

# 3A Fast-Response LDO Regulator

#### **General Description**

The IFX1963 is a high-current, low-cost, low-dropout voltage regulator which uses Micrel's proprietary Super βeta PNP® process with a PNP pass element. The 3A LDO regulator features 450mV (full load) dropout voltage and very low ground current. Designed for high-current loads, these devices also find applications in lower current, low dropout-critical systems, where their dropout voltage and ground current values are important attributes.

Along with a total accuracy of  $\pm 2\%$  (over temperature, line and load regulation) the regulator features very-fast transient recovery from input voltage surges and output load current changes.

The IFX1963 has an adjustable output which can be set by two external resistors to a voltage between 1.24V to 15V. In addition, the device is fully protected against over current faults, reversed input polarity, reversed lead insertion, and overtemperature operation. A TTL logic enable (EN) pin is available in the IFX1963 to shutdown the regulator. When not used, the device can be set to continuous operation by connecting EN to the input (IN). The IFX1963 is available in the standard and 5-pin TO-263 and TO-252 packages with an operating junction temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+125^{\circ}$ C.

#### Features

- High-current capability
- 3A over full temperature range
- Low-dropout voltage of 450mV at full load
- Low ground current
- Accurate 1% guaranteed tolerance

### Applications

- Processor peripheral and I/O supplies
- High-efficiency "Green" computer systems
- Automotive electronics
- High-efficiency linear lower supplies

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

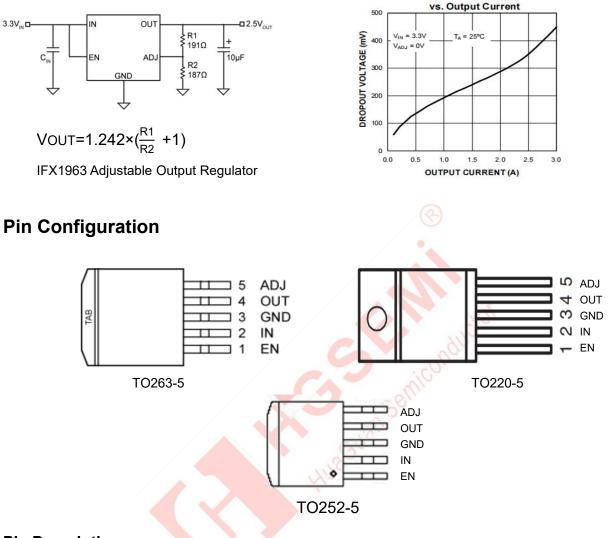
- Extremely-fast transient response
- Zero-current shutdown mode
- Error flag signals output out-of-regulation
- Adjustable output voltage
- Packages: TO-263-5L and TO-252-5L
- Battery-powered equipment
- PC add-in cards
- High-efficiency lost-regulator for switching supply

DEVICE	Package Type	MARKING	Packing	Packing Qty
IFX1963T	TO220-5L	IFX1963	TUBE	1000pcs/box
IFX1963S/TR	TO263-5L	IFX1963	REEL	500pcs/reel
IFX1963MDT/TR	TO252-5L	IFX1963	REEL	2000pcs/reel



**Dropout Voltage** 

## **Typical Application**



#### **Pin Description**

Pin Number TO-263	Pin Number TO-252	Pin Name	Pin Name
1	1	EN	Enable (Input): Active-high CMOS compatible control input. Do not float.
2	2	IN	INPUT: Unregulated input, +2.8V to +16V maximum
3, TAB	3, TAB	GND	GND: TAB is also connected internally to the IC's ground on both packages.
4	4	OUT	OUTPUT: The regulator output voltage
5	5	ADJ	Feedback Voltage: 1.24V feedback from external resistor divider.



## Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

	Condition	Min	Мах		
Input Supply Voltage(VIN	N) <sup>(1)</sup> -20V +20V				
Enable Input Voltage(VEN	۷)	-0.3V	Vin		
Lead Temperature (solde	ring 5sec.)	- 260°C			
Power Dissipation		Internally Limited			
Storage Temperature Rar	nge	-65°C +150°C			
ESD Rating ping <sup>(3)</sup>		-	-		
Operating Betinge(2)	Operating Junction Temperature	-40	+125°C		
Operating Ratings(2)	Operating Input Voltage	3V	16V		
Package Thermal Resistance	ТО-263 (ӨЈС)		3°C/W		

## **Electrical Characteristics**<sup>(4)</sup>

 $V_{IN} = 4.2V$ ;  $I_{OUT} = 100$  mA;  $T_A = 25$ °C, bold values indicate -40°C $\leq T_J \leq +125$ °C, unless noted.

Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
	Output Voltage				
Output Voltage Accuracy	100mA ≤ IOUT ≤ 3A, (VOUT + 1V) ≤ VIN ≤ 16V	V-2		2	%
Line Regulation	IOUT = 100mA, (VOUT + 1V) ≤ VIN ≤ 16V		0.1	0.5	%
Load Regulation	VIN = VOUT + 1V, 100mA ≤ IOUT ≤ 3A		0.2	1	%
	ΔVOUT = -1% <sup>(6)</sup>				
	Ιουτ = 100mA		80	200	
Dropout Voltage	Ι <sub>ουτ</sub> = 750mA		220		mV
	Ι <sub>ουτ</sub> = 1.5Α		275		
	Iout = 3A		450	800	
	Ground Current				
	Ιουτ = 750mA, V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>OUT</sub> + 1V		5	20	
Ground Current	louτ = 1.5A		15		mA
	Iout = 3A		60	150	
IGRNDDO Ground Pin Current			_		
@ Dropout	$V_{IN} = 0.5V$ less than specified $V_{OUT} \times I_{OUT} = 10$ mA		2		
Current Limit	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V(7)	3	4		А
e <sub>n</sub> , Output Noise Voltage	C∟ = 10µF		400		
(10Hz to 100kHz		400		μV (rms)	
I∟ = 100mA	C <sub>L</sub> = 33 μF		260		
Ground Pin Current in Shutdown	Input Voltage V <sub>IN</sub> = 16V		32		μA



## **Electrical Characteristics**<sup>(4)</sup> (Continued)

V <sub>IN</sub> = 4.2V; I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100mA; T <sub>A</sub> =	= 25°C, hold values ind	icate -40°C< T <sub>1</sub> < +125°(	C unless noted
$v_{  N } = 4.2 v$ , $v_{  N } = 100111A$ , $v_{  A } = 100111A$	- 25 0, bolu values inu		J, unicos noteu.

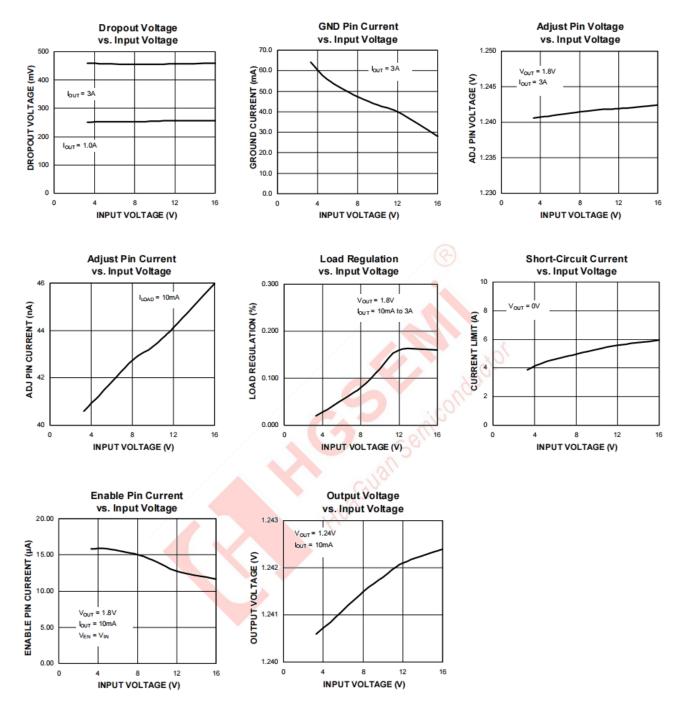
Reference									
Reference Voltage	(8)	1.215		1.267	V				
A divert Dire Dire Oversent			40		•				
Adjust Pin Bias Current				120	nA				
	ENABLE Input		_						
Input Logic Voltage	Low (OFF)			0.8	V				
	High (ON)	2.4							
			15	30					
En al-la Dia la mat Orana at	VEN = 8V			75					
Enable Pin Input Current				2	μA				
	VEN = 0.8V			4					
Regulator Output Current in	(40)		10						
Shutdown	(10)			20	μA				

Notes:

- 1. Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.
- 2. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
- 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended. Human body model, 1.5k in series with 100pF.
- 4. Specification for packaged product only
- 5. Output voltage temperature coefficient is defined as the worst case voltage change divided by the total temperature change.
- 6. Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential when output voltage drops to 99% of its normal value with  $V_{OUT}$  + 1V applied to VIN.
- 7. V<sub>IN</sub> =V<sub>OUT</sub> (nominal) + 1V. For example, use V<sub>IN</sub> = 4.3V for a 3.3Vregulator or use 6V for a 5V regulator. Employ pulse testing procedure for current limit.
- 8.  $V_{REF} \le V_{OUT} \le V_{IN} -1$ ,  $3V \le V_{OUT} \le 16V$ ,  $10mA \le I_L \le I_{FL}$ ,  $T_J \le T_{Jmax}$ .
- 9. Thermal regulation is defined as the change in the output voltage at a time T after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a 250mA load pulse at VIN =16V (a 4W pulse) for T= 10ms.
- 10.  $V_{EN} \le 0.8V$ ,  $V_{IN} \le 16V$  and  $V_{OUT} = 0V$ .

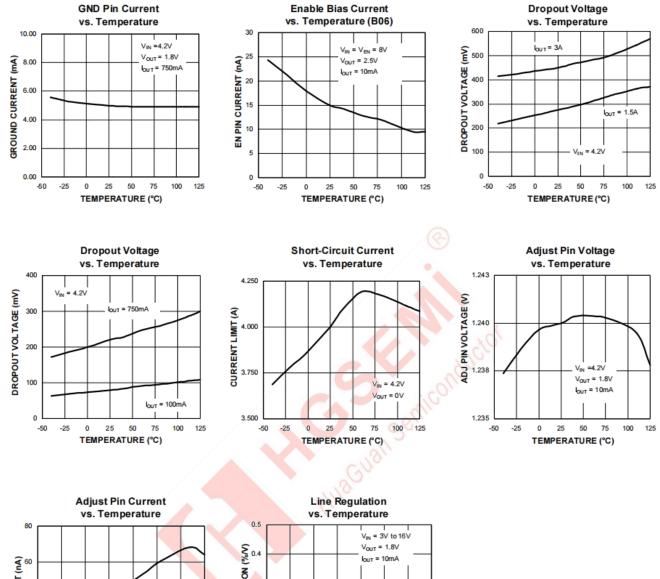


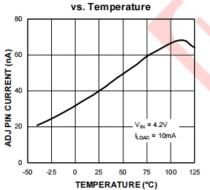
## **Typical Characteristics**

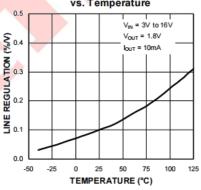




## **Typical Characteristics (Continued)**

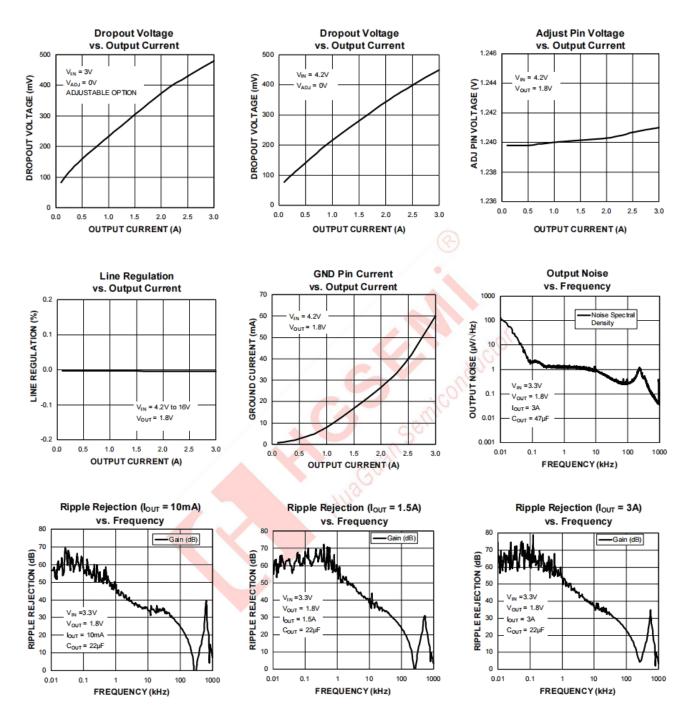






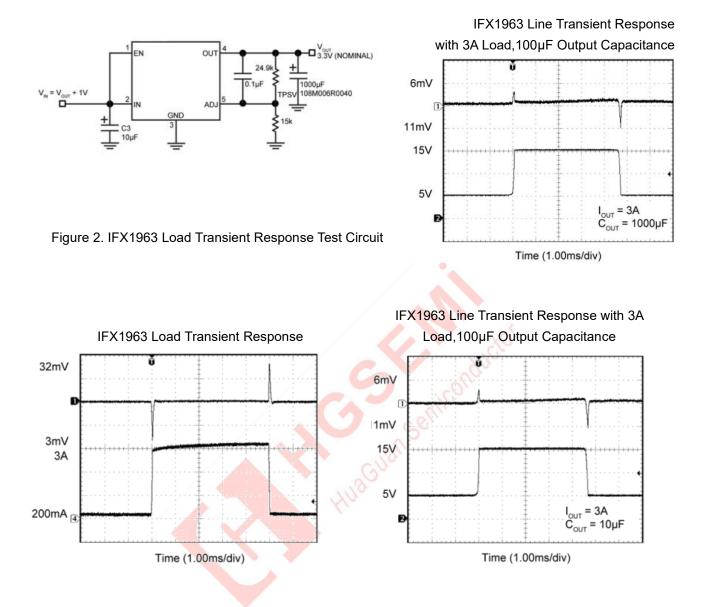


## **Typical Characteristics (Continued)**



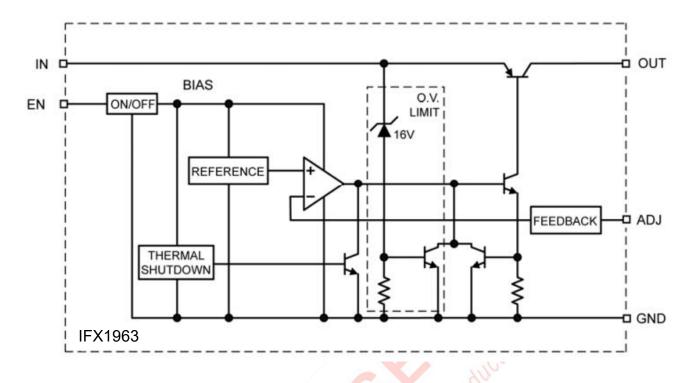


### **Functional Characteristics**





### **Functional Diagram**



#### **Application Information**

The IFX1963 is a high-performance, low-dropout voltage regulator suitable for all moderate to high-current voltage regulation applications. Its 450mV typical dropout voltage at full load makes it especially valuable in battery-powered systems and as high efficiency noise filters in "post-regulator" applications. Unlike older NPNpass transistor designs, where the minimum dropout voltage is limited by the base-emitter voltage drop and collector-emitter saturation voltage, dropout performance of the PNP output is limited merely by the low VCE saturation voltage.

A trade-off for the low-dropout voltage is a varying base driver requirement. But Micrel's Super ßeta PNP® process reduces this drive requirement to merely 1% of the load current.

The IFX1963 regulator is fully protected from damage due to fault conditions. Current limiting is linear; output current under overload conditions is constant. Thermal shutdown disables the device when the die temperature exceeds the 125°C maximum safe operating temperature. The output structure of the regulators allows voltages in excess of the desired output voltage to be applied without reverse current flow. The IFX1963 offer a logic level ON/OFF control: when disabled, the devices draw nearly zero current.

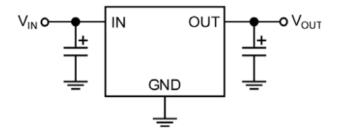


Figure 3. Linear Regulators Require Only Two Capacitors for Operation



## Thermal Design

Linear regulators are simple to use. The most complicated set of design parameters to consider are thermal characteristics. Thermal design requires the following application-specific parameters:

- Maximum ambient temperature, T<sub>A</sub>
- Output Current, IOUT
- Output Voltage, Vout
- Input Voltage, VIN

First, we calculate the power dissipation of the regulator from these numbers and the device parameters from this datasheet:

PD=IOUT(1.02VIN-VOUT)

Where the ground current is approximated by 2% of IOUT.

Then the heat sink thermal resistance is determined with this formula:

$$\theta_{SA} = \frac{T_{JMAX} - T_A}{PD} - (\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CS})$$

where:

 $T_{JMAX} \le 125^{\circ}C$  and  $\theta_{CS}$  is between 0 and  $2^{\circ}C/W$ .

The heat sink may be significantly reduced in applications where the minimum input voltage is known and is large compared to the dropout voltage. A series input resistor can be used to drop excessive voltage and distribute the heat between this resistor and the regulator. The low-dropout properties of Micrel Super  $\beta$ eta PNP® regulators allow very significant reductions in regulator power dissipation and the associated heat sink without compromising performance. When this technique is employed, a capacitor of at least 0.1µF is needed directly between the input and regulator ground.

With no heat sink in the application, calculate the junction temperature to determine the maximum power dissipation that will be allowed before exceeding the maximum junction temperature of the IFX1963. The maximum power allowed can be calculated using the thermal resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) of the D-Pak (TO252) adhering to the following criteria for the PCB design: 2 oz. copper and 100mm2 copper area for the IFX1963.

For example, given an expected maximum ambient temperature (T<sub>A</sub>) of 75°C with  $V_{IN}$  = 3.3V,  $V_{OUT}$  = 2.5V, and  $I_{OUT}$  = 1.5A, first calculate the expected P<sub>D</sub> using:

P<sub>D</sub>=(3.3V-2.5V)×3A-(3.3V)× (0.016A) =2.3472W

Next, calcualte the junction temperature for the expected power dissipation:

T<sub>J</sub>=(θ<sub>JA</sub>×P<sub>D</sub>)+T<sub>A</sub>=(35°C/W×2.3472W)+75°C=157.15°C

Now determine the maximum power dissipation allowed that would not exceed the IC's maximum junction temperature (125°C) without the use of a heat sink by:

 $P_{D(MAX)}=(T_{J(MAX)}-T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ 

=(1.25°C-75°C)/(35°C/W) =1.428W



### **Capacitor Requirements**

For stability and minimum output noise, a capacitor on the regulator output is necessary. The value of this capacitor is dependent upon the output current; lower currents allow smaller capacitors. The IFX1963 is stable with a 10µF capacitor at full load.

This capacitor need not be an expensive low-ESR type; aluminum electrolytics are adequate. In fact, extremely low-ESR capacitors may contribute to instability. Tantalum capacitors are recommended for systems where fast load transient response is important.

When the regulator is powered from a source with high AC impedance, a 0.1µF capacitor connected between input and GND is recommended.

#### Transient Response and 5V to 3.3V Conversion

The IFX1963 has excellent response to variations in input voltage and load current. By virtue of its low dropout voltage, the device does not saturate into dropout as readily as similar NPN-based designs. A 3.3V output Micrel LDO will maintain full speed and performance with an input supply as low as 4.2V, and will stillprovide some regulation with supplies down to 3.8V, unlike NPN devices that require 5.1V or more for good performance and become nothing more than a resistor under 4.6V of input. Micrel's PNP regulators provide superior performance in "5V to 3.3V" conversion applications than NPN regulators, especially when all tolerances are considered.

#### **Minimum Load Current**

The IFX1963 regulator operates within a specified load range. If the output current is too small, leakage currents dominate and the output voltage rises.

A minimum load current of 10mA is necessary for proper regulation and to swamp any expected leakage current across the operating temperature range.

For best performance the total resistance (R1+R2) should be small enough to pass the minimum regulator load current of 10mA.

#### Adjustable Regulator Design

The output voltage can be programmed anywhere between 1.25V and the 15V. Two resistors are used. The resistor values are calculated by:

where VOUT is the desired output voltage.



Figure 4 shows component definition. Applications with widely varying load currents may scale the resistors to draw the minimum load current required for proper operation (see "Minimum Load Current" section).

 $V_{IN} \circ \underbrace{+}_{R1} \underbrace{+}_{10\mu F} R2 \underbrace{+}_{R2} \underbrace{-}_{R2} \underbrace{-}_{R2}$ 

Figure 4. Adjustable Regulator with Resistors

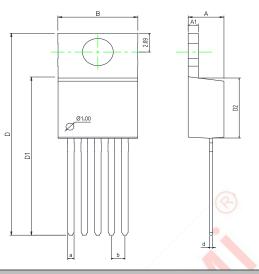
#### Enable Input

IFX1963 features an enable (EN) input that allows ON/OFF control of the device. Special design allows "zero" current drain when the device is disabled—only microamperes of leakage current flows. The EN input has TTL/CMOS compatible thresholds for simple interfacing with logic, or may be directly tied to VIN. Enabling the regulator requires approximately 20µA of current into the EN pin.



## **Physical Dimensions**

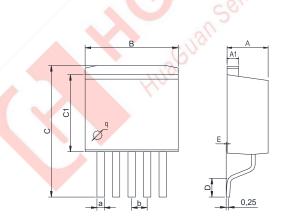
TO220-5



#### Dimensions In Millimeters(TO220-5)

Symbol:	A	A1	В	D	D1	D2	а	d	b	
Min:	4.52	1.25	10	28.6	22.4	8.69	1.68	0.33	1.70BSC	
Max:	4.62	1.29	10.3	28.8	22.6	8.79	1.77	0.42	1.70650	

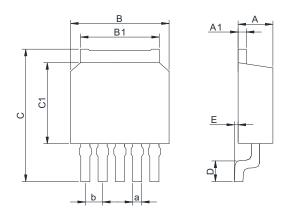
TO263-5



Dimensions In Millimeters(TO263-5)										
Symbol:	A	A1	В	С	C1	D	E	а	b	
Min:	4.45	1.22	10	13.7	8.40	1.90	0	0.71	1.70BSC	
Max:	4.62	1.32	10.4	14.6	8.90	2.10	0.20	0.97	1.70030	



#### TO252-5



Dimensions In Millimeters(TO252-5)										
Symbol:	A	A1	В	С	C1	D	E	а	b	B1
Min:	2.19	0.45	6.30	9.40	5.30	1.40	0.05	0.45	1.27BSC	5.30BSC
Max:	2.38	0.55	6.70	10.2	570	1.60	0.25	0.60	1.27030	5.50650
HuaGuan Semiconductor										



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