

# Voltage Transducer LV 100-3000/SP12

For the electronic measurement of voltages: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



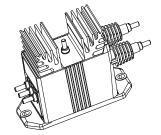
### Electrical data

$U_{PN}$	Primary nominal RMS voltage	je	3000		V
U <sub>PM</sub>	Primary voltage, measuring range		0 ±5000		V
I <sub>PN</sub>	Primary nominal RMS current		3.33		mA
R <sub>M</sub>	Measuring resistance		R <sub>M min</sub>	R <sub>M max</sub>	
M	•	@ ±3000 V <sub>max</sub>	0	210	Ω
		@ ±5000 V <sub>max</sub>	0	102	Ω
	with ±24 V	@ ±3000 V <sub>max</sub>	100	360	Ω
	WITH TZ4 V	@ ±5000 V <sub>max</sub>	100	190	Ω
T		@ ±5000 V <sub>max</sub>	50	190	
I <sub>SN</sub>	Secondary nominal RMS cu	nem			mA
S	Sensitivity		16.67		µA/V
$U_{c}$	Supply voltage (±5 %)		±15 2		V
I <sub>c</sub>	Current consumption		< 37 (@	±24 V) +	I <sub>s</sub> mA
		rformanco data			
P	Accuracy - Dynamic per	normalice uala			
ε.	Total error @ $U_{a}$ $T_{a}$ = 25 °C	C	±0.9		%
Etot	Total error @ $U_{PN}$ , $T_{A} = 25 \circ C$	C			
ε <sub>tot</sub> ε <sub>L</sub>	Total error @ $U_{PN}$ , $T_{A}$ = 25 °C Linearity error	2	< 0.1	Мах	% %
ε <sub>L</sub>	Linearity error			Max	%
ε <sub>L</sub> I <sub>O</sub>	Linearity error Offset current @ $U_p = 0$ , $T_A =$	= 25 °C	< 0.1 Typ	±0.2	% mA
ε <sub>L</sub>	Linearity error	= 25 °C −25 °C … +70 °C	< 0.1 Typ ±0.3	±0.2 ±0.6	% mA mA
ε <sub>L</sub> I <sub>O</sub>	Linearity error Offset current @ $U_p = 0$ , $T_A =$	= 25 °C −25 °C … +70 °C −40 °C … +70 °C	< 0.1 Typ ±0.3 ±0.4	±0.2 ±0.6 ±0.8	mA mA mA
ε <sub>L</sub> I <sub>O</sub>	Linearity error Offset current @ $U_p = 0$ , $T_A =$ Temperature variation of $I_0$	= 25 °C -25 °C +70 °C -40 °C +70 °C -40 °C +85 °C	< 0.1 Typ ±0.3 ±0.4 ±0.4	±0.2 ±0.6	% mA mA
ε <sub>L</sub> I <sub>O</sub>	Linearity error Offset current @ $U_p = 0$ , $T_A =$	= 25 °C -25 °C +70 °C -40 °C +70 °C -40 °C +85 °C	< 0.1 Typ ±0.3 ±0.4	±0.2 ±0.6 ±0.8	mA mA mA

$T_{A}$	Ambient operating temperature		-40 +85	°C
$T_{\rm Ast}$	Ambient storage temperature		-45 +85	°C
	Turns ratio		30000 : 2000	
P <sub>P</sub>	Total primary power loss		10	W
R <sub>P</sub>	Resistance of primary winding	@ T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	900	kΩ
R <sub>s</sub>	Resistance of secondary winding	@ T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C	55	Ω
0		@ T <sub>A</sub> = 85 °C	57	Ω
т	Mass		790	g
	Standard <sup>1)</sup>		EN 50155: 2017	

Note: <sup>1)</sup>Additional information available on request.

# $U_{\rm PN}$ = 3000 V



#### **Features**

- Closed loop (compensated) voltage transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- Primary resistor incorporated within the housing.

#### **Special features**

- U<sub>c</sub> = ±15 ... 24 (±5 %) V
- $U_{d}^{-}$  = 12 kV
- T<sub>A</sub> = -40 °C ... +85 °C
- Connection to secondary circuit on M5 threaded studs
- Personalized label.

#### **Advantages**

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized delay time
- Wide frequency bandwith
- High immunity to external interference.

#### **Applications**

- Single or three phase inverters
- Propulsion and braking choppers
- Propulsion converters
- Auxiliary converters
- Battery chargers.

#### **Application domain**

• Railway (fixed installations and onboard).

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LEM reserves the right to carry out modifications on its transducers, in order to improve them, without prior notice

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## Voltage Transducer LV 100-3000/SP12

- I	Insulation coordination					
$U_{\rm d}$	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	12 Min	kV			
$d_{Cp}$	Creepage distance	164.8	mm			
d <sub>CI</sub>	Clearance	47.1	mm			
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group I)	600				

# Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary connections, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

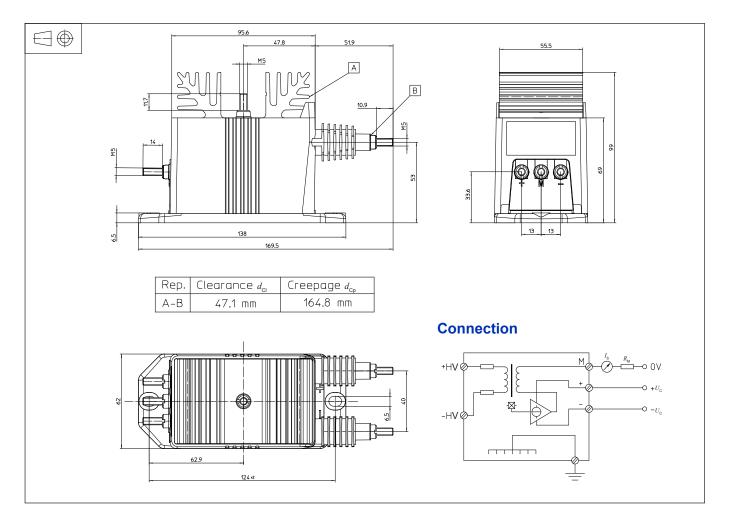
A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

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## Dimensions LV 100-3000/SP12 (in mm)



# **Mechanical characteristics**

- General tolerance
- Transducer fastening
- Recommended fastening torque
- Connection of primary Recommended fastening torque
- Connection of secondary Recommended fastening torque
- Connection of ground Recommended fastening torque
- ±0.5 mm 2 holes Ø 6.5 mm
- 2 M6 steel screws
- 5 N∙m
- M5 threaded studs
- 2.2 N∙m
- M5 threaded studs
- 2.2 N·m
- M5 threaded stud 2.2 N·m

# Remarks

- $I_{\rm S}$  is positive when  $U_{\rm P}$  is applied on terminal +HV.
- The primary circuit of the transducer must be linked to the connections where the voltage has to be measured.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: https://www.lem.com/en/file/3137/download/.

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单击下面可查看定价,库存,交付和生命周期等信息

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