

# Discontinued

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## RO3073E

315.0 MHz

SAW

Resonator

SM3030-6 Case 3.0 X 3.0

#### Ideal for 315 MHz Automotive-Keyless-Entry Transmitters

- Very Low Series Resistance
- Quartz Stability
- Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)

The RO3073E is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount, ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of local oscillators operating at approximately 315 MHz. This SAW was designed for AM transmitters in automotive-keyless-entry applications operating in the USA under FCC Part 15, in Canada under DoC RSS-210, and in Italy.

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Rating	Value	Units
Input Power Level	0	dBm
DC Voltage	12	VDC
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +125	°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +105	°C
Soldering Temperature (10 seconds / 5 cycles max.)	260	°C

Characteristic		Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Frequency (+25 °C)	Absolute Frequency	f <sub>C</sub>	0.045	314.925		315.075	MHz
	Tolerance from 315.0 MHz	$\Delta f_C$	2, 3, 4, 5			±75	kHz
Insertion Loss		IL	2, 5, 6		1.6	2.4	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	QU			8200		
	50W Loaded Q	QL			1350		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	Т <sub>О</sub>	6, 7, 8	10	25	35	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f <sub>O</sub>			f <sub>C</sub>		
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC			0.032		ppm/°C <sup>2</sup>
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	f <sub>A</sub>	1, 6		10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance be	tween Any Two Terminals		5	1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R <sub>M</sub>	5, 7, 9		19.8		Ω
	Motional Inductance	L <sub>M</sub>			82		μH
	Motional Capacitance	CM			3.1		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	Co	5, 6, 9		4.1		pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance	ce	L <sub>TEST</sub>	2, 7		63		nH
Lid Symbolization				704	// YWWS		•
StandardReelQuantity	Reel Size 7 Inch		10	500 Pieces / Reel			
	Reel Size 13 Inch		10		3000 Pie	ces / Reel	

# CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.

- Frequency aging is the change in f<sub>C</sub> with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- 2. The center frequency, f<sub>C</sub>, is measured at the minimum insertion loss point, IL<sub>MIN</sub>, with the resonator in the 50  $\Omega$  test system (VSWR  $\leq$  1.2:1). The shunt inductance, L<sub>TEST</sub>, is tuned for parallel resonance with C<sub>O</sub> at f<sub>C</sub>. Typically, for the structure of the second structure of the
- f<sub>OSCILLATOR</sub> or f<sub>TRANSMITTER</sub> is approximately equal to the resonator f<sub>C</sub>.
  One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488 and 4 616 197
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- 5. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature  $T_C = +25^{\circ}C\pm 2^{\circ}C$ .
- 6. The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change without notice.

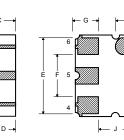
- 7. Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters:  $f_C$ , IL, 3 dB bandwidth,  $f_C$  versus  $T_C$ , and  $C_O$ .
- 8. Turnover temperature,  $T_O$ , is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency,  $f_O$ . The nominal frequency at any case temperature,  $T_C$ , may be calculated from:  $f = f_O [1 FTC (T_O T_C)^2]$ . Typically oscillator  $T_O$  is approximately equal to the specified resonator  $T_O$ .
- 9. This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance  $C_0$  is the static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals measured at low frequency (10 MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes parasitic capacitance with "NC" pads unconnected. Case parasitic capacitance is approximately 0.05 pF. Transducer parallel capacitance can by calculated as:  $C_P \approx C_0 0.05$  pF.
- 10. Tape and Reel Standard Per ANSI / EIA 481.

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#### **Electrical Connections**

The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.

В	t
	6
	5
3	4



6



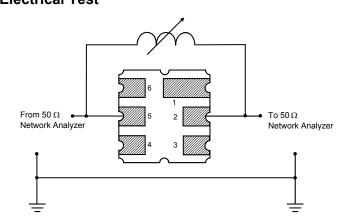
#### Case Dimensions

Dimension	mm			Inches			
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
A	2.87	3.0	3.13	0.113	0.118	0.123	
В	2.87	3.0	3.13	0.113	0.118	0.123	
С	1.12	1.25	1.38	0.044	0.049	0.054	
D	0.77	0.90	1.03	0.030	0.035	0.040	
E	2.67	2.80	2.93	0.105	0.110	0.115	
F	1.47	1.6	1.73	0.058	0.063	0.068	
G	0.72	0.85	0.98	0.028	0.033	0.038	
Н	1.37	1.5	1.63	0.054	0.059	0.064	
I	0.47	0.60	0.73	0.019	0.024	0.029	
J	1.17	1.30	1.43	0.046	0.051	0.056	

#### **Typical Test Circuit**

The test circuit inductor,  $L_{\text{TEST}}$ , is tuned to resonate with the static

#### capacitance, C<sub>O</sub>, at F<sub>C</sub>. Electrical Test

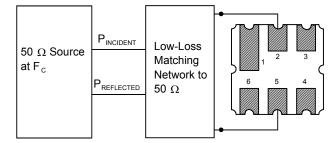


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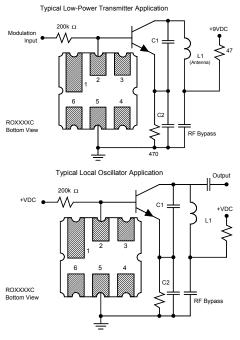
Pin Connection	
1	NC
2	Terminal
3	NC
4	NC
5	Terminal

NC

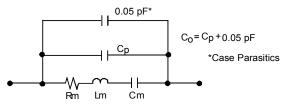
#### **Power Test**



#### **Typical Application Circuits**

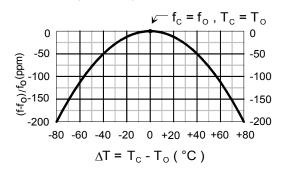


#### Equivalent LC Model



#### **Temperature Characteristics**

The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.



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