# Notification about the transfer of the semiconductor business

The semiconductor business of Panasonic Corporation was transferred on September 1, 2020 to Nuvoton Technology Corporation (hereinafter referred to as "Nuvoton"). Accordingly, Panasonic Semiconductor Solutions Co., Ltd. became under the umbrella of the Nuvoton Group, with the new name of Nuvoton Technology Corporation Japan (hereinafter referred to as "NTCJ").

In accordance with this transfer, semiconductor products will be handled as NTCJ-made products after September 1, 2020. However, such products will be continuously sold through Panasonic Corporation.

Publisher of this Document is NTCJ.

If you would find description "Panasonic" or "Panasonic semiconductor solutions", please replace it with NTCJ.

\* Except below description page

"Request for your special attention and precautions in using the technical information and semiconductors described in this book"

Nuvoton Technology Corporation Japan





# **Driver IC for single phase Brushless Motor**

### FEATURES

- Supply voltage range: 5.0 V ~ 28 V
- Auto phase shift correction with built-in Soft Switching function
- Wide range operation (12V/24V)
- Motor lock protection and built-in Auto-recovery fixed with built-in clock
- Output pin for FG pulse (open drain)
- Various protection functions: Under Voltage Lock Out (UVLO), Thermal protection GND short protection, and Over Current Protection
- Package
- 8pin(0.65mm pitch)

### DESCRIPTION

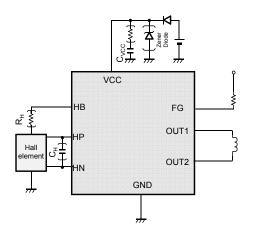
- AN44168A is a high efficiency single phase motor driver IC with built-in Soft Switching function for low noise operation. The soft switching period is automatically adjusted based on the motor current. This eliminates the need for individual adjustment of the soft switching period based on the Motor's specifications.
- With a wide input voltage range of 12V/24V, this IC is most suitable for usage in OA and FA equipment.

### APPLICATIONS

Fan motor

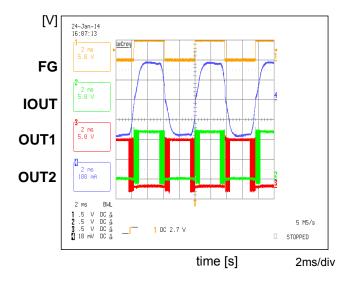


**TYPICAL APPLICATION** 



Notes: The application circuit is an example. The operation of the mass production set is not guaranteed. Sufficient evaluation and verification is required in the design of the mass production set. The Customer is fully responsible for the incorporation of the above illustrated application circuit in the design of the equipment.

# **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



Condition:  $V_{CC}$  = 12 V, PWMI = 100% duty , Cvcc = 1  $\mu$ F

Doc No. TA4-EA-06296 Revision. 2



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# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Notes
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	–0.3 to +35	V	*1
Operating ambient temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 to +90	°C	*2
Junction temperature	Τ <sub>j</sub>	-40 to +150	°C	*2
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	–55 to +150	°C	*2
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>HP,</sub> V <sub>HN</sub>	–0.3 to +6	V	_
	V <sub>OUT1,</sub> V <sub>OUT2</sub>	–0.3 to +35	V	*1*3
Output Voltage Range	V <sub>FG</sub>	–0.3 to +35	V	_
	V <sub>HB</sub>	–0.3 to +6	V	*3
	I <sub>OUT1</sub> , I <sub>OUT2</sub>	-1000 to +1000	mA	*1*4
Output Current Range	I <sub>FG</sub>	–5 to +10	mA	_
	I <sub>HB</sub>	-10 to 0	mA	*4
F0D	НВМ	2	kV	_
ESD	MM	200	V	_

Notes: This product may sustain permanent damage if subjected to conditions higher than the above stated absolute maximum rating. This rating is the maximum rating and device operating at this range is not guaranteed as it is higher than our stated recommended operating range. When subjected under the absolute maximum rating for a long time, the reliability of the product may be affected.

\*1: The values under the condition not exceeding the above absolute maximum ratings and the power dissipation.

\*2: Except for the power dissipation, operating ambient temperature, and storage temperature, all ratings are for Ta = 25 .

\*3: Applying external voltage into these pins is prohibited. Do not exceed the stated ratings even in transient state.

\*4: Applying external current into these pins is prohibited. Do not exceed the stated ratings even in transient state.

### POWER DISSIPATION RATING

Package	$\theta_{j-a}$	Р <sub>D</sub> (Т <sub>а</sub> =25 °С)	Р <sub>D</sub> (Т <sub>а</sub> =90 °С)
MSOP 8 pin Plastic Package (0.65mm Pitch)	222.2°C/W	562.6mW	270.0mW

Notes: For the actual usage, please refer to the P<sub>D</sub>-T<sub>a</sub> characteristics diagram in the package specification, follow the power supply voltage, load and ambient temperature conditions to ensure that there is enough margin and the thermal design does not exceed the allowable value.

\*1: Glass-Epoxy Substrate (1 Layers) [70 × 70 × 1.6 t](mm)



### **CAUTION**

Although this IC has built-in ESD protection circuit, it may still sustain permanent damage if not handled properly. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.



# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Supply voltage range	V <sub>cc</sub>	5.0	_	28	V	*1
	V <sub>HP</sub>	0	_	1.5	V	*2
Input voltage range	V <sub>HN</sub>	0	_	1.5	V	*2
External constants	C <sub>VCC</sub>		1	_	μF	*3

Notes: \*1: It is a value under the conditions which do not exceed the absolute maximum rating and the power dissipation.

\*2: For setting range of input control voltage, refer to Electrical Characteristics and Operation.

\*3: Operation of mass production set is not guaranteed. Perform enough evaluation and verification on the design of mass production set. If the VCC terminal voltage is raised by the regenerative current, at the time of start-up or stop operating Please connect a zener diode between VCC – GND terminal.



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $V_{cc}$  = 12.0 V

Note:  $T_a$  = 25°C  $\pm$  2°C unless otherwise noted.

Deremator		Symbol		Limits			Unit N	
	Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Cir	cuit Current							
	V <sub>CC</sub> current 1	I <sub>CC1</sub>	Output OPEN, Lock State	—	1.5	3	mA	—
	V <sub>CC</sub> current 2	I <sub>CC2</sub>	Output OPEN, 50% duty	_	2.0	4	mA	—
FG	Block							
	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>OLFG</sub>	l <sub>o</sub> = 5 mA	_	0.1	0.3	V	—
	Output leak current	I <sub>LFG</sub>	Vo=28V	_		30	μA	—
Po	wer Block							
	On resistance (High Side + Low Side)	R <sub>ONHL</sub>	I = 200 mA	-	1.6	2.25	Ω	_
	Diode forward voltage	V <sub>DI</sub>	I = 200 mA	0.6	0.8	1	V	—
На	ll Block		•					
	Input dynamic range	V <sub>HA</sub>	_	0	_	1.5	V	—
	Pin input current	I <sub>HA</sub>	_	-2	0	2	μA	—
	Minimum input voltage amplitude	V <sub>HA</sub>	_	25	_		mV	—
	Hysteresis width	V <sub>HHYS</sub>	_	_	10	20	mV	—
На	Il Bias		·				•	
	Output Voltage	V <sub>HB</sub>	lo = –2mA	1.05	1.2	1.35	V	—
Мо	tor Lock Protection			1				
	Lock protection time setting for reference clock frequency	F <sub>LOCK</sub>	_	7.4	10.6	13.8	kHz	_
	Lock detection time	t <sub>LOCK1</sub>	-	-	0.5	—	s	*2
	Lock release time	t <sub>LOCK2</sub>	-	—	5	_	s	*2
	Lock protection ratio	PR <sub>RATIO</sub>	_	_	10	_	_	*2
The	ermal Protection		•					
	Protection operating temperature	TSD <sub>ON</sub>	_	_	160	_	°C	*2
	Hysteresis width	TSD <sub>HYS</sub>	_	_	25		°C	*2
Un	der Voltage Lock Out				-		•	
	Protection operating voltage	V <sub>LVON</sub>	_	_	3.5	_	V	*2
	Hysteresis width	V <sub>LVOHYS</sub>	_	_	0.2	_	V	*2

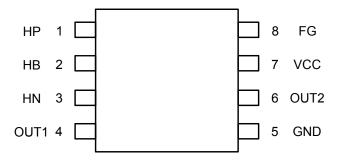
Notes: \*1: These are values checked by design but not production tested.

\*2 : Typical Design Value.



AN44168A

# **PIN CONFIGURATION**



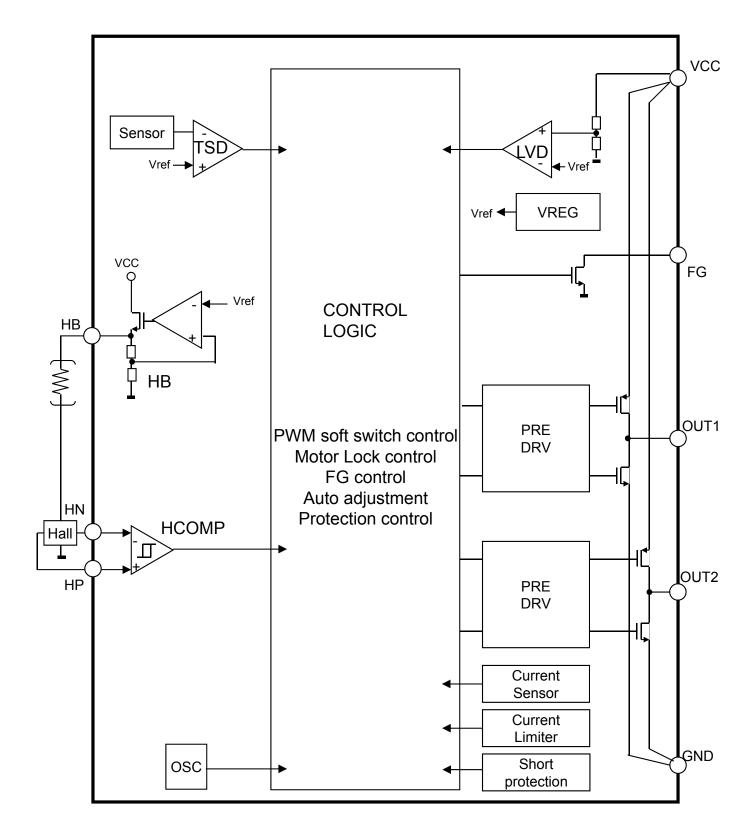
### **PIN FUNCTIONS**

Pin No.	Pin name	Туре	Description		
1	HP	Input	Hall amplifier input (+)		
2	НВ	Output	Hall bias output		
3	HN	Input	Hall amplifier input (–)		
4	OUT1	Output	Channel 1 output		
5	GND	Ground	Ground		
6	OUT2	Output	Channel 2 output		
7	VCC	Power	Supply voltage for internal circuit		
8	FG	Output	FG external output		





# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



Established : 2015-04-10 Revised : 2015-06-02



# OPERATION

### **Protection Function**

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from design of the IC and are not guaranteed.

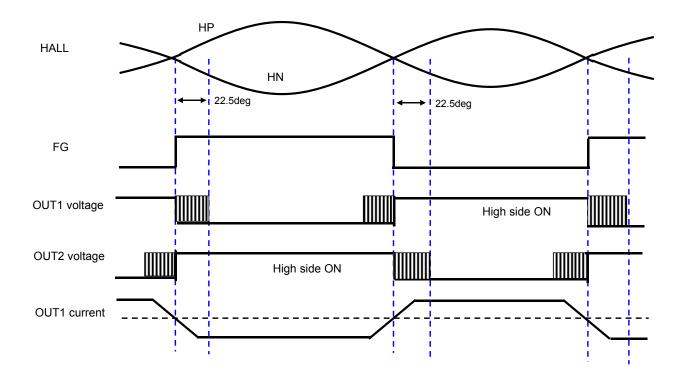
Function name	Operate	Release	Note
TSD	160	135	Low side power-transistor are OFF while protection function works.
Current limit	1.2A	After fixed time progress	If motor current reaches 1.2A, output current will be restricted in turning off an output for a fixed time. ON time , and OFF time are such as below. (ON : 2µsec, OFF : 10.0µsec)
UVLO (VCC)	3.5V	3.7V	It is protection of the low-voltage condition of the power supply voltage. If protected operation is carried out, high side output are switching according HALL input, and low side output power is turned off.
Motor locked protection	When FG pulse does not change within a set time. (latch protection)	<ul> <li>∙at UVLO</li> <li>• After fixed time</li> <li>progress</li> </ul>	UVLO release protection and a count are reset. A protection setting time is determined by internal circuit. (Time(s) = 0.5 sec) Restart after 5 sec.
Short protection of Motor output - VCC	Current limiting	After fixed time progress	Protection by output current limiting
Short protection of Motor output - GND	latch protection by constant time detection.	∙at UVLO	Latch protection is carried out. Release is performed by UVLO .

Note : These are values checked by design but not production tested.



### Drive State Diagram

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from design of the IC and are not guaranteed.





### Functional explanation

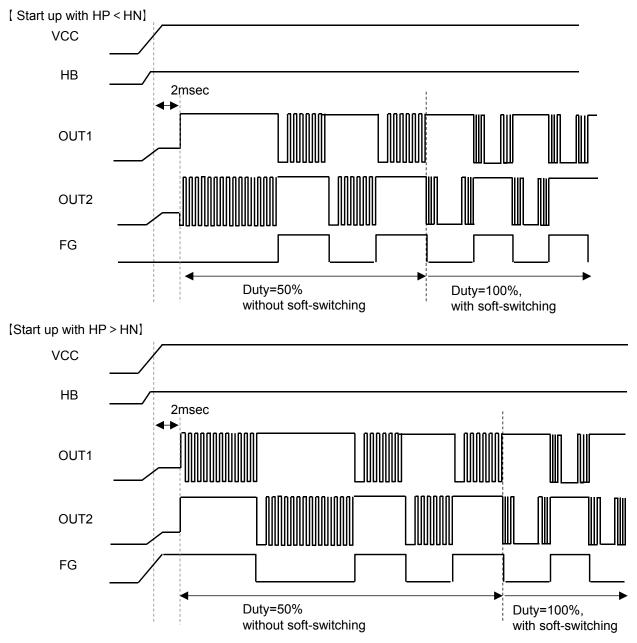
Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from design of the IC and are not guaranteed.

### 1. Start up

Start up · · · · · · After applying the VCC of power supply within the operation limits, IC becomes start mode as normal startup mode, when you open the PWMI terminal, In startup, it will start on the PWM operation at a fixed duty (duty=50%, f=40kHz). After HALL input is switched two periods, it becomes normal driving of duty = 100%.

# Soft switching HALL comparator detects the switching of the HALL,

OUT1 and OUT2 operates soft switching in the phase angle period of 22.5 degree. And this function make the fluctuation of the driving current smoothly.



It starts without software SW, fixed duty=50%. By detecting the Hall two periods, operates to set duty=100% & software switching



**Functional explanation (continued)** 

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from design of the IC and are not guaranteed.

### 2. Motor locked protection circuit

When FG non-signal state continues for a certain period of time in the motor normal operation mode, locked protection circuit operates.

In the locked protection mode, low side power outputs are OFF state. The value of the locked protection time can be calculated by the following equation approximately.

Restricted protection setting time (sec) 0.5 sec

Make setting with a margin for motor start-up time.

Conditions to release the motor restricted protection, and to reset the counter are as follows.

· In detecting UVLO mode

·After fixed time progress ( about 5 sec )

### ·Restricted protection explanation

	Moto	Motor restriction Restricted pr		
	FG pulse output	FG pulse output su	spend	✓ Motor re-drive
FG output		Timer count		
Restricted protection count				   
Restricted protection		Passage of time that is set in the capacitance value of CLDOSC	Restricted protection mode	
State	Normal drive	Motor output stop, Restricted protection count	Restricted protection mode, low side output: OFF	Normal drive
		I		1



#### **Functional explanation (continued)**

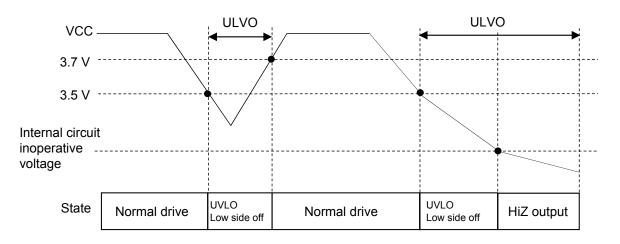
Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from design of the IC and are not guaranteed.

#### 3. Low voltage protection

This IC monitors the voltage VCC. If VCC voltage becomes 3.5V or less, low-voltage protection is activated. In the low voltage protection operation, the output of each phase is high side on, low side off.

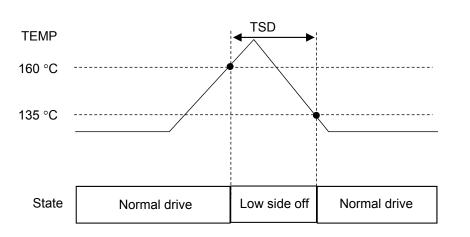
In addition, if the VCC voltage drops further, the internal circuit is no longer working properly, the outputs, all phases are HiZ (all phases OFF).

Hysteresis of 0.2V is set in the VCC low voltage protection function. If the VCC is restored to 3.7V from protection mode, the low voltage protection is released.



### 4. Thermal protection (TSD)

If an IC junction temperature is 160 (design target value) or more, the thermal protection is activated, and the motor outputs becomes low side off . If the IC junction temperature is 135 (design target value) or less, the protection is released.



Established : 2015-04-10 Revised : 2015-06-02



**Functional explanation (continued)** 

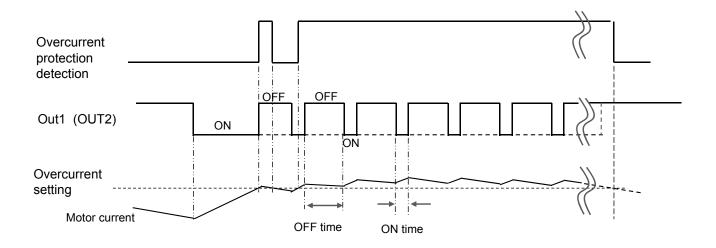
Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from design of the IC and are not guaranteed.

#### 5. Overcurrent protection

Here, describes the overcurrent protection. It detects an overcurrent at 1.2A, as overcurrent does not flow at OUT1, OUT2

After detecting a current greater than the setting value, by shutting off the output transistor during the predetermined time, it protects an over-current.

On time 2 µsec (in start up period 1.5µsec) Off time 10 µsec (in start up period 40µsec)



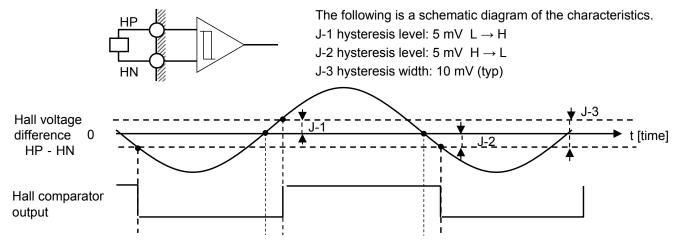


**Functional explanation (continued)** 

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from design of the IC and are not guaranteed.

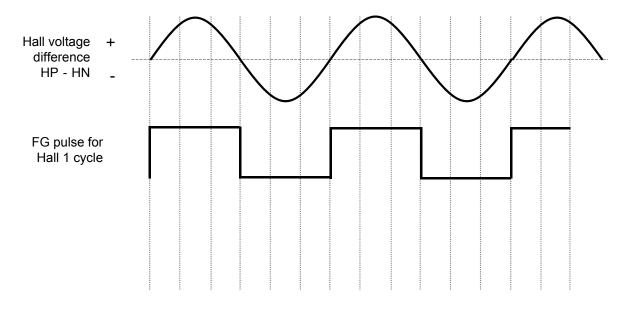
### 6. Hall input

Hall hysteresis comparator carries out position detection. If the amplitude of the sine wave is small, the phase delay of the comparator output becomes significant, therefore, increase the amplitude. Recommendation is 200 mV or more. Also, if the hole chattering occurs, put capacitor between HP (1 pin) and HN (3 pin).



### Relationship between Hall voltage and FG

For the one cycle sine wave of Hall, it outputs FG pulse one cycle.





### **Functional explanation (continued)**

Note) The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from design of the IC and are not guaranteed.

### 7. FG pin

FG pin outputs a switching of HALL signal.

Since it is an open-drain output, please connect a pull-up resistor to the power supply,

when you use this function.

FG outputs high, when HP voltage > HN voltage.

### 8. HB pin

HB pin is a terminal for supplying the bias voltage to the hall element .

1.2V is outputted from HB terminal.

If it is necessary to take countermeasures to prevent the noise, please add the hall capacitance between HB terminal and GND terminal.

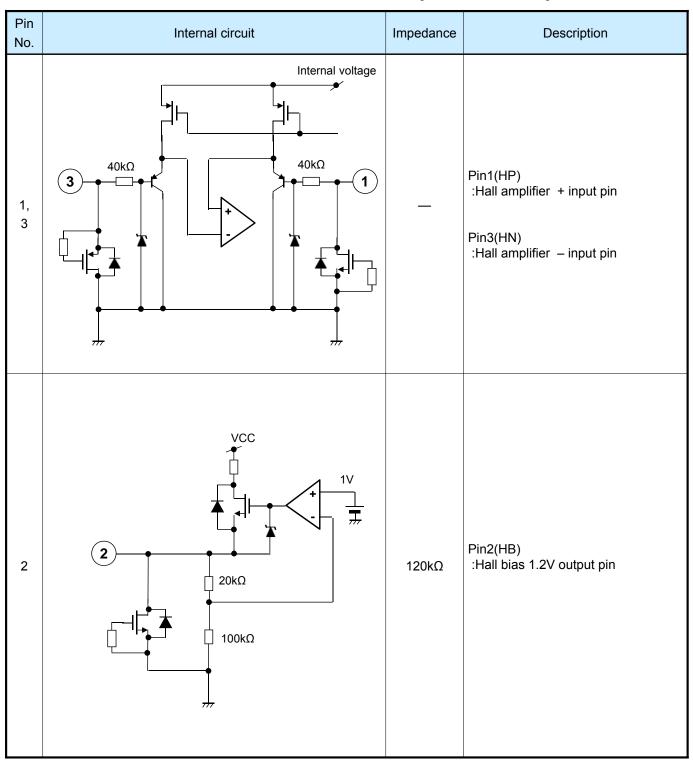
The maximum value of the hall capacitance is  $0.1 \mu F$ .

It has the effect of suppressing the heat generation of the IC by adding a series resistor to the Hall element. However, Hall amplitude should be setting the resistance constant perform sufficient evaluation because it becomes smaller in proportion.



# **PIN EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT**

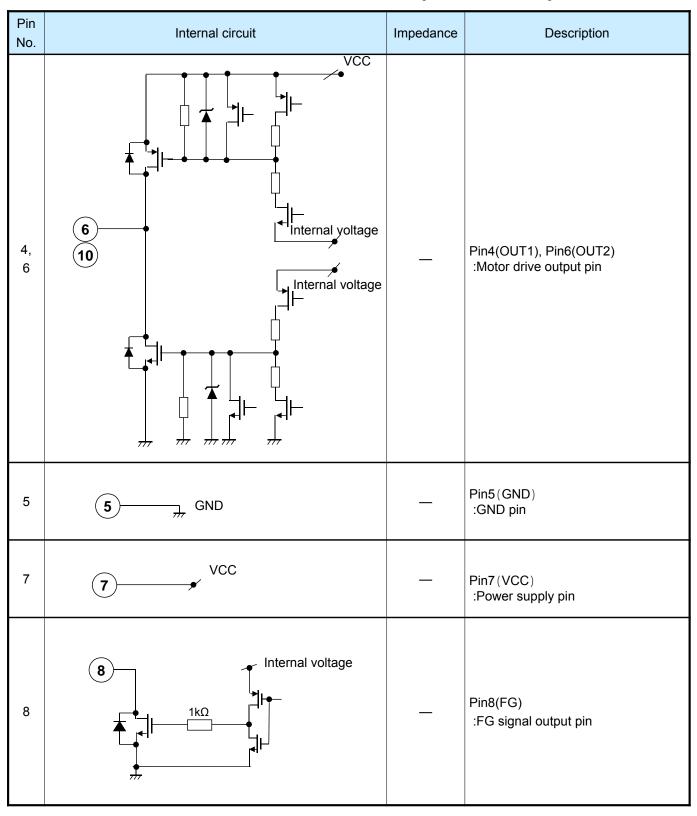
Note: The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from the design of the IC and are not guaranteed.





# **PIN EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT (continued)**

Note: The characteristics listed below are reference values derived from the design of the IC and are not guaranteed.





# **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

### 1. Precaution at restarting under decelerating.

When IC turns on, The duty of PWM pulse is forced 50% without Auto Phase Shift and Soft Switch until second FG pulse. So, in case of restarting under condition which motor is decelerating. Because the possibility which the motor current is switched before the motor current becomes to zero is high, the motor current flows into VCC. So VCC rises higher than setting voltage, there is possibility that VCC voltage is over IC's absolute maximum voltage, If this situation happens, IC shifts to a latch stop mode and destroys at worst. Please countermeasure to cramp VCC voltage by adding the zener diode in parallel with bypass capacitance and ensure sufficient evaluation is performed to verify that there is no problem.

#### 2. Precaution at turn off VCC

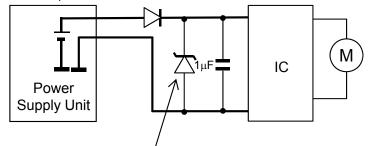
When the power supply voltage is turned off under high speed rotation. Because the motor's BEMF voltage is high, VCC is supplied by BEMF voltage, and IC repeats start and stop.

The possibility which the motor current flows into VCC is high, VCC rises higher than setting voltage, there is possibility that VCC voltage is over IC's absolute maximum voltage.

Please countermeasure to cramp VCC voltage by adding the zener diode in parallel with bypass capacitance and ensure sufficient evaluation is performed to verify that there is no problem.

If the above 1 or 2 occurs and the countermeasure is needed, please countermeasure to cramp VCC voltage by adding the zener diode in parallel with bypass capacitance and ensure sufficient evaluation is performed to verify that there is no problem.

(Countermeasure Circuit)



Add the zener diode in parallel with bypass capacitance



# **APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)**

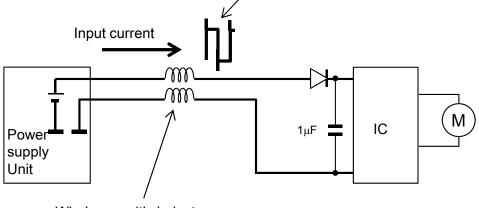
### **3.Precaution at PWM Motion**

When VCC and GND wire is long, There is possibility which current peak of motor input current is caused at PWM motion due to wire's parasitic inductance.

Please countermeasure to reduce current peak of motor input current by adding a resistance in series with bypass capacitance and ensure sufficient evaluation is performed to verify that there is no problem.

#### (Circuit)

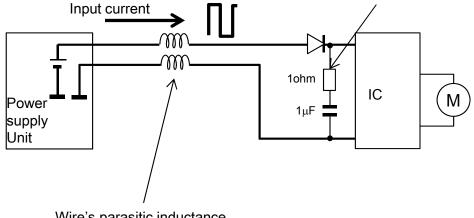
The current peak is caused at PWM motion due to the wire's parasitic inductance.



Wire's parasitic inductance.

### (Countermeasure Circuit)

The current peak is reduces according to adding in series with bypass capacitance.



Wire's parasitic inductance.

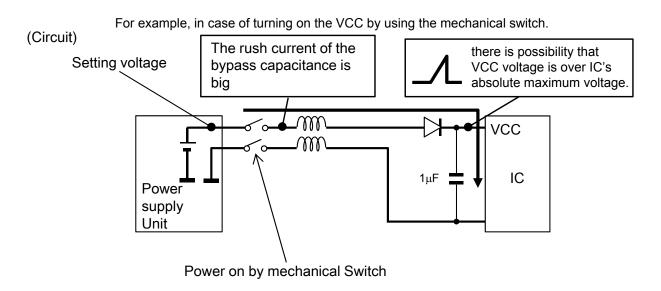


# **APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)**

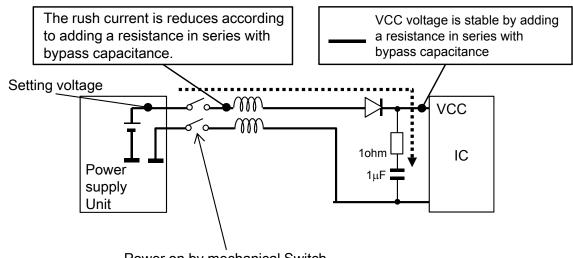
### 4. Precaution at inputting power to VCC

When input power to VCC, it is recommended that VCC voltage rises slower than 0.24V/us. When power up is performed at high-speed, rush current must flow into bypass capacitance between VCC and GND. So VCC rises higher than setting voltage due to wire's parasitic inductance, there is possibility that VCC voltage is over IC's absolute maximum voltage.

please countermeasure to reduce rush current by adding a resistance in series with bypass capacitance and ensure sufficient evaluation is performed to verify that there is no problem.



(Countermeasure Circuit)



Power on by mechanical Switch



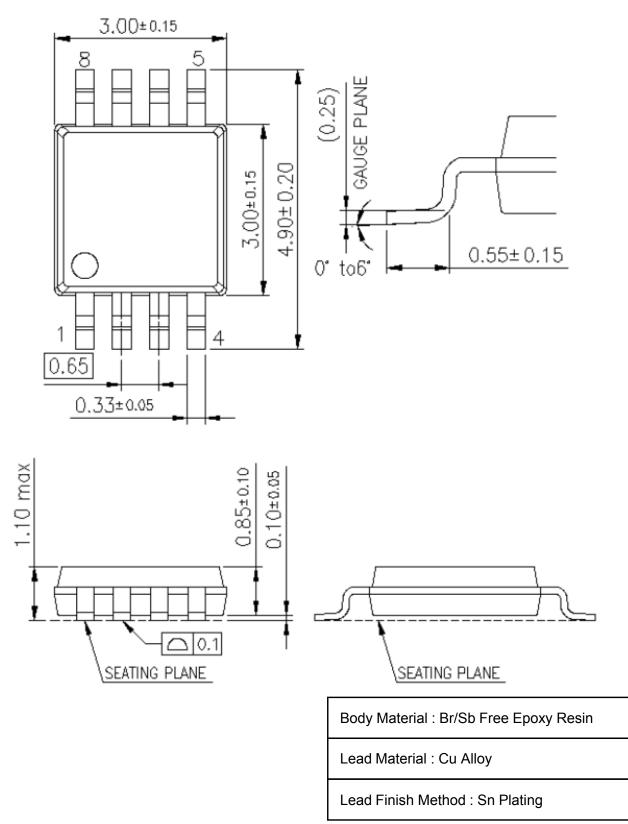


Unit : mm

# PACKAGE INFORMATION

### Package code : MSOP008-P-0150XZL (MSOP8)

### **Outline Drawing**

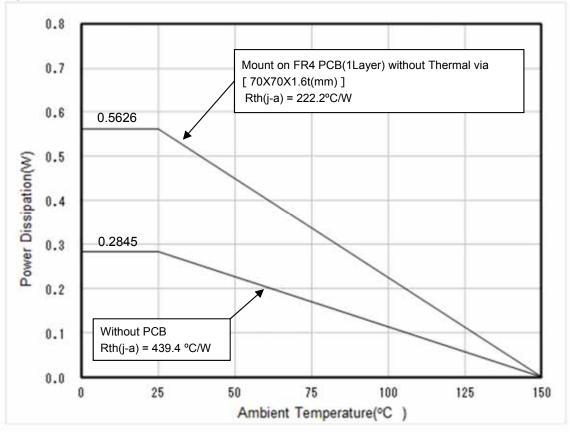




# **PACKAGE INFORMATION (Continued)**

Power Dissipation (Technical Report)

### Package code: MSOP008-P-0150XZL (MSOP8)





# **PACKAGE INFORMATION (Continued)**

Power Dissipation (Supplementary Explanation)

#### [Experiment environment]

Power Dissipation (Technical Report) is a result in the experiment environment of SEMI standard conformity. (Ambient air temperature (Ta) is 25 degrees C)

### [Supplementary information of PWB to be used for measurement]

The supplement of PWB information for Power Dissipation data (Technical Report ) are shown below.

Indication	Total Layer	Resin Material
Phenolic cellulose paper	1-layer	FR-1
Glass-Epoxy	1-layer	FR-4
Glass-Epoxy 2layer	2-layer	FR-4

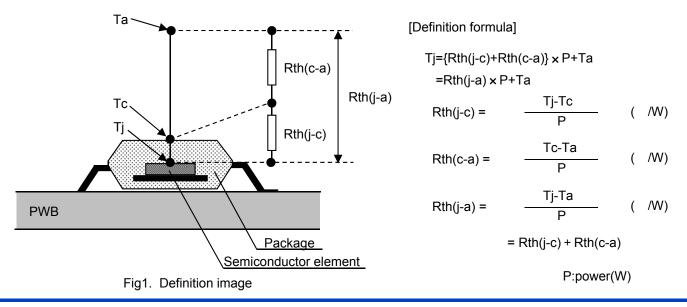
#### [Notes about Power Dissipation (Thermal Resistance)]

Power Dissipation value (Thermal Resistance) depend on the conditions of the surroundings, such as specification of PWB, mounting condition and ambient temperature. (Power Dissipation (Thermal Resistance) is not a fixed value.)

The Power Dissipation value (Technical Report) is the result based on evaluation under specified conditions (Evaluation environment under SEMI International Standards). Power Dissipation value (Thermal resistance) depends and changes with the environmental conditions.

### [Definition of each temperature and thermal resistance]

- Ta : Ambient air temperature
  - Air temperature is defined as temperature separated from the heating elements and not affected by convection, radiation, etc.
- Tc : Temperature near the center of a package surface. Opposite side of the package mounting surface.
- Tj : Semiconductor element surface temperature (Junction temperature.)
- Rth(j-c) : Thermal resistance (Temperature difference per 1 Watts) between the semiconductor element junction part and the package surface.
- Rth(c-a) : Thermal resistance (Temperature difference per 1 Watts) between the package surface and ambient air temperature.
- Rth(j-a) : Thermal resistance (Temperature difference per 1 Watts) between a semiconductor element junction part and ambient air temperature.



# Panasonic

# **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

- 1. When using the IC for new models, verify the safety including the long-term reliability for each product.
- 2. When the application system is designed by using this IC, please confirm the notes in this book.
- Please read the notes to descriptions and the usage notes in the book.
- 3. This IC is intended to be used for general electronic equipment.

Consult our sales staff in advance for information on the following applications: Special applications in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, or if the failure or malfunction of this IC may directly jeopardize life or harm the human body. Any applications other than the standard applications intended.

- (1) Space appliance (such as artificial satellite, and rocket)
- (2) Traffic control equipment (such as for automotive, airplane, train, and ship)
- (3) Medical equipment for life support
- (4) Submarine transponder
- (5) Control equipment for power plant
- (6) Disaster prevention and security device
- (7) Weapon
- (8) Others : Applications of which reliability equivalent to (1) to (7) is required

Our company shall not be held responsible for any damage incurred as a result of or in connection with the IC being used for any special application, unless our company agrees to the use of such special application.

However, for the IC which we designate as products for automotive use, it is possible to be used for automotive.

4. This IC is neither designed nor intended for use in automotive applications or environments unless the IC is designated by our company to be used in automotive applications.

Our company shall not be held responsible for any damage incurred by customers or any third party as a result of or in connection with the IC being used in automotive application, unless our company agrees to such application in this book.

- 5. Please use this IC in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. Our company shall not be held responsible for any damage incurred as a result of our IC being used by our customers, not complying with the applicable laws and regulations.
- 6. Pay attention to the direction of the IC. When mounting it in the wrong direction onto the PCB (printed-circuit-board), it might be damaged.
- 7. Pay attention in the PCB (printed-circuit-board) pattern layout in order to prevent damage due to short circuit between pins. In addition, refer to the Pin Description for the pin configuration.
- 8. Perform visual inspection on the PCB before applying power, otherwise damage might happen due to problems such as solder-bridge between the pins of the IC. Also, perform full technical verification on the assembly quality, because the same damage possibly can happen due to conductive substances, such as solder ball, that adhere to the IC during transportation.
- 9. Take notice in the use of this IC that it might be damaged when an abnormal state occurs such as output pin-VCC short (Power supply fault), output pin-GND short (Ground fault), or output-to-output-pin short (load short). Safety measures such as installation of fuses are recommended because the extent of the above-mentioned damage will depend on the current capability of the power supply.

Although the following pins comes with short circuit protection function, the protection may be damaged depending on the VCC voltage. Pins with short circuit protection function: OUT1 and OUT2.

10. The protection circuit is for maintaining safety against abnormal operation.

When sudden voltage or current change is applied to the pin, it may exceed the designated voltage and current level and therefore, customer shall perform sufficient evaluation and verification to ensure these are not exceeded in the usage. Especially for the thermal protection circuit, if the area of safe operation or the absolute maximum rating is momentarily

exceeded due to output pin to VCC short (Power supply fault), or output pin to GND short (Ground fault), the IC might be damaged before the thermal protection circuit could operate.

- 11. Unless specified in the product specifications, make sure that negative voltage or excessive voltage are not applied to the pins because the IC might be damaged, which could happen due to negative voltage or excessive voltage generated during the ON and OFF timing when the inductive load of a motor coil or actuator coils of optical pick-up is being driven.
- 12. Product which has specified ASO (Area of Safe Operation) should be operated in ASO
- 13. Verify the risks which might be caused by the malfunctions of external components.



# **IMPORTANT NOTICE (Continued)**

- 14. Comply with the instructions for use in order to prevent breakdown and characteristics change due to external factors (ESD, EOS, thermal stress and mechanical stress) at the time of handling, mounting or at customer's process.
- 15. Dip soldering is not recommended.
- 16. Follow the power supply voltage, load and ambient temperature conditions to ensure that there is enough margin and the thermal design does not exceed the allowable value.
- 17. When designing your equipment, comply with the range of absolute maximum rating and the guaranteed operating conditions (operating power supply voltage and operating environment, etc.). Especially, please be careful not to exceed the range of absolute maximum rating on the transient state, such as power-on, power-off and mode switching. Otherwise, we will not be liable for any defect which may arise later in your equipment.

Even when the products are used within the guaranteed values, take into the consideration of incidence of break down and failure mode, possible to occur to semiconductor products. Measures on the systems such as redundant design, arresting the spread of fire or preventing glitch are recommended in order to prevent physical injury, fire, social damage, for example, by using the products.

# Request for your special attention and precautions in using the technical information and semiconductors described in this book

- (1) If any of the products or technical information described in this book is to be exported or provided to non-residents, the laws and regulations of the exporting country, especially, those with regard to security export control, must be observed.
- (2) The technical information described in this book is intended only to show the main characteristics and application circuit examples of the products. No license is granted in and to any intellectual property right or other right owned by Panasonic Corporation, Nuvoton Technology Corporation Japan or any other company. Therefore, no responsibility is assumed by our company as to the infringement upon any such right owned by any other company which may arise as a result of the use of technical information de-scribed in this book.
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Please consult with our sales staff in advance for information on the following applications, moreover please exchange documents separately on terms of use etc.: Special applications (such as for in-vehicle equipment, airplanes, aerospace, automotive equipment, traffic signaling equipment, combustion equipment, medical equipment and safety devices) in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, or if the failure or malfunction of the products may directly jeopardize life or harm the human body.

Unless exchanging documents on terms of use etc. in advance, it is to be understood that our company shall not be held responsible for any damage incurred as a result of or in connection with your using the products described in this book for any special application.

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