CHIP COILS (CHIP INDUCTORS) LQG15HN0000020 REFERENCE SPECIFICATION

1. Scope

This reference specification applies to chip coils (chip inductors) LQG15HN_02 series for general electronic equipment.

2. Part Numbering

(⊑x.) LQ	G	15	Н	N	1N0	S	0	2	D
Product	Structure	Dimension	Application	Category	Inductance	Tolerance	Performance	Electrode	Packaging
ID		$(L \times W)$	and					specification	D: taping
			characteristic						*B: bulk
*B: Bulk	packing is	also available	Э.						

3. Part Number and Rating

Operating temperature range	-55°C to +125°C
Storage temperature range	-55°C to +125°C

		Inductance			DC	Self-resonant	
Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Nominal value (nH)	Tolerance	Q (Min.)	resistance (Ω max.)	frequency (MHz min.)	Rated current (mA)
	LQG15HN1N0B02D	1.0	±0.1 nH	8	0.07	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N0C02D	1.0	±0.2 nH	8	0.07	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N0S02D	1.0	±0.3 nH	8	0.07	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N1B02D	1.1	±0.1 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N1C02D	1.1	±0.2 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N1S02D	1.1	±0.3 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N2B02D	1.2	±0.1 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N2C02D	1.2	±0.2 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N2S02D	1.2	±0.3 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N3B02D	1.3	±0.1 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N3C02D	1.3	±0.2 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N3S02D	1.3	±0.3 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N5B02D	1.5	±0.1 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N5C02D	1.5	±0.2 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N5S02D	1.5	±0.3 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N6B02D	1.6	±0.1 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N6C02D	1.6	±0.2 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N6S02D	1.6	±0.3 nH	8	0.08	6000	1000
	LQG15HN1N8B02D	1.8	±0.1 nH	8	0.08	6000	900
	LQG15HN1N8C02D	1.8	±0.2 nH	8	0.08	6000	900
	LQG15HN1N8S02D	1.8	±0.3 nH	8	0.08	6000	900
	LQG15HN2N0B02D	2.0	±0.1 nH	8	0.09	6000	900
	LQG15HN2N0C02D	2.0	±0.2 nH	8	0.09	6000	900
	LQG15HN2N0S02D	2.0	±0.3 nH	8	0.09	6000	900
	LQG15HN2N2B02D	2.2	±0.1 nH	8	0.09	6000	900
	LQG15HN2N2C02D	2.2	±0.2 nH	8	0.09	6000	900
	LQG15HN2N2S02D	2.2	±0.3 nH	8	0.09	6000	900
	LQG15HN2N4B02D	2.4	±0.1 nH	8	0.10	6000	800
	LQG15HN2N4C02D	2.4	±0.2 nH	8	0.10	6000	800
	LQG15HN2N4S02D	2.4	±0.3 nH	8	0.10	6000	800

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Spec No.: JELF243B 0009U-01

Reference Only

0.: JELF243B 0009		Indu	ctance		<u></u>	P2/	
Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Nominal value (nH)	Tolerance	Q (Min.)	DC resistance (Ω max.)	Self-resonant frequency (MHz min.)	Rated current (mA)
	LQG15HN2N7B02D	2.7	±0.1 nH	8	0.10	6000	800
	LQG15HN2N7C02D	2.7	±0.2 nH	8	0.10	6000	800
	LQG15HN2N7S02D	2.7	±0.3 nH	8	0.10	6000	800
	LQG15HN3N0B02D	3.0	±0.1 nH	8	0.11	6000	800
	LQG15HN3N0C02D	3.0	±0.2 nH	8	0.11	6000	800
	LQG15HN3N0S02D	3.0	±0.3 nH	8	0.11	6000	800
	LQG15HN3N3B02D	3.3	±0.1 nH	8	0.12	6000	800
	LQG15HN3N3C02D	3.3	±0.2 nH	8	0.12	6000	800
	LQG15HN3N3S02D	3.3	±0.3 nH	8	0.12	6000	800
	LQG15HN3N6B02D	3.6	±0.1 nH	8	0.13	6000	700
	LQG15HN3N6C02D	3.6	±0.2 nH	8	0.13	6000	700
	LQG15HN3N6S02D	3.6	±0.3 nH	8	0.13	6000	700
	LQG15HN3N9B02D	3.9	±0.1 nH	8	0.13	6000	700
	LQG15HN3N9C02D	3.9	±0.2 nH	8	0.13	6000	700
	LQG15HN3N9S02D	3.9	±0.3 nH	8	0.13	6000	700
	LQG15HN4N3B02D	4.3	±0.1 nH	8	0.15	6000	700
	LQG15HN4N3C02D	4.3	±0.2 nH	8	0.15	6000	700
	LQG15HN4N3S02D	4.3	±0.3 nH	8	0.15	6000	700
	LQG15HN4N7B02D	4.7	±0.1 nH	8	0.16	6000	700
	LQG15HN4N7C02D	4.7	±0.2 nH	8	0.16	6000	700
	LQG15HN4N7S02D	4.7	±0.3 nH	8	0.16	6000	700
	LQG15HN5N1B02D	5.1	±0.1 nH	8	0.16	6000	600
	LQG15HN5N1C02D	5.1	±0.2 nH	8	0.16	6000	600
	LQG15HN5N1S02D	5.1	±0.3 nH	8	0.16	6000	600
	LQG15HN5N6B02D	5.6	±0.1 nH	8	0.18	5300	600
	LQG15HN5N6C02D	5.6	±0.2 nH	8	0.18	5300	600
	LQG15HN5N6S02D	5.6	±0.3 nH	8	0.18	5300	600
	LQG15HN6N2B02D	6.2	±0.1 nH	8	0.19	4300	600
	LQG15HN6N2C02D	6.2	±0.2 nH	8	0.19	4300	600
	LQG15HN6N2S02D	6.2	±0.3 nH	8	0.19	4300	600
	LQG15HN6N8G02D	6.8	±2%	8	0.21	4200	600
	LQG15HN6N8H02D	6.8	±3%	8	0.21	4200	600
	LQG15HN6N8J02D	6.8	±5%	8	0.21	4200	600
	LQG15HN7N5G02D	7.5	±2%	8	0.24	3900	500
	LQG15HN7N5H02D	7.5	±3%	8	0.24	3900	500
	LQG15HN7N5J02D	7.5	±5%	8	0.24	3900	500
	LQG15HN8N2G02D	8.2	±2%	8	0.25	3600	500
	LQG15HN8N2H02D	8.2	±3%	8	0.25	3600	500
	LQG15HN8N2J02D	8.2	±5%	8	0.25	3600	500
	LQG15HN9N1G02D	9.1	±2%	8	0.27	3400	500
	LQG15HN9N1H02D	9.1	±3%	8	0.27	3400	500
	LQG15HN9N1J02D	9.1	±5%	8	0.27	3400	500
	LQG15HN10NG02D	10	±2%	8	0.29	3200	500
	LQG15HN10NH02D	10	±3%	8	0.29	3200	500
	LQG15HN10NJ02D	10	±5%	8	0.29	3200	500

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Spec No.: JELF243B 0009U-01

Reference Only

	Indu		ctance				
Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Nominal value	Tolerance	Q (Min.)	DC resistance (Ω max.)	Self-resonant frequency (MHz min.)	Rated current (mA)
		(nH)			,	,	
	LQG15HN12NG02D	12	±2%	8	0.40	2800	400
	LQG15HN12NH02D	12	±3%	8	0.40	2800	400
	LQG15HN12NJ02D	12	±5%	8	0.40	2800	400
	LQG15HN15NG02D	15	±2%	8	0.45	2300	400
	LQG15HN15NH02D	15	±3%	8	0.45	2300	400
	LQG15HN15NJ02D	15	±5%	8	0.45	2300	400
	LQG15HN18NG02D	18	±2%	8	0.51	2100	350
	LQG15HN18NH02D	18	±3%	8	0.51	2100	350
	LQG15HN18NJ02D	18	±5%	8	0.51	2100	350
	LQG15HN22NG02D	22	±2%	8	0.58	1800	350
	LQG15HN22NH02D	22	±3%	8	0.58	1800	350
	LQG15HN22NJ02D	22	±5%	8	0.58	1800	350
	LQG15HN27NG02D	27	±2%	8	0.67	1600	300
	LQG15HN27NH02D	27	±3%	8	0.67	1600	300
	LQG15HN27NJ02D	27	±5%	8	0.67	1600	300
	LQG15HN33NG02D	33	±2%	8	0.67	1500	300
	LQG15HN33NH02D	33	±3%	8	0.67	1500	300
	LQG15HN33NJ02D	33	±5%	8	0.67	1500	300
	LQG15HN39NG02D	39	±2%	8	1.06	1200	250
	LQG15HN39NH02D	39	±3%	8	1.06	1200	250
	LQG15HN39NJ02D	39	±5%	8	1.06	1200	250
	LQG15HN47NG02D	47	±2%	8	1.15	1000	250
	LQG15HN47NH02D	47	±3%	8	1.15	1000	250
	LQG15HN47NJ02D	47	±5%	8	1.15	1000	250
	LQG15HN56NG02D	56	±2%	8	1.20	800	200
	LQG15HN56NH02D	56	±3%	8	1.20	800	200
	LQG15HN56NJ02D	56	±5%	8	1.20	800	200
	LQG15HN68NG02D	68	±2%	8	1.25	800	200
	LQG15HN68NH02D	68	±3%	8	1.25	800	200
	LQG15HN68NJ02D	68	±5%	8	1.25	800	200
	LQG15HN82NG02D	82	±2%	8	1.60	600	200
	LQG15HN82NH02D	82	±3%	8	1.60	600	200
	LQG15HN82NJ02D	82	±5%	8	1.60	600	200
	LQG15HNR10G02D	100	±2%	8	1.60	600	200
	LQG15HNR10H02D	100	±3%	8	1.60	600	200
	LQG15HNR10J02D	100	±5%	8	1.60	600	200
	LQG15HNR12G02D	120	±2%	8	1.60	600	150
	LQG15HNR12H02D	120	±3%	8	1.60	600	150
	LQG15HNR12J02D	120	±5%	8	1.60	600	150

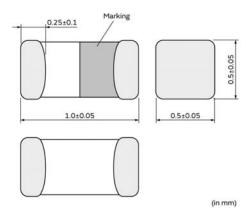
4. Testing Conditions

Unless otherwise specified	Temperature: ordinary temperature (15°C to 35°C) Humidity: ordinary humidity [25% to 85% (RH)]
In case of doubt	Temperature: 20°C±2°C Humidity: 60% to 70% (RH) Atmospheric pressure: 86 kPa to 106 kPa

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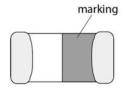
5. Appearance and Dimensions



Unit mass (typical value): 0.001 g

6. Marking





7. Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test method
7.1	Inductance	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipment: Keysight E4991A or the
7.2	Q	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	equivalent Measuring frequency: 100 MHz Measuring conditions: Measurement signal level: Approx. 0 dBm Measurement terminal distance: 0.5 mm Electrical length: 10 mm Weight: Approx. 1 N to 5 N Measuring fixture: Keysight 16197A Position the chip coil under test as shown in the measuring example below and connect it to the electrode by applying weight. Measurement example:
			Product(top view) Direction identification marking Product(top view) Direction identification marking Product(top view) Direction identification marking Measuring method: see "Electrical performance: Measuring method for inductance/Q" in the Appendix.
7.3	DC resistance	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipment: digital multimeter
	Self-resonant	Meet chapter 3 ratings. Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipment: digital multimeter Measuring equipment: Keysight 8753C or the
1	frequency	go.	equivalent
7.5	Rated current	Product temperature rise: 25°C max.	Apply the rated current specified in chapter 3.

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8. Mechanical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test method
8.1	Shear test	No significant mechanical damage or no sign of electrode peeling off shall be observed.	Test substrate: glass-epoxy substrate Applying force: 5 N Holding time: 5 s±1 s Force application direction:
			F
8.2	Bending test	No significant mechanical damage or no sign of electrode peeling off shall be observed.	Test substrate: glass-epoxy substrate (100 mm × 40 mm × 0.8 mm) Pressurizing speed: 1 mm/s Pressure jig: R340 Deflection: 2 mm Holding time: 30 s
			Pressure jig R340 F Deflection 45 45 Product (in mm)
8.3	Vibration	Appearance shall have no significant mechanical damage. Inductance change rate: within ±10%	Oscillation frequency: 10 Hz to 55 Hz to 10 Hz, for approx. 1 min Total amplitude: 1.5 mm Test time: 3 directions perpendicular to each other, 2 h for each direction (6 h in total)
	Solderability	90% or more of the outer electrode shall be covered with new solder seamlessly.	Flux: immersed in ethanol solution with a rosin content of 25(wt)% for 5 s to 10 s Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Pre-heating: 150°C±10°C/60 s to 90 s Solder temperature: 240°C±5°C Immersion time: 3 s±1 s
8.5	Resistance to soldering heat	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±10%	Flux: immersed in ethanol solution with a rosin content of 25(wt)% for 5 s to 10 s Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Pre-heating: 150°C±10°C/1 min to 2 min Solder temperature: 270°C±5°C Immersion time: 10 s±1 s Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 24 h±2 h

9. Environmental Performance

The product is soldered on a glass-epoxy substrate for test.

THE L	ne product is soldered on a glass-epoxy substrate for test.							
No.	Item	Specification	Test method					
9.1	Humidity	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±10%	Temperature: 40°C±2°C Humidity: 90% (RH) to 95% (RH) Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 24 h±2 h					
9.2	Heat life	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±10%	Temperature: 125°C±2°C Applied current: Rated current specified in chapter 3 Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 24 h±2 h					
9.3	Humidity load	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±10%	Temperature: 40°C±2°C Humidity: 90% (RH) to 95% (RH) Applied current: Rated current specified in chapter 3 Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 24 h±2 h					

(in mm)

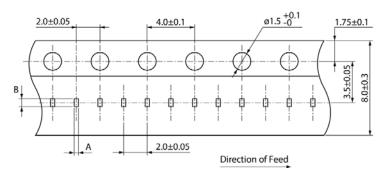


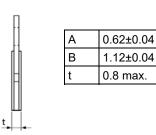
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No.	Item	Specification	Test method
9.4	Temperature cycle	Appearance: No significant mechanical	Single cycle conditions:
		damage shall be observed.	Step 1: -55°C (+0°C, -3°C)/30 min±3 min
		Inductance change rate: within ±10%	Step 2: ordinary temperature/2 min to 3 min
		·	Step 3: +125°C (+3°C, -0°C)/30 min±3 min
			Step 4: ordinary temperature/2 min to 3 min
			Number of testing: 10 cycles
			Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 24 h±2 h

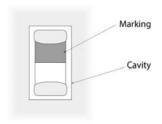
10. Specification of Packaging

10.1 Appearance and dimensions of tape (8 mm width/paper tape)





■ Top view



Direction of feed

10.2 Taping specifications

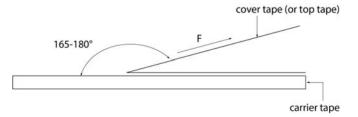
Packing quantity (Standard quantity)	10000 pcs/reel
Packing method	The products are placed in cavities of a carrier tape and sealed by a cover tape (top tape and bottom tape when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type).
Feed hole position	The feed holes on the carrier tape are on the right side when the cover tape (top tape when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type) is pulled toward the user.
Joint	The carrier tape and cover tape (top tape when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type) are seamless.
Number of missing products	Number of missing products within 0.025% of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept.

10.3 Break down force of tape

Cover tape (or top tape)	5 N min.
Bottom tape (only when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type)	5 N min.

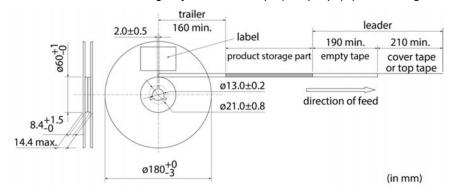
10.4 Peeling off force of tape

Speed of peeling off	300 mm/min
Peeling off force	0.1 N to 0.6 N (The lower limit is for typical value.)



10.5 Dimensions of leader section, trailer section and reel

A vacant section is provided in the leader (start) section and trailer (end) section of the tape for the product. The leader section is further provided with an area consisting only of the cover tape (or top tape). (See the diagram below.)



10.6 Marking for reel

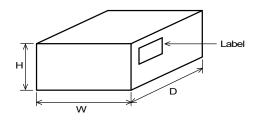
Customer part number, Murata part number, inspection number (*1), RoHS marking (*2), quantity, etc.

Customer part number, wurata par	t number, inspection number (1), Rons marking (2), quantity, etc.
*1 Expression of inspection No.:	(1) Factory code
□□ 0000 ♦♦♦	(2) Date
(1) (2) (3)	First digit: year/last digit of year
	Second digit: month/Jan. to Sep.→1 to 9, Oct. to Dec.→O, N, D Third, Fourth digit: day (3) Serial No.
*2 Expression of RoHS marking: ROHS- \underline{Y} $\underline{(\triangle)}$ $\underline{(1)}$ $\underline{(2)}$	(1) RoHS regulation conformity (2) Murata classification number
. , , , ,	

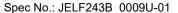
10.7 Marking on outer box (corrugated box)

Customer name, purchasing order number, customer part number, Murata part number, RoHS marking (*2), quantity, etc.

10.8 Specification of outer box



Dimensions of outer box (mm)			Standard reel quantity in outer box (reel)
W	D	Н	in outer box (reei)
186	186	93	5
* Above outer box size is typical. It depends on a			cal. It depends on a





11. ACaution

11.1 Restricted applications

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

(1) Aircraft equipment

(2) Aerospace equipment

(3) Undersea equipment

(4) Power plant control equipment

(5) Medical equipment

(6) Transportation equipment (vehicles, (7) Traffic signal trains, ships, etc.)

equipment

(8) Disaster/crime prevention equipment

(9) Data-processing equipment

(10) Applications of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above

11.2 Precautions on rating

Avoid using in exceeded the rated temperature range, rated voltage, or rated current. Usage when the ratings are exceeded could lead to wire breakage, burning, or other serious fault.

11.3 Inrush current

If an inrush current (or pulse current or rush current) that significantly exceeds the rated current is applied to the product, overheating could occur, resulting in wire breakage, burning, or other serious fault.

12. Precautions for Use

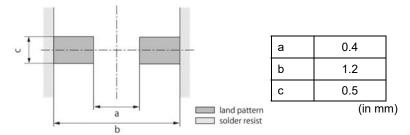
This product is for use only with reflow soldering. It is designed to be mounted by soldering. If you want to use other mounting method, for example, using a conductive adhesive, please consult us beforehand.

Also, if repeatedly subjected to temperature cycles or other thermal stress, due to the difference in the coefficient of thermal expansion with the mounting substrate, the solder (solder fillet part) in the mounting part may crack.

The occurrence of cracks due to thermal stress is affected by the size of the land where mounted, the solder volume, and the heat dissipation of the mounting substrate. Carefully design it when a large change in ambient temperature is assumed.

12.1. Land dimensions

The following diagram shows the recommended land dimensions for reflow soldering:



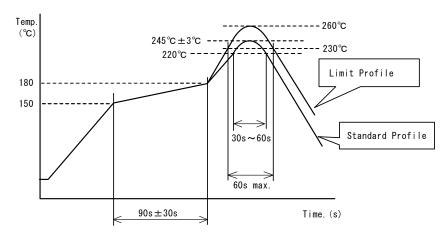
12.2 Flux and solder used

Flux	 Use a rosin-based flux. Do not use a highly acidic flux with a halide content exceeding 0.2(wt)% (chlorine conversion value). Do not use a water-soluble flux.
Solder	• Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder. • Standard thickness of solder paste: 100 µm to 150 µm

If you want to use a flux other than the above, please consult our technical department.

12.3 Soldering conditions (reflow)

- Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and product surface is limited to 150°C max.
 - Cooling into solvent after soldering also should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max. Insufficient pre-heating may cause cracks on the product, resulting in the deterioration of product quality.
- Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.
 The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and/or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.



	Standard profile	Limit profile
Pre-heating	150°C to 180°C/90 s±30 s	150°C to 180°C/90 s±30 s
Heating	Above 220°C/30 s to 60 s	Above 230°C/60 s max.
Peak temperature	245°C±3°C	260°C/10 s
Number of reflow cycles	2 times	2 times

12.4 Reworking with soldering iron

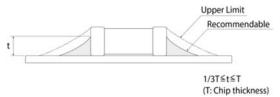
The following requirements must be met to rework a soldered product using a soldering iron.

Requirement
150°C/approx. 1 min
350°C max.
80 W max.
ø3 mm max.
3 s (+1 s, -0 s)
2 times max.

^{*} Avoid a direct contact of the tip of the soldering iron with the product. Such a direction contact may cause cracks in the ceramic body due to thermal shock.

12.5 Solder volume

Solder shall be used not to be exceeded the upper limits as shown below.



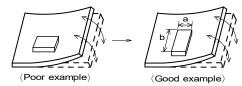
An increased solder volume increases mechanical stress on the product. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.

12.6 Product's location

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out PCBs.

(1) PCB shall be designed so that products are not subject to mechanical stress due to warping the board. [Products direction]

Products shall be located in the sideways direction (length: a < b) to the mechanical stress.



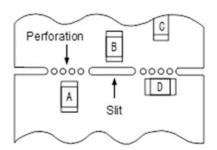
(2) Components location on PCB separation

It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board.

It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

Contents of measures	Stress level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	A > D*1
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	A > B
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	A > C
*1 A > D is valid when stress is added vertically to the perfection as with hand concretion	

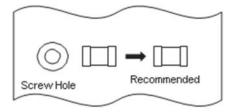
^{*1} A > D is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with hand separation. If a cutting disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore A > D is invalid.



(3) Mounting components near screw holes

When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw.

Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.



12.7 Handling of substrate

After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate. Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.





12.8 Cleaning

The product shall be cleaned under the following conditions.

- (1) The cleaning temperature shall be 60°C max. If isopropyl alcohol (IPA) is used, the cleaning temperature shall be 40°C max.
- (2) Perform ultrasonic cleaning under the following conditions. Exercise caution to prevent resonance phenomenon in mounted products and the PCB.

Item	Requirement
Power	20 W/L max.
Time	5 min max.
Frequency	28 kHz to 40 kHz

(3) Cleaner

Alcohol-based cleaner: IPA

Aqueous agent: PINE ALPHA ST-100S

- (4) There shall be no residual flux or residual cleaner. When using aqueous agent, rinse the product with deionized water adequately and completely dry it so that no cleaner is left.
- * For other cleaning, consult our technical department.

12.9 Storage and transportation

Storage period	Use the product within 6 months after delivery. If you do not use the product for more than 6 months, check solderability before using it.
Storage conditions	 The products shall be stored in a room not subject to rapid changes in temperature and humidity. The recommended temperature range is -10°C to +40°C. The recommended relative humidity range is 15% to 85%. Keeping the product in corrosive gases, such as sulfur, chlorine gas or acid may cause the poor solderability. Do not place the products directly on the floor; they should be placed on a palette so that they are not affected by humidity or dust. Avoid keeping the products in a place exposed to direct sunlight, heat or vibration. Do not keep products in bulk packaging. Bulk storage could result in collisions between the products or between the products and other parts, resulting in chipping or wire breakage. Avoid storing the product by itself bare (i.e. exposed directly to air).
Transportation	Excessive vibration and impact reduces the reliability of the products. Exercise caution when handling the products.

12.10 Resin coating (including moisture-proof coating)

When the product is coated/molded with resin, its electrical characteristics may change.

A wire breakage issue may occur by mechanical stress caused by the resin, amount/cured shape of resin, or operating condition etc.

Some resins contain impurities or hydrolyzable chlorine, which could result in corrosion of the conducting materials, leading to wire breakage.

So, please pay your careful attention when you select resin in case of coating/molding the products with the resin. Prior to use the coating resin, please make sure no reliability issue is observed by evaluating products mounted on your board.

12.11 Mounting conditions

Check the mounting condition before using.

Using mounting conditions (nozzles, equipment conditions, etc.) that are not suitable for products may lead to pick up errors, misalignment, or damage to the product.

12.12 Operating environment

Do not use this product under the following environmental conditions as it may cause deterioration of product quality.

- (1) In the corrodible atmosphere such as acidic gases, alkaline gases, chlorine, sulfur gases, organic gases and etc. (the sea breeze, Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, NO2, etc)
- (2) In the atmosphere where liquid such as organic solvent, may splash on the products.
- (3) In the atmosphere where the temperature/humidity changes rapidly and it is easy to dew.

12.13 Mounting density

If this product is placed near heat-generating products, be sure to implement sufficient heat-dissipating measures. If this product is subjected to a significant amount of heat from other products, this could adversely affect product quality, resulting in a circuit malfunction or failure of the mounted section. Also, be sure that the product is used in a manner so that the heat that the product is subjected to from other products does not exceed the upper limit of the rated operating temperature for the product.



13. **A**Note

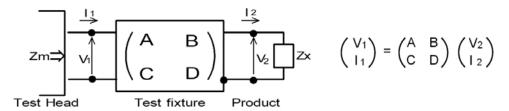
- (1) Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- (2) You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3) The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice. Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.

Appendix

Electrical performance: Measuring method for inductance/Q (Q measurement is applicable only when the Q value is included in the rating table.)

Perform measurement using the method described below. (Perform correction for the error deriving from the measuring terminal.)

(1) Residual elements and stray elements of the measuring terminal can be expressed by the F parameter for the 2-pole terminal as shown in the figure below.



(2) The product's impedance value (Zx) and measured impedance value (Zm) can be expressed as shown below, by using the respective current and voltage for input/output.

$$Zm = \frac{V_1}{I_1} \qquad Zx = \frac{V_2}{I_2}$$

(3) Thus, the relationship between the product's impedance value (Zx) and measured impedance value (Zm) is as follows.

,		
		Here,
		$\alpha = D/A = 1$
		β = B/D = Zsm - (1 - Yom Zsm) Zss
	Zv=α Zm-β	β = B/D = Zsm - (1 - Yom Zsm) Zss Γ = C/A = Yom
	$Zx=\alpha \frac{ZH}{1-Zm\Gamma}$	
	1-21111	Zsm: measured impedance of short chip
		Zss: residual impedance of short chip (0.556 nH)
		Yom: measured admittance when measuring terminal is open

(4) Calculate inductance Lx and Qx using the equations shown below.

٠,	Calculate inductance Ex and Qx deing the equations onewh below.	
	$Lx = \frac{Im(Zx)}{2\pi f}$	Lx: inductance of chip coil
	lm(Zx)	Qx: Q of chip coil
	$Qx = \frac{\sqrt{\gamma}}{Re(Zx)}$	f: measuring frequency

单击下面可查看定价,库存,交付和生命周期等信息

>>Murata(村田)