

Current Transducer LA 306-S

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.











Electrical data

| $I_{\scriptscriptstyle{PN}}$ | Primary nominal rms current @ T_A = 70 °C | 400 | Α |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----|
| I_{PN} | Primary nominal rms current @ T _A = 85 °C | 300 | Α |
| $I_{\scriptscriptstyle{PM}}$ | Primary current, measuring range | 0 ± 700 | Α |
| $R_{\rm M}$ | Measuring resistance @ T_A = 70 °C | $R_{\text{M min}}$ $R_{\text{M max}}$ | |
| | with \pm 15 V @ \pm 400 A _{max} | 0 35 | Ω |
| | @ ± 700 A max | 0 6 | Ω |
| I_{\scriptscriptstyleSN} | Secondary nominal rms current @ T_A = 70 °C | 200 | mA |
| I_{\scriptscriptstyleSN} | Secondary nominal rms current @ T _A = 85 °C | 150 | mA |
| K_{N} | Conversion ratio | 1:2000 | |
| $U_{\rm c}$ | Supply voltage (± 5 %) | ± 15 | V |
| $I_{_{ m C}}$ | Current consumption | 25 + $I_{\rm S}$ | mA |

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

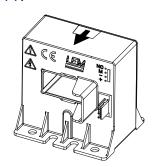
| X_{G} | Overall accuracy @ $I_{\rm PN}$, $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | ± 0.7 | | % |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_{_{\!\scriptscriptstyle L}}$ | Linearity error | < 0.1 | | % |
| _ | | Тур | Max | |
| $I_{_{ m O}}$ | Offset current @ I_P = 0, T_A = 25 °C | | ± 0.3 | mA |
| $I_{\scriptscriptstyle OM}$ | Magnetic offset current @ $I_p = 0$ and specified R_M , | | | |
| | after an overload of 3 x I_{PN} | | ± 0.3 | mA |
| $I_{\scriptscriptstyle{	extsf{OT}}}$ | Temperature variation of I_{\odot} - 40 °C + 85 °C | ± 0.2 | ± 0.5 | mA |
| t_{r} | Step of response time to 90 % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | < 1 | | μs |
| d <i>i/</i> dt | di/dt accurately followed | > 50 | | A/µs |
| BW | Frequency bandwidth (- 3 dB) | DC : | 50 | kHz |

General data

7March2014/version 5

| $T_{_{A}}$ | Ambient operating temperature | - 40 + 85 | °C |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|----|
| $T_{\rm s}$ | Ambient storage temperature | - 45 + 90 | °C |
| $R_{\rm s}$ | Resistance of secondary winding @ T_A = 85 °C | 33 | Ω |
| m | Mass | 137 | g |
| | Standards | EN 50178: 1997 | |
| | | UL 508: 2010 | |
| | | | |

$I_{_{\rm PN}}$ = 300 A



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall
- · Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- · Low temperature drift
- · Optimized response time
- · Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- · Current overload capability.

Applications

- · AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

• Industrial.

N° 97.C9.46.000.0 Page 1/3



Current Transducer LA 306-S

| Ins | sulation coordination | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------|----|
| $U_{_{ m d}}$ | Rms voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min | 5.5 | kV |
| \hat{U}_{W}^{u} | Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs | 10 | kV |
| •• | | Min | |
| d_{Cn} | Creepage distance | 19 | mm |
| $oldsymbol{d}_{	extsf{CP}} \ oldsymbol{d}_{	extsf{CI}}$ | Clearance | 11.2 | mm |
| CTI | Comparative tracking index (group I) | 600 | |

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

| | EN 50178 | IEC 61010-1 |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| $d_{\text{Cp}}, d_{\text{Cl}}, \hat{U}_{\text{W}}$ | Rated insulation voltage | Nominal voltage |
| Basic insulation | 1000 V | 1000 V |
| Reinforced insulation | 500 V | 500 V |

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

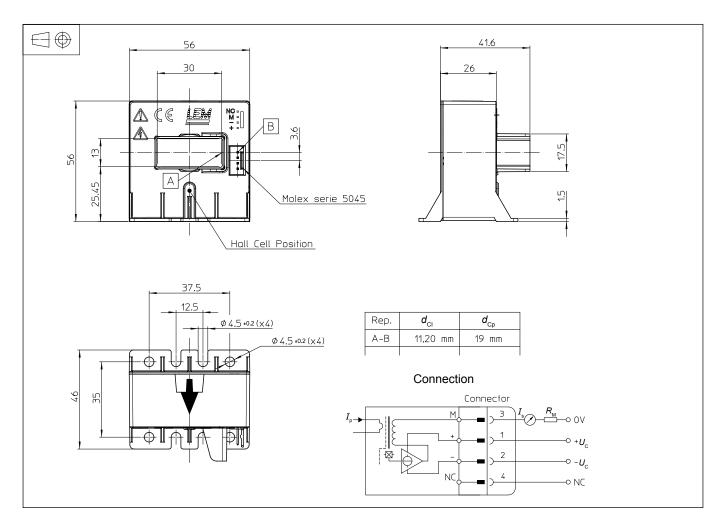
A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

Page 2/3



Dimensions LA 306-S (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance

Transducer fastening

Recommended fastening torque 2.9 N·m or

Recommended fastening torque 2.9 N·m

Primary through-hole

Connection of secondary

± 0.5 mm

4 holes Ø 4.5 mm

4 M4 steel screws

4 slots Ø 4.5 mm

4 M4 steel screws

13 × 30 mm

Molex 5045 connector

Remarks

- $\bullet \ \ I_{\rm S}$ is positive when $I_{\rm P}$ flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: **Products/Product Documentation.**
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and response time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.

Page 3/3

单击下面可查看定价,库存,交付和生命周期等信息

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