

Absolute Maximum Ratings


Parameter	IRFM150, JANTXV, JANTX-, 2N7224	Units
I_D @ $V_{GS} = 10V, T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current	34
I_D @ $V_{GS} = 10V, T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current	21
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	136
P_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ C$	Max. Power Dissipation	150
	Linear Derating Factor	1.2
		W/K ⑤
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	150 (See Fig. 12)
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	34 (See E_{AR})
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	15 (See Fig. 13)
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	5.5 (See Fig. 13)
T_J	Operating Junction Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150
T_{STG}	Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6 mm) from case for 10s)
	Weight	9.3 (typical)
		g

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ C$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS}	100	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 1.0 mA$
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	—	0.13	—	V/°C	Reference to 25°C, $I_D = 1.0 mA$
$R_{DS(on)}$	—	—	0.07	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 21A$ ④
	—	—	0.081		$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 34A$
$V_{GS(th)}$	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu A$
g_{fs}	9.0	—	—	S (f)	$V_{DS} \geq 15V, I_{DS} = 21A$ ④
I_{DSS}	—	—	25	μA	$V_{DS} = 0.8 \times \text{Max. Rating}, V_{GS} = 0V$
	—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 0.8 \times \text{Max. Rating}$ $V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ C$
I_{GSS}	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
I_{GSS}	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
Q_g	50	—	125	nC	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 34A$
Q_{gs}	8	—	22		$V_{DS} = 0.5 \times \text{Max. Rating}$
Q_{gd}	15	—	65		See Fig. 6 and 14
$t_{d(on)}$	—	—	35	ns	$V_{DD} = 50V, I_D = 34A, R_G = 2.35\Omega$
t_r	—	—	190		See Fig. 11
$t_{d(off)}$	—	—	170		
t_f	—	—	130		
L_D	—	8.7	—	nH	Measured from the drain lead, 6 mm (0.25 in.) from package to center of die.
L_S	—	8.7	—		Measured from the source lead, 6 mm (0.25 in.) from package to source bonding pad.
C_{iss}	—	3700	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V$
C_{oss}	—	1100	—		$f = 1.0 MHz$
C_{rss}	—	200	—		See Fig. 5
C_{DC}	—	12	—		



Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	34	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral Reverse p-n junction rectifier. 
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	136		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.8	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_S = 34\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	—	500	nS	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F = 34\text{A}$, $di/dt \leq 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ ④
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	—	2.9	μC	$V_{DD} \leq 50\text{V}$
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$.				

Thermal Resistance

Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
R_{thJC}	Junction-to-Case	—	—	0.83	K/W ⑤	Mounting surface flat, smooth, and greased
R_{thCS}	Case-to-Sink	—	0.21	—		
R_{thJA}	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	48		

① Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see figure 9) Refer to current HEXFET reliability report

② @ $V_{DD} = 25\text{V}$, Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$,
 $L \geq 200\ \mu\text{H}$, $R_G = 25\ \Omega$,
 Peak $I_L = 34\text{A}$

③ $I_{SD} \leq 34\text{A}$, $di/dt \leq 70\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$,
 $V_{DD} \leq BV_{DSS}$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$
 Suggested $R_G = 2.35\ \Omega$

④ Pulse width $\leq 300\ \mu\text{s}$; Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$

⑤ $\text{K/W} = ^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
 $\text{W/K} = \text{W}/^\circ\text{C}$

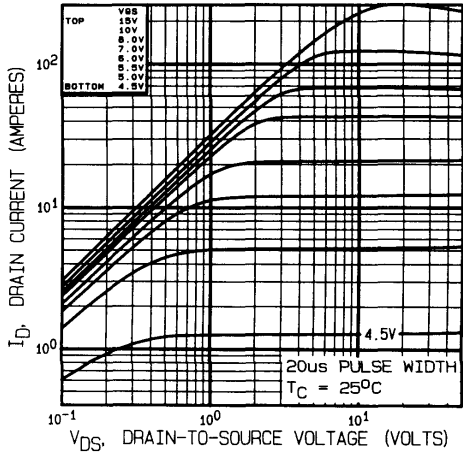


Fig. 1 — Typical Output Characteristics, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

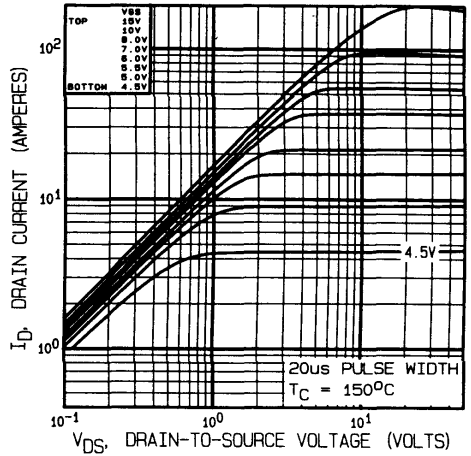


Fig. 2 — Typical Output Characteristics, $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$

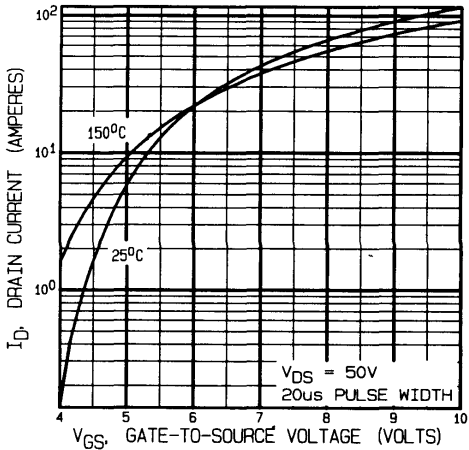


Fig. 3 — Typical Transfer Characteristics

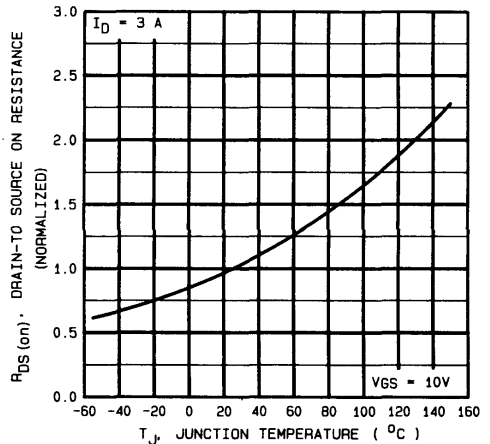


Fig. 4 — Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

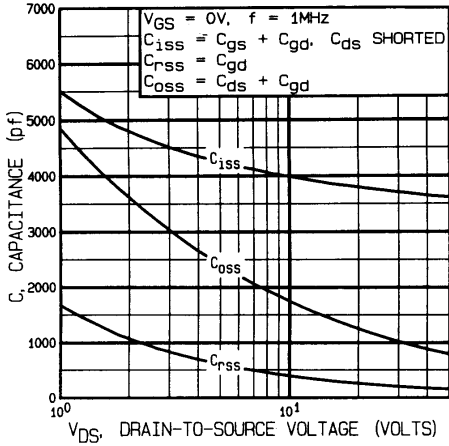


Fig. 5 — Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

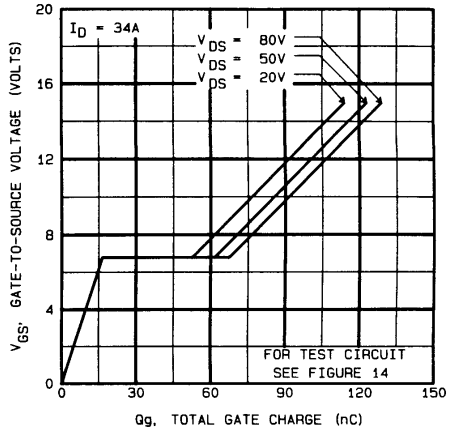


Fig. 6 — Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

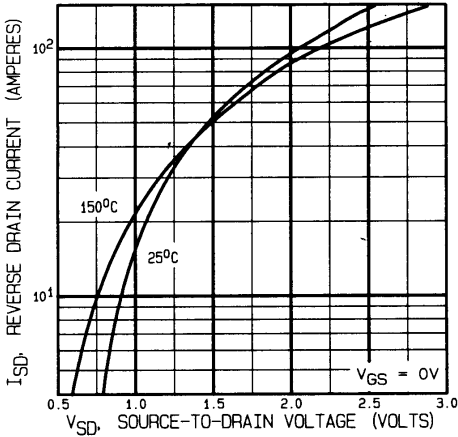


Fig. 7 — Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

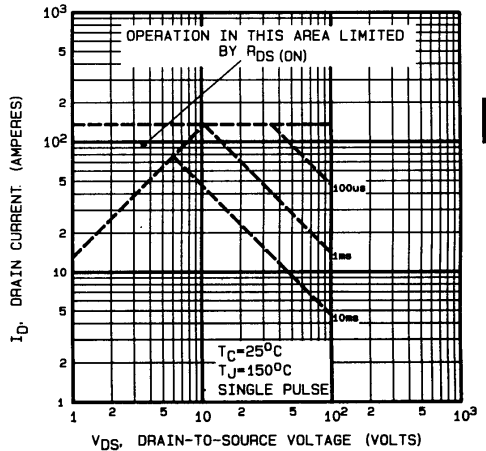


Fig. 8 — Maximum Safe Operating Area

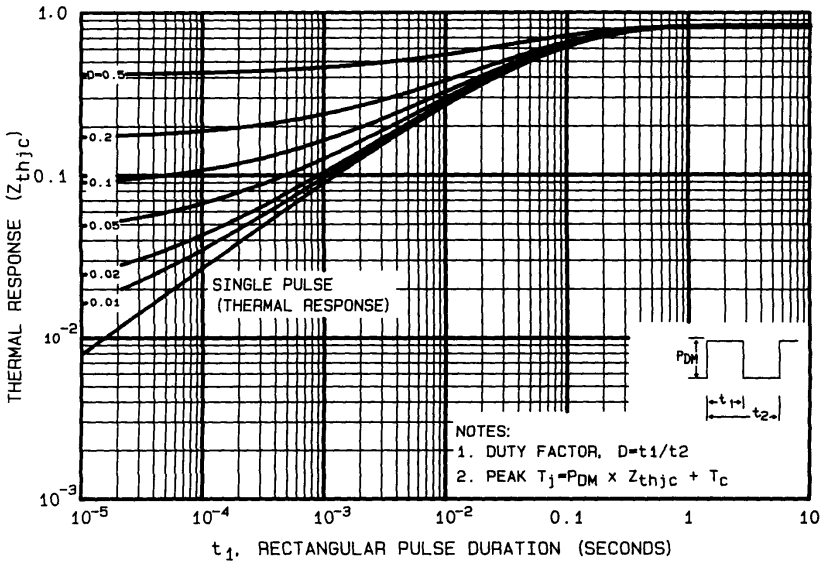


Fig. 9 — Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

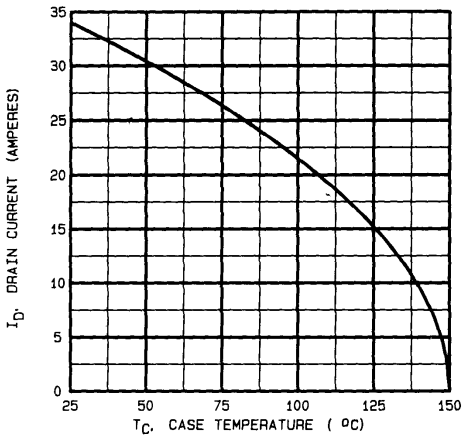


Fig. 10 — Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

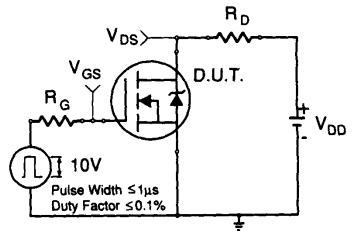


Fig. 11a — Switching Time Test Circuit

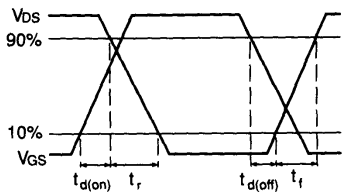
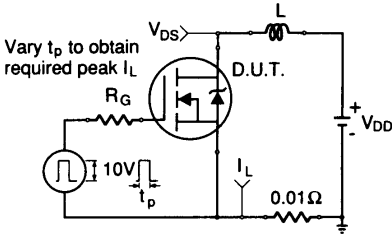
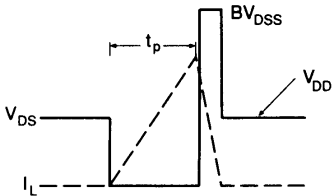
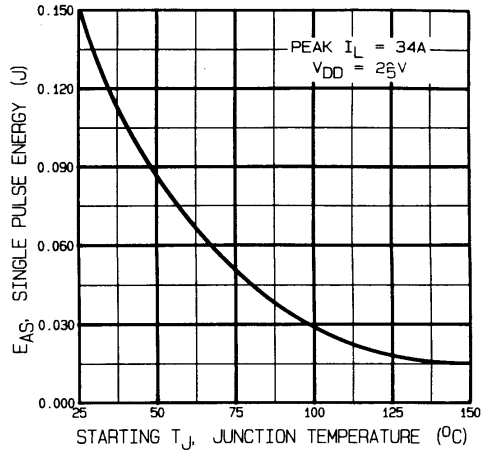
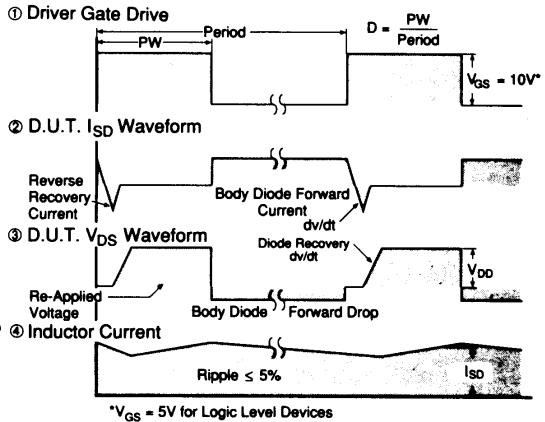
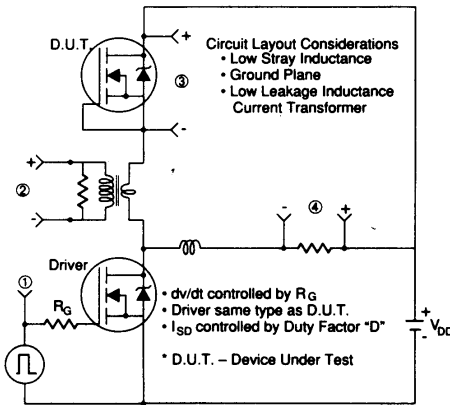


Fig. 11b — Switching Time Waveforms


Fig. 12a — Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

Fig. 12b — Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

Fig. 12c — Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Starting Junction Temperature

Fig. 13 — Peak Diode Recovery $d v/d t$ Test Circuit

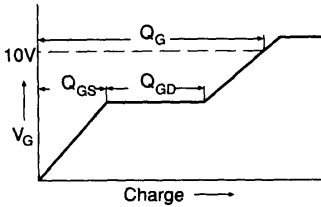


Fig. 14a — Basic Gate Charge Waveform

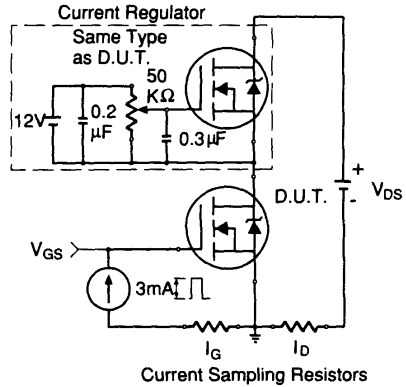


Fig. 14b — Gate Charge Test Circuit

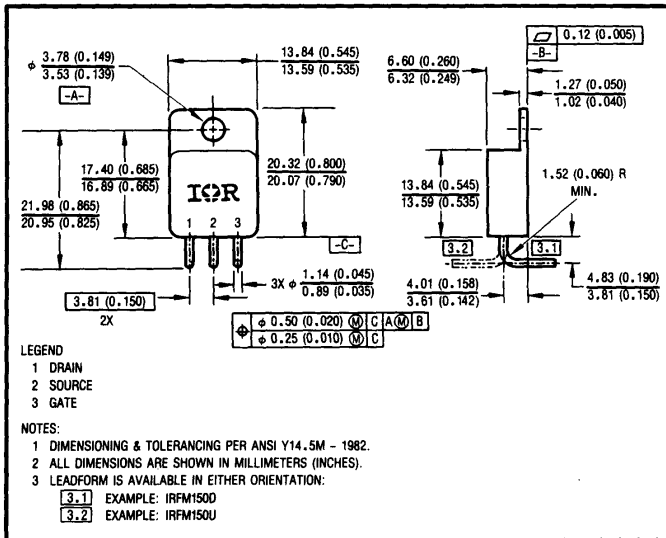


Fig. 15 — Optional Leadforms for Outline TO-254

BERYLLIA WARNING PER MIL-S-19500
 Packages containing beryllia shall not be ground, sandblasted, machined, or have other operations performed on them which will produce beryllia or beryllium dust. Furthermore, beryllium oxide packages shall not be placed in acids that will produce fumes containing beryllium.

单击下面可查看定价，库存，交付和生命周期等信息

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