

## 500mA, Low Quiescent, Low Dropout LDO Linear Regulators

### ME6210 Series

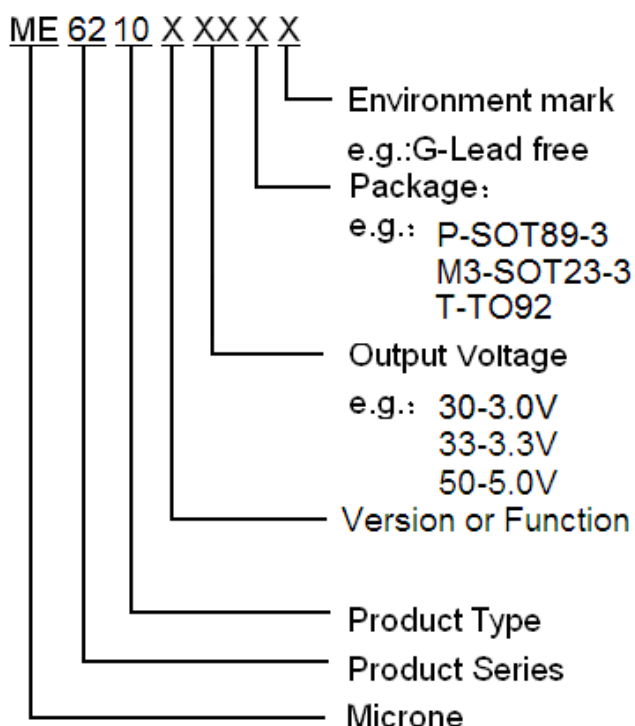
#### General Description

ME6210 series are low quiescent, low-dropout linear voltage regulators. ME6210 series are based on the CMOS process and allow high voltage input. The allow operation voltage as high as 18V. ME6210 series have short circuit protection function.

#### Features

- High output accuracy:  $\pm 2\%$
- Input voltage: 2V to 18V
- Output voltage: 1.5V ~ 5.0V
- Ultra-low quiescent current (Typ. = 1.5  $\mu$ A)
- Output Current:  $I_{out} = 500\text{mA}$   
(When  $V_{in} = 4\text{V}$  and  $V_{out} = 3\text{V}$ )
- Low dropout voltage: 11mV @  $I_{out} = 10\text{mA}$  (Typ.  $V_{out} = 3.0\text{V}$ )
- Input good stability: Typ. 0.03% / V
- Short-circuit Current: Typ. 50mA
- Ceramic capacitor can be used
- Package: SOT89-3, SOT23-3, TO-92.

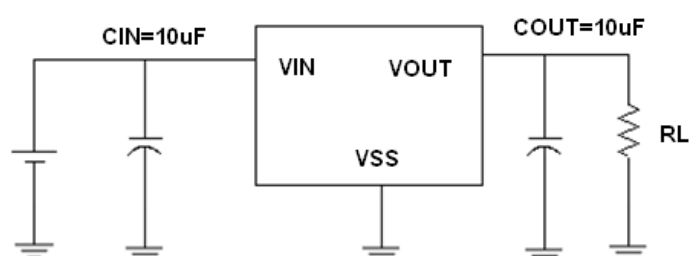
#### Selection Guide



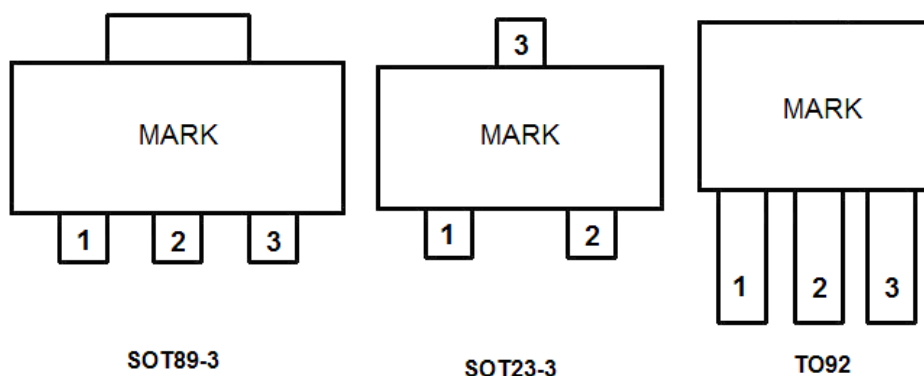
#### Typical Application

- Power source for home electric/electronic appliances
- Power source for battery-powered devices
- Power source for personal communication devices

#### Typical Application Circuit



## Pin Configuration



## Pin Assignment

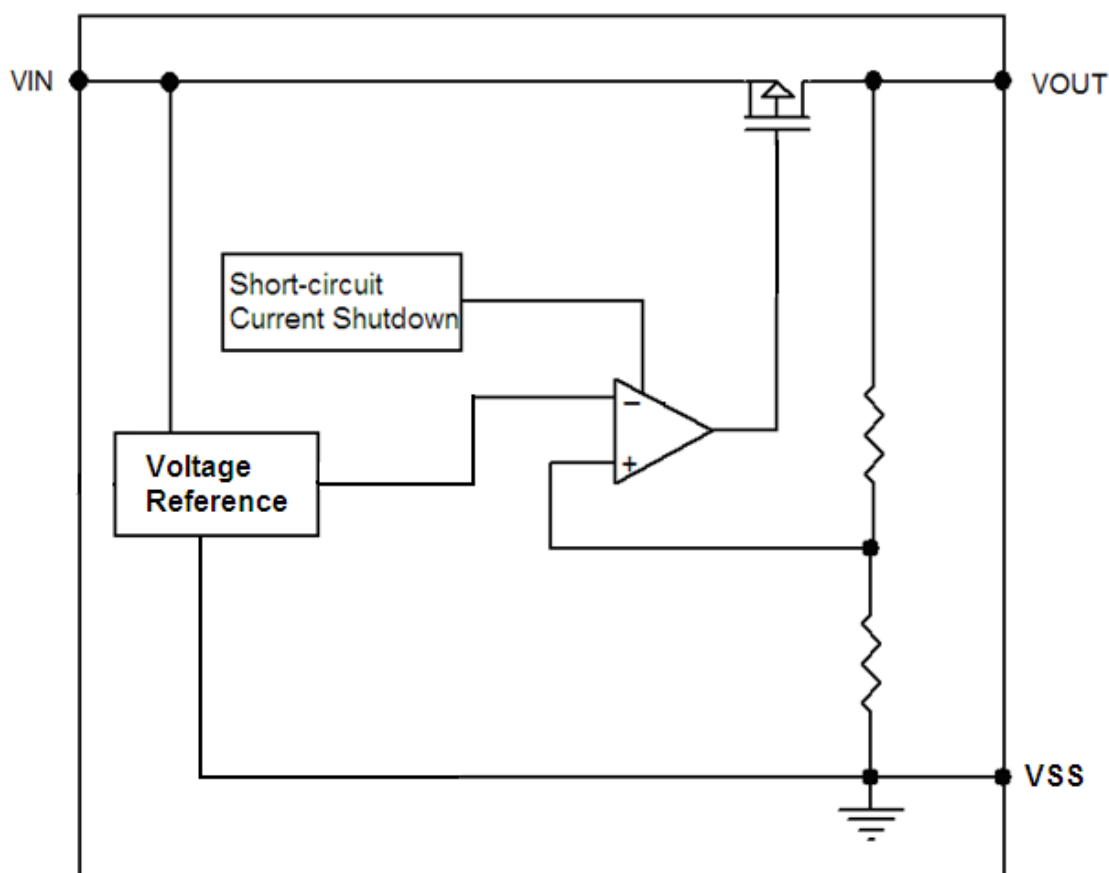
ME6210AXX

Pin Number		Pin Name	Functions
SOT89-3 / TO92	SOT23-3		
1	1	$V_{SS}$	Ground
2	3	$V_{IN}$	Power Input
3	2	$V_{OUT}$	Output

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Units
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	18	V
Output Current	$I_{OUT}$	700	mA
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	$V_{SS}-0.3 \sim V_{IN} + 0.3$	V
Power Dissipation	SOT89-3	$P_D$	500
	TO92		500
	SOT23-3		300
Operating Temperature Range	$T_{OPR}$	$-25 \sim +85$	$^{\circ}C$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	$-40 \sim +125$	$^{\circ}C$
Lead Temperature		$260^{\circ}C, 10sec$	

## Block Diagram



## Electrical Characteristics

### ME6210A30

( $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\mu F$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT(E)}$ (Note 2)	$I_{OUT} = 40mA$ , $V_{IN} = V_{out} + 1V$	X 0.98	$V_{OUT(T)}$ (Note 1)	X 1.02	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				18	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\_max}$	$V_{IN} = V_{out} + 1V$	500	500		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN} = V_{out} + 1V$ , $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 200mA$		12	30	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{DIF1}$	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$		11	14	mV
	$V_{DIF2}$	$I_{OUT} = 100mA$		110	140	mV
	$V_{DIF3}$	$I_{OUT} = 200mA$		220	280	mV

Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN}=V_{out}+1V$		1.5	2.5	$\mu A$
Line Regulations	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times V_{OUT}$	$I_{OUT}=10mA$ $V_{out}+1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 18V$		0.03	0.1	%/V
Temperature coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta Ta} \times V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=V_{out}+1V, I_{OUT}=10mA$ $-40^{\circ}C \leq Ta \leq 125^{\circ}C$		$\pm 60$	$\pm 100$	Ppm/ $^{\circ}C$
Short-circuit Current	$I_{short}$	$V_{IN}=V_{out}+1V$		50	70	mA

### ME6210A33

( $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=10\mu F$ ,  $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}(E)$ (Note 2)	$I_{OUT}=40mA$ , $V_{IN}=V_{out}+1V$	X 0.98	$V_{OUT}(T)$ (Note 1)	X 1.02	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				18	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\_max}$	$V_{IN}=V_{out}+1V$	500	500		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=V_{out}+1V$ , $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 200mA$		12	30	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{DIF1}$	$I_{OUT}=10mA$		10	13	mV
	$V_{DIF2}$	$I_{OUT}=100mA$		100	130	mV
	$V_{DIF3}$	$I_{OUT}=200mA$		200	260	mV
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN}=V_{out}+1V$		1.6	2.5	$\mu A$
Line Regulations	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times V_{OUT}$	$I_{OUT}=10mA$ $V_{out}+1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 18V$		0.03	0.1	%/V
Temperature coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta Ta} \times V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=V_{out}+1V, I_{OUT}=10mA$ $-40^{\circ}C \leq Ta \leq 125^{\circ}C$		$\pm 60$	$\pm 100$	Ppm/ $^{\circ}C$
Short-circuit Current	$I_{short}$	$V_{IN}=V_{out}+1V$		50	70	mA

### ME6210A50

( $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=10\mu F$ ,  $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}(E)$ (Note 2)	$I_{OUT}=40mA$ , $V_{IN}=V_{out}+1V$	X 0.98	$V_{OUT}(T)$ (Note 1)	X 1.02	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				18	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\_max}$	$V_{IN}=V_{out}+1V$	500	500		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN}=V_{out}+1V$ , $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 200mA$		10	30	mV

Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{DIF1}$	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$		8	11	mV
	$V_{DIF2}$	$I_{OUT} = 100mA$		80	110	mV
	$V_{DIF3}$	$I_{OUT} = 200mA$		160	220	mV
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN} = V_{out} + 1V$		1.7	2.5	$\mu A$
Line Regulations	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $V_{out} + 1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 18V$		0.03	0.1	%/V
Temperature coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \times V_{OUT}}$	$V_{IN} = V_{out} + 1V, I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $-40^\circ C \leq T_a \leq 125^\circ C$		$\pm 60$	$\pm 100$	Ppm/ $^\circ C$
Short-circuit Current	$I_{short}$	$V_{IN} = V_{out} + 1V$		50	70	mA

Note :

- $V_{OUT}(T)$  : Specified Output Voltage
- $V_{OUT}(E)$  : Effective Output Voltage ( ie. The output voltage when " $V_{OUT}(T) + 1.0V$ " is provided at the Vin pin while maintaining a certain Iout value.)
- $V_{DIF}$ :  $V_{IN1} - V_{OUT}(E)'$   
 $V_{IN1}$  : The input voltage when  $V_{OUT}(E)'$  appears as input voltage is gradually decreased.  
 $V_{OUT}(E)'$  = A voltage equal to 98% of the output voltage whenever an amply stabilized Iout and  $\{V_{OUT}(T) + 1.0V\}$  is input.

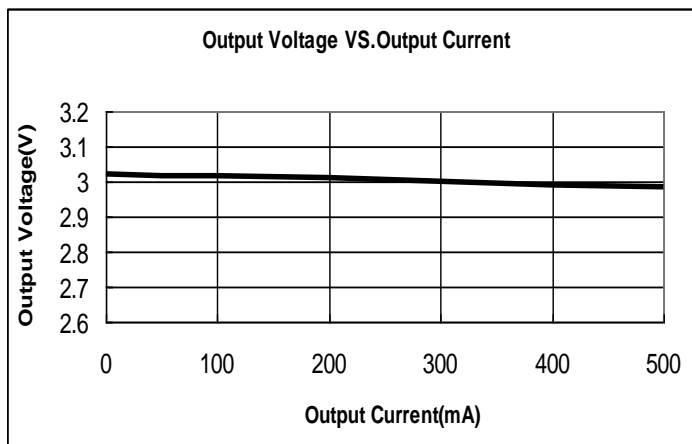
## Precautions

- During the test, if AC/DC power supply and the ceramic chip capacitors collocation is used, there may be serious voltage spike phenomenon instantaneously. When the power supply access to 15V, the voltage is rushed to about 30V instantaneously. Because of exceeding the limit voltage of chip, the chip is damaged. If you string a small resistance of 1 ohm in the input end during the test, the peak phenomenon can be avoided.
- In the test, there is serious burr phenomenon only when the AC/DC power is used with ceramic chip capacitors. But electrolytic capacitors and tantalum capacitance won't appear above phenomenon. Please be sure to pay attention to this point when you use AC/DC power.
- In normal use, when any type of capacitor is used with battery or the supply of fire power, the above phenomenon doesn't occur.

## Type Characteristics

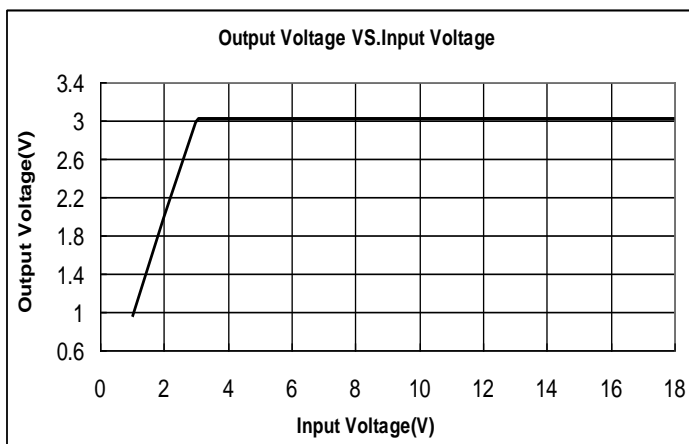
(1) Output Voltage VS. Output Current

( $T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IN}=4\text{V}$ ) ME6210A30



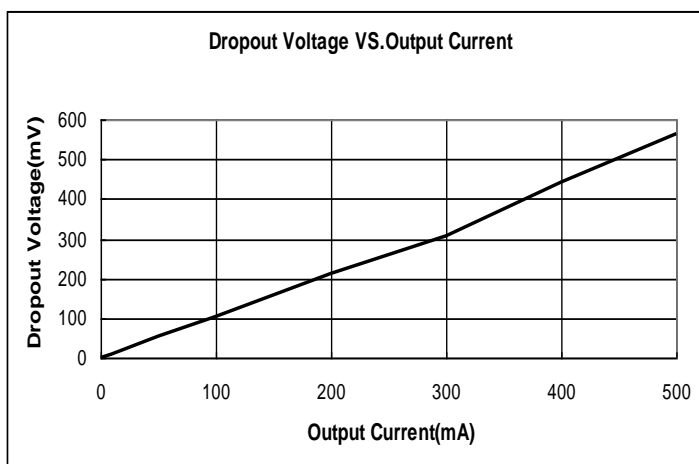
(2) Output Voltage VS. Input Voltage

( $T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $I_{out}=10\text{mA}$ ) ME6210A30



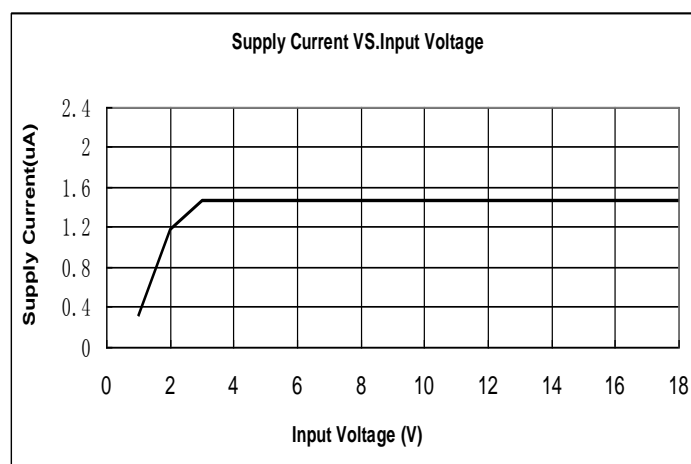
(3) Dropout Voltage VS. Output Current

( $T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) ME6210A30

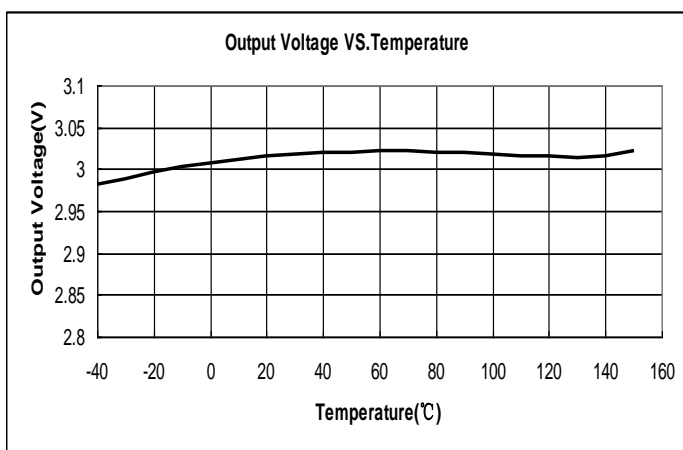


(4) Supply Current VS. Input Voltage

( $T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ) ME6210A30

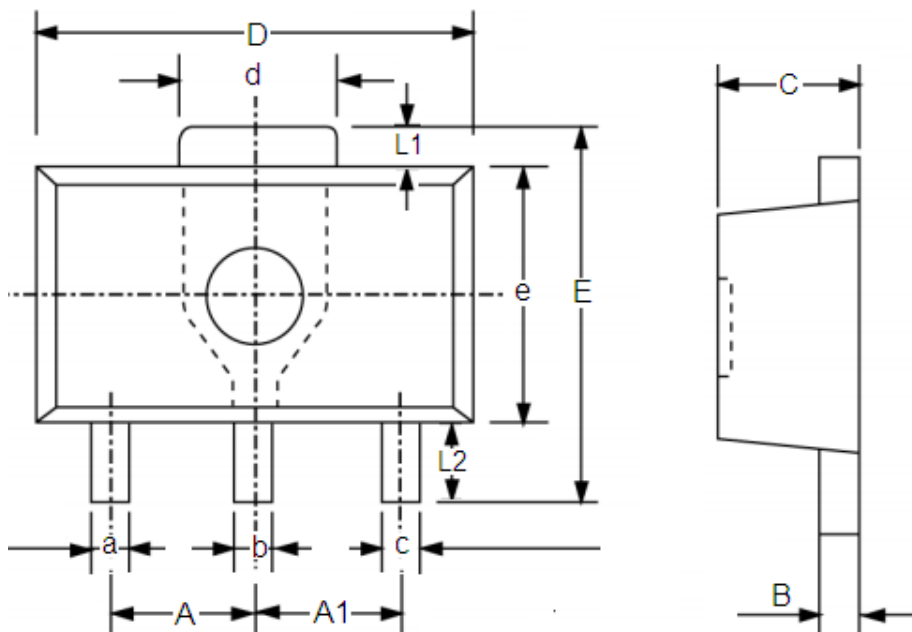


(5) Output Voltage VS. Temperature ( $V_{IN}=4\text{V}$ ,  $I_{out}=10\text{mA}$ ) ME6210A30



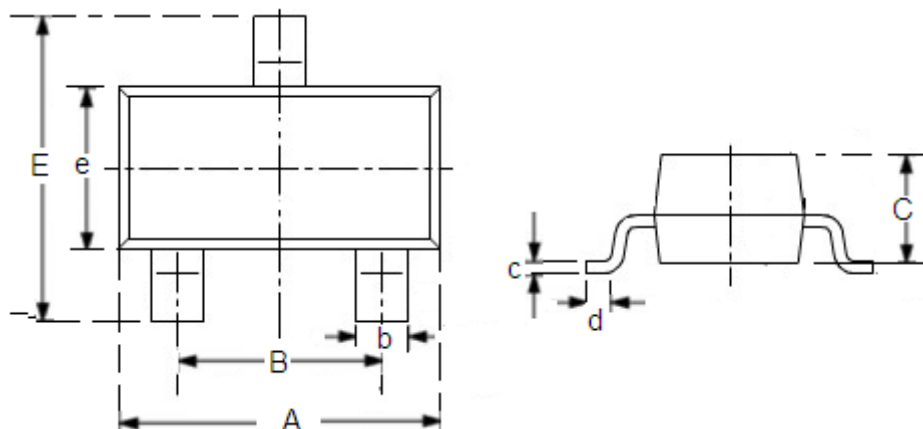
## Packaging Information

● SOT89-3



DIM	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.4	1.6	0.0551	0.0630
A1	1.4	1.6	0.0551	0.0630
a	0.36	0.48	0.0142	0.0189
b	0.41	0.53	0.0161	0.0209
c	0.36	0.48	0.0142	0.0189
d	1.4	1.75	0.0551	0.0689
B	0.38	0.43	0.015	0.0169
C	1.4	1.6	0.0551	0.0630
D	4.4	4.6	0.1732	0.181
E	-	4.25	-	0.1673
e	2.4	2.6	0.0945	0.1023
L1	0.4	-	0.0157	-
L2	0.8	-	0.0315	-

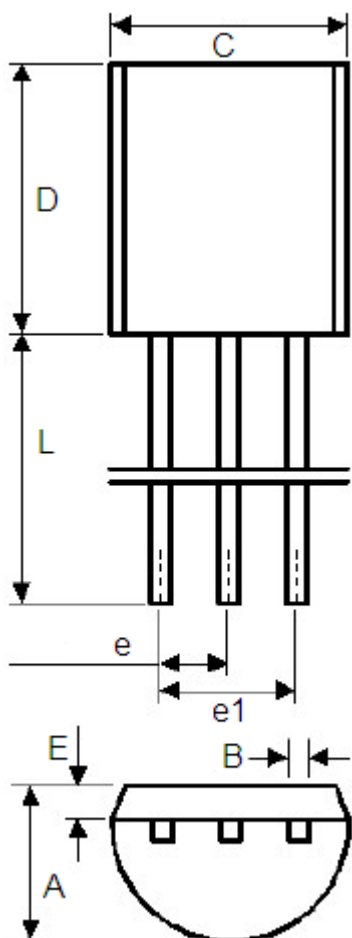
● SOT23-3



DIM	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	2.7	3.1	0.1063	0.122
B	1.7	2.1	0.0669	0.0827
b	0.35	0.5	0.0138	0.0197
C	1.0	1.2	0.0394	0.0472
c	0.1	0.25	0.0039	0.0098
d	0.2	-	0.0079	-
E	2.6	3.0	0.1023	0.1181
e	1.5	1.8	0.059	0.0708



● TO-92



	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	3.4	3.8	0.13386	0.1496
B	0.3	0.5	0.0118	0.0197
C	4.4	4.8	0.1732	0.189
D	4.4	4.8	0.1732	0.189
E	0.9	1.5	0.0354	0.059
e	1.17	1.37	0.046	0.0539
e1	2.39	2.69	0.094	0.1059
L	12	16	0.4724	0.6299

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