UNO-UPS/24DC/24DC/60W

Uninterruptible power supply

TSA 329 Impro TS

Data sheet 106855_en_01

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1 Description

Uninterruptible power supply units continue to deliver power even in the event of mains breakdowns or failures.

The product described here is an uninterruptible power supply (UPS) with integrated battery module. In the event of mains breakdowns or failures, it switches to battery operation without interruption so that connected loads continue to be consistently supplied.

Features

- Easy, space-saving retrofitting
- Integrated battery modules
- Extensive signaling, LED indicators, switch outputs
- Maximum energy efficiency
- 95% efficiency in mains operation in the case of charged battery modules

Technical data (short form)		
Input voltage range	22.5 V DC 29.5 V DC	
Nominal output voltage U _{OUT}	24 V DC (SELV)	
Nominal output current I _N	2.5 A	
Buffer period	45 min (0.5 A) 20 min (1 A) 8 min (2 A) 5 min (2.5 A)	
MTBF (IEC 61709, SN 29500)	> 1900000 h (40°C)	
Efficiency Mains operation, with charged power storage	> 95 %	
Ambient temperature (operation)	-15 °C 50 °C	
Weight	1 kg	
Dimensions W/H/D	110 mm / 90 mm / 84 mm	



Make sure you always use the latest documentation. It can be downloaded from the product at phoenixcontact.net/products.



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3 Ordering data

Description	Туре	Order No.	Pcs./Pkt.
Uninterruptible power supply with integrated power storage, lead AGM, VRLA technology, 24 V DC, 0.8 Ah.	UNO-UPS/24DC/24DC/60W	2905907	1
Accessories	Туре	Order No.	Pcs./Pkt.
Primary-switched UNO POWER power supply for DIN rail mounting, input: 1-phase, output: 24 V DC/60 W	UNO-PS/1AC/24DC/ 60W	2902992	1
Primary-switched UNO POWER power supply for DIN rail mounting, input: 1-phase, output: 24 V DC/100 W	UNO-PS/1AC/24DC/100W	2902993	1

4 Technical data

Input data	
Input voltage range	22.5 V DC 29.5 V DC
Max. current consumption ($I_{IN} = I_{CHARGE} + I_{BOOST}$) No load ($I_{CHARGE} = 0$, $I_{OUT} = 0$) Charging process ($I_{CHARGE} = max.$, $I_{OUT} = 0$)	2.8 A < 60 mA < 300 mA
Input fuse, integrated	5 A (electronic)
General output data	
Nominal output voltage	24 V DC (SELV)
Output current	2.5 A
Connection in parallel	yes, with redundancy module
Connection in series	No
Output data (mains operation)	
Nominal output voltage U _{OUT}	24 V DC
Output voltage range	$U_{Out} = U_{In} - 0.5 \text{ V DC}$
Nominal output current I _N	2.5 A
Power Dissipation	3 W
Efficiency ($I_{CHARGE} = 0$, $I_{OUT} = I_{N}$)	> 95 % (Mains operation, with charged power storage)
Output data (battery operation)	
Nominal output voltage U _{OUT}	24 V DC
Output voltage range	20 V DC 27.3 V DC
Nominal output current I _N	2.5 A
Power Dissipation	6 W
Efficiency ($I_{CHARGE} = 0$, $I_{OUT} = I_{N}$)	> 92 % (Battery operation)
Battery module	
Memory medium	Lead rechargeable battery module
Nominal capacity	2x 0.8 Ah
Battery type	Yuasa NP0.8-12
Charge current	200 mA
Charging time	approx. 5 h
Battery fuse	T 5 A 32 V
Battery presence check (time interval)	60 s
Buffer period	45 min (0.5 A) 20 min (1 A) 8 min (2 A) 5 min (2.5 A)

Status and diagnostic indicator POWER IN OK

Status indication LED (green) , Static to

Status and diagnostic indicators/signal outputs Battery Mode

Switching output Transistor (24 V DC/15 mA)
Status indication LED (green) , flashing

Status and diagnostic indicators/signal outputs Battery Charge

Status indication LED (green) , flashing

Status and diagnostic indicators/signal outputs Alarm

Switching output Transistor (24 V DC/15 mA)

Status indication LED (red) , Static to

Status and diagnostic indicator Service

Status indication LED (red) , flashing

Remote control

Version 1 : Output R1 to input R2Plug-in bridgeVersion 2 : Input R2+ 24 V DC

Housing

Housing material PC (polycarbonate)

Foot latch material POM (Polyoxymethylen)

Dimensions W/H/D 110 mm / 90 mm / 84 mm

Mounting position horizontal DIN rail NS 35, EN 60715

General data

Weight 1 kg

MTBF (IEC 61709, SN 29500) > 1900000 h (40°C)

Security

Degree of protection IP20
Protection class III

Input connection data

 Connection method
 Screw connection

 Conductor cross section, solid
 0.2 mm² ... 2.5 mm²

 Conductor cross section, flexible
 0.2 mm² ... 2.5 mm²

 Conductor cross section AWG/kcmil
 24 ... 14

 Stripping length
 7 mm

 Screw thread
 M3

 Tightening torque
 0.5 Nm ... 0.6 Nm

Output connection data

 Connection method
 Screw connection

 Conductor cross section, solid
 0.2 mm² ... 2.5 mm²

 Conductor cross section, flexible
 0.2 mm² ... 2.5 mm²

 Conductor cross section AWG/kcmil
 24 ... 14

 Stripping length
 7 mm

 Screw thread
 M3

 Tightening torque
 0.5 Nm ... 0.6 Nm

Signal connection data

 Connection method
 Screw connection

 Conductor cross section, solid
 0.2 mm² ... 2.5 mm²

 Conductor cross section, flexible
 0.2 mm² ... 2.5 mm²

 Conductor cross section AWG/kcmil
 24 ... 14

 Stripping length
 7 mm

 Screw thread
 M3

 Tightening torque
 0.5 Nm ... 0.6 Nm

-15 °C 50 °C
-20 °C 60 °C
≤ 95 % (at 25 °C, non-condensing)
< 13.2 Hz, amplitude ±1.0 mm (according to IEC 60068-2-6) 13.2 Hz 100 Hz, 0.7g
30g in each direction, according to IEC 60068-2-27
2

Standards

Electrical safety (of information technology equipment)

EN 60950-1/VDE 0805 (SELV)

Electronic equipment for use in electrical power installations

EN 50178/VDE 0160 (PELV)

Approvals

UL approvals

UL Listed UL 508

UL/C-UL Recognized UL 60950



Current approvals/permissions for the product can be found in the download area under phoenixcontact.net/products.

Noise immunity according to EN 61000-6-2		
	EN 61000-6-2 requirement	Tested
Electrostatic discharge EN 61000-4-2		
Housing contact discharge	4 kV (Test Level 2)	6 kV (Test Level 3)
Housing air discharge	8 kV (Test Level 3)	8 kV (Test Level 3)
Comments	Criterion B	Criterion A
Electromagnetic HF field EN 61000-4-3		
Frequency range	80 MHz 3 GHz	80 MHz 3 GHz
Test field strength	10 V/m (Test Level 3)	10 V/m (Test Level 3)
Comments	Criterion A	Criterion A
Fast transients (burst) EN 61000-4-4		
Input	2 kV (Test Level 3 - asymmetrical)	2 kV (Test Level 3 - asymmetrical)
Output	2 kV (Test Level 3 - asymmetrical)	2 kV (Test Level 3 - asymmetrical)
Signal	1 kV (Test Level 3 - asymmetrical)	2 kV (Test Level 4 - asymmetrical)
Comments	Criterion B	Criterion A
Surge current loads (surge) EN 61000-4-5		
Input	0.5 kV (Test Level 1 - symmetrical) 0.5 kV (Test Level 1 - asymmetrical)	1 kV (Test Level 3 - symmetrical) 2 kV (Test Level 3 - asymmetrical)
Output	0.5 kV (Test Level 1 - symmetrical) 0.5 kV (Test Level 1 - asymmetrical)	1 kV (Test Level 3 - symmetrical) 2 kV (Test Level 3 - asymmetrical)
Signal	1 kV (Test Level 2 - asymmetrical)	1 kV (Test Level 2 - asymmetrical)
Comments	Criterion B	Criterion A
Conducted interference EN 61000-4-6		
Input/Output/Signal	asymmetrical	asymmetrical
Frequency range	0.15 MHz 80 MHz	0.15 MHz 80 MHz
Voltage	10 V (Test Level 3)	10 V (Test Level 3)
Comments	Criterion A	Criterion A
Criterion A	Normal appraising haboular within the o	positiod limits
Criterion B	Normal operating behavior within the space Temporary impairment to operational baself.	



Emitted radio interference in acc. with EN 55011

EN 55011 (EN 55022) Class B, area of application: Industry and residential



All technical specifications are nominal values and refer to a room temperature of 25 $^{\circ}$ C and 70 $^{\circ}$ C relative humidity at 2000 m above sea level.

5 Safety regulations and installation notes



EXPLOSION HAZARD!

Only remove equipment when it is disconnected and not in the potentially explosive area.

DANGER

Never carry out work on live parts! The housing can become very hot, depending on the ambient temperature and load!



CAUTION:

Before startup please ensure:

The connection must be carried out by a competent person and protection against electric shock guaranteed.

It must be possible to switch off power to device according to EN 60950.

All feed lines are sufficiently protected and dimensioned!

All output lines are dimensioned according to the maximum output current of the device or separately protected!

Sufficient convection must be guaranteed.

Observe mechanical and thermal limits.



CAUTION:

A battery can present a risk of electrical shock, burn from high shortcircuit current, fire or explosion from vented gases. Observe proper precautions.



CAUTION:

Keep flames, embers or sparks away from the UPS.



CAUTION: Risk of injury

Cover termination area after installation in order to avoid accidental contact with live parts (e. g., installation in control cabinet).

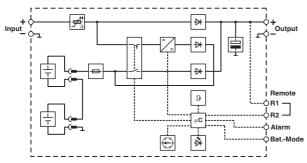


NOTE: Danger if used improperly

Uninterruptible power supplies are installable devices. Installation and startup may only be carried out by qualified personnel. The relevant country-specific regulations must be observed.

6 Structure

6.1 Block diagram



F1	I
Element	Meaning
=	Fuse
\bowtie	Decoupling
'	Switch
μС	Microprocessor
华	LED
(8)	Temperature sensor
(°, 0°, 0°, 0°, 0°, 0°, 0°, 0°, 0°, 0°, 0	Selector switch
	Battery module
=	DC/DC converter
	Electrolytic capacitor
- 11 o	Fuse element (PTC)

6.2 Function elements

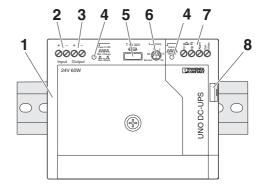


Figure 1 Front view

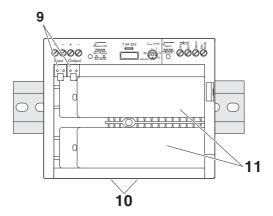


Figure 2 Inside view

No.	Connection terminal blocks and function elements
1	UPS
2	Input terminal block 24 V DC
3	Output terminal block 24 V DC
4	LED: status indicator
5	Fuse holder
6	Rotary selector switch
7	Signal contacts
8	Storage/transport position of the fuse
9	Battery module connector plug (any slot can be selected)
10	Base latch
11	Battery modules

6.3 Convection

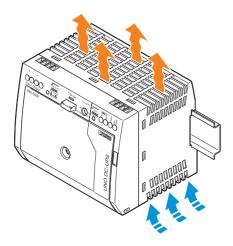


Figure 3 Convection



NOTE: enable convection

The housing can become very hot, depending on the ambient temperature and module load. In order to ensure sufficient convection, we recommend a minimum vertical distance of 30 mm to the other devices.



The device can be snapped onto all DIN rails in accordance with EN 60715 and should be mounted in the normal mounting position.

6.4 Dimensions and mounting positions

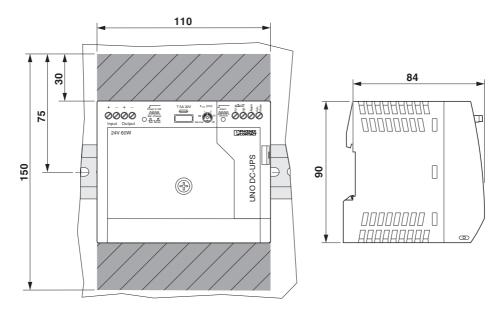


Figure 4 Locked areas

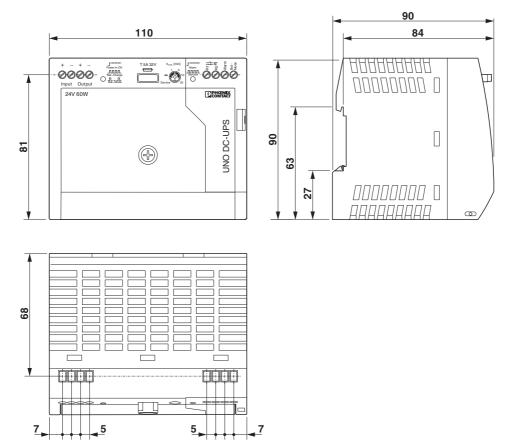


Figure 5 Device dimensions

7 Mounting/removal

7.1 Normal mounting position

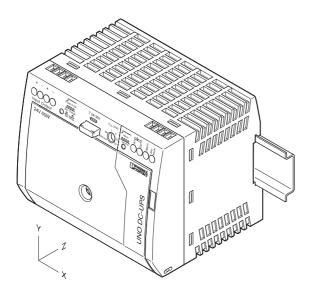
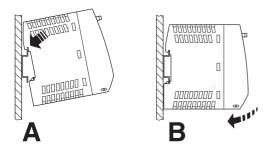


Figure 6 Normal mounting position

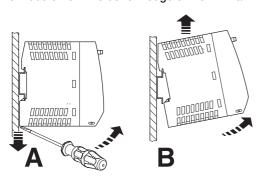
7.2 Mounting on a DIN rail

Position the module with the DIN rail guide on the upper edge of the DIN rail, and snap it in with a downward motion.



7.3 Removal from the DIN rail

Pull back the snap-on catch using a screwdriver and detach the module from the bottom edge of the DIN rail.



7.4 Notes on disposal



Do not dispose of the UPS and battery modules in household waste! They should be disposed of according to the currently applicable national regulations.



You can return old batteries and accumulators to Phoenix Contact.

8 Device connection

8.1 Installation of individual components

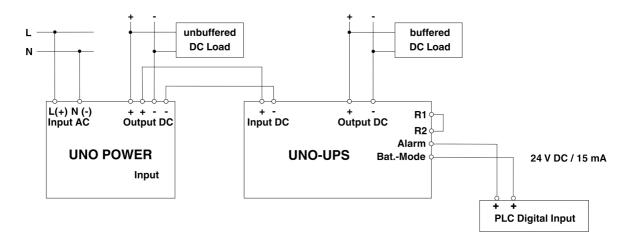


Figure 7 Schematic design



The image is a schematic representation of the design and does not contain all parts. Observe the installation instructions.

Power supply

Use a current-limited source (e.g., UNO POWER power supply) or connect a suitable fuse upstream.



It must be possible to disconnect the power supply unit connected upstream (e.g., UNO POWER) from the outside (e.g., by line protection on the primary side).



Use copper cables with an operating temperature $> 75^{\circ}$ C (ambient temperature $< 55^{\circ}$ C) and $> 90^{\circ}$ C (ambient temperature $< 75^{\circ}$ C).



To ensure symmetrical current distribution, all cable connections from the power supply unit to the busbar must be the same length and have the same conductor cross section.

UNO-UPS uninterruptible power supply

- Input DC: The input DC is connected to the output DC of the power supply (e.g. UNO POWER).
- Output DC: in the event of mains interruption or failure, the connected DC load is supplied with voltage without interruption.
- Signal R1, R2: activation/deactivation of the UPS functionality

8.2 DC input

The supply voltage is connected via "Input" connection terminal blocks.

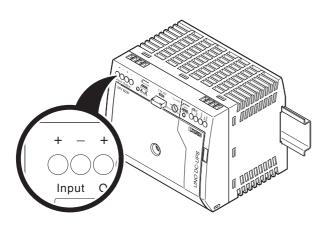


Figure 8 Input

8.3 DC output

The output voltage is connected via the "Output" connection terminal blocks.

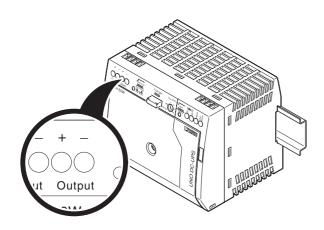


Figure 9 Output

9 Operation

9.1 Startup

1. Inserting the fuse

Remove the fuse from the storage/transport position and insert the fuse into the fuse holder.

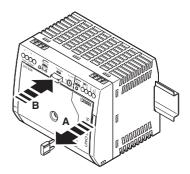


Figure 10 Insert fuse into fuse holder

2. Connecting cables



Use copper cables with an operating temperature $> 75^{\circ}$ C (ambient temperature $< 55^{\circ}$ C) and $> 90^{\circ}$ C (ambient temperature $< 75^{\circ}$ C).

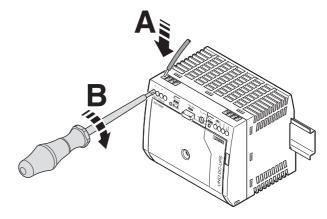


Figure 11 Connecting cables

- Connect the supply lines to the "Input" connection terminal blocks.
- Connect the output lines to the "Output" connection terminal blocks.

3. Setting the buffer time

You can set the time for exiting battery mode via the rotary selector switch on the front of the device. For this purpose use a screwdriver.

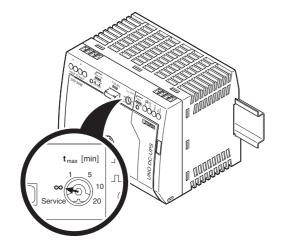


Figure 12 Buffer time selector switch

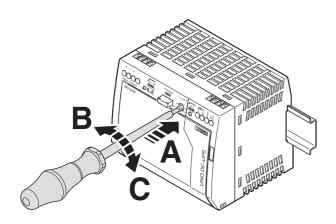


Figure 13 Setting the buffer time

t _{max} [min] setting	Meaning
	The UPS switches off after the set buffer time.
∞ (unlimited, delivery state)	Buffering with the total stored power

Using the chart select the resulting values for the buffer time and discharge current.

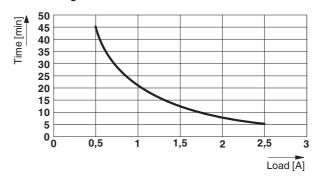


Figure 14 Buffer time/discharge current diagram

9.2 Battery replacement



The batteries are maintenance free and may not be opened.



When replacing batteries, always use two new batteries from the same production batch.



When storing the battery modules, observe the latest startup date and recharge, if necessary. The batteries may only be recharged in an uninterruptible power supply.

1. Setting the Service mode

To change the battery modules, select service mode via the rotary selector switch on the front of the UPS.



The alarm signal output is activated if the batteries are not removed in service mode!



Figure 15 Buffer time selector switch

2. Opening the battery compartment

Unscrew the screw connection of the battery compartment on the front of the UPS. Use a suitable screwdriver to do this.

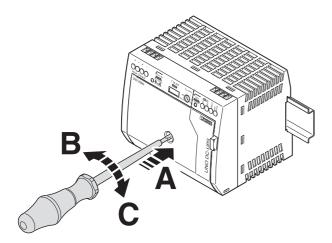


Figure 16 Loosen the screw connection

Open the battery compartment by folding the cover forward.

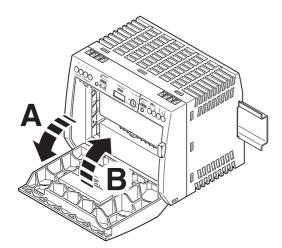


Figure 17 Open/close the cover

3. Remove the battery modules

Remove both connectors from the PCB and remove the batteries.

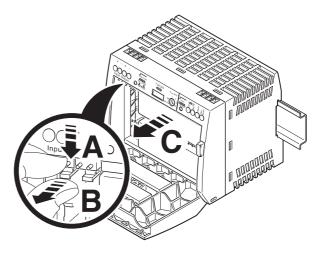


Figure 18 Remove the battery modules

4. Insert the battery modules

Plug the connectors onto the PCB (the order is not important).

Then store the cables between the battery modules.

5. Closing the battery compartment

Close the cover of the battery compartment.

Fix the cover by tightening the screw using the screwdriver.

6. Setting the buffer time

Exit Service mode.

Set the buffer time (see Section 9.1).

9.3 Remote control (contact R1, R2)

Battery operation of the UPS can be switched on and off via a signal to contacts R1/R2. Shutdown can take place during mains operation or active battery operation.

Remote shutdown is deactivated

UPS in function (delivery state)

- The "R1" and "R2" terminal points are short circuited (delivery with plug-in bridge) OR 24 V DC is present at terminal point "R2".
- In the event of a voltage supply failure, the UPS switches over to battery mode.



NOTE:

In the event of a supply voltage failure, the UPS switches over to battery operation. The load connected to the DC output is supplied by the battery modules.

Remote shutdown is activated

- Terminal points "R1" and "R2" are not short circuited and 0 V is applied at terminal point "R2".
- In the event of a voltage supply failure, the UPS does not switch over to battery mode. The device switches off.



NOTE:

If the supply voltage fails, the UPS does not switch to battery operation. The load connected to the DC output is not supplied by the battery modules.

10 Signaling

Various LED indicators are available for visual function monitoring of uninterruptible power supplies. Moreover, active signal outputs can be used to forward this data to a higher-level control system.

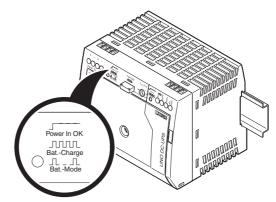


Figure 19 LED mode indicator

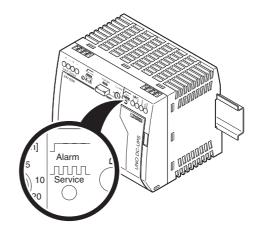


Figure 20 Alarm/service LED indicator

10.1 Active signal outputs

The 24 V DC signal is applied between the "Alarm" or "Bat.-Mode" and "Input" or "Output" connection terminal blocks and can carry up to 15 mA.

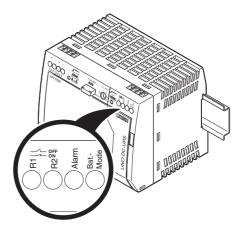


Figure 21 Active signal outputs

10.2 LED indicators and signal outputs

For UPS signaling and the corresponding states, please refer to the table.

Status LED		Switching	output	Nete
Green	Red	BatMode	Alarm (active low)	Note
	0	OFF	ON	Mains operation
	- D = 50%	OFF	ON	Mains operation, service mode for battery change
		OFF	OFF	Mains operation, battery failure
	0	OFF	ON	Mains operation, battery charging in process
- D = 50%	- D = 50%	OFF	OFF	System initialization (3 sec.)
		OFF	OFF	Mains operation, battery charging in process, battery failure
- D = 10%	0	ON	ON	Battery mode
	- D = 50%	ON	ON	Battery mode, service mode for battery change
		ON	OFF	Battery mode, battery voltage low or battery failure
	0	OFF	ON	Mains operation, remote contact (R1/R2) open
D = 90%	- D = 50%	OFF	ON	Mains operation, remote contact (R1/R2) open, service mode for battery change
		OFF	OFF	Mains operation, remote contact (R1/R2) open, battery failure
	0	OFF	OFF	Input voltage not present / invalid range
0	- D = 10%	OFF	OFF	Undervoltage or overvoltage
		OFF	OFF	Input voltage not present / invalid range, output switched off in battery mode
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
100%	t			

Figure 22 LED indicators and signal outputs

11 Derating

11.1 Temperature-dependent derating

In the ambient temperature range, the uninterruptible power supply supplies the nominal current (I_N) .

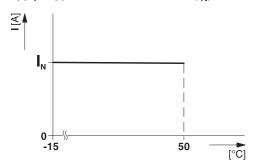


Figure 23 Temperature-dependent derating

单击下面可查看定价,库存,交付和生命周期等信息

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