

0.3A/0.6A, High/Low-Side MOSFET Driver

General Description

The RT7028A/B is a high-voltage gate driver IC with dual outputs. The IC, together with an external bootstrap network, drives dual n-channel MOSFETs or IGBTs with input voltage rail up to 600V.

The IC is equipped with a "common-mode dV/dt noise canceling technique" to provide high dV/dt immunity which enables stable operation under high dV/dt noise circumstances. Two Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO) functions continuously monitor the bias voltages on VCC and BOOT-to-LX for preventing malfunction when the bias voltages are lower than the specified threshold voltages. The logic level of the PWM signal input pins are compatible with standard TTL logic level for ease of interfacing with controlling devices.

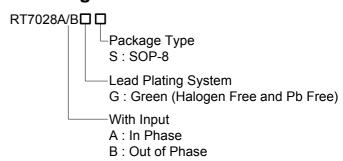
Applications

- PDP Scan Driver
- Fluorescent Lamp Ballast
- SMPS
- Motor Driver

Features

- Floating Channels Designed for Bootstrap Operation with Input Voltage up to 600V
- 300mA/600mA Sourcing/Sinking Current
- High dV/dt Immunity: ±50V/ns
- V_{CC} and V_{BOOT-LX} Supply Range from 10V to 20V
- Under-Voltage Lockout Functions for Both Channels
- TTL Compatible Logic Input
- Matched Propagation Delay below 50ns
- Outputs in Phase with Input (RT7028A) or Out of Phase with Input (RT7028B)

Ordering Information



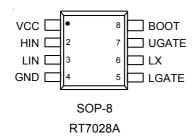
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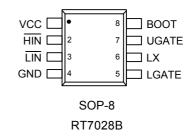
Richtek products are:

- ▶ RoHS compliant and compatible with the current requirements of IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.
- ▶ Suitable for use in SnPb or Pb-free soldering processes.

Pin Configuration

(TOP VIEW)







Marking Information

RT7028AGS

RT7028A **GSYMDNN** RT7028AGS: Product Number

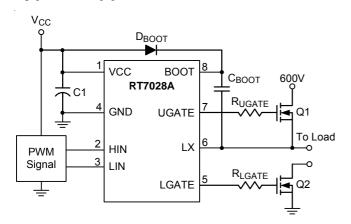
YMDNN: Date Code

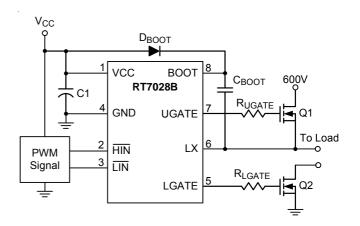


RT7028BGS: Product Number

YMDNN: Date Code

Typical Application Circuit





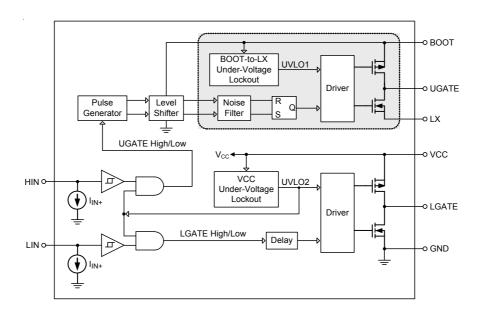
Functional Pin Description

| Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin Function | | | |
|---------|---------------|---|--|--|--|
| 1 | VCC | Supply voltage input. | | | |
| 0 | HIN (RT7028A) | Logic input for high-side gate driver. | | | |
| 2 | HIN (RT7028B) | Logic input for high-side gate driver. | | | |
| | LIN (RT7028A) | Logic input for low-side gate driver. | | | |
| 3 | LIN (RT7028B) | Logic input for low-side gate driver. | | | |
| 4 | GND | Logic ground and low-side driver return. | | | |
| 5 | LGATE | Low-side driver output. | | | |
| 6 | LX | Return for high-side gate driver. | | | |
| 7 | UGATE | High-side driver output. | | | |
| 8 | BOOT | Bootstrap supply for high-side gate driver. | | | |

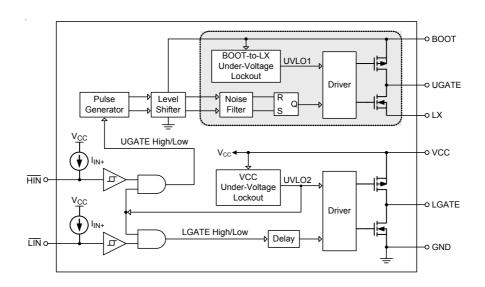


Functional Block Diagram

For RT7028A



For RT7028B



Operation

The RT7028A/B is a high-voltage gate driver for driving high-side and low-side MOSFETs. The RT7028A/B uses ultra high voltage device and floating well to allowed UGATE to drive external MOSFET operating up to 600V. When the HIN voltage is above the logic-high threshold, the UGATE voltage goes high to turn on the external MOSFET. When the HIN voltage is below the logic-low threshold, the MOSFET is turned off. The operating behavior of the LGATE, controlled by the LIN pin, is like the behavior of the UGATE.

Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO) Function

When the VCC or BOOT-to-LX voltage is lower the UVLO threshold, the UGATE and LGATE output will be disabled.

Pulse Generator

The pulse generator is used to transmit the HIN input signal to the UGATE driver.

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Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

| 3 (, , | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| VCC Supply Voltage, V _{CC} | 0.3V to 25V |
| • LX to GND | 0.3V to 625V |
| • BOOT to LX, V _{BOOT - LX} | 0.3V to 25V |
| • UGATE to LX | 0.3V to V _{BOOT-LX} + 0.3V |
| • LGATE to GND | 0.3V to V _{CC} + 0.3V |
| • HIN, LIN, HIN, LIN to GND | 0.3V to V _{CC} + 0.3V |
| Allowable LX Voltage Slew Rate, dV _{LX} /dt | 50V/ns to 50V/ns |
| Power Dissipation, P_D @ T_A = 25°C | |
| SOP-8 | 0.53W |
| Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2) | |
| SOP-8, θ_{JA} | 188°C/W |
| Junction Temperature | 150°C |
| • Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) | 260°C |
| Storage Temperature Range | –65°C to 150°C |
| ESD Susceptibility (Note 3) | |
| HBM (Human Body Model) | |
| Except HV pin | 2kV |
| HV (BOOT, UGATE and LX) to GND | 1kV |
| Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 4) | |
| VCC Supply Voltage, V _{CC} | 10V to 20V |
| | |

• BOOT-to-LX, V_{BOOT-LX} ------ 10V to 20V
• UGATE to LX ------ 0V to V_{BOOT-LX}

• LGATE to GND ------ 0 to V_{CC}
• HIN, LIN, HIN, LIN to GND ----- 0 to V_{CC}

• Ambient Temperature Range ----- -40°C to 125°C

Electrical Characteristics

($V_{CC} = V_{BOOT-LX} = 15V$, $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---|-------------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| V _{CC} Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold (On) | VTHON_VCC | | 7 | 8.5 | 10 | V |
| V _{BOOT - LX} Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold (On) | Vтнои_воот | | 7 | 8.5 | 10 | ٧ |
| V _{CC} Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold (Off) | VTHOFF_VCC | | 6.3 | 7.8 | 9.3 | V |
| V _{BOOT – LX} Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold (Off) | VTHOFF_BOOT | | 6.3 | 7.8 | 9.3 | V |
| Vcc Under-Voltage Lockout Hysteresis | VHYS_VCC | | | 0.7 | | V |
| V _{BOOT – LX} Under-Voltage Lockout Hysteresis | Vнsy_воот | | | 0.7 | | V |

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| Parameter | | Symbol | Test Conditions | | Тур | Max | Unit |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|---|----|-----|-----|-------|
| LX Leakage Current | | ILK | V _{BOOT} = V _{LX} = 600V | | | 50 | μΑ |
| VCC Quiescent Cui | rrent | Iq_vcc | | | 220 | 400 | μА |
| BOOT-to-LX Quieso | cent Current | IQ_BOOT - LX | | | 100 | 200 | μА |
| VCC Operating Cur | rent | I _{P_VCC} | f = 20kHz, | | | 600 | μА |
| BOOT-to-LX Opera | ting Current | IP_BOOT - LX | UGATE = LGATE = Open | | | 600 | μА |
| HIN, LIN, HIN, | Logic-High | VIH | | | | | \ / |
| LIN Input Voltage | Logic-Low | VIL | | | | 8.0 | V |
| UGATE, LGATE Output Voltage | High-Level | Voн | Sourcing current = 2mA, VBOOT - VLGATE, VCC - VLGATE | | 50 | 200 | mV |
| | Low-Level | VoL | Sinking current = 2mA, Vugate – Lx, Vlgate | | 20 | 100 | 111 V |
| HIN, LIN Input | Logic-High | I _{IN+} | $HIN = LIN = V_{CC} (RT7028A)$ | | 2 | 10 | ^ |
| Current | Logic-Low | I _{IN} _ | HIN = LIN = 0V (RT7028A) | -1 | | | μΑ |
| HIN, LIN Input Current | Logic-High | I _{IN} _ | HIN = LIN = V _{CC} (RT7028B) | | | | |
| | Logic-Low | I _{IN+} | HIN = LIN = 0V (RT7028B) | | 2 | 10 | μΑ |
| UGATE and LGATE Sourcing Current | | I _{O+} | UGATE = LX, LGATE = GND, current pulse width < 10μs, low duty | | 290 | | mA |
| UGATE and LGATE Sinking Current | | Io- | UGATE = BOOT, LGATE = VCC, current pulse width < 10μs, low duty | | 600 | | mA |

Dynamic Electrical Characteristics (Note 5)

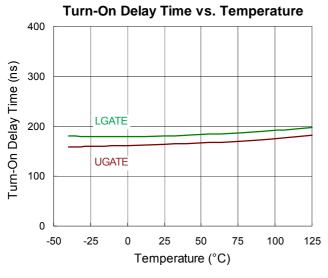
 $(V_{CC} = V_{BOOT-LX} = 15V, LX = GND, C_L = 1000pF, T_A = 25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise specified)$

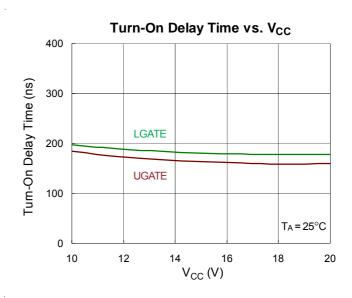
| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--|----------------|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Turn-On Delay | ton | | | 150 | 220 | ns |
| Turn-Off Delay | toff | V _{LX} = 0 or 600V (Note 6) | | 150 | 220 | ns |
| Turn-On Rising Time | t _R | | | 70 | 170 | ns |
| Turn-Off Falling Time | t _F | | | 35 | 90 | ns |
| Delay Matching Time, UGATE and LGATE Turn-On/Off | t _M | | | | 50 | ns |

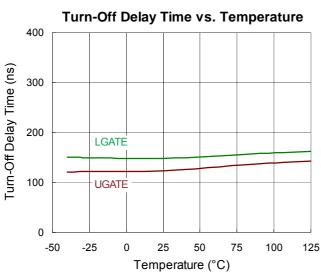
- **Note 1.** Stresses beyond those listed "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.
- Note 2. θ_{JA} is measured under natural convection (still air) at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ with the component mounted on a high effective-thermal-conductivity four-layer test board on a JEDEC 51-7 thermal measurement standard.
- Note 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution is recommended.
- Note 4. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.
- Note 5. Please refer to the Timing Diagram and Dynamic Waveforms in the Application Information.
- **Note 6.** Turn-off Delay for V_{LX} = 600V is guaranteed by design.

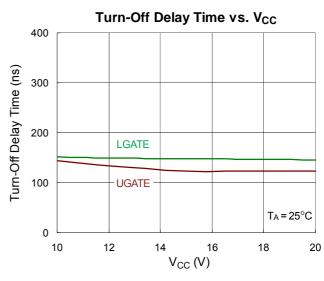


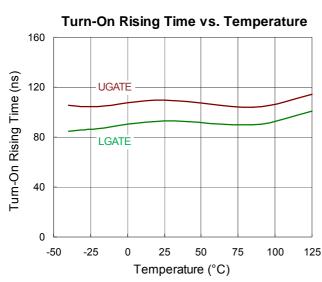
Typical Operating Characteristics

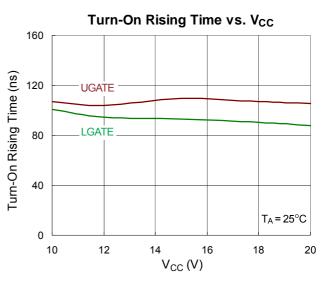


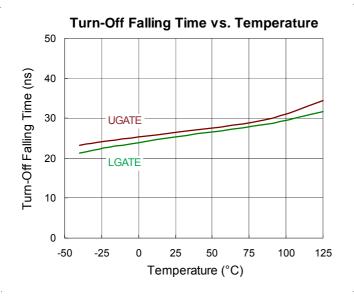


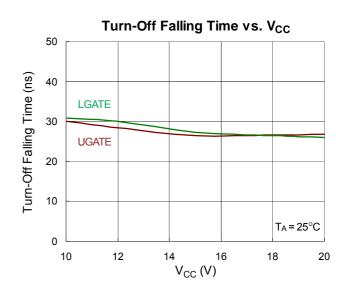


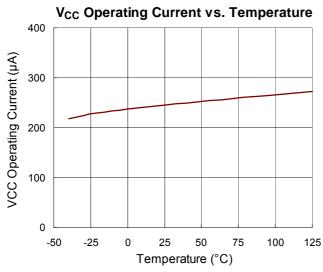


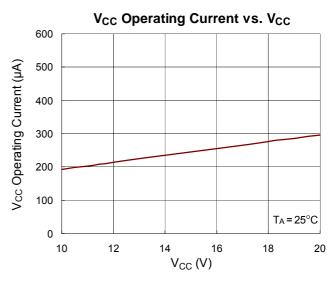


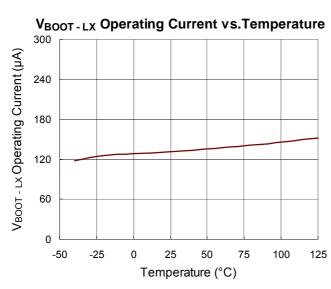


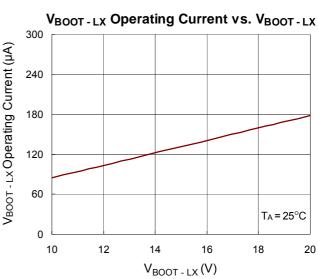




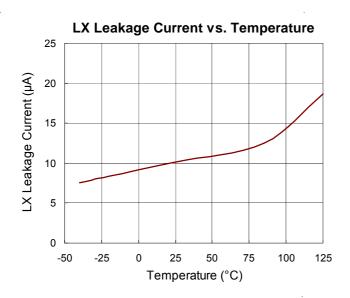


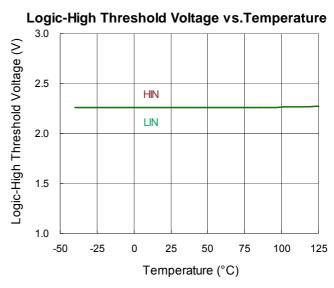


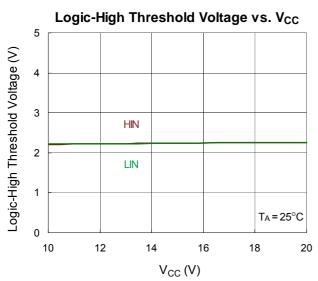


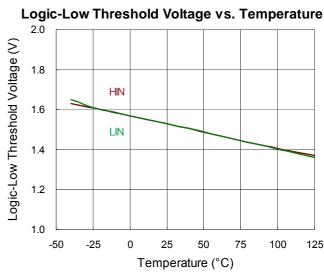


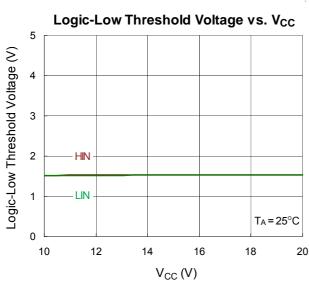


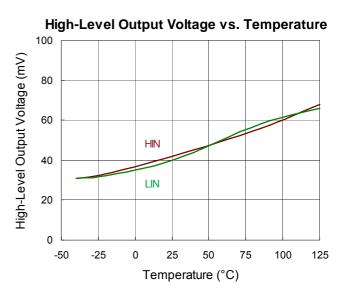


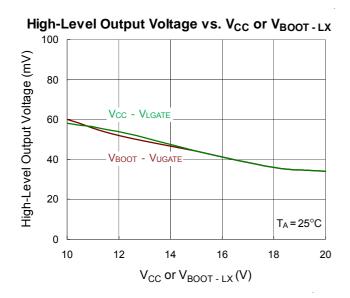


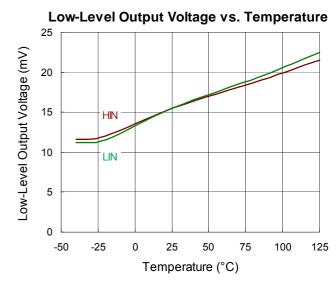


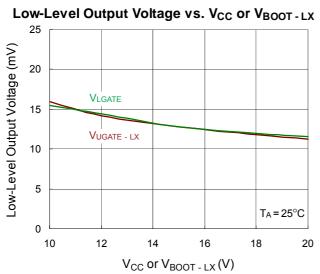


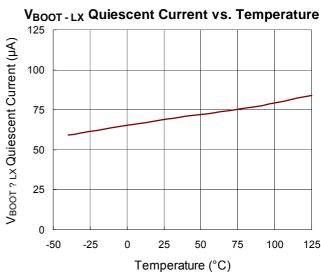


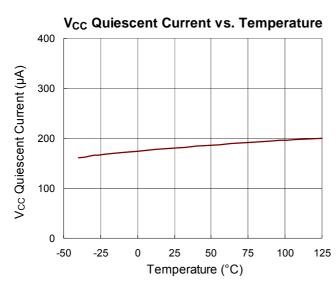


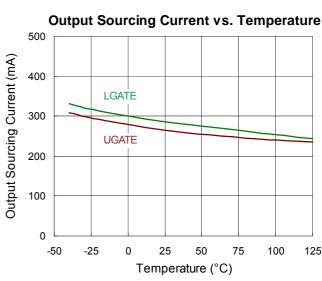




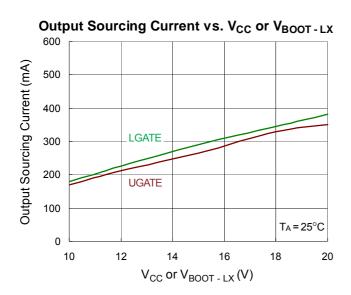


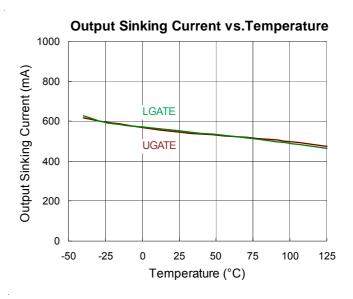


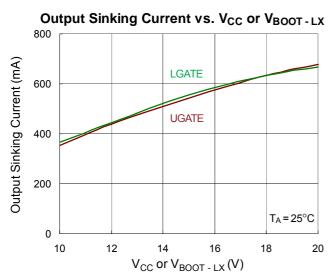


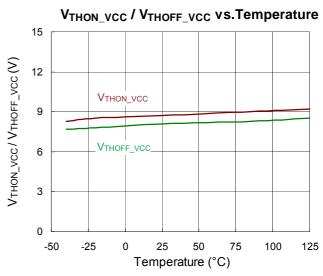


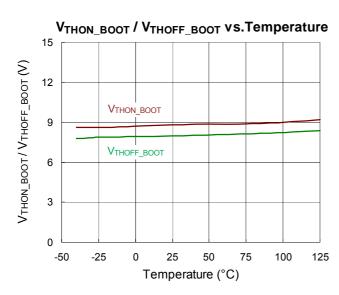












Application Information

Timing Diagram and Dynamic Waveforms

Figure 1 is the RT7028A/B input / output timing diagram, and Figure 2, Figure 3 are the definition of dynamic characteristics. You can know those definitions and the relationship between input and output from these figures. For example: t_{ON} , t_{OFF} , t_R , t_F , t_M ...

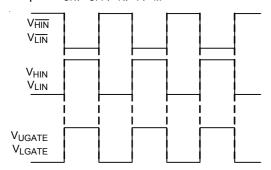


Figure 1. Input/Output Timing Diagram

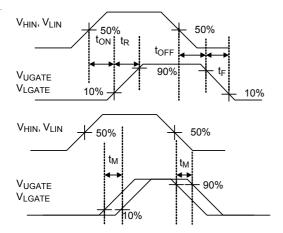


Figure 2. Dynamic Electrical Characteristics Definition for the RT7028A

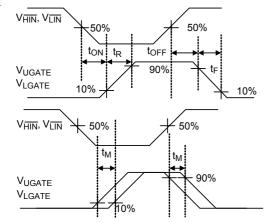


Figure 3. Dynamic Electrical Characteristics Definition for the RT7028B

Matched Propagation Delays between Both Channels

Because the IC internal level shifter circuit causes the propagation delay of the high-side output signal, shown in Figure 4. The RT7028A/B adds a propagation delay matching circuit in the low-side logic circuit, so that high-side and low-side output signals approximately synchronization.

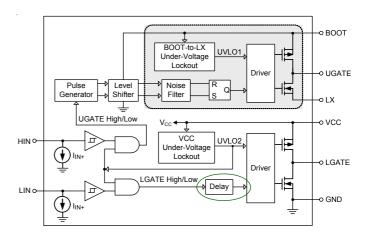


Figure 4. Propagation Delay Matching Circuit

Thermal Considerations

The junction temperature should never exceed the absolute maximum junction temperature $T_{J(MAX)}$, listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings, to avoid permanent damage to the device. The maximum allowable power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the IC package, the PCB layout, the rate of surrounding airflow, and the difference between the junction and ambient temperatures. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated using the following formula :

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$$

where $T_{J(MAX)}$ is the maximum junction temperature, T_A is the ambient temperature, and θ_{JA} is the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

For continuous operation, the maximum operating junction temperature indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is 125°C. The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is highly package dependent. For a SOP-8 package, the thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is 188°C/W on a



standard JEDEC 51-7 high effective-thermal-conductivity four-layer test board. The maximum power dissipation at T_A = 25°C can be calculated as below :

 $P_{D(MAX)}$ = (125°C - 25°C) / (188°C/W) = 0.53W for a SOP-8 package.

The maximum power dissipation depends on the operating ambient temperature for the fixed $T_{J(MAX)}$ and the thermal resistance, θ_{JA} . The derating curves in Figure 5 allows the designer to see the effect of rising ambient temperature on the maximum power dissipation.

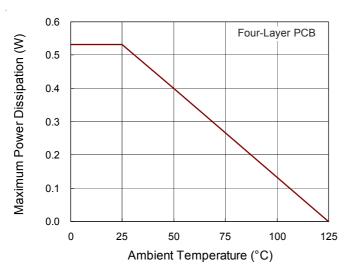


Figure 5. Derating Curve of Maximum Power Dissipation

Layout Consideration

A proper PCB layout for power supply can reduce unnecessary waveform noise and electromagnetic interference problems to ensure proper system operation, please refer to the following PCB layout considerations:

- For the high voltage and high current loop layout of power supply should be as thick and short. Avoid excessive layout generated parasitic inductance and resistors to cause significant noise.
- In order to shorten the length of IC layout, you need to consider the relative placement for IC and the power switches. It is recommended that the power switches placed in a symmetrical manner, and the IC close to high-side and low-side elements.
- In order to reduce the noise coupling, it is recommended that the ground layout should not be placed under or

near the high voltage floating side.

- The layout between high-side and low-side power switches should be thick and straight, avoiding the formation of long loops. Too long distance will increase the loop area, and electromagnetic interference suppression capabilities would be affected. However, too short distance may cause overheating situation. It is necessary to consider the most appropriate way.
- Refer to typical application circuit, the VCC capacitor (C1), BOOT to LX capacitor (C_{BOOT}), and bootstrap diode (D_{BOOT}) need to be placed as close to the IC as possible to minimize parasitic inductance and resistance. The C_{BOOT} selected range is from 0.1μF to 0.47μF, and the VCC capacitor (C1) is greater than ten times C_{BOOT}. It is recommended to use fast or ultra fast reverse recovery time bootstrap diode D_{BOOT}.
- In Figure 6, the LX pin voltage drop can be improved by adding R_{LX} (R_{LX} = 1 to 10Ω), because the dv/dt is affected by (R_{LX} + R_{UGATE}).

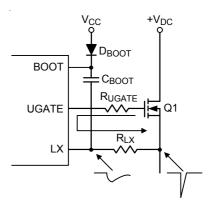


Figure 6. LX Pin Resister

If the gate current loop opens circuit for some factors, at this time the current flows through the gate loop via the power MOSFET drain-to-gate parasitic capacitor. The current will charge the gate-to-source parasitic capacitor to result in power MOSFET wrong action. The power switches can be damaged or burned out, the resisters (about least $10k\Omega$) are connected between the gate and source pin can prevent malfunction of the power switches.

➤ The selection of larger parasitic capacitor power switch or gate resister may result in too long turn-off time making the high-side and low-side power switches shoot through. In order to prevent the situation, reverse parallel with diodes (D_{UGATE} & D_{LG} Preliminary Preliminary_{ATE}) in the R_{UGATE} and R_{LGATE} (shown in Figure 7), providing a fast discharge path for the power switches in a short time to complete the closing operation.

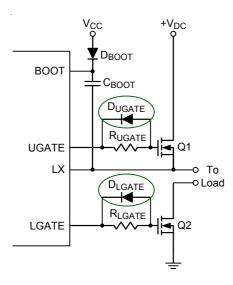
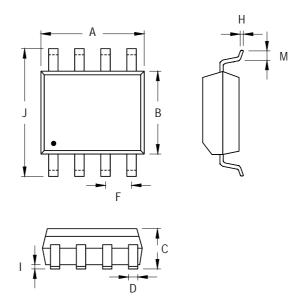


Figure 7. Reverse Parallel with Diodes



Outline Dimension



| Symbol | Dimensions I | In Millimeters | Dimensions In Inches | | |
|--------|--------------|----------------|----------------------|-------|--|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Α | 4.801 | 5.004 | 0.189 | 0.197 | |
| В | 3.810 | 3.988 | 0.150 | 0.157 | |
| С | 1.346 | 1.753 | 0.053 | 0.069 | |
| D | 0.330 | 0.508 | 0.013 | 0.020 | |
| F | 1.194 | 1.346 | 0.047 | 0.053 | |
| Н | 0.170 | 0.254 | 0.007 | 0.010 | |
| I | 0.050 | 0.254 | 0.002 | 0.010 | |
| J | 5.791 | 6.200 | 0.228 | 0.244 | |
| M | 0.400 | 1.270 | 0.016 | 0.050 | |

8-Lead SOP Plastic Package

Richtek Technology Corporation

14F, No. 8, Tai Yuen 1st Street, Chupei City Hsinchu, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: (8863)5526789

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