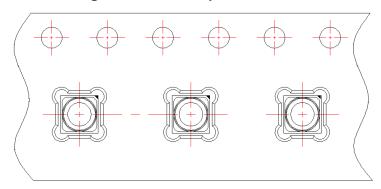


Figure 6: Orientation within carrier tape



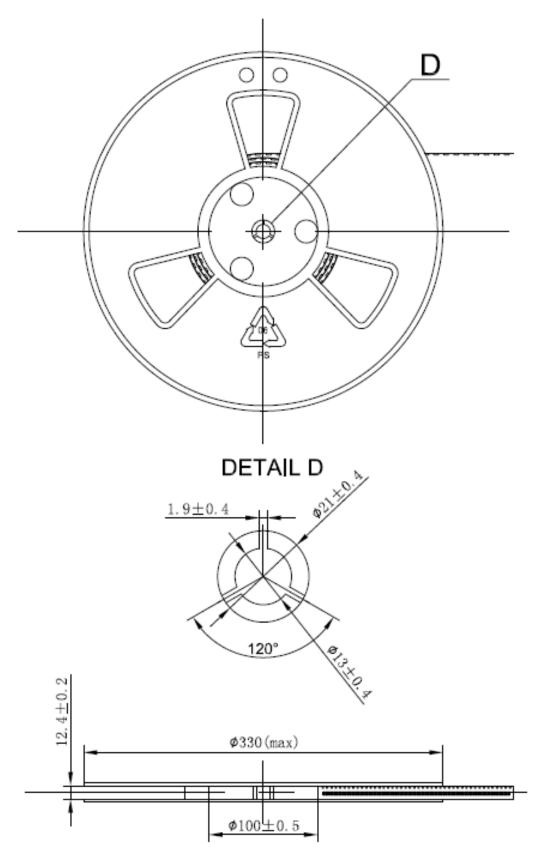


Figure 7: Carrier Tape reel dimensions

# 单击下面可查看定价,库存,交付和生命周期等信息

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