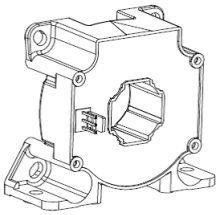
Current Transducer LF 305-S

I_{PN} = 300 A

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



Electrical data

I_{PN}	Primary nominal rms current				300			A
I_{PM}	Primary current, measuring range				0 .. ± 500			A
R_M	Measuring resistance @		T_A = 70 °C		T_A = 85 °C			
			$R_{M\,min}$	$R_{M\,max}$	$R_{M\,min}$	$R_{M\,max}$		
	with ± 12 V	@ ± 300 A_{max}	0	37	0	35		Ω
		@ ± 500 A_{max}	0	10	0	8		Ω
	with ± 15 V	@ ± 300 A_{max}	0	56	0	54		Ω
		@ ± 500 A_{max}	0	21	0	19		Ω
	with ± 20 V	@ ± 300 A_{max}	0	88	0	86		Ω
		@ ± 500 A_{max}	0	40	0	38		Ω
I_{SN}	Secondary nominal rms current				150			mA
K_N	Conversion ratio				1 : 2000			
U_C	Supply voltage (± 5 %)				± 12 .. 20			V
I_C	Current consumption				26 (@ ± 20 V) + I_S			mA

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X_G	Overall accuracy @ I_{PN}, T_A = 25 °C		± 0.5		%
ε_L	Linearity error		< 0.1		%
			Typ	Max	
I_O	Offset current @ I_P = 0, T_A = 25 °C			± 0.2	mA
I_{OM}	Magnetic offset current [1] @ I_P = 0 and specified R_M after an overload of 3 x I_{PN}			± 0.2	mA
I_{OT}	Temperature variation of I_O	- 10 °C .. + 70 °C	± 0.1	± 0.3	mA
		- 40 °C .. + 85 °C	± 0.2	± 0.7	mA
t_{ra}	Reaction time to 10 % of I_{PN}		< 500		ns
t_r	Step response time [2] to 90 % of I_{PN}		< 1		µs
d*i*/d*t*	d*i*/d*t* accurately followed		> 100		A/µs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (- 1 dB)		DC .. 100		kHz

General data

T_A	Ambient operating temperature		- 40 .. + 85	°C
T_S	Ambient storage temperature		- 40 .. + 85	°C
R_S	Resistance of secondary winding	@ T_A = 70 °C	30	Ω
		@ T_A = 85 °C	32	Ω
m	Mass		95	g
	Standards		EN 50178: 1997	
			UL 508: 2010	

Notes: [1] The result of the coercive field of the magnetic circuit

[2] With a d*i*/d*t* of 100 A/µs.

Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

- Industrial.

Current Transducer LF 305-S

Insulation coordination

U_d	Rms voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	3.8	kV
$\hat{U}_W$	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	10	kV
		Min	
d_{Cp}	Creepage distance	11.1	mm
d_{Cl}	Clearance	10.6	mm
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group IIIa)	175	

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
d_{Cp}, d_{Cl}, $\hat{U}_W$	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	1000 V	1000 V
Reinforced insulation	500 V	500 V

Safety

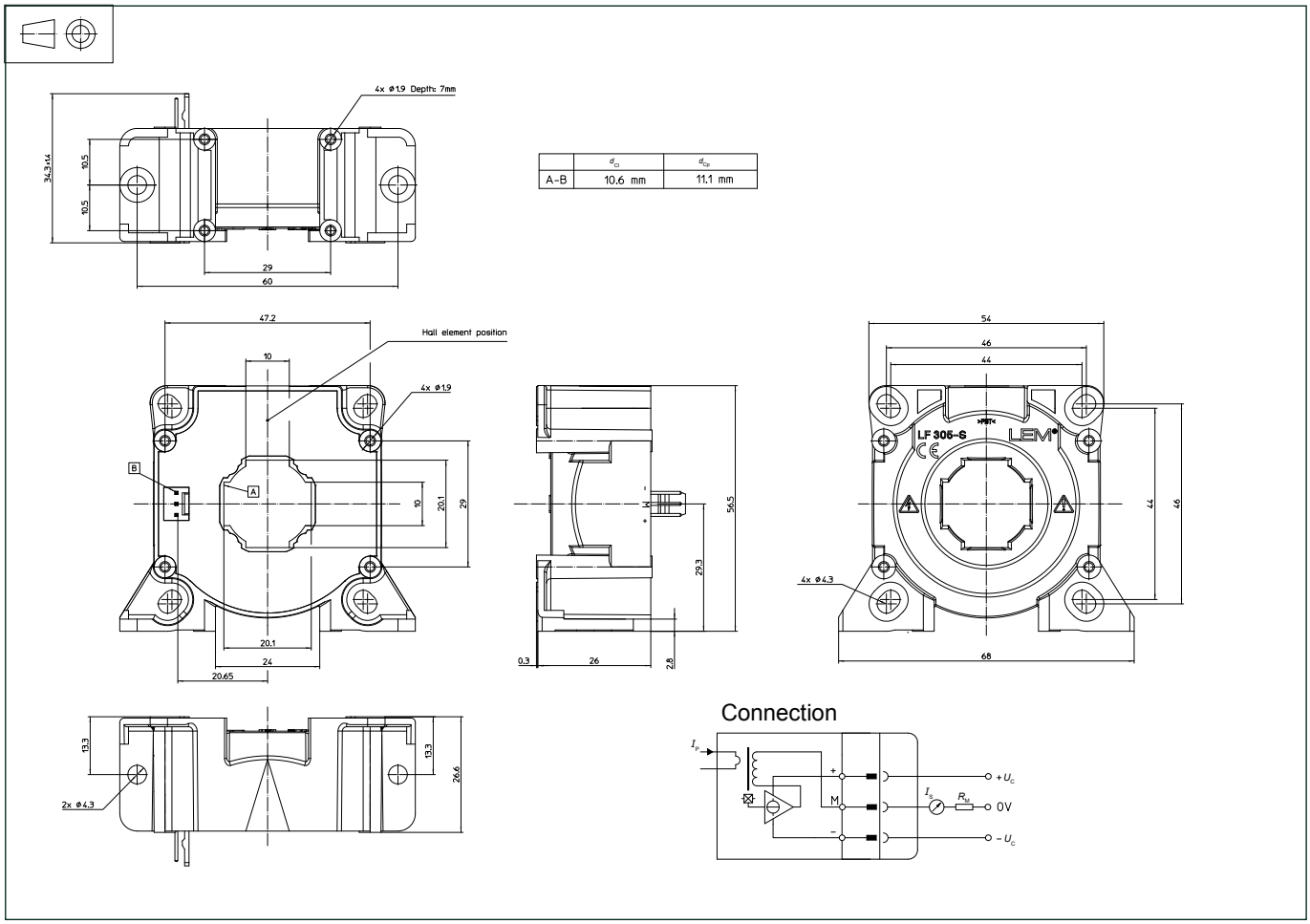
This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.

This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.

Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).
Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.
This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.
A protective housing or additional shield could be used.
Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

Dimensions LF 305-S (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance ± 0.5 mm
- Transducer fastening
  Vertical position 2 holes Ø 4.3 mm
  2 M4 steel screws
  Recommended fastening torque 3.2 N·m
  or 4 holes Ø 1.9 mm,
  depth: 7 mm
  4 PTKA 25 screws
  length: 6 mm
  Recommended fastening torque 0.7 N·m
- Transducer fastening
  Horizontal position 4 holes Ø 4.3 mm
  4 M4 steel screws
  Recommended fastening torque 3.2 N·m
  or 4 holes Ø 1.9 mm
  crossing
  4 PTKA 25 screws,
  length: 10 mm
  Recommended fastening torque 0.75 N·m
- Primary through-hole Ø 20.1 mm
- Connection of secondary Molex 6410
  3 Tin plated pins

Remarks

- I_S is positive when I_P flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: **Products/Product Documentation**.
- Dynamic performances (d*i*/d*t* and response time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.

单击下面可查看定价，库存，交付和生命周期等信息

>>LEM(莱姆)