

## 120mΩ, 1.8A Power Switch with Adjustable Current Limit

### General Description

The RT9728B is a cost effective, low voltage, single P-MOSFET power switch IC for USB application with a adjustable current limit feature. Low switch-on resistance (typ. 120mΩ) and low supply current (typ. 120μA) are realized in this IC. The RT9728B offers a adjustable current limit threshold between 75mA and 1.8A (typ.) via an external resistor. The ±10% current limit accuracy can be realized for all current limit settings. In addition, a flag output is available to indicate fault conditions to the local USB controller. Furthermore, the chip also integrates an embedded delay function to prevent mis-operation due to high inrush current. The RT9728B is an ideal solution for USB power supplies and can support flexible applications since it is suitable for various current limit requirements. It is available in the SOT-23-6 and WDFN-6L 2x2 packages.

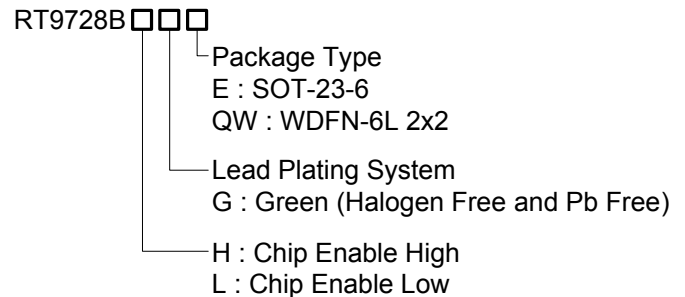
### Applications

- USB Bus/Self Powered Hubs
- USB Peripheral Ports
- ACPI Power Distribution
- Battery Power Equipment
- 3G/3.5G Data Card, Set-Top Boxes

### Features

- ±10% Current Limit Accuracy @ 1.3A
- Adjustable Current Limit : 75mA to 1.8A (typ.)
- Meet USB Current Limiting Requirements
- Operating Voltage Range : 2.5V to 5.5V
- Reverse Input–Output Voltage Protection
- Built-in Soft-Start
- 120mΩ P-MOSFET
- 120μA Supply Current
- RoHS Compliant and Halogen Free

### Ordering Information

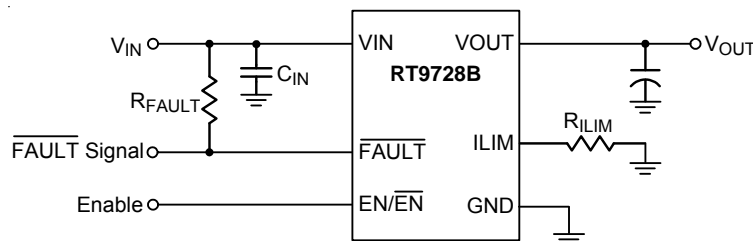


Note :

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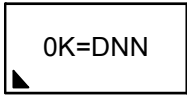
- ▶ RoHS compliant and compatible with the current requirements of IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.
- ▶ Suitable for use in SnPb or Pb-free soldering processes.

### Simplified Application Circuit



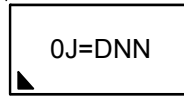
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RT9728BHGE



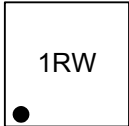
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RT9728BLGE



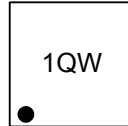
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RT9728BHGQW



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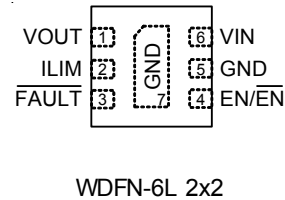
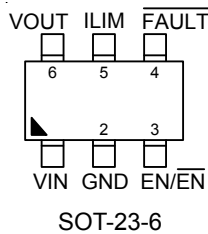
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## Pin Configuration

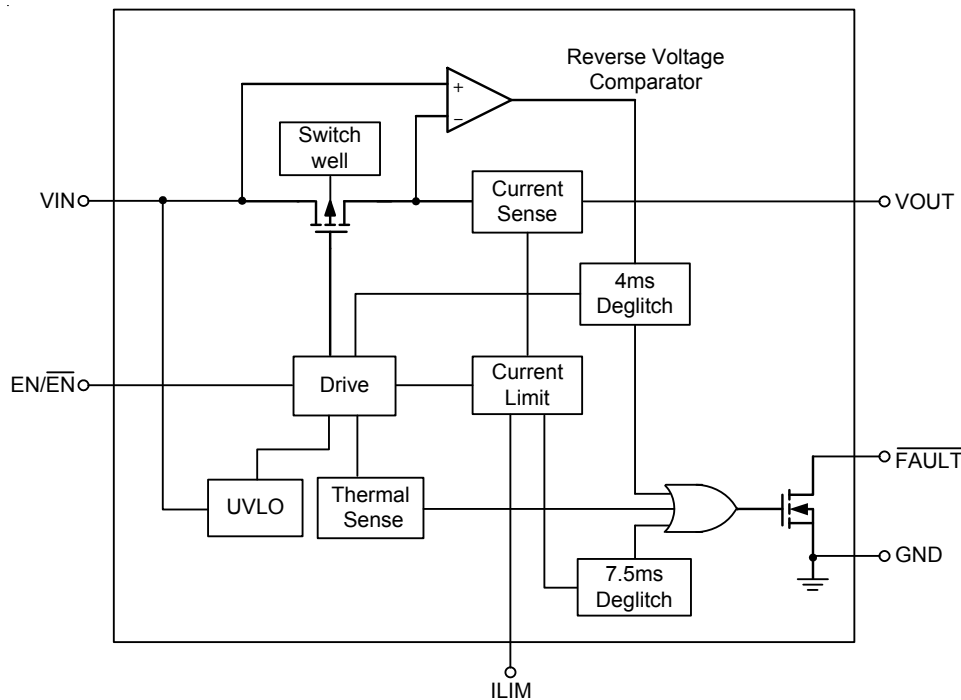
(TOP VIEW)



## Functional Pin Description

| Pin No.  |                       | Pin Name                   | Pin Function   |
|----------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| SOT-23-6 | WDFN-6L 2x2           |                            |  |
| 1        | 6                     | VIN                        | Power input.   |
| 2        | 5,<br>7 (Exposed Pad) | GND                        | Ground. The exposed pad must be soldered to a large PCB and connected to GND for maximum power dissipation.  |
| 3        | 4                     | EN/ $\overline{\text{EN}}$ | Enable control input.  |
| 4        | 3                     | $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  | Active-low open-drain output. Asserted during over-current, over-temperature, or reverse-voltage conditions.   |
| 5        | 2                     | ILIM                       | Current limit setting. Connect an external resistor is used to set current limit threshold, and $15\text{k}\Omega \leq R_{\text{ILIM}} \leq 232\text{k}\Omega$ is recommended. |
| 6        | 1                     | VOUT                       | Power switch output.   |

**Functional Block Diagram**



**Operation**

The RT9728B is a current-limited power switch using P-MOSFET for applications where short-circuit or heavy capacitive loads will be encountered. These devices allow users to adjust the current limit threshold between 75mA and 1.8A (typ.) via an external resistor. Additional device shutdown features include over-temperature protection and reverse-voltage protection.

The RT9728B provides built-in soft-start function. The driver controls the gate voltage of the power switch. The driver incorporates circuitry that controls the rising time and falling time of the output voltage to limit large inrush current and voltage surges. The RT9728B enters constant-current mode when the load exceeds the current limit threshold.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

- Supply Input Voltage,  $V_{IN}$  ----- -0.3V to 6.5V
- Other Pins ----- -0.3V to 6V
- Power Dissipation,  $P_D$  @  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 
  - SOT-23-6 ----- 0.4W
  - WDFN-6L 2x2 ----- 0.606W
- Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)
  - SOT-23-6,  $\theta_{JA}$  -----  $250^\circ\text{C/W}$
  - WDFN-6L 2x2,  $\theta_{JA}$  -----  $165^\circ\text{C/W}$
  - WDFN-6L 2x2,  $\theta_{JC}$  -----  $7^\circ\text{C/W}$
- Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) -----  $260^\circ\text{C}$
- Junction Temperature -----  $150^\circ\text{C}$
- Storage Temperature Range -----  $-65^\circ\text{C}$  to  $150^\circ\text{C}$
- ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)
  - HBM (Human Body Model) ----- 2kV

## Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 4)

- Supply Input Voltage,  $V_{IN}$  ----- 2.5V to 5.5V
- Junction Temperature Range -----  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$
- Ambient Temperature Range -----  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$

## Electrical Characteristics

( $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$ ,  $15\text{k}\Omega \leq R_{ILIM} \leq 232\text{k}\Omega$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter                               |            | Symbol       | Test Conditions  | Min                            | Typ  | Max  | Unit          |               |
|---|------------|--------------|--|--------------------------------|------|------|---------------|---------------|
| EN Input Voltage                        | Logic-High | $V_{IH}$     |  | 1.1                            | --   | --   | V             |               |
|   | Logic-Low  | $V_{IL}$     |  | --                             | --   | 0.66 |               |               |
| Current Limit Threshold Resistor Range  |            | $R_{ILIM}$   | (nominal 1%) from $I_{LIM}$ to GND                                   | 15                             | --   | 232  | k $\Omega$    |               |
| Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold         |            | $V_{UVLO}$   | $V_{IN}$ rising  | --                             | 2.3  | --   | V             |               |
|   |            |              | $V_{IN}$ falling   | --                             | 2.1  | --   |               |               |
| Shutdown Current                        |            | $I_{SHDN}$   | $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$ , no load on $V_{OUT}$ , $V_{EN} = 0\text{V}$ | --                             | 1    | 3    | $\mu\text{A}$ |               |
| Quiescent Current                       |            | $I_Q$        | $V_{IN} = 5.5\text{V}$ ,<br>no load on $V_{OUT}$                     | $R_{ILIM} = 20\text{k}\Omega$  | --   | 120  | 170           | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|   |            |              |  | $R_{ILIM} = 210\text{k}\Omega$ | --   | 120  | 170           |               |
| Reverse Leakage Current                 |            | $I_{REV}$    | $V_{OUT} = 5\text{V}$ , $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$                         | --                             | 1    | 10   | $\mu\text{A}$ |               |
| Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance |            | $R_{DS(ON)}$ | $I_{SW} = 0.2\text{A}$   | --                             | 120  | --   | m $\Omega$    |               |
| Current Limit                           |            | $I_{LIM}$    | $R_{ILIM} = 20\text{k}\Omega$  | 1166                           | 1295 | 1425 | mA            |               |
|   |            |              | $R_{ILIM} = 49.9\text{k}\Omega$                                      | 468                            | 520  | 572  |               |               |
|   |            |              | $R_{ILIM} = 210\text{k}\Omega$                                       | 104                            | 130  | 156  |               |               |
|   |            |              | ILIM shorted to $V_{IN}$   | --                             | 75   | --   |               |               |

| Parameter  | Symbol                      | Test Conditions   | Min  | Typ | Max | Unit               |
|--|-----------------------------|---|------|-----|-----|--------------------|
| Reverse Voltage Comparator Trip Point ( $V_{OUT} - V_{IN}$ ) |                             |   | --   | 135 | --  | mV                 |
| $\overline{FAULT}$ Output Low Voltage                        | $V_{OL}$                    | $I_{\overline{FAULT}} = 1\text{mA}$   | --   | 180 | --  | mV                 |
| $\overline{FAULT}$ Off State Leakage                         |                             | $V_{\overline{FAULT}} = 5.5\text{V}$  | --   | 1   | --  | $\mu\text{A}$      |
| $\overline{FAULT}$ Deglitch                                  |                             | $\overline{FAULT}$ assertion or de-assertion due to over-current condition    | 5    | 7.5 | 10  | ms                 |
|  |                             | $\overline{FAULT}$ assertion or de-assertion due to reverse-voltage condition | 2    | 4   | 6   |                    |
| $\overline{FAULT}$ Flag Assertion Offset                     | $V_{\overline{FAULT\_OFS}}$ | Offset between fault flag assertion level versus ILIM trigger level (Note 5)  | -100 | --  | 0   | mA                 |
| Thermal Shutdown Threshold                                   | $T_{SD}$                    | (Note 5)  | --   | 160 | --  | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

**Note 1.** Stresses beyond those listed “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.

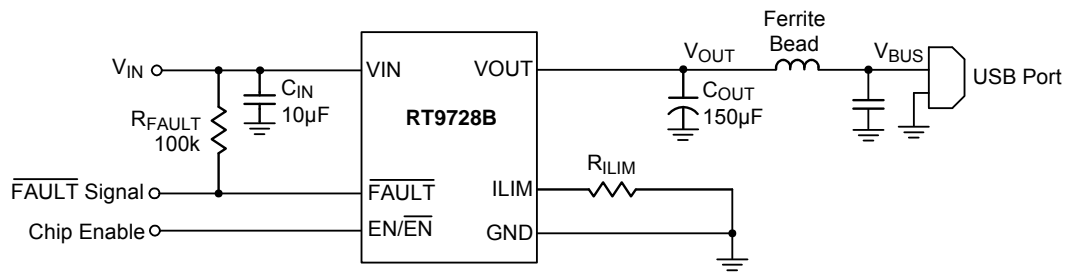
**Note 2.**  $\theta_{JA}$  is measured at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$  on a low effective thermal conductivity single-layer test board per JEDEC 51-3.  $\theta_{JC}$  is measured at the exposed pad of the package.

**Note 3.** Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution is recommended.

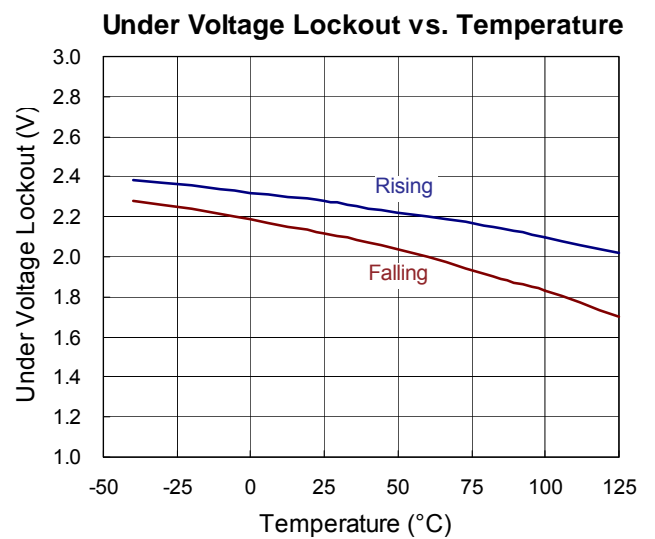
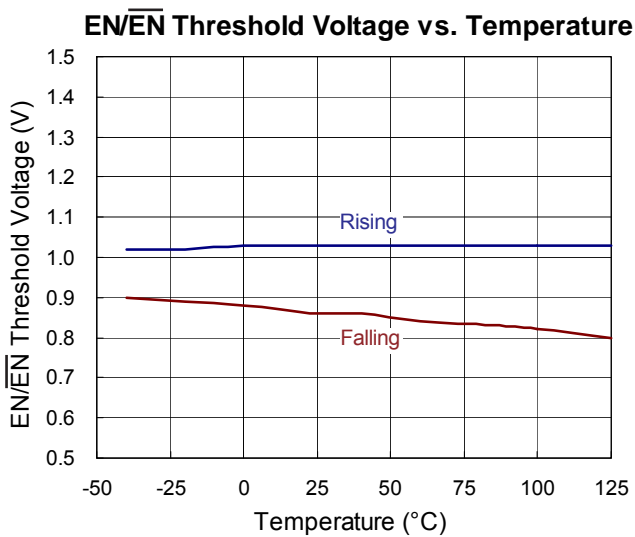
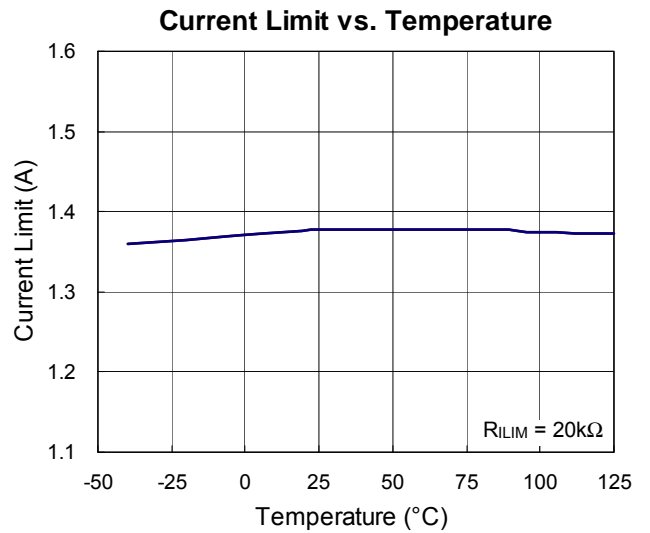
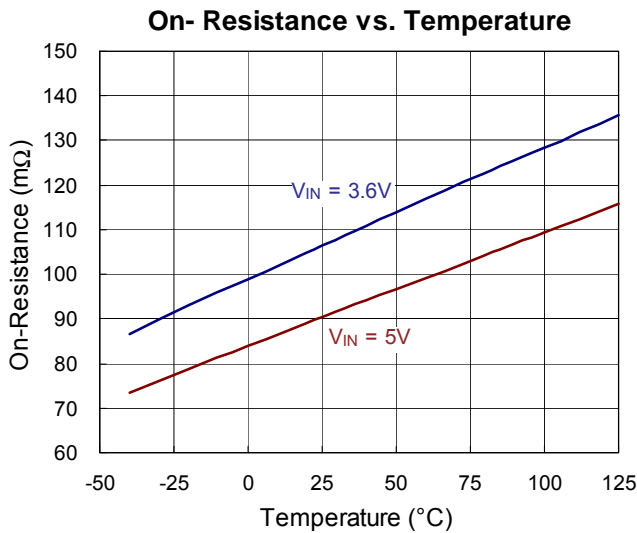
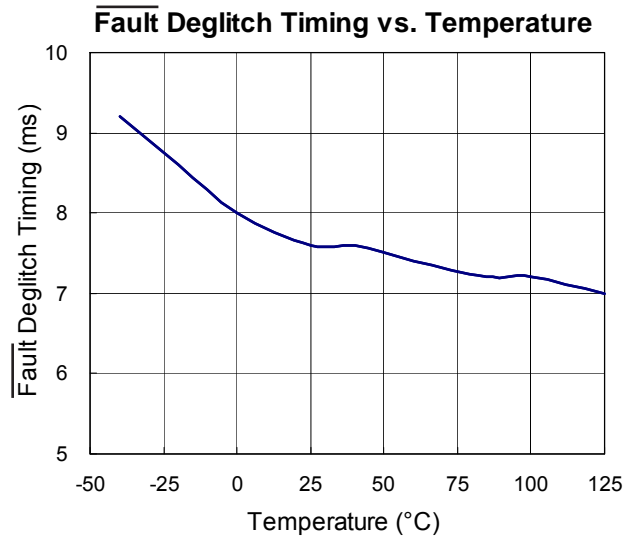
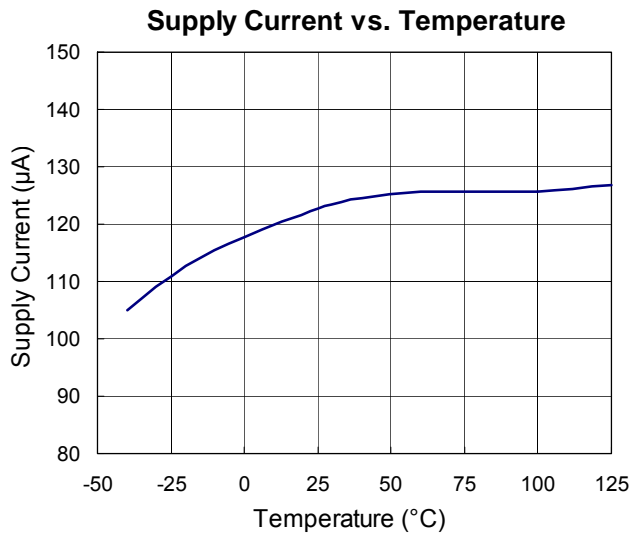
**Note 4.** The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

**Note 5.** Guarantee by design.

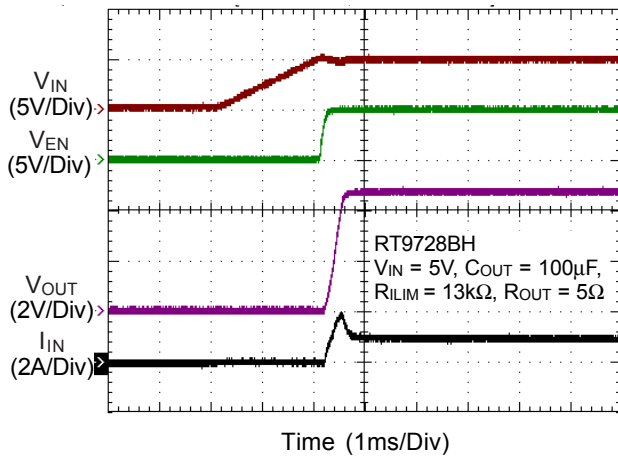
## Typical Application Circuit



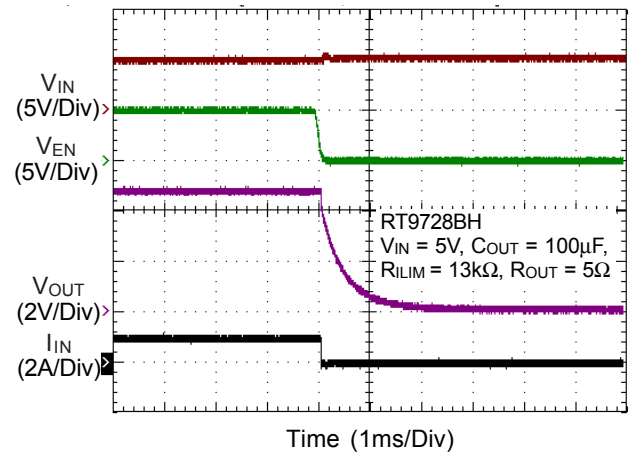
**Typical Operating Characteristics**



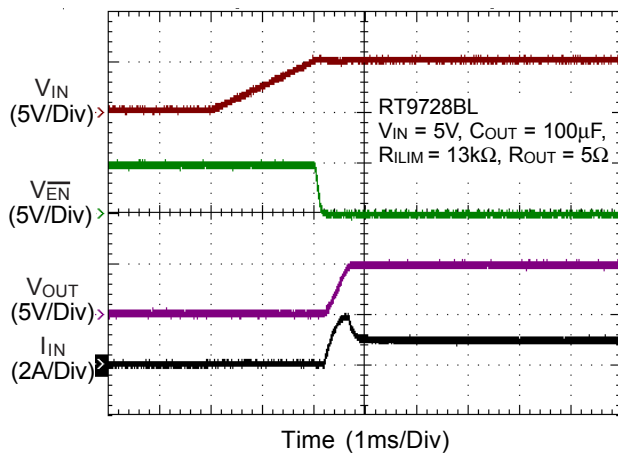
Power On from EN



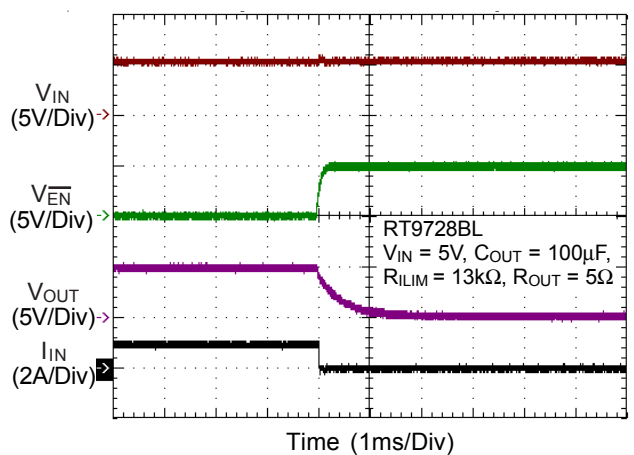
Power Off from EN



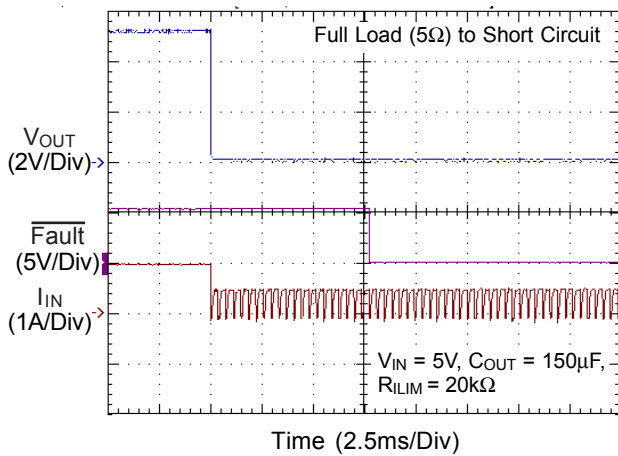
Power On from  $\overline{EN}$



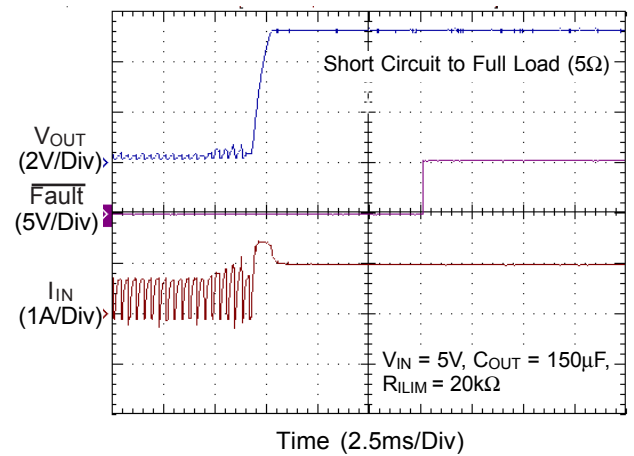
Power Off from  $\overline{EN}$



Current Limit

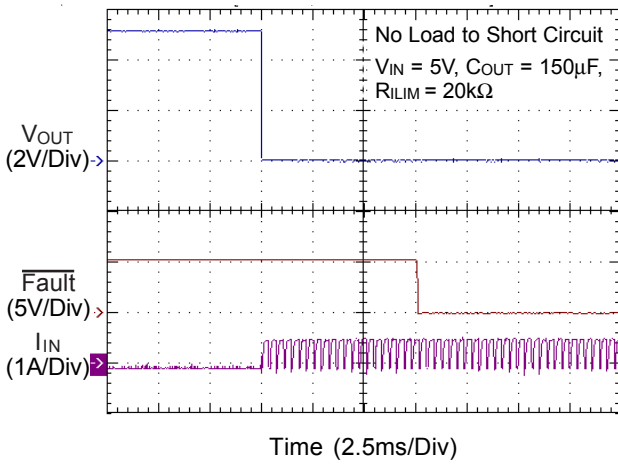


Current Limit

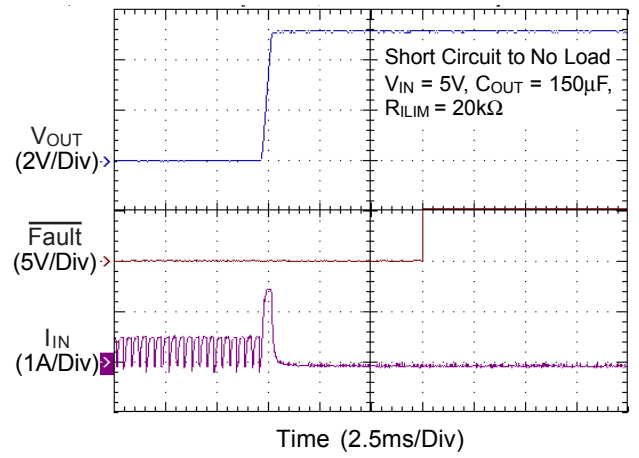




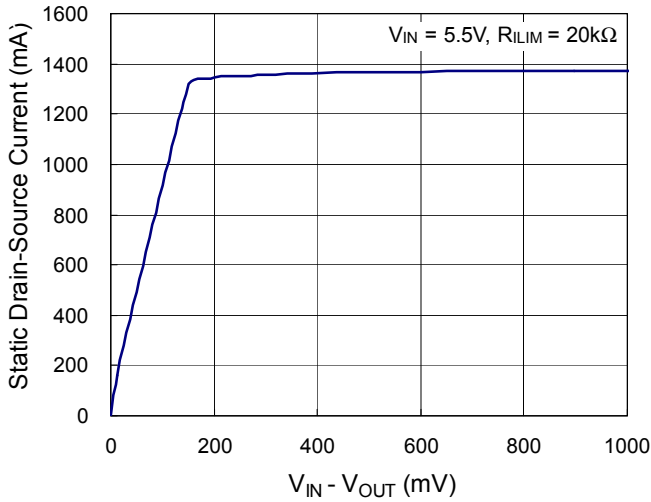
Current Limit



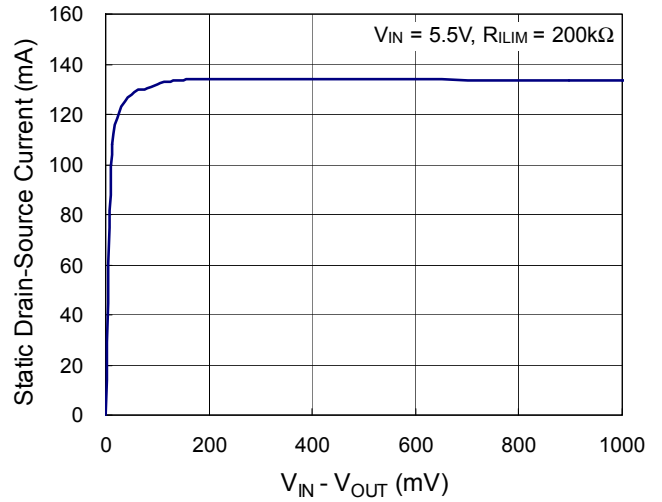
Current Limit



Static Drain-Source Current vs.  $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$



Static Drain-Source Current vs.  $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$



**Applications Information**

The RT9728B is a single P-MOSFET power switch with an active-high/low enable input, optimized for self-powered and bus-powered Universal Serial Bus (USB) applications. The switch's low  $R_{DS(ON)}$  meets USB voltage drop requirements and a flag output is available to indicate fault conditions to the local USB controller.

**Current Limit and Short-Circuit Protection**

When a heavy load or short-circuit situation occurs while the switch is enabled, a large transient current may flow through the device. The RT9728B includes current-limit circuitry to prevent the MOSFET switch and the hub downstream ports from damage due to large transient current. The RT9728B provides an adjustable current limit threshold between 120mA and 1.8A (typ) via an external resistor,  $R_{ILIM}$ , whose resistance is between 15k $\Omega$  and 232k $\Omega$ . However, if the ILIM pin is connected to  $V_{IN}$ , the current limit threshold will be 75mA (typ). The maximum -100mA fault flag assertion offset needs cautions, especially for very low ILIM applications. Taking the application of ILIM = 250mA as an example, the minimum fault flag assertion level might be 150mA (40% error versus

its target). For short ILIM to  $V_{IN}$  condition (75mA) the fault flag may go low. Once the current limit threshold is exceeded, the device enters constant-current mode until either thermal shutdown occurs or the fault is removed. Figure 1 shows the curve of current limit value vs.  $R_{ILIM}$  resistor. The recommended  $R_{ILIM}$  resistor selection is shown in Table 1.

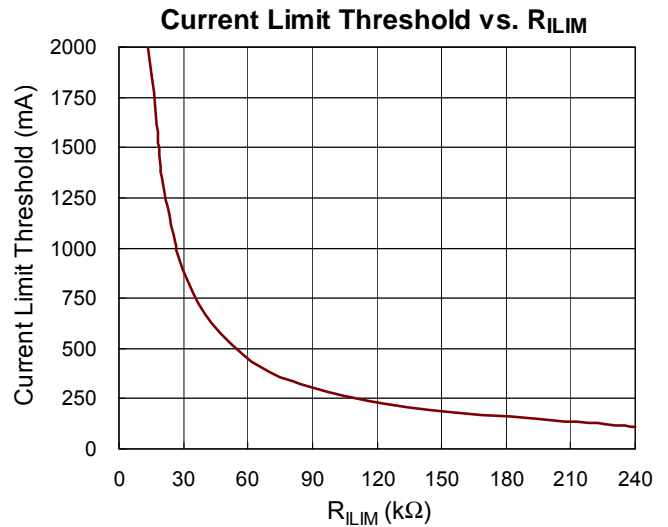


Figure 1. Current Limit Threshold vs.  $R_{ILIM}$

**Table 1. Recommended  $R_{ILIM}$  Resistor Selection**

| Desired Nominal Current Limit (mA) | Ideal Resistor (k $\Omega$ ) | Closest 1% Resistor (k $\Omega$ ) | Actual Limits (Include R Tolerance) |              |              |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                    |                              |                                   | IOS Min (mA)                        | IOS Nom (mA) | IOS Max (mA) |
| 75                                 | Short ILIM to $V_{IN}$       |                                   | 50.0                                | 75.0         | 100.0        |
| 120                                | 226.1                        | 226.0                             | 101.3                               | 120.0        | 142.1        |
| 200                                | 134.0                        | 133.0                             | 173.7                               | 201.5        | 233.9        |
| 300                                | 88.5                         | 88.7                              | 262.1                               | 299.4        | 342.3        |
| 400                                | 65.9                         | 66.5                              | 351.1                               | 396.7        | 448.7        |
| 500                                | 52.5                         | 52.3                              | 443.9                               | 501.6        | 562.4        |
| 600                                | 43.5                         | 43.2                              | 535.1                               | 604.6        | 674.1        |
| 700                                | 37.2                         | 37.4                              | 616.0                               | 696.0        | 776.0        |
| 800                                | 32.4                         | 32.4                              | 708.7                               | 800.8        | 892.9        |
| 900                                | 28.7                         | 28.7                              | 797.8                               | 901.5        | 1005.2       |
| 1000                               | 25.8                         | 26.1                              | 875.4                               | 989.1        | 1102.8       |
| 1100                               | 23.4                         | 23.2                              | 982.1                               | 1109.7       | 1237.3       |
| 1200                               | 21.4                         | 21.5                              | 1057.9                              | 1195.4       | 1332.9       |
| 1300                               | 19.7                         | 19.6                              | 1158.0                              | 1308.5       | 1459.0       |
| 1400                               | 18.5                         | 18.7                              | 1225.7                              | 1385.0       | 1544.3       |
| 1500                               | 17.3                         | 17.4                              | 1317.3                              | 1488.5       | 1659.7       |
| 1600                               | 16.2                         | 16.2                              | 1414.8                              | 1598.7       | 1782.6       |
| 1700                               | 15.2                         | 15.0                              | 1528.1                              | 1726.7       | 1925.3       |
| 1800                               | 14.4                         | 14.3                              | 1602.9                              | 1811.2       | 2019.5       |

**Fault Flag**

The RT9728B provides a  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  signal pin which is an open-drain N-MOSFET output. This open-drain output is pulled low when current exceeds current limit threshold. The  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  output is capable of sinking a 1mA load to 180mV (typ.) above ground. The  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  pin requires a pull-up resistor; this resistor should be large in value to reduce energy drain. A 100kΩ pull-up resistor works well for most applications. In case of an over-current condition,  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  will be asserted only after the flag response delay time,  $t_D$ , has elapsed. This ensures that  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  is asserted upon valid over-current conditions and that erroneous error reporting is eliminated. For example, false over-current conditions may occur during hot-plug events when extremely large capacitive loads are connected, which induces a high transient inrush current that exceeds the current limit threshold. The  $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$  response delay time,  $t_D$ , is typically 7.5ms.

**Supply Filter/Bypass Capacitor**

A 10μF low ESR ceramic capacitor connected from  $V_{IN}$  to GND and located close to the device is strongly recommended to prevent input voltage drooping during hot-plug events. However, higher capacitor values may be used to further reduce the voltage droop on the input. Without this bypass capacitor, an output short may cause sufficient ringing on the input (from source lead inductance) to destroy the internal control circuitry. Note that the input transient voltage must never exceed 6V as stated in the Absolute Maximum Ratings.

**Output Filter Capacitor**

Standard bypass methods should be used to minimize inductance and resistance between the bypass capacitor and the downstream connector to reduce EMI and decouple voltage droop caused by hot-insertion transients in downstream cables. Ferrite beads in series with VBUS, the ground line and the bypass capacitors at the power connector pins are recommended for EMI and ESD protection. The bypass capacitor itself should have a low dissipation factor to allow decoupling at higher frequencies. For commercial applications where the ambient temperature is 0°C to 70°C (such as a PC or USB hub), RT9728B supports an output capacitor range of up to

120μF. For industrial applications with an ambient temperature of -40°C to 125°C, please limit the output capacitance to less than 50μF to ensure normal startup.

**Chip Enable Input**

The RT9728BH/L is disabled when the  $\text{EN}/\overline{\text{EN}}$  pin is in a logic-low/high condition. During this condition, the internal circuitry and MOSFET are turned off, reducing the supply current to 1μA typically. Floating the input may cause unpredictable operation and  $\text{EN}/\overline{\text{EN}}$  should not be allowed to go negative with respect to GND. The  $\text{EN}/\overline{\text{EN}}$  signal must be asserted after input voltage ready or higher than UVLO threshold to satisfy the power sequence.

**Under-Voltage Lockout**

Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO) prevents the MOSFET switch from turning on until input voltage exceeds approximately 2.3V (typ.). If input voltage drops below approximately 2.1V (typ.), UVLO turns off the MOSFET switch.

**Thermal Considerations**

For continuous operation, do not exceed absolute maximum junction temperature. The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the IC package, PCB layout, rate of surrounding airflow, and difference between junction and ambient temperature. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by the following formula :

$$P_{D(\text{MAX})} = (T_{J(\text{MAX})} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$$

where  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}$  is the maximum junction temperature,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature, and  $\theta_{JA}$  is the junction to ambient thermal resistance.

For recommended operating condition specifications, the maximum junction temperature is 125°C. The junction to ambient thermal resistance,  $\theta_{JA}$ , is layout dependent. For SOT-23-6 packages, the thermal resistance,  $\theta_{JA}$ , is 250°C/W on a standard JEDEC 51-3 single-layer thermal test board. For WDFN-6L 2x2 packages, the thermal resistance,  $\theta_{JA}$ , is 165°C/W on a standard JEDEC 51-3 single-layer thermal test board. The maximum power dissipation at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  can be calculated by the following formula :

$P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}\text{C} - 25^{\circ}\text{C}) / (250^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}) = 0.400\text{W}$  for SOT-23-6 package

$P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}\text{C} - 25^{\circ}\text{C}) / (165^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}) = 0.606\text{W}$  for WDFN-6L 2x2 package

The maximum power dissipation depends on the operating ambient temperature for fixed  $T_{J(MAX)}$  and thermal resistance,  $\theta_{JA}$ . The derating curves in Figure 2 allow the designer to see the effect of rising ambient temperature on the maximum power dissipation.

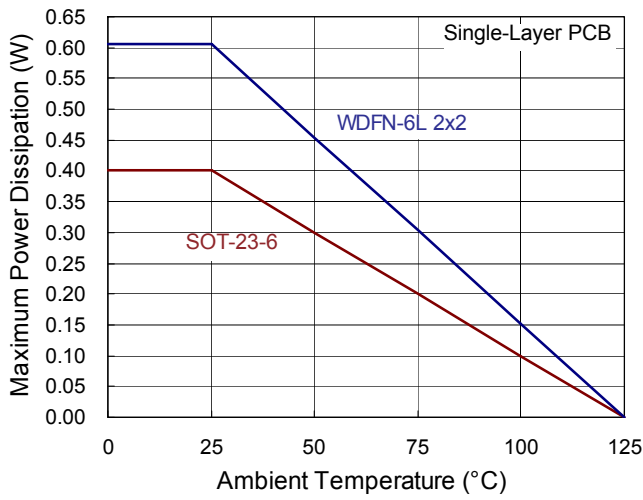
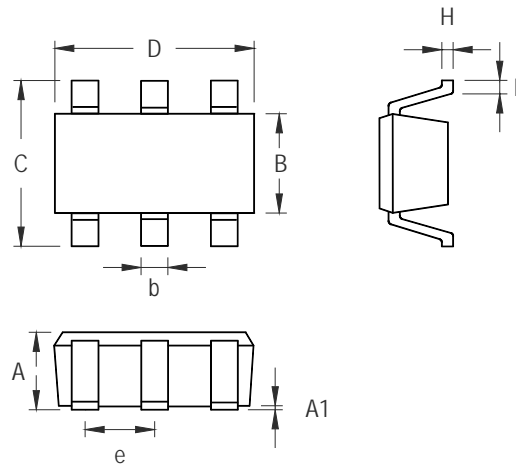


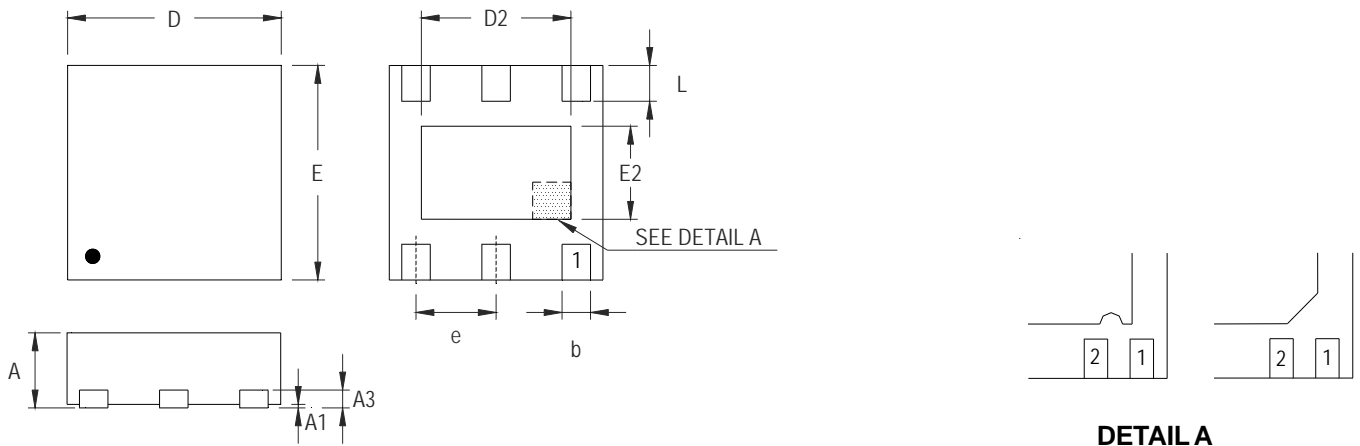
Figure 2. Derating Curve of Maximum Power Dissipation

**Outline Dimension**



| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters |       | Dimensions In Inches |       |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
|        | Min                       | Max   | Min                  | Max   |
| A      | 0.889                     | 1.295 | 0.031                | 0.051 |
| A1     | 0.000                     | 0.152 | 0.000                | 0.006 |
| B      | 1.397                     | 1.803 | 0.055                | 0.071 |
| b      | 0.250                     | 0.560 | 0.010                | 0.022 |
| C      | 2.591                     | 2.997 | 0.102                | 0.118 |
| D      | 2.692                     | 3.099 | 0.106                | 0.122 |
| e      | 0.838                     | 1.041 | 0.033                | 0.041 |
| H      | 0.080                     | 0.254 | 0.003                | 0.010 |
| L      | 0.300                     | 0.610 | 0.012                | 0.024 |

**SOT-23-6 Surface Mount Package**



**DETAIL A**

Pin #1 ID and Tie Bar Mark Options

Note : The configuration of the Pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated.

| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters |       | Dimensions In Inches |       |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
|        | Min                       | Max   | Min                  | Max   |
| A      | 0.700                     | 0.800 | 0.028                | 0.031 |
| A1     | 0.000                     | 0.050 | 0.000                | 0.002 |
| A3     | 0.175                     | 0.250 | 0.007                | 0.010 |
| b      | 0.200                     | 0.350 | 0.008                | 0.014 |
| D      | 1.950                     | 2.050 | 0.077                | 0.081 |
| D2     | 1.000                     | 1.450 | 0.039                | 0.057 |
| E      | 1.950                     | 2.050 | 0.077                | 0.081 |
| E2     | 0.500                     | 0.850 | 0.020                | 0.033 |
| e      | 0.650                     |       | 0.026                |       |
| L      | 0.300                     | 0.400 | 0.012                | 0.016 |

**W-Type 6L DFN 2x2 Package**

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