

AUIR3242S

LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT BACK TO BACK MOSFET DRIVER



Features

- Very low quiescent current on and off state
- Back to back configuration
- Boost converter with integrated diode
- Standard level gate voltage
- Input active low
- Under voltage lockout with diagnostic
- Wide operating voltage 3-36V
- Ground loss protection
- Lead-Free, Halogen Free, RoHS compliant



- Power switch for Stop and Start board net stabilizer
- Battery switch

Product validation

Base Part	Deckers Ture	Standard	Pack	Complete Dort Number
Number	Package Type	Form	Quantity	Complete Part Number
AUIR3242S	SOIC8	Tape and reel	2500	AUIR3242STR

Description

The AUIR3242S is a high side MOSFET driver for back to back topology targeting back to back switch. It features a very low quiescent current both on and off state. The AUIR3242S is a combination of a boost DC/DC converter using an external inductor and a gate driver. It drives standard level MOSFET even at low battery voltage. The input controls the gate voltage. The AUIR3242S integrates an under voltage lock out protection to prevent to drive the MOSFET in linear mode.

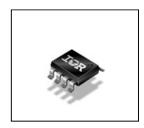
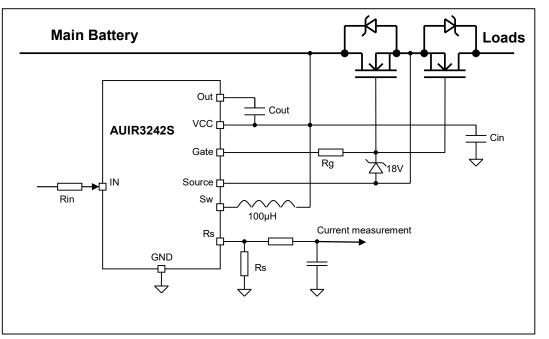




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1 Typical Connection

Figure 1 Back to back configuration

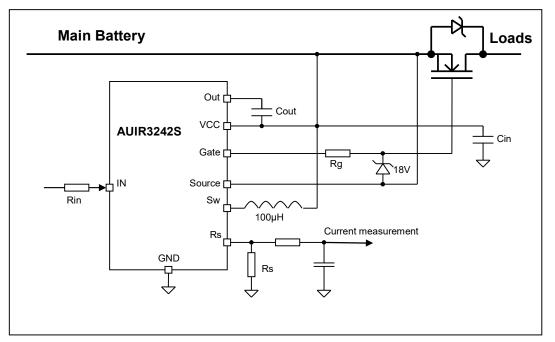


Figure 2 Q diode configuration



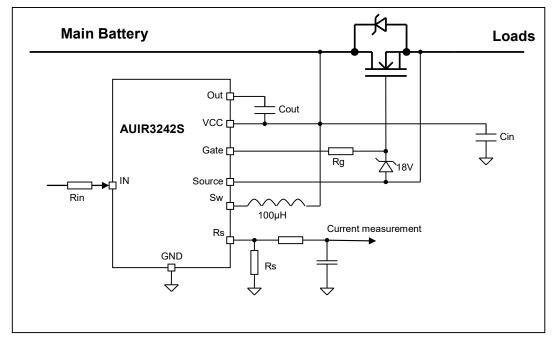


Figure 3 Battery switch configuration



2 Block diagram

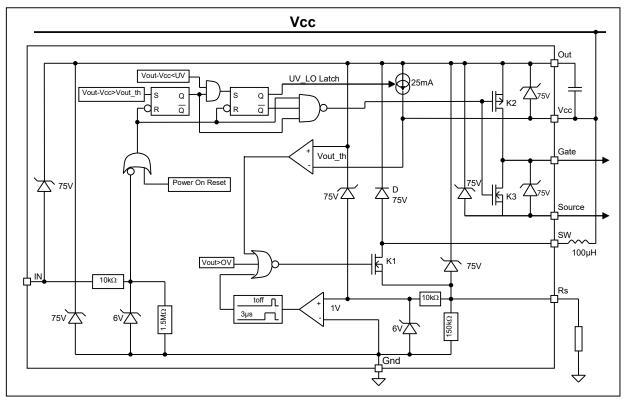


Figure 4 Block diagram AUIR3242S

2.1 Input Circuitry

The input control circuitry drives the output gate driver stage. The input is active low. With a high level input voltage, the gate is shorted to the source. With a low level input, the output gate driver turn on when Vout reaches 12.5V.

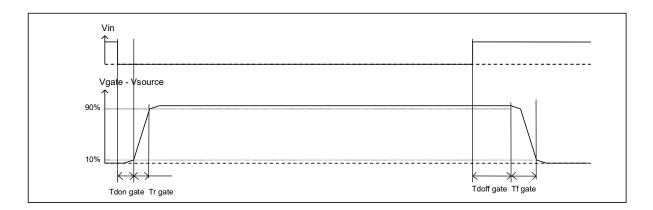


Figure 5 Input circuitry



2.2 Current definition

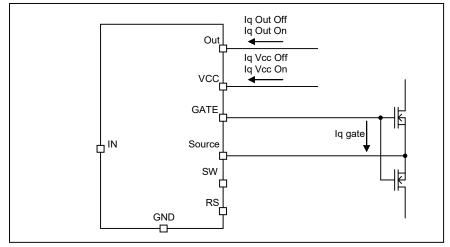


Figure 6 Current definition



3 Pin configuration

3.1 Pin assignement

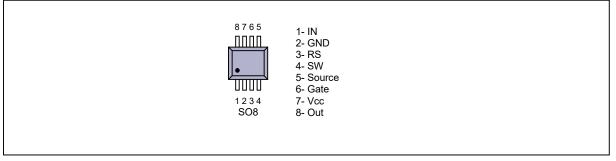


Figure 7 Pin assignement of AUIR3242S

3.2 Pin definition and functions

Table 1 Pin configuration AUIR3242S

Pin number	Symbol	Description	
1	IN	Input pin	
2	GND	Ground pin	
3	RS	Current sense input pin	
4	SW	Output of K1	
5	SOURCE	Connection of the source pin of	
		the Mosfets	
6	Gate	Output of the gate driver	
7	VCC	Power supply	
8	OUT	Output of the boost converter	



4 General product characteristics

4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 2 Absolute maximum ratings

Absolute maximum ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
Vcc-gnd	Maximum Vcc voltage	-0.3	65	V
Vsw-gnd	Maximum Sw voltage	Vrs-0.3	Vout+Vf	V
Vsw-Vrs	Maximum Sw voltage	-0.3	65	V
Vout-Vcc	Maximum Vout-Vcc voltage	-0.3	65	V
Vout-gnd	Maximum Vout voltage	-0.3	65	V
Vout-Vgate	Maximum Vout-Vgate voltage	-0.3	65	V
Vgate-Vsource	te-Vsource Maximum Vgate-Vsource voltage		75	V
Vout-Vsource	e Maximum Vout-Vsource voltage		75	V
Vrs-gnd	Maximum Rs pin voltage	-0.3	6	V
Vin-gnd	Maximum IN pin voltage	-0.3	Vout+0.3	V
lsw	Maximum continuous current in Sw pin		200	mA
ID	Maximum continuous current in the rectifier diode		200	mA
Rg	Minimum gate resistor			Ohms
Timov	Maximum operating junction temperature	-40	150	C°
Tj max.	Maximum storage temperature	-55	150	C°

Table 3 Thermal Characteristic

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
Rth	Thermal resistance junction to ambient	100		°C/W

Table 4 Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
VIH	High level input voltage	2.5	5.5	V
VIL	Low level input voltage	0	0.8	V



5 Static Electrical Characteristics

Tj=-40..125°C, Vcc=6..16V (unless otherwise specified), typical value are given for Vcc=14V and Tj=25°C

Table 5	Static electrical characteristics					
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test condition
Vcc op (ext).	Supply voltage range for extended operation (some parameters may be downgraded beyond nominal operation)	3		36	V	See page 13
Vcc op (nom). ⁽¹⁾	Supply voltage range for nominal operation	6		16		
lq Vcc Off	Supply current when Off, Tj=25°C		2	6		Vin=0V,K1/K2
(2)	Supply current when Off, Tj=125°C		3	8		off, K3 on, Vout- Vcc=14V
lq Vcc On	Supply current when On, Tj=25°C		3	6		Vin=5V,K1/K3
(2)	Supply current when On, Tj=125°C		4	8	μA	off, K2 on, Vout- Vcc=14V
Iq Out Off	Quiescent current on Out pin, Tj=25°C		10	15	μΛ	Vin=0V,K1/K2
(2))	Quiescent current on Out pin, Tj=125°C	_	13	25		off, K3 on, Vout- Vcc=14V
lq Out On	Quiescent current on Out pin, Tj=25°C	—	12	20		Vin=5V,K1/K3
(2)	Quiescent current on Out pin, Tj=125°C		15	30		off, K2 on, Vout- Vcc=14V
Vbr Out	Breakdown voltage between Out and Source	75	90			I=10mA
Vbr Gate	Breakdown voltage between Gate and Source	75	90		V	I=10mA
OV	Over-voltage protection between Vout and Gnd	50	55	62		
lin	Input current	—	3	6	μA	Vin=5V
Vin_th	Input voltage threshold	0.8	1.5	2.5	•	
Vout th	Output voltage threshold	11.5	12.5	14		
UV_LO	Undervoltage lockout between Vout and Vcc	6.5	8	10	V	See figure 12
Vout_th– UV_LO	Output voltage minus Undervoltage lockout threshold	3	4.5		V	5
Vrs th	Rs threshold	0.8	1	1.3		
l latch UV_LO	Under voltage lockout Latch current between Vout and Vcc	10	25	40	mA	See page 13
Vf	Forward voltage of rectifier diode		0.9	1.1	V	I=100mA, Tj=25°C
Rdson K1	Rdson of K1, Tj=-40°C		8	13		I=100mA,
	Rdson of K1, Tj=25°C		11	15		Vout-Vcc=12.5
	Rdson of K1, Tj=125°C		15	20	Ω	
Rdson K2	Rdson of K2, Tj=25°C		25	—		I=100mA
Rdson K3	Rdson of K3, Tj=25°C	I—	25	—		

 Table 5
 Static electrical characteristics

⁽¹⁾ If the part is supply outside of this range (ex: during ramp up of Vcc), other values in this table might not be guaranteed

⁽²⁾ Supply current might be higher than specified during the start-up of the part (especially during the charge of Cout)



6 Timing Converter Characteristics

Tj=-40..125°C, Vcc=6..16V (unless otherwise specified), typical value are given for Vcc=14V and Tj=25°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test condition
Toff	Off time	2	3	4		See figure 8
Tdon K1	Turn-on delay of K1		5		μS	See
Tdoff K1	Turn-off delay of K1		0.2		1.	figure 9
POR_Delay	Power On Reset delay	200	500	1200		See
POR_Th	Power On Reset threshold	6	6.5	7.5	V	figure 15

Table 6 Timing converter characteristics

6.1 Timing converter definition

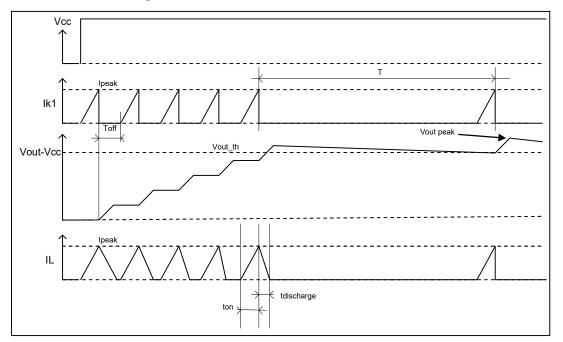


Figure 8

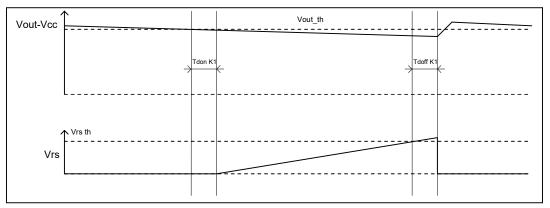


Figure 9

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7 Switching Characteristics

Tj=-40..125°C, Vcc=6..16V (unless otherwise specified), typical value are given for Vcc=14V and Tj=25°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test condition
Tdon gate	Turn-on delay	0.5	2	5		
Tr gate	Rise time on gate 10% to 90% of Vout-Vcc		6	15	μs	Cgate=100nF
lgate+	Gate high short circuit pulsed current	100	350		mA	Vgate- Vsource=0V
Tdoff gate	Turn-off delay	0.5	1.5	3		
Tf gate	Fall time on gate 90% to 10% of Vout-Vcc		6	15	μs	Cgate=100nF
lgate-	Gate low short circuit pulsed current		350		mA	Vgate- Vsource=14V
Treset	Time to reset the under voltage latches		1	100	μs	See page 13

Table 7Switching characteristics



8 General Description

8.1 Boost DC/DC converter

The topology of the AUIR3242S is a boost DC/DC converter working in current mode. The DC/DC is working once the AUIR3242S is powered regardless the input level.

K1 is switched on when the gate voltage is lower than Vout threshold. When Rs pin reaches Vrs th, K1 is turned off and the inductor charges the Out capacitor through D. The system cannot restart during Toff after Vrs th has been reached. The DC/DC restart only when the Out and the Vcc voltage difference is lower than Vout_th in order to achieve low quiescent current on the power supply.

To turn off the power MOSFET, the input must be low. Then K2 is turned off and K3 shorts the gate to the source.

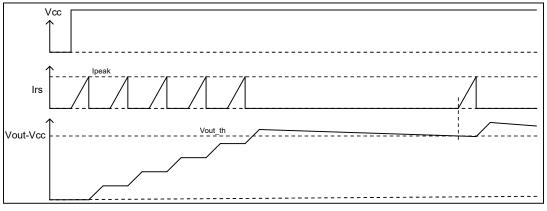


Figure 10

8.2 Low quiescent current operation when "On".

The AUIR3242S is able to operate with a very low quiescent current on the Vcc pin. Nevertheless the supply current depends also on the leakage of the power MOSFET named "Iq gate" on the diagram below.

The leakage current is given when K1 is off. When K1 is on, the current flowing in Vcc is the current charging the inductor. Therefore the average current on the Vcc is the combination of the current when K1 is ON and OFF. The average current on the Vcc pin can be calculated using:

I Vcc average on = (Iq gate + Iq Out On) * $\frac{Vout - Vcc + Vf}{Vcc}$ + Iq Vcc on + Iq Out on I Vcc average off = (Iq gate + Iq Out Off) * $\frac{Vout - Vcc + Vf}{Vcc}$ + Iq Vcc off + Iq Out off

With Vout: the average voltage on the output. Vout average = (Vout peak + Vout th)/2

Vout peak can be calculated by:

Vout peak = $\sqrt{\frac{L}{Cout}}$. Ipeak² + Vout th²



During On operation, the DC/DC works in pulse mode, meaning each time the Vout-Vcc voltage comes below 12.5V, the AUIR3242S switches on K1 to recharge the gate voltage. When the lout leakage is low enough to maintain the DC/DC in discontinuous mode, the frequency is calculate by:

 $T = \frac{Ipeak^{2}*L}{2*(Iq gate+Iq Vout on)*(Vout-Vcc+Vf)}$

8.3 Peak current control

The current in the inductor is limited by the 1V comparator which monitors the voltage across Rs. Due to the delay in the loop (tdoff K1), the inductor current will exceed the threshold set by: $\frac{Vrsth}{Rs}$ At low voltage, the current waveform in the inductor is not anymore linear, but exponential because the sum of the resistor of K1, the inductor and RS are not any more negligible.

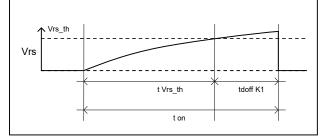


Figure 11

The peak current and ton can be calculated as follow:

 $t Vrsth = -\frac{L}{Rdon k1 + Rs + Rl} * ln(1 - \frac{Rs + Rdson k1 + Rl}{Vrs_th * Rs * Vcc})$ Where Rl is the resistor of the inductor

With: $t on = t Vrs_th + tdoff K1$

The peak current can be solved by: $Ipeak = \frac{Vcc}{Rdson k1 + Rs + Rl} * (1 - e^{-ton*\frac{Rdson k1 + Rs + Rl}{L}})$

The peak current must not exceed the Maximum Rating of Isw.



8.4 Output capacitor choice

The output capacitor must be chosen based on 2 criteria:

- During the turn on of K2, the voltage drop on Cout must not trigger the Under Voltage Lockout due to the gate charge of the Power MOSFET

 $Cout > \frac{Q \text{ gate total Power Mosfet}}{(Vout_{th}-UV_{LO}) \text{ Min.}}$

- When K1 turn off and the inductor is charging Cout, the peak current on the output capacitor must be limited in order to avoid having current flowing in the Gate zener diode:

 $Cout > \frac{L * Ipeak^2 max}{Vz \min gate^2 - Vout th max^2}$

Vz min gate is the minimum Zener voltage of the external gate Zener diode.

8.5 Minimum operating voltage

While the AUIR3242S operating voltage is specified between 3V and 36V. The 3V minimum operating voltage is when the Vcc is going down. The minimum voltage is also limited by the fact that the Rs voltage must reach the Vrsth taking account all resistors which limit the inductor current.

 $Vcc min = \frac{Rdson k1 + Rs + Rl}{Rs} * Vrsth$

8.6 Over-Voltage protection

The AUIR3242S integrates an over-voltage protection in order to protect K1. When Vcc exceed the Over-voltage threshold, the DC/DC is stopped.

8.7 Under voltage lockout - Diagnostic

In order to avoid to drive the Power MOSFET in linear mode, the AUIR3242S features an under voltage lockout. During the turn on, the gate will not be powered until Vout-Vcc reaches Vout th, meaning K2 is off and K3 is on. Then the AUIR3242S powers the gate of the MOSFET. If Vout-Vcc goes below UV_LO, the gate is shorted to the source and the part is latched. A cycle in the input is required to reset the latch. The input must be kept low longer than Treset.



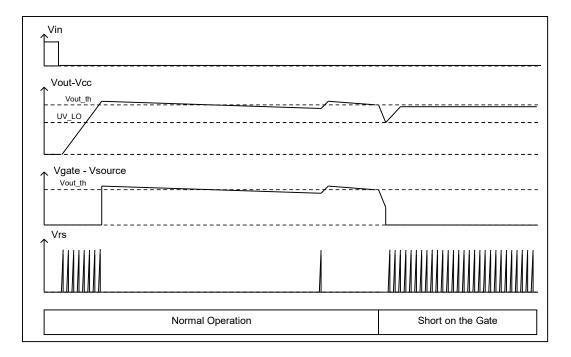


Figure 12

When the part is latched a current source (I latch UV_LO) is connected between Out and Vcc to increase the current consumption. By monitoring the current consumption the system can have a diagnostic of the output status. The diagnostic can be analog or digital.



8.8 Analog Diagnostic: Output current measurement

The average current into Rs can be measured by adding a low pass filter before the ADC of the micro controller.

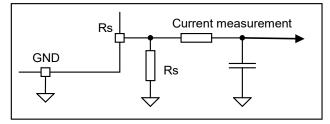


Figure 13

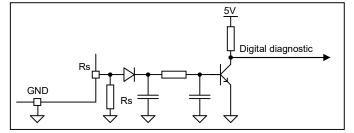
Then the average output current can be evaluated using:

I out av = I Rs av * Vcc / (Vout - Vcc)

Knowing the output current can be useful to do a diagnostic on the power MOSFET. If the gate is shorted, the output current will be significantly higher than in normal operation.

8.9 Digital diagnostic

By adding a diode during high current consumption mode, the output voltage can be close to 1V. Using a bipolar with a pull-up resistor will provide a digital diagnostic.







8.10 Power On Reset

During the power on, the AUIR3242S features a Power On Reset to guarantee a stable state of the 2 latches of the Under voltage lockout and guarantee a stable internal biasing. POR_Delay is triggered when Vout-Gnd exceeds POR_Th.

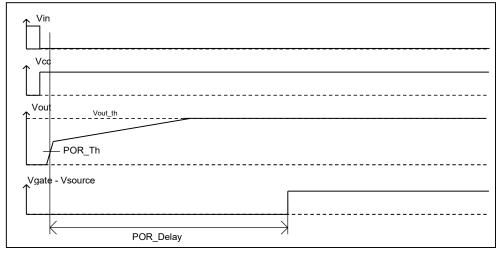


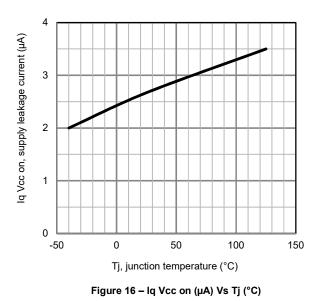
Figure 15



9

Typical Performance Characteristics

Figures are given for typical value, Vcc=14V and Tj=25°C otherwise specified



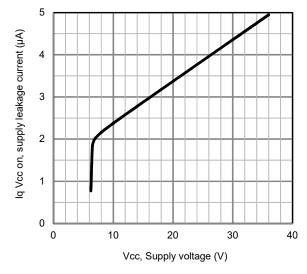


Figure 17 – Iq Vcc on (µA) Vs Vcc (V)

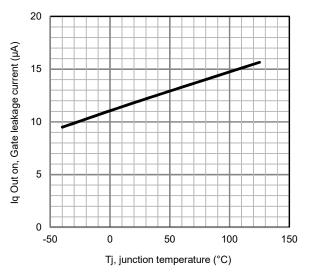


Figure 18 – Iq Out on (µA) Vs Tj (°C)

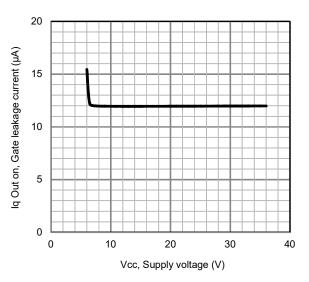


Figure 19 – Iq Out on (µA) Vs Vcc(V)



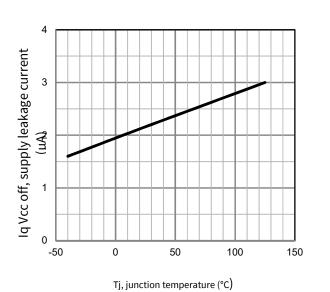


Figure 20 – Iq Vcc off (µA) Vs Tj (°C)

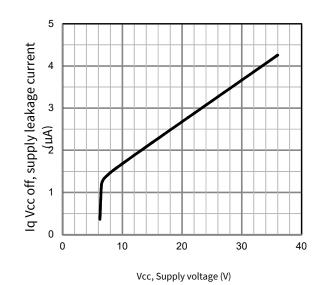


Figure 21 – Iq Vcc off (µA) Vs Vcc (V)

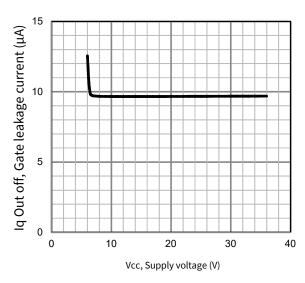
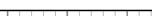


Figure 23 – Iq Out off (µA) Vs Vcc(V)



15

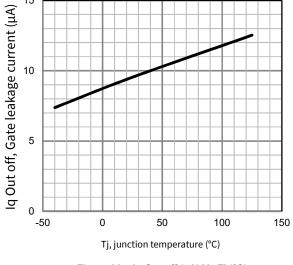
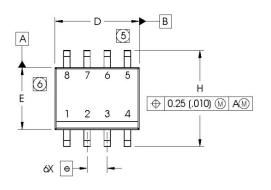


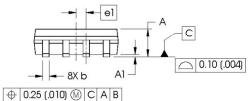
Figure 22 – Iq Out off (μ A) Vs Tj (°C)



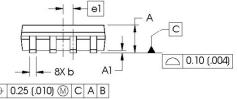
Case Outline - SO8 10

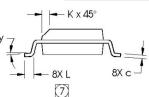
Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)





DIM	INC	HES	MILLIN	ETERS
DIVI	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	.0532	.0688	1.35	1.75
A1	.0040	.0098	0.10	0.25
b	.013	.020	0.33	0.51
С	.0075	.0098	0.19	0.25
D	.189	.1968	4.80	5.00
E	.1497	.1574	3.80	4.00
е	.050 BASIC		1.27 B	ASIC
e1	.025 B	ASIC	0.635	BASIC
Н	.2284	.2440	5.80	6.20
К	.0099	.0196	0.25	0.50
L	.016	.050	0.40	1.27
У	0°	8°	0°	8°

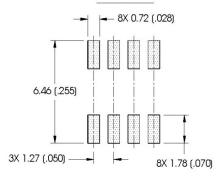




NOTES:

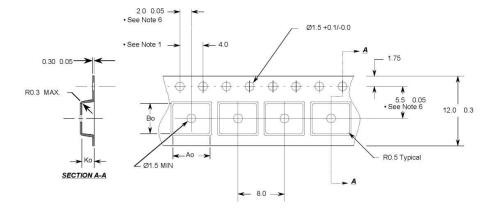
- 1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER
- 3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
- 4. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE MS-012AA.
- (5) DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS. MOLD PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.15 (.006).
- (6) DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS. MOLD PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.25 (.010).
- DIMENSION IS THE LENGTH OF LEAD FOR SOLDERING TO A SUBSTRATE.

FOOTPRINT





Tape & Reel 11 **SO**8



Ao = 6.4 mm Bo = 5.2 mm

Ko = 2.1 mm

 Notes:
 0.2

 1. 10 sprocket hole pitch cumulative tolerance
 0.2

 2. Camber not to exceed 1mm in 100mm

 3. Material: Black Conductive Advantek Polystyrene

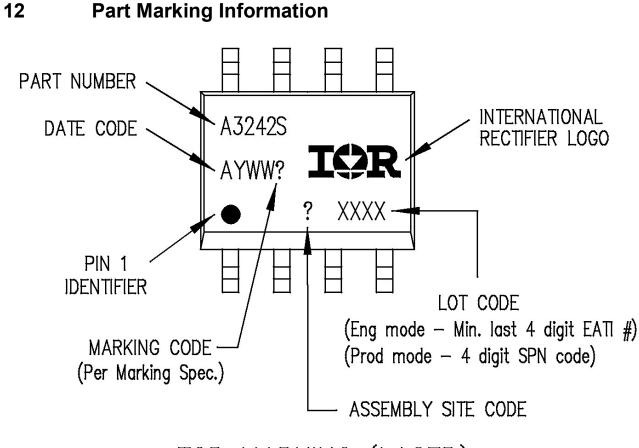
 4. Ao and Bo measured on a plane 0.3mm above the bottom of the pocket

 5. Ko measured from a plane on the inside bottom of the pocket

 6. Pocket position relative to sprocket hole measured as true position of pocket, not pocket hole.

- All Dimensions in Millimeters -





TOP MARKING (LASER)

Qualification Information

Qualification L	_evel	Automotive (per AEC-Q100) Comments: This family of ICs has passed an Automotive qualification. IR's Industrial and Consumer qualification level is granted by extension of the higher Automotive level.			
Moisture Sensitiv	vity Level	SOIC-8L	MSL2, 260°C (per IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020)		
SD	Human Body Model		C Passed 1500V AEC-Q100-002)		
	Charged Device Model	Class C6 (+/-1000V) (per AEC-Q100-011)			
IC Latch-Up Test		Class II Level A (per AEC-Q100-004)			
RoHS Compliant			Yes		



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13 Revision history

Document version	Date of release	Description of changes
A1	June 8, 2016	First version
A2	January 3, 2017	Update Vbr Out and Vbr Gate page 5 Update maximum rating page 4
Rev 1.0	April 30 th 2018	Update to INFINEON template datasheet

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