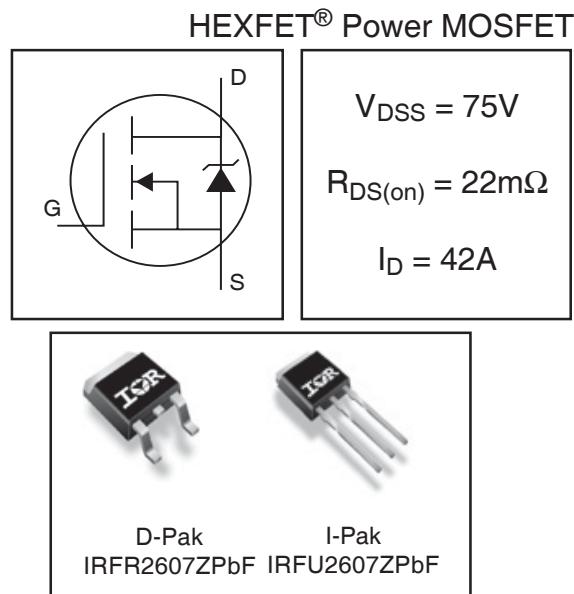


### Features

- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Repetitive Avalanche Allowed up to Tjmax
- Lead-Free

### Description

This HEXFET® Power MOSFET utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. Additional features of this design are a 175°C junction operating temperature, fast switching speed and improved repetitive avalanche rating. These features combine to make this design an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in a wide variety of applications.



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Silicon Limited)	45	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	32	
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Package Limited)	42	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ①	180	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	110	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.72	W/ $^\circ C$
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$E_{AS}$ (Thermally limited)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	96	mJ
$E_{AS}$ (Tested )	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Tested Value ⑥	96	
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current ①	See Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑤		mJ
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	$^\circ C$
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds		
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10 lbf·in (1.1N·m)	

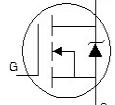
### Thermal Resistance

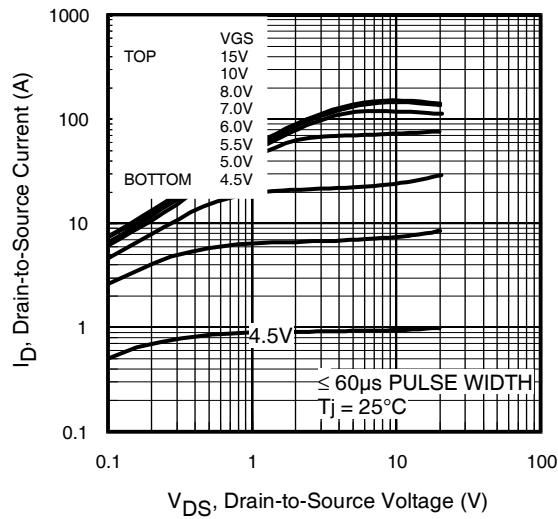
	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{0JC}$	Junction-to-Case ⑧	—	1.38	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{0JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB mount) ⑦⑧	—	40	
$R_{0JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ⑨	—	110	

**Electrical Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

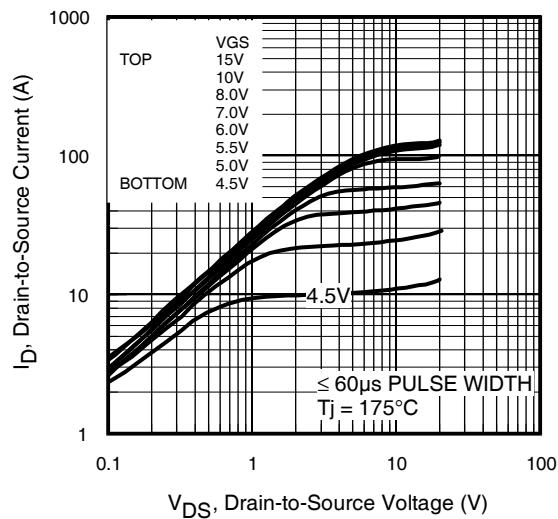
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	75	—	—	V	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}/\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.074	—	V/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	17.6	22	$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 30\text{A}$ ③
$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{\text{DS}} = V_{\text{GS}}, I_D = 50\mu\text{A}$
$g_{\text{fs}}$	Forward Transconductance	36	—	—	S	$V_{\text{DS}} = 25\text{V}, I_D = 30\text{A}$
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{\text{DS}} = 75\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	250		$V_{\text{DS}} = 75\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	200	nA	$V_{\text{GS}} = 20\text{V}$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-200		$V_{\text{GS}} = -20\text{V}$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	34	51	nC	$I_D = 30\text{A}$
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	8.9	—		$V_{\text{DS}} = 60\text{V}$
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	14	—		$V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}$ ③
$t_{\text{d(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	14	—	ns	$V_{\text{DD}} = 38\text{V}$
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	59	—		$I_D = 30\text{A}$
$t_{\text{d(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	39	—		$R_G = 15 \Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	28	—		$V_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{V}$ ③
$L_D$	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
$L_S$	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	—	1440	—	pF	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	—	190	—		$V_{\text{DS}} = 25\text{V}$
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	110	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	—	720	—		$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}} = 1.0\text{V}, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	—	130	—		$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}} = 60\text{V}, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{\text{oss eff.}}$	Effective Output Capacitance	—	230	—		$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}} = 0\text{V to } 60\text{V}$ ④

**Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics**

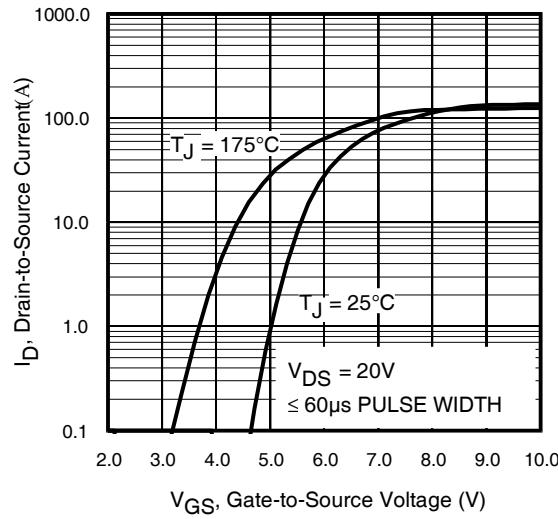
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	45	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
$I_{\text{SM}}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	180		
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 30\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$ ③
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	30	45	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 30\text{A}, V_{\text{DD}} = 38\text{V}$
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	28	42	nC	$dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ③
$t_{\text{on}}$	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $LS+LD$ )				



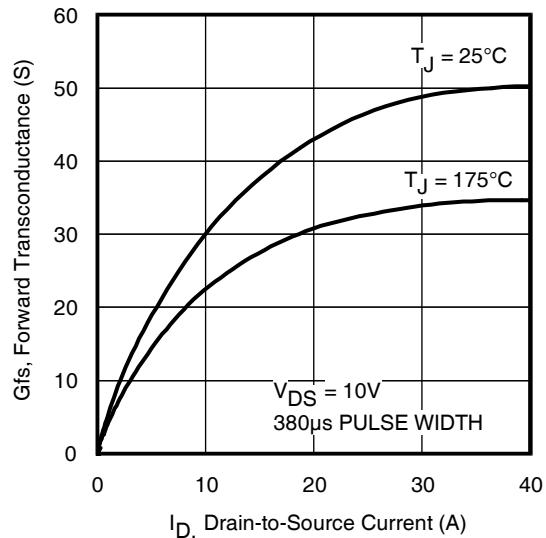
**Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics



**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics



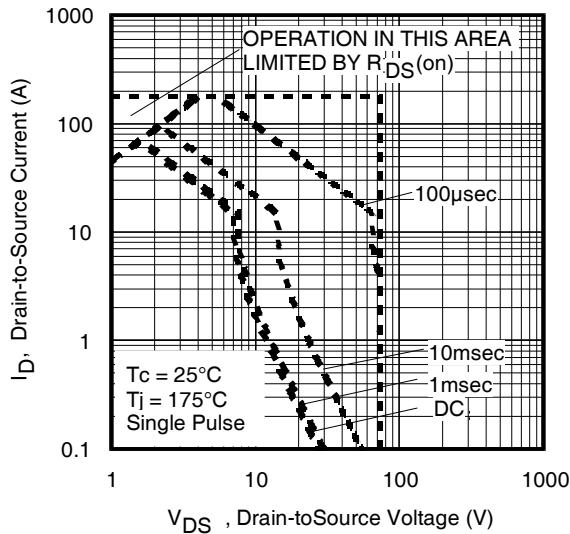
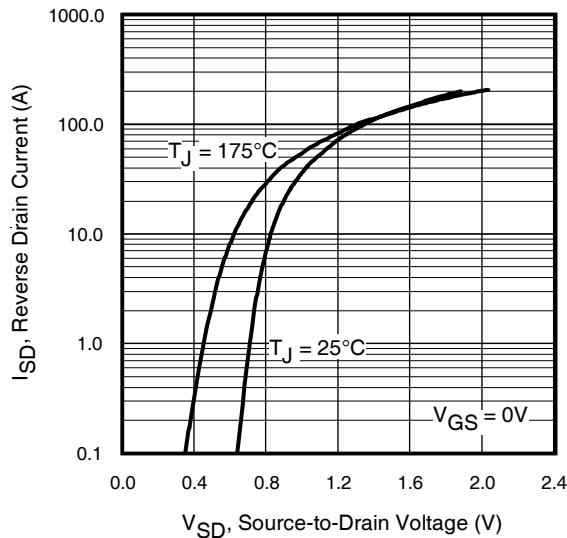
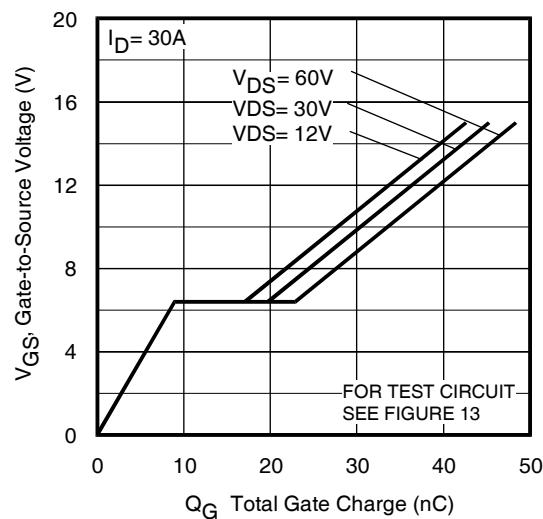
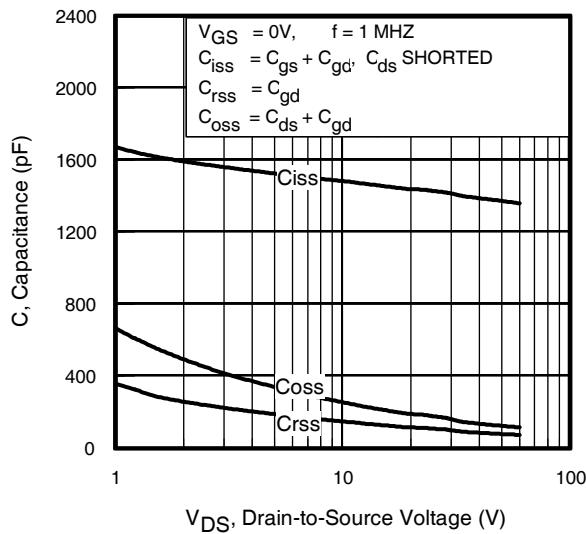
**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics

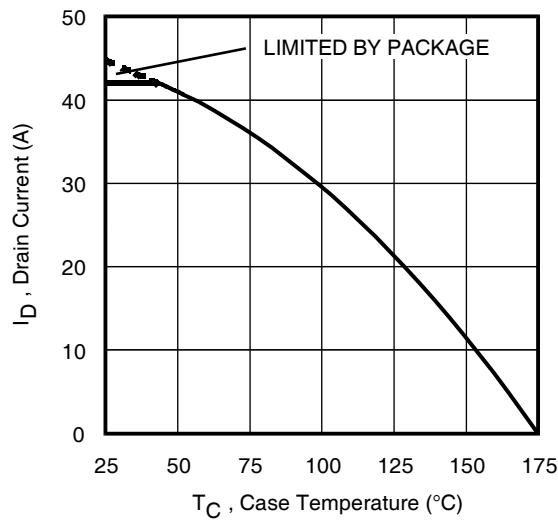


**Fig 4.** Typical Forward Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

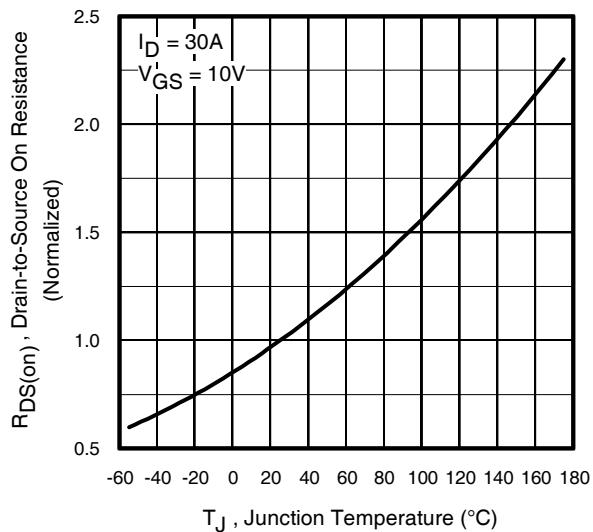
# IRFR/U2607ZPbF

International  
**IR** Rectifier

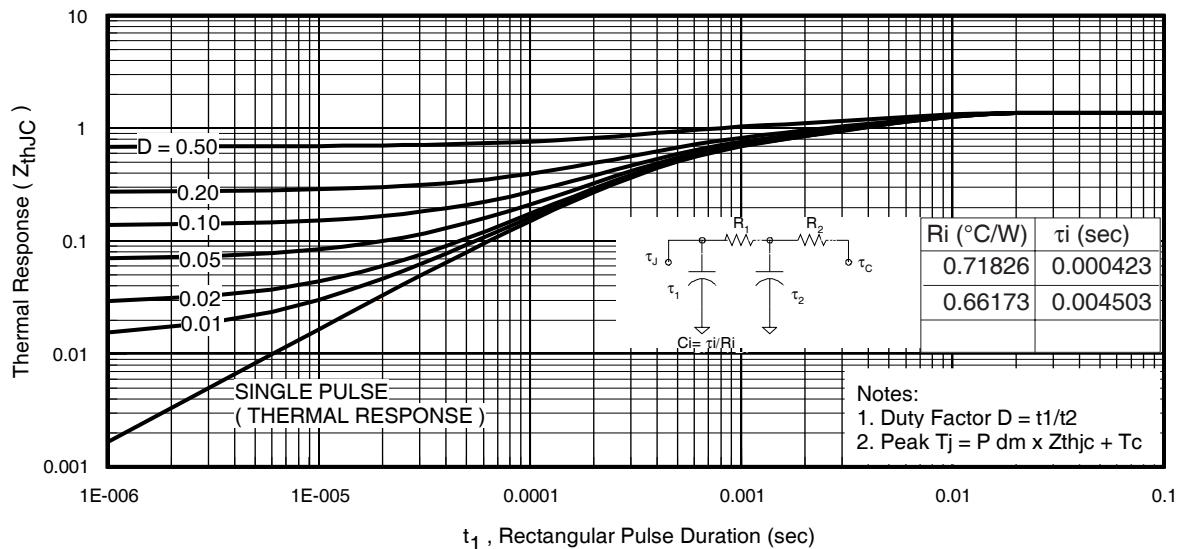




**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current Vs.  
Case Temperature



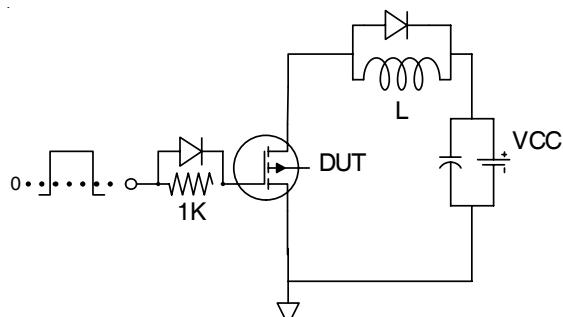
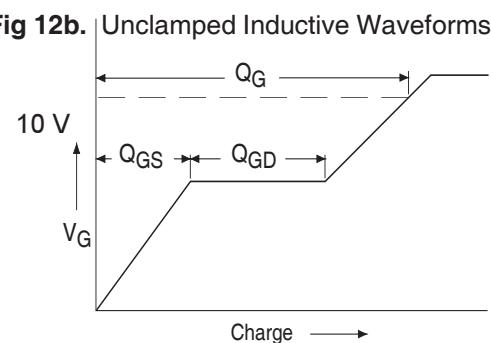
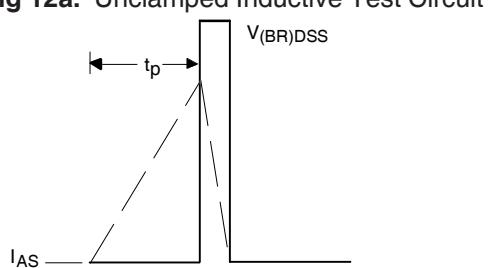
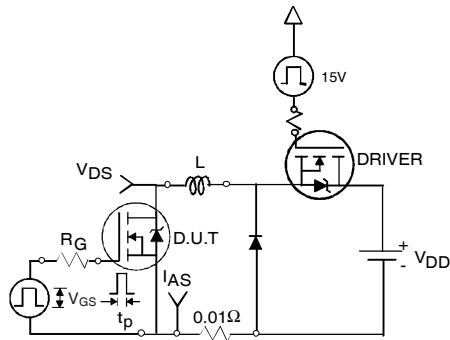
**Fig 10.** Normalized On-Resistance  
Vs. Temperature



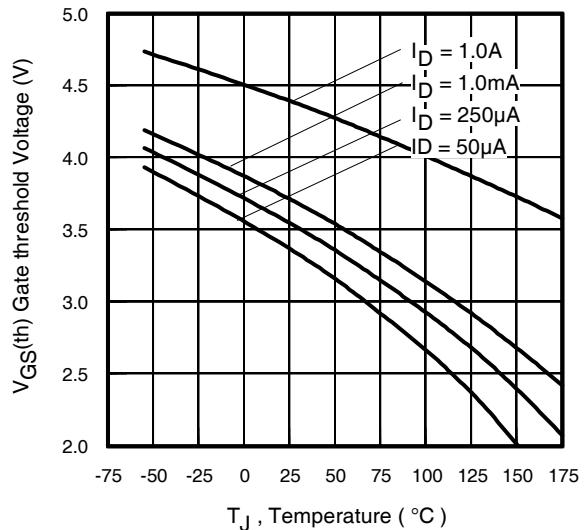
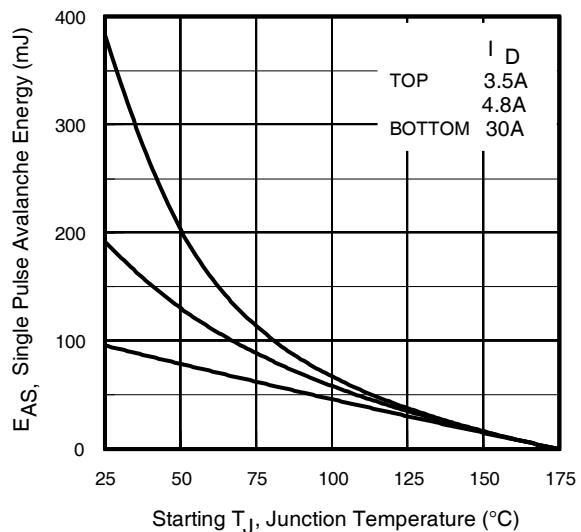
**Fig 11.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

# IRFR/U2607ZPbF

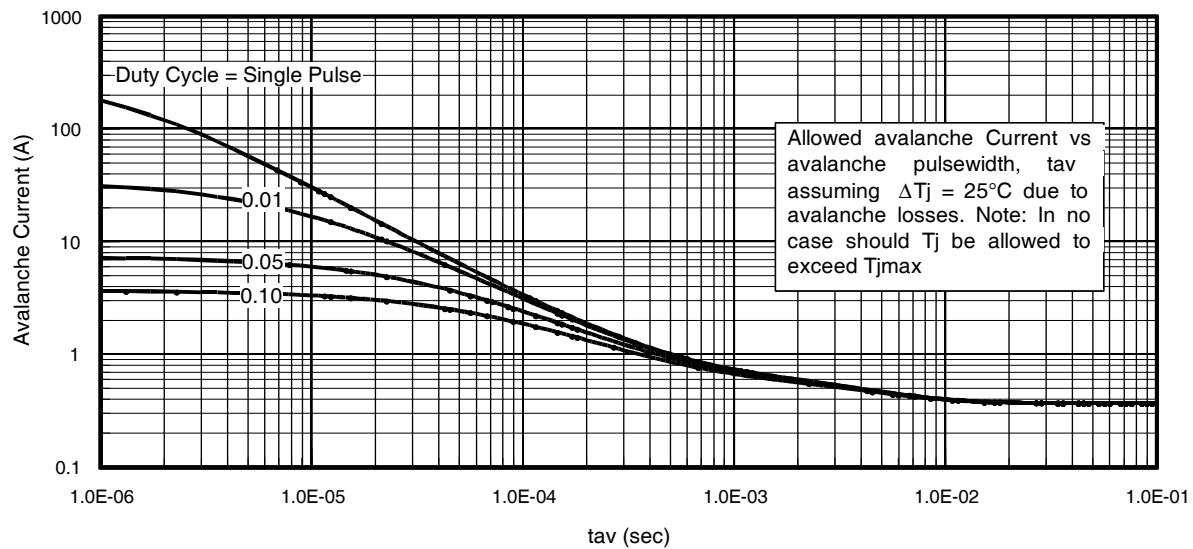
International  
**IR** Rectifier



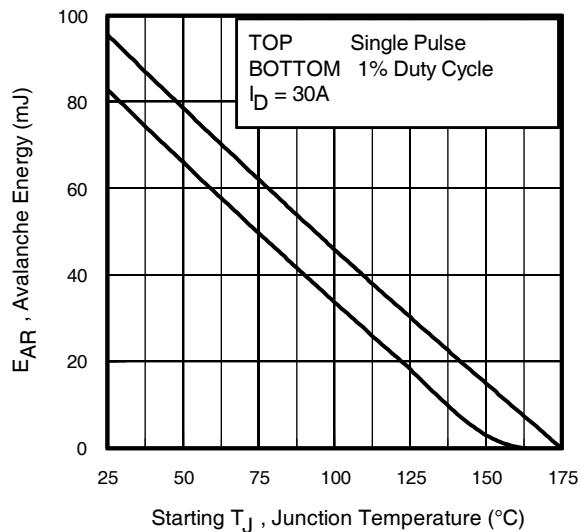
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[www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com)



**Fig 15.** Typical Avalanche Current Vs.Pulsewidth



**Fig 16.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

[www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com)

#### Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 15, 16: (For further info, see AN-1005 at [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com))

1. Avalanche failures assumption:  
 Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{jmax}$ . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as  $T_{jmax}$  is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 12a, 12b.
4.  $P_{D(ave)}$  = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6.  $I_{av}$  = Allowable avalanche current.
7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{jmax}$  (assumed as  $25^\circ\text{C}$  in Figure 15, 16).  
 $t_{av}$  = Average time in avalanche.  
 $D$  = Duty cycle in avalanche =  $t_{av} \cdot f$   
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$  = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 11)

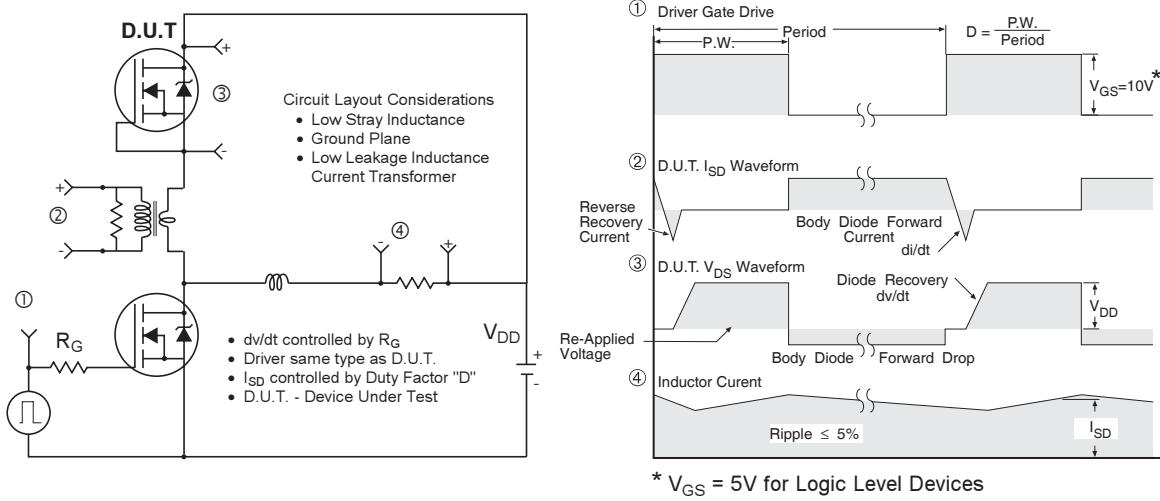
$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

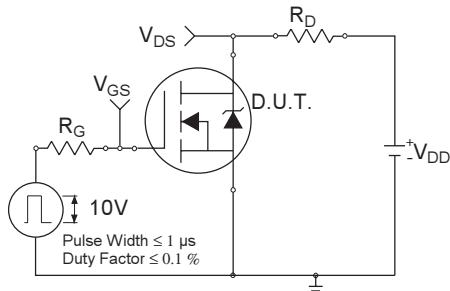
$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

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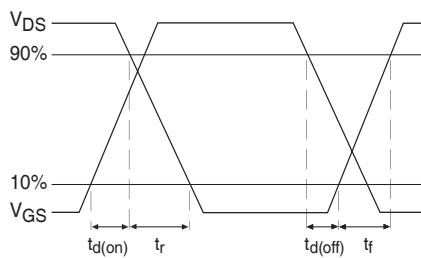
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**Fig 17.** Peak Diode Recovery  $dv/dt$  Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs



**Fig 18a.** Switching Time Test Circuit

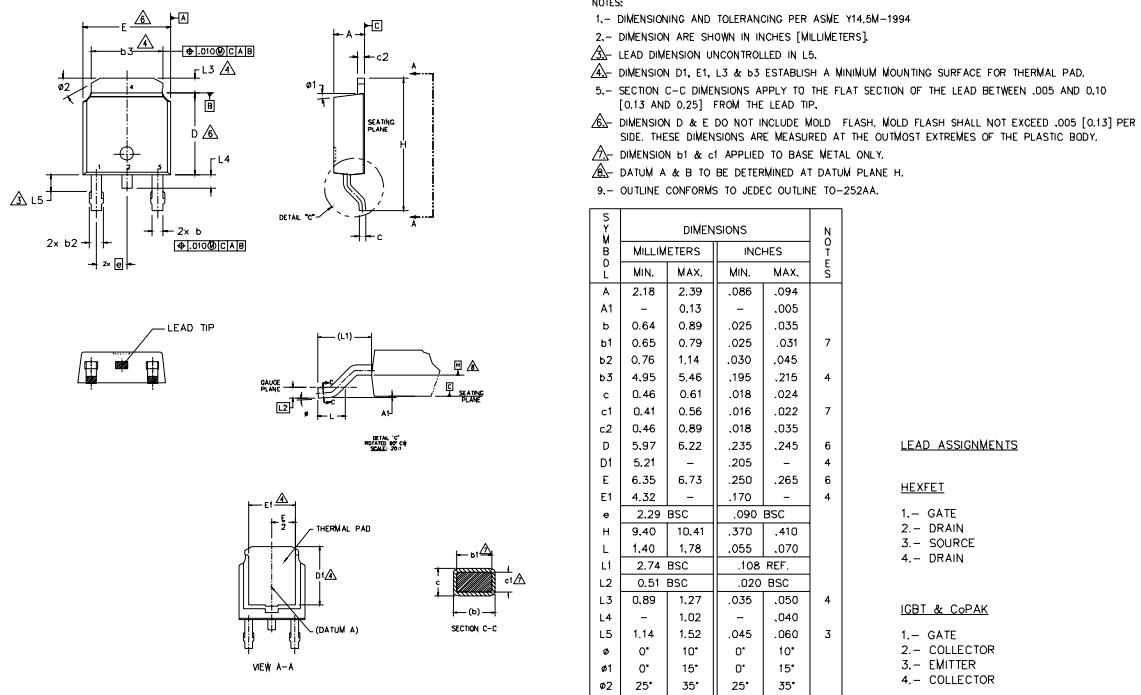


**Fig 18b.** Switching Time Waveforms

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## D-Pak (TO-252AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)

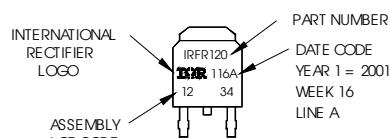


## D-Pak (TO-252AA) Part Marking Information

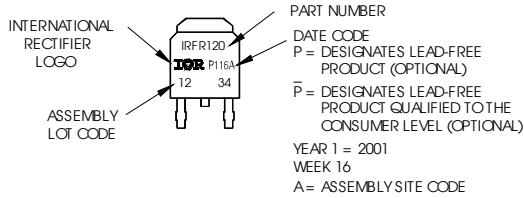
EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFR120  
WITH ASSEMBLY  
LOT CODE 1234  
ASSEMBLED ON WW 16, 2001  
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "A"

Note: "P" in assembly line position  
indicates "Lead-Free"

"P" in assembly line position indicates  
"Lead-Free" qualification to the consumer-level



OR



### Notes:

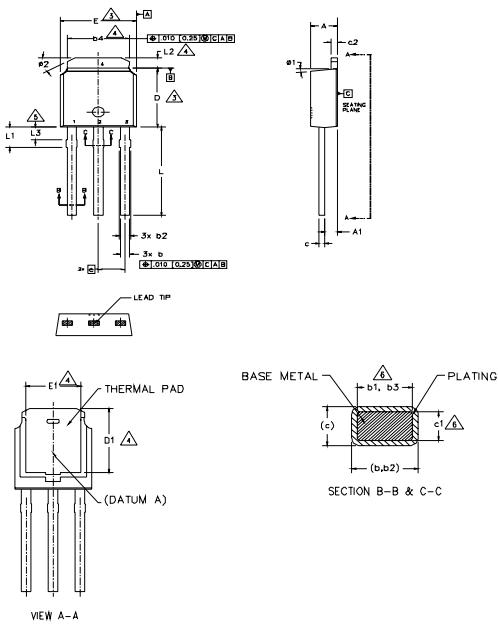
- For an Automotive Qualified version of this part please see <http://www.irf.com/product-info/auto/>
  - For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>
- [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com)

# IRFR/U2607ZPbF

International  
**IR** Rectifier

## I-Pak (TO-251AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



### NOTES:

- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
- 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS]
- 3.- DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005 [0.13] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 4.- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTION WITHIN DIMENSION b4, L2, E1 & D1.
- 5.- LEAD DIMENSION UNCONTROLLED IN L.
- 6.- DIMENSION b1, b3 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 7.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-251AA (Date 06/02).
- 8.- CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.

S Y M B O L	DIMENSIONS		N O T E S
	MILLIMETERS	INCHES	
	MIN.	MAX.	
A	2.18	.239	.086 .094
A1	0.89	1.14	.035 .045
b	0.64	0.89	.025 .035
b1	0.65	0.79	.025 .031
b2	0.76	1.14	.030 .045
b3	0.76	1.04	.030 .041
b4	4.95	5.46	.195 .215
c	0.46	0.61	.018 .024
c1	0.41	0.56	.016 .022
c2	0.46	0.89	.018 .035
D	5.97	6.22	.235 .245
D1	5.21	—	.205 —
E	6.35	6.73	.250 .265
E1	4.32	—	.170 —
e	2.29 BSC	.090 BSC	
L	8.89	9.65	.350 .380
L1	1.91	2.29	.045 .090
L2	0.89	1.27	.035 .050
L3	1.14	1.52	.045 .060
ø1	0°	15°	0° 15°
ø2	25°	35°	25° 35°

### LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

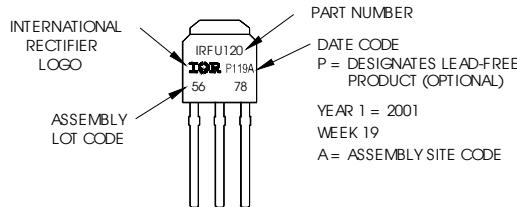
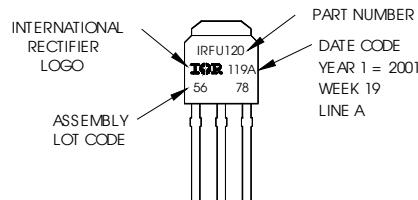
- HEXFET  
 1.- GATE  
 2.- DRAIN  
 3.- SOURCE  
 4.- DRAIN

## I-Pak (TO-251AA) Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFU120  
 WITH ASSEMBLY  
 LOT CODE 5678  
 ASSEMBLED ON WV19, 2001  
 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "A"

Note: "P" in assembly line position  
 indicates Lead-Free®

OR

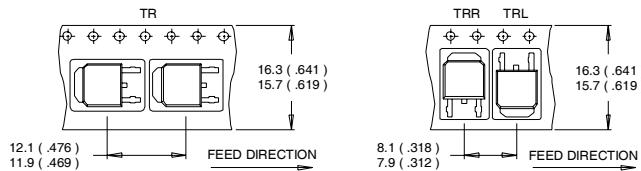


### Notes:

1. For an Automotive Qualified version of this part please see <http://www.irf.com/product-info/auto/>
2. For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

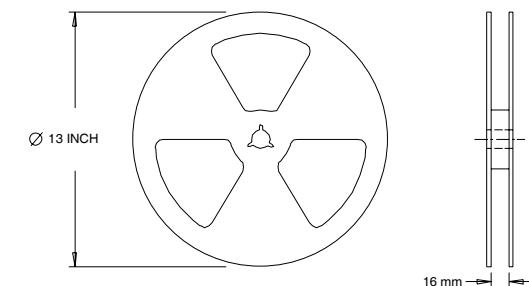
## D-Pak (TO-252AA) Tape & Reel Information

Dimensions are shown in millimeters



NOTES :

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS ( INCHES ).
3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



NOTES :

1. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481.

**Notes:**

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 11).
- ② Limited by  $T_{J\max}$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 0.21\text{mH}$   $R_G = 25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 30\text{A}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ . Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ③ Pulse width  $\leq 1.0\text{ms}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ④  $C_{oss\ eff.}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑤ Limited by  $T_{J\max}$ , see Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16 for typical repetitive avalanche performance.
- ⑥ This value determined from sample failure population. 100% tested to this value in production.
- ⑦ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994
- ⑧  $R_\theta$  is measured at  $T_J$  approximately  $90^\circ\text{C}$

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
 This product has been designed for the Industrial market.  
 Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International  
**IR** Rectifier

**IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS:** 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105  
 TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

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