

DIFFERENTIAL TRANSCEIVER WITH TRANSIENT VOLTAGE SUPPRESSION

description

The HX75LBC184 and HX65LBC184 are differential data line transceivers in the trade-standard footprint of the HX75176 with built-in protection against high-energy noise transients. This feature provides a substantial increase in reliability for better immunity to noise transients coupled to the data cable over most existing devices. Use of these circuits provides a reliable low-cost direct-coupled (with no isolation transformer) data line interface without requiring any external components.

The HX75LBC184 and HX65LBC184 can withstand overvoltage transients of 400-W peak (typical). The conventional combination wave called out in IEC 61000-4-5 simulates the overvoltage transient and models a unidirectional surge caused by overvoltages from switching and secondary lightning transients.

A biexponential function defined by separate rise and fall times for voltage and current simulates the combination wave. The standard 1.2 μ s/50 μ s combination waveform is shown in Figure 1 and in the test description in Figure 15.

The device also includes additional desirable features for party-line data buses in electrically noisy environment applications including industrial process control. The differential-driver design incorporates slew-rate-controlled outputs sufficient to transmit data up to 250 kbps. Slew-rate control allows longer unterminated cable runs and longer stub lengths from the main backbone than possible with uncontrolled and faster voltage transitions. A unique receiver design provides a fail-safe output of a high level when the inputs are left floating (open circuit). The HX75LBC184 and HX65LBC184 receiver also includes a high input resistance equivalent to one-fourth unit load allowing connection of up to 128 similar devices on the bus.

The HX75LBC184 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C. The HX65LBC184 is characterized from -40°C to 85°C.

Features

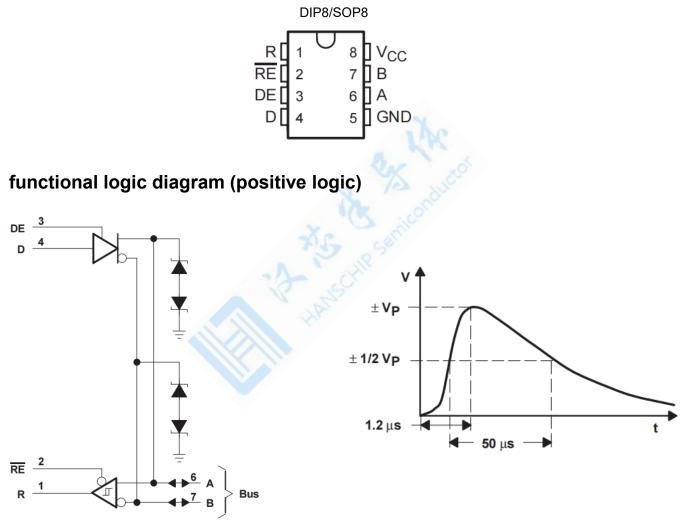
- Integrated Transient Voltage Suppression
 - ESD Protection for Bus Terminals Exceeds:
 - ±30 kV IEC 61000-4-2, Contact Discharge
 - ±15 kV IEC 61000-4-2, Air-Gap Discharge
 - ±15 kV EIA/JEDEC Human Body Model
- Circuit Damage Protection of 400-W Peak (Typical) Per IEC 61000-4-5
- Controlled Driver Output-Voltage Slew Rates Allow Longer Cable Stub Lengths
- 250-kbps in Electrically Noisy Environments
- Open-Circuit Fail-Safe Receiver Design
- 1/4 Unit Load Allows for 128 Devices Connected on Bus
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Power-Up/-Down Glitch Protection
- Each Transceiver Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of TIA/EIA-485 (RS-485)
- and ISO/IEC 8482:1993(E) Standards
- Low Disabled Supply Current 300 µA Max
- Pin Compatible With HX75176
- Applications:
 - Industrial Networks
 - Utility Meters
 - Motor Control



ORDERING INFORMATION

DEVICE	Package Type	MARKING	Packing	Packing Qty
HX65LBC184PG	DIP8	6LB184	TUBE	2000pcs/box
HX65LBC184DRG	SOP8	6LB184	REEL	2500pcs/reel
HX75LBC184PG	DIP8	7LB184	TUBE	2000pcs/box
HX75LBC184DRG	SOP8	7LB184	REEL	2500pcs/reel

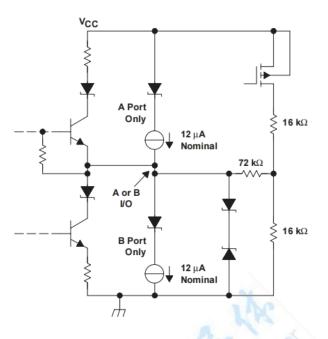
PIN ASSIGNMENT







schematic of inputs and outputs



DRIVER FUNCTION TABLE

INPUT	ENABLE	OUTPUTS				
D	DE	A	В			
Н	H X L	H S	L			
L	H	RL.	Н			
X		Z	Z			

H = high level, L = low level, ? = indeterminate,

X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off)

RECEIVER FUNCTION TABLE

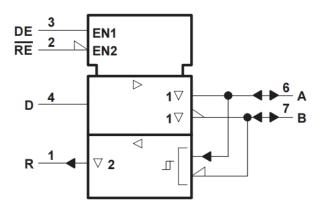
DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS	ENABLE	OUTPUT
A – B	RE	R
V _{ID} ≥ 0.2 V	L	Н
$-0.2 V < V_D < 0.2 V$	L	?
VID < -0.2 V	L	L
X	Н	Z
Open	L	Н

H = high level, L = low level, ? = indeterminate,

X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off)



logic symbol†



† This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Condition	Min	Мах
Supply voltage, VCC (see NOTE 1)	-0.5V	7V
Continuous voltage range at ant bus terminal	-15V	15V
Data input/output voltage	-0.3V	7V
Receiver outputn current,IQ	-20mA	+20mA
Electrostatic discharge:	100	-
Contact discharge (IEC1000-4-2)A,B,GND(see Note 2)	-	30KV
Air discharge (IEC61000-4-2)A,B,GND(see Note 2)	all'in	15KV
Human body model (see Note 3)A,B,GND(see Note 2)		15KV
All pins	-	3KV
All terminals (Class 3A)(see Note 2)	-	8KV
All terminals(Class 3B)(see Note 2)	-	1200V
Continuous total power dissipation(see Note 4)	Internall	y Limited

† Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential input/output bus voltage, are with respect to network ground terminal.

2. GND and bus terminal ESD protection is beyond readily available test equipment capabilities for IEC 61000-4-2, EIA/JEDEC test method A114-A and MIL-STD-883C method 3015. Ratings listed are limits of test equipment; device performance exceeds these limits.

3. Tested in accordance with JEDEC Standard 22, Test Method A114-A.

4. The driver shuts down at a junction temperature of approximately 160°C. To operate below this temperature, see the Dissipation Rating Table.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	TA ≤ 25℃ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE TA = 25℃	TA = 70°C POWER RATING	TA = 85°C POWER RATING
N	725 mW	5.8 mW/° ℃	464 mW	377 mW
М	1150 mW	9.2 mW/ ℃	736 mW	598 mW



recommended operating conditions

		MIN‡	TYP	MAX	UNIT
5	Supply voltage, VCC	4.75	5	5.25	V
Voltage at any bus termin	nal (separately or common mode), VI or VIC	-7		12	V
High-level input voltage, VIH	High-level input voltage, VIH D, DE, and RE				V
Low-level input voltage, VIL	D, DE, and RE		0.8		V
Differ	Differential input voltage, VID				V
High lovel output ourrent lou	Driver	-60			mA
High-level output current, IOH	Receiver		-8		mA
	Driver		60		
Low-level output current, IOL	Low-level output current, IOL Receiver		4		mA
	HX75LBC184			70	°C
Operating free-air temperature, TA	HX65LBC184	-40		85	°C

‡ The algebraic convention, in which the less-positive (more-negative) limit is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet.

DRIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	ALTERNATE SYMBOLS	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYPT	мах	UNIT
			DE = RE = 5 V, No Load	12	25	mA
ICC	Supply current	NA	DE = 0 V, No Load RE = 5 V,	175	300	μΑ
ЧΗ	High-level input current (D, DE, RE)	NA	VI = 2.4 V	50		μΑ
Ι _Ι Γ	Low-level input current (D, DE, RE)	NA	VI = 0.4 V	-50		μΑ
		-1-	Vo = -7 V	-250 -120		
los	Short-circuit output current (see Note 5)	NA	NO = ACC	250		mA
	(See Note 3)	NA.	Vo = 12 V	250		
IOZ	High-impedance output current	NA		See Receiver I		mA
Vo	Output voltage	Voa, Vob	IO = 0	0	VCC	V
V _{OC(PP)}	Peak-to-peak change in common- mode output voltage during state transitions	NA	See Figures 5 and 6	0.8		V
Voc	Common-mode output voltage	V _{os}	See Figure 4	1	3	V
∆V _{OC} (SS)	Magnitude of change, common- mode steady-state output voltage	V _{os} — V _{os}	See Figure 5	0.1		V
Vod	Magnitude of differential output	Vo	I ^O = 0	1.5 6		V
	voltage ∣VA — \⁄B∣		RL = 54 , See Figure 4	1.5		V
Vod	Change in differential voltage mag- nitude between logic states	$ V_t - V_t $	RL = 54	0.1		V

† All typical values are measured with TA = 25 $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$ and VCC = 5 V.

NOTE 5: This parameter is measured with only one output being driven at a time.



switching characteristics over recommended operating conditions

(unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
^t d(DH)	Differential output delay time, low-to-high-level output				1.3		μs
^t d(DL)	Differential-output delay time, high-to-low-level output				1.3		μs
^t PLH	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output	$P_1 = 54$			0.5	1.3	μs
^t PHL	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output	Γ <u></u> - 34Λ,	C _L = 50 pF,		0.5	1.3	μs
t _{sk(p)}	Pulse skew (td(DH) — đ(DL))	See Figure 5			75	150	ns
tr	Rise time, single ended			0.25		1.2	μs
tf	Fall time, single ended			0.25		1.2	μs
^t PZH	Output enable time to high level	RL = 110	See Figure 2		3.5		μs
^t PZL	Output enable time to low level	RL = 110	See Figure 3		3.5		μs
^t PHZ	Output disable time from high level	RL = 110	See Figure 2		2		μs
^t PLZ	Output disable time from low level	RL = 110	See Figure 3		2		μs

RECEIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

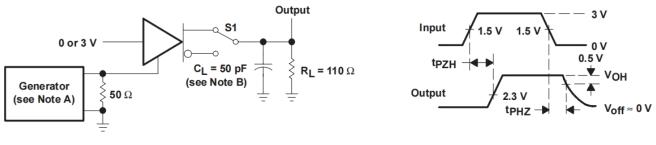
	PARAMETER	TEST C	ONDITIONS	ΜΙΝ ΤΥΡ [†] ΜΑΧ	UNIT	
ICC	Supply surrent (total package)	DE = RE = 0 V,	No Load	3.9	mA	
	Supply current (total package)	RE = 5 V,No Load	DE = 0 V,	300	μA	
		0.00	VI = 12 V	250		
	Input current	Other input = 0 V	VI = 12 V, VCC = 0	250		
"	I input current	iput current		VI = -7 V	-200	μΑ
		· //· //·	$V_{I} = -7 V$, $V_{CC} = 0$	-200		
loz	High-impedance-state output current	Vo = 0.4 V to 2.4 \	/	100	μΑ	
V _{hys}	Input hysteresis voltage	a bi		70	mV	
VIT+	Positive-going input threshold voltage	Y		200	mV	
VIT-	Negative-going input threshold voltage			-200	mV	
Vон	High-level output voltage	IOH = - 8 mA	Figure 7	2.8	V	
VOL	Low-level output voltage	IOL = 4 mA	Figure 7	0.4	V	

† All typical values are at VCC = 5 V, TA = 25° C.

switching characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
^t PLH	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output	CL = 50 pF, See Figure 7		150		ns
^t PHL	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output	CL = 50 pr, See Figure 7		150		ns
^t sk(p)	Pulse skew (t _{pHL} — þLH)			50		ns
tr	Rise time, single ended	See Figure 7		20		ns
tf	Fall time, single ended			20		ns
^t PZH	Output enable time to high level			100		ns
^t PZL	Output enable time to low level	Soo Eiguro 9		100		ns
^t PHZ	Output disable time from high level	See Figure 8		100		ns
^t PLZ	Output disable time from low level			100		ns





TEST CIRCUIT

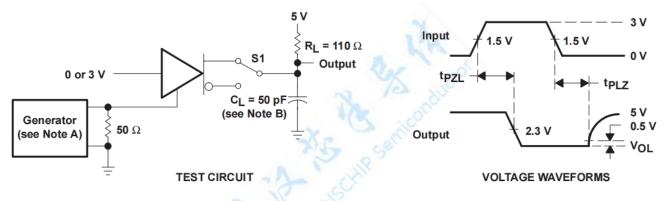
VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

NOTES:

A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1.25 kHz, 50% duty cycle, tr \leq 10 ns, tf \leq 10 ns, ZO = 50 Ω .

B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.



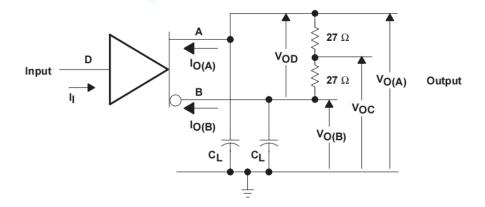


NOTES:

A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1.25 kHz, 50% duty cycle, tr \leq 10 ns, tf \leq 10 ns, ZO = 50 Ω .

B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 3. Driver tPZL and tPLZ Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



NOTES:

A. Resistance values are in ohms and are 1% tolerance.

B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 4. Driver Test Circuit, Voltage, and Current Definitions



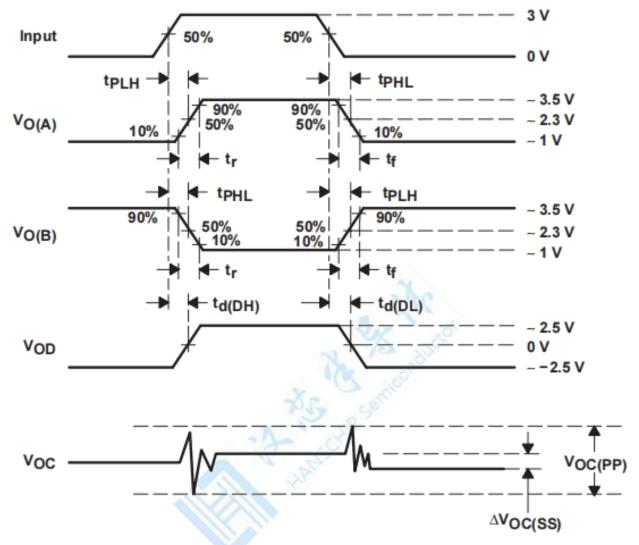
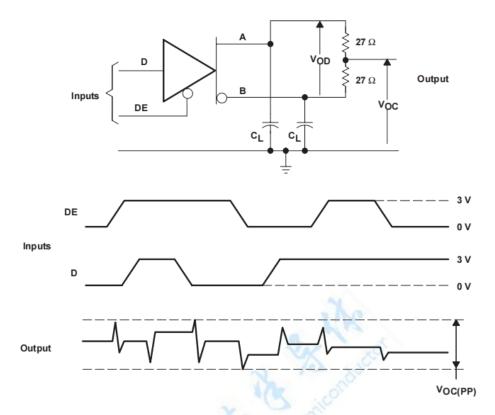


Figure 5. Driver Timing, Voltage and Current Waveforms



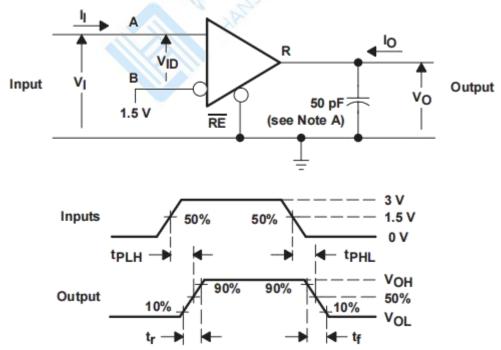


NOTES:

A. Resistance values are in ohms and are 1% tolerance.

B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance (± 10%).

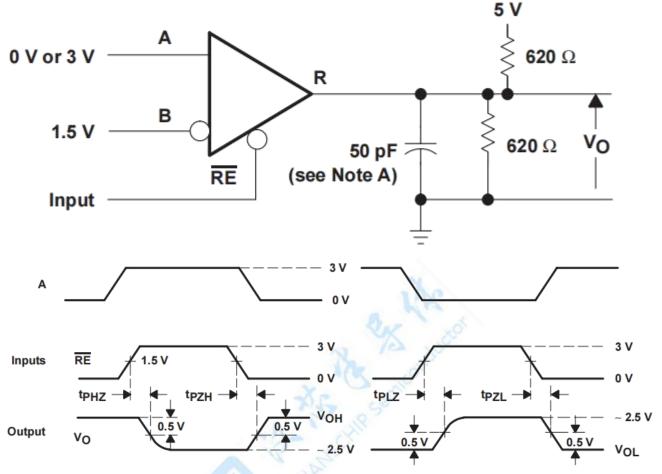




NOTE A: This value includes probe and jig capacitance (\pm 10%).

Figure 7. Receiver tPLH and tPHL Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



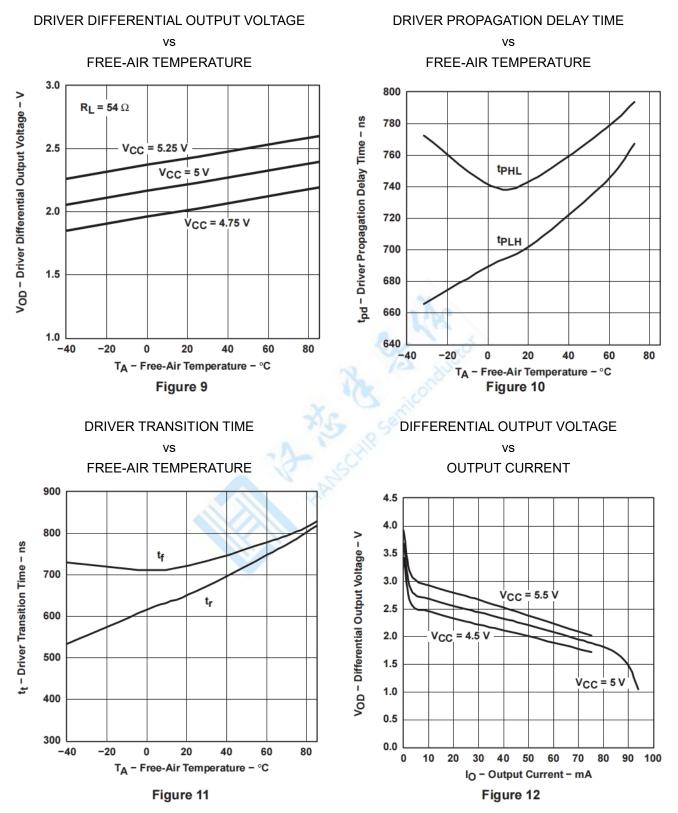


NOTE A: This value includes probe and jig capacitance (± 10%).

Figure 8. Receiver tPZL, tPLZ, tPZH, and tPHZ Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

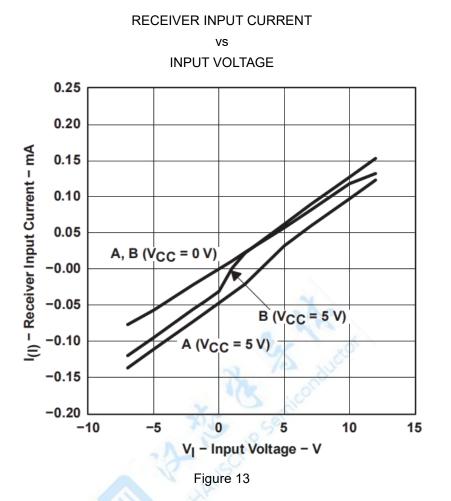


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

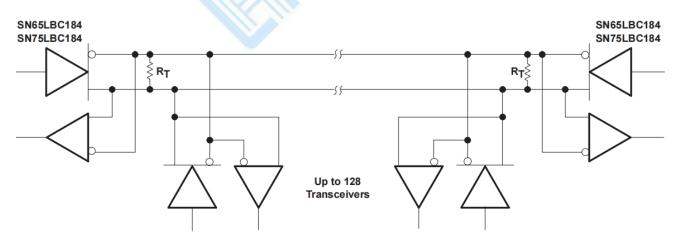




TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



APPLICATION INFORMATION



NOTE A: The line should be terminated at both ends in its characteristic impedance (RT = ZO). Stub lengths off the main line should be kept as short as possible.

Figure 14. Typical Application Circuit



APPLICATION INFORMATION

'LBC184 test description

The 'LBC184 is tested against the IEC 61000–4–5 recommended transient identified as the combination wave. The combination wave provides a 1.2-/50- μ s open-circuit voltage waveform and a 8-/20- μ s short-circuit current waveform shown in Figure 15. The testing is performed with a combination/hybrid pulse generator with an effective output impedance of 2 Ω . The setup for the overvoltage stress is shown in Figure 16 with all testing performed with power applied to the 'LBC184 circuit.

NOTE

High voltage transient testing is done on a sampling basis.

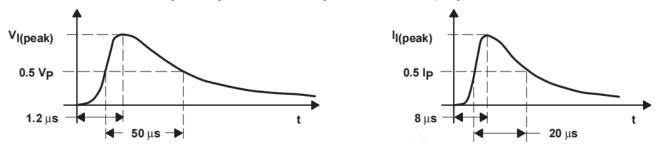


Figure 15. Short-Circuit Current Waveforms

The 'LBC184 is tested and evaluated for both maximum (single pulse) as well as life test (multiple pulse) capabilities. The 'LBC184 is evaluated against transients of both positive and negative polarity and all testing is performed with the worst-case transient polarity. Transient pulses are applied to the bus pins (A & B) across ground as shown in Figure 16.

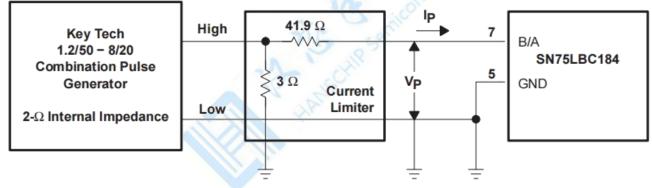


Figure 16. Overvoltage-Stress Test Circuit

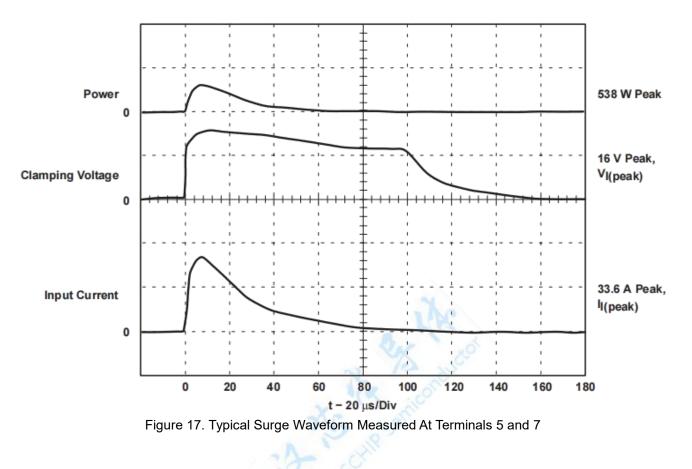
An example waveform as seen by the 'LBC184 is shown in Figure 17. The bottom trace is current, the middle trace shows the clamping voltage of the device and the top trace is power as calculated from the voltage and current waveforms. This example shows a peak clamping voltage of 16 V, peak current of 33.6 A yielding an absorbed peak power of 538 W.

NOTE

A circuit reset may be required to ensure normal data communications following a transient noise pulse of greater than 250 W peak.



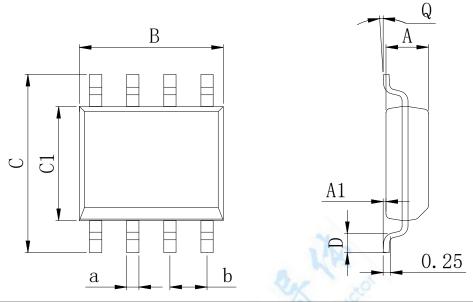
APPLICATION INFORMATION





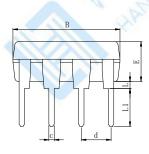
Physical Dimensions

SOP8 (150mil)

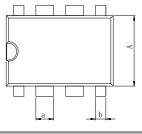


Dimensions In M	Dimensions In Millimeters(SOP8)											
Symbol:	А	A1	В	С	C1	D	Q	а	b			
Min:	1.35	0.05	4.90	5.80	3.80	0.40	0°	0.35	1.27 BSC			
Max:	1.55	0.20	5.10	6.20	4.00	0.80	8°	0.45	1.27 630			

DIP8







Dimensions In Millimeters(DIP8L)

0

Symbol:	А	В	D	D1	E	L	L1	а	b	С	d
Min:	6.10	9.00	8.40	7.42	3.10	0.50	3.00	1.50	0.85	0.40	2.54 BSC
Max:	6.68	9.50	9.00	7.82	3.55	0.70	3.60	1.55	0.90	0.50	2.34 030

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