



SGM8634C

550 μ A, 6MHz, Rail-to-Rail I/O CMOS Operational Amplifier

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SGM8634C is a quad, low voltage, low noise and low power operational amplifier, which can operate from 2.5V to 5.5V single supply, while consuming only 550 μ A quiescent current per amplifier at 5V.

The SGM8634C features a 3.5mV maximum input offset voltage. The minimum input common mode voltage is within 0.1V below the negative rail, and the output swing is rail-to-rail with heavy loads. It exhibits a high gain-bandwidth product of 6MHz and a slew rate of 3.7V/ μ s. These specifications make the operational amplifier appropriate for various applications.

The SGM8634C is available in Green SOIC-14 and TSSOP-14 packages. It is specified over the extended -40°C to +125°C industrial temperature range.

FEATURES

- **Input Offset Voltage: 3.5mV (MAX)**
- **High Gain-Bandwidth Product: 6MHz**
- **High Slew Rate: 3.7V/ μ s**
- **Settling Time to 0.1% with 2V Step: 2.1 μ s**
- **Overload Recovery Time: 0.9 μ s**
- **Low Noise: 12nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$**
- **Rail-to-Rail Input and Output**
- **Supply Voltage Range: 2.5V to 5.5V**
- **Input Voltage Range: -0.1V to 5.6V with $V_S = 5.5V$**
- **Low Supply Current: 550 μ A/Amplifier (TYP)**
- **-40°C to +125°C Operating Temperature Range**
- **Available in Green SOIC-14 and TSSOP-14 Packages**

APPLICATIONS

Sensors
Audio
Active Filters
A/D Converters
Communications
Test Equipment
Cellular and Cordless Phones
Laptops and PDAs
Photodiode Amplification
Battery-Powered Instrumentation

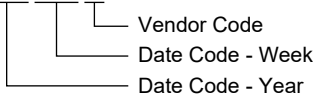
PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDERING NUMBER	PACKAGE MARKING	PACKING OPTION
SGM8634C	SOIC-14	-40°C to +125°C	SGM8634CXS14G/TR	SGM8634XS14 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 2500
	TSSOP-14	-40°C to +125°C	SGM8634CXTS14G/TR	SGM8634 XTS14 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 3000

MARKING INFORMATION

NOTE: XXXXX = Date Code and Vendor Code.

XXXXX



Green (RoHS & HSF): SG Micro Corp defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) and free of halogen substances. If you have additional comments or questions, please contact your SGMICRO representative directly.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

- Supply Voltage, +V_S to -V_S6V
- Input Common Mode Voltage Range
..... (-V_S) - 0.3V to (+V_S) + 0.3V
- Junction Temperature.....+150°C
- Storage Temperature Range.....-65°C to +150°C
- Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s).....+260°C
- ESD Susceptibility
- HBM..... 1500V
- MM..... 400V

integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because even small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet the published specifications.

DISCLAIMER

SG Micro Corp reserves the right to make any change in circuit design, or specifications without prior notice.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

- Operating Temperature Range.....-40°C to +125°C

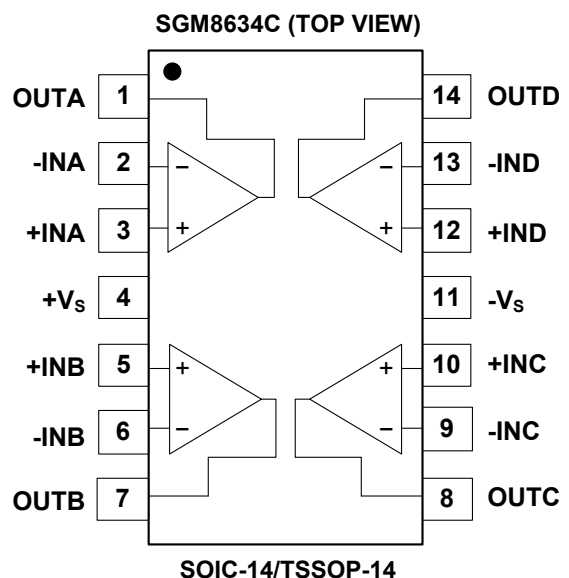
OVERSTRESS CAUTION

Stresses beyond those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. Functional operation of the device at any conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions section is not implied.

ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION

This integrated circuit can be damaged if ESD protections are not considered carefully. SGMICRO recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision

PIN CONFIGURATIONS

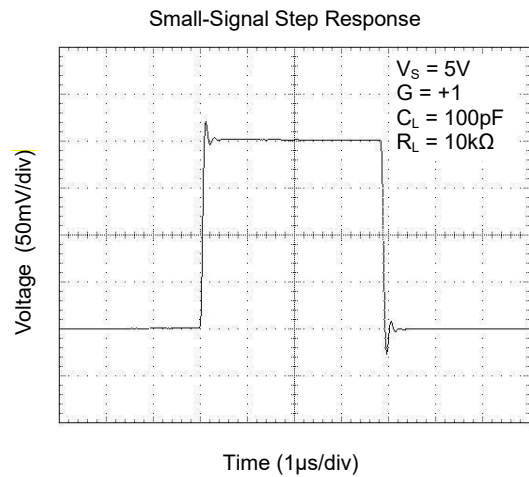
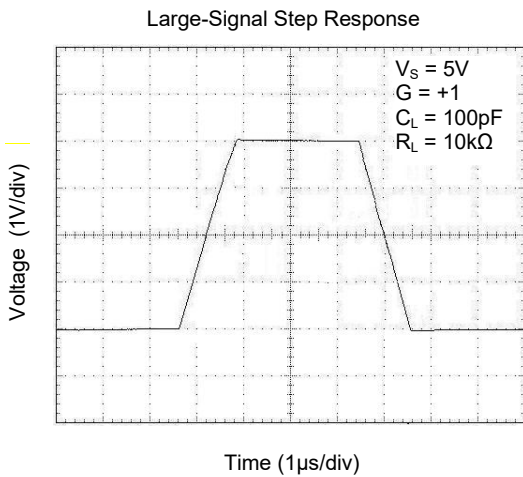
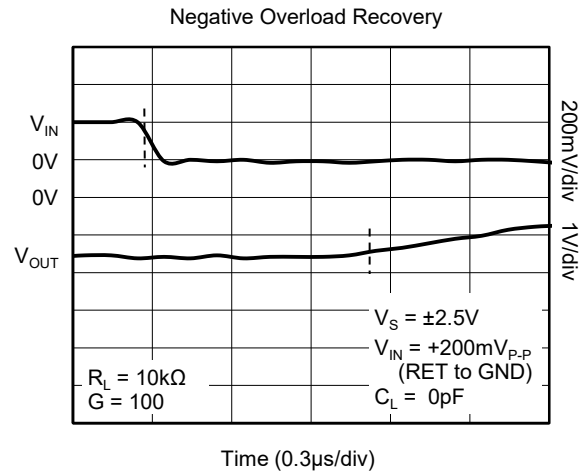
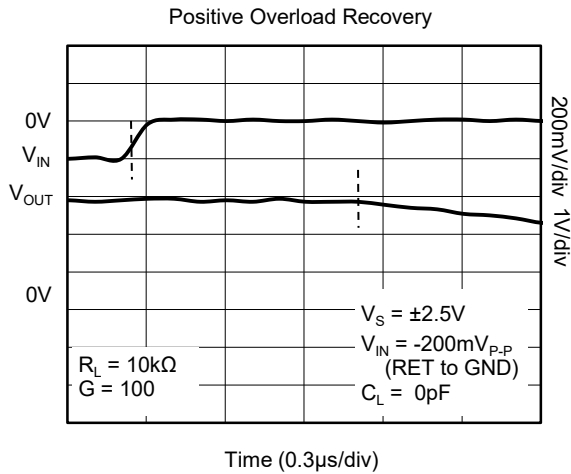
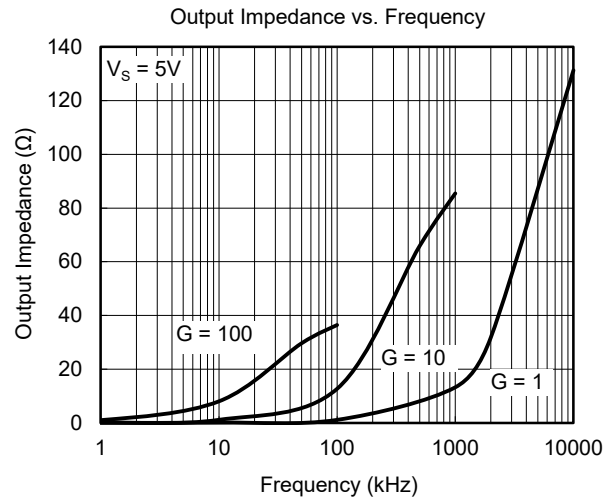
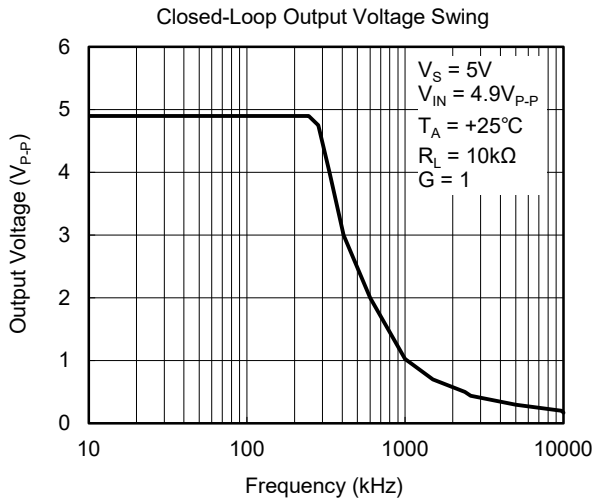


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(At $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = 5\text{V}$, $V_{CM} = V_S/2$, $R_L = 600\Omega$, Full = -40°C to $+125^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Characteristics							
Input Offset Voltage	V_{OS}		+25°C		0.8	3.5	mV
			Full			5	
Input Bias Current	I_B		+25°C		1		pA
Input Offset Current	I_{OS}		+25°C		1		pA
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V_{CM}	$V_S = 5.5\text{V}$	Full	-0.1		5.6	V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_S = 5.5\text{V}$, $V_{CM} = -0.1\text{V}$ to 4V	+25°C	72	86		dB
			Full	70			
			+25°C		78		
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	A_{OL}	$R_L = 600\Omega$, $V_{OUT} = 0.15\text{V}$ to 4.85V	+25°C	88	102		dB
			+25°C	90	108		
Input Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$		Full		2.4		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Output Characteristics							
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	V_{OUT}	$R_L = 600\Omega$	+25°C		100		mV
			+25°C		15		
Output Short-Circuit Current	I_{SC}		+25°C	± 32	± 45		mA
			Full	± 12			
Closed-Loop Output Impedance		$f = 200\text{kHz}$, $G = 1$	+25°C		3		Ω
Power Supply							
Operating Voltage Range	V_S		Full	2.5		5.5	V
Quiescent Current//Amplifier	I_Q	$I_{OUT} = 0$	+25°C		550	675	μA
			Full			825	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_S = 2.5\text{V}$ to 5.5V , $V_{CM} = (-V_S) + 0.5\text{V}$	+25°C	68	85		dB
			Full	66			
Dynamic Performance							
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBP	$R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$	+25°C		6		MHz
Phase Margin	ϕ_O		+25°C		60		$^\circ$
Full-Power Bandwidth	BW_P	$< 1\%$ distortion, $R_L = 600\Omega$	+25°C		250		kHz
Slew Rate	SR	$G = +1$, 2V Step, $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$	+25°C		3.7		$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
Settling Time to 0.1%	t_S	$G = +1$, 2V Step, $R_L = 600\Omega$	+25°C		2.1		μs
Overload Recovery Time	ORT	$V_{IN} \times G = V_S$, $R_L = 600\Omega$	+25°C		0.9		μs
Noise							
Input Voltage Noise Density	e_n	$f = 1\text{kHz}$	+25°C		12		$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Input Current Noise Density	i_n	$f = 1\text{kHz}$	+25°C		3		$\text{fA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

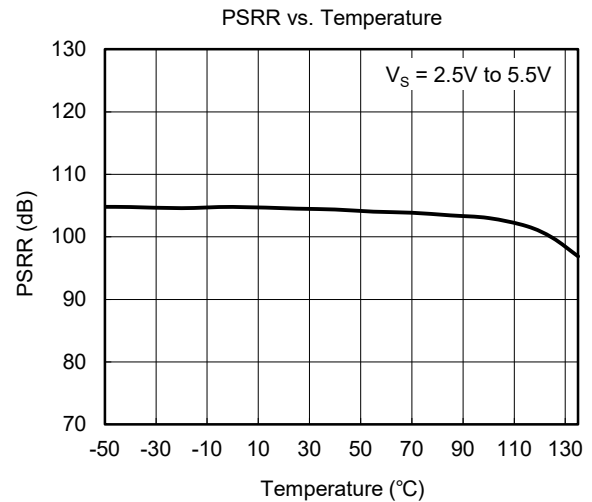
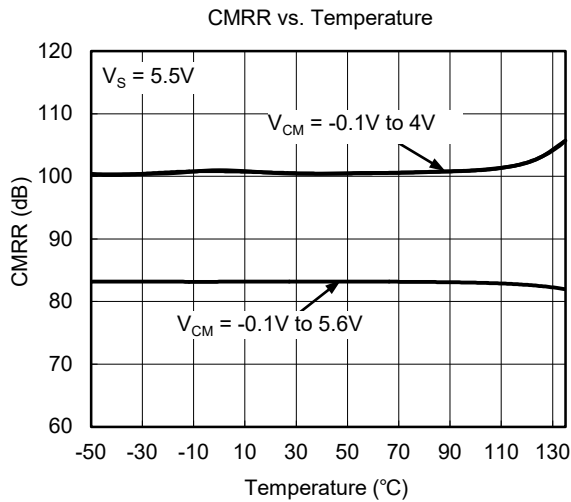
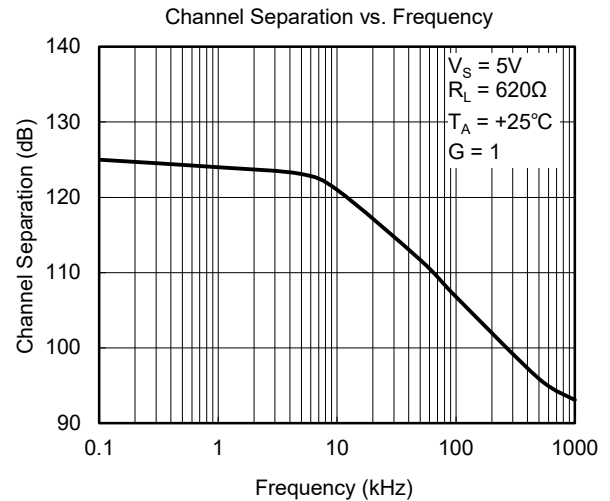
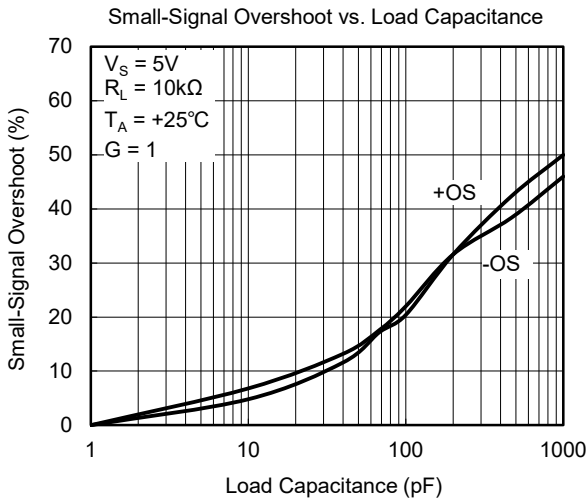
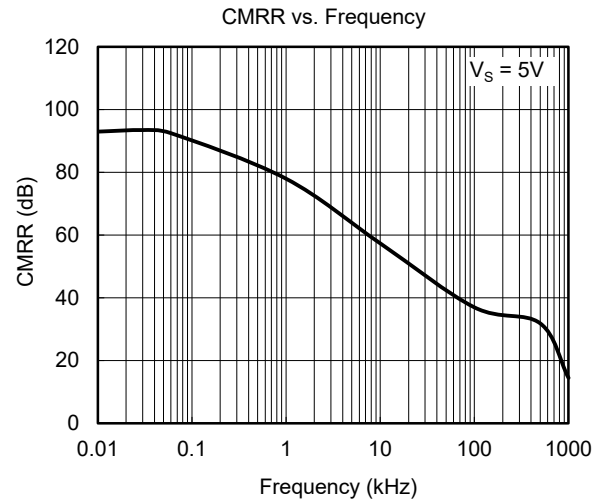
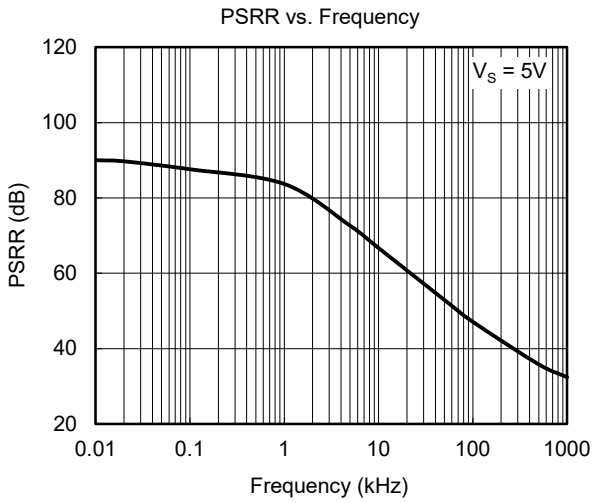
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

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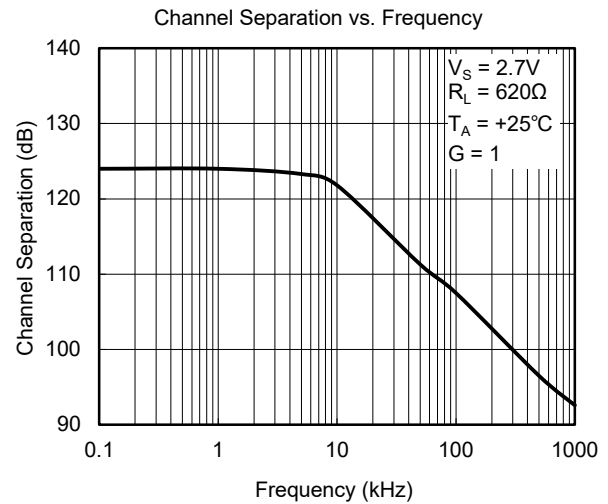
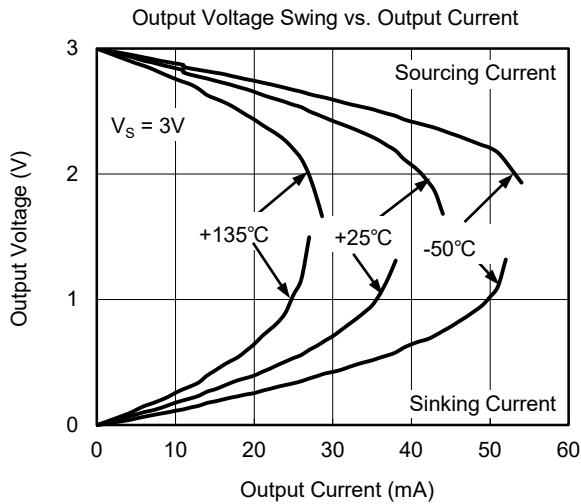
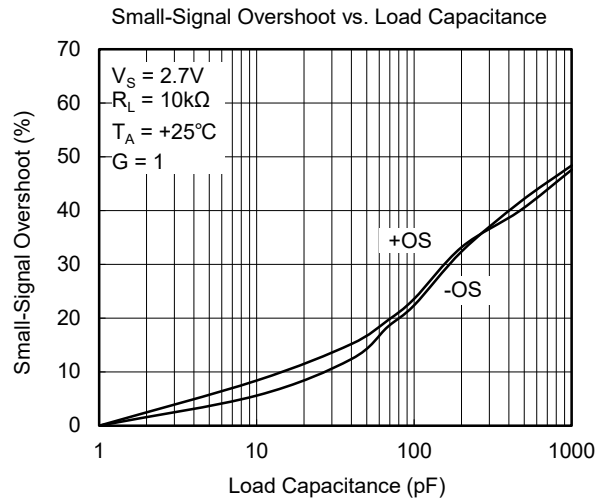
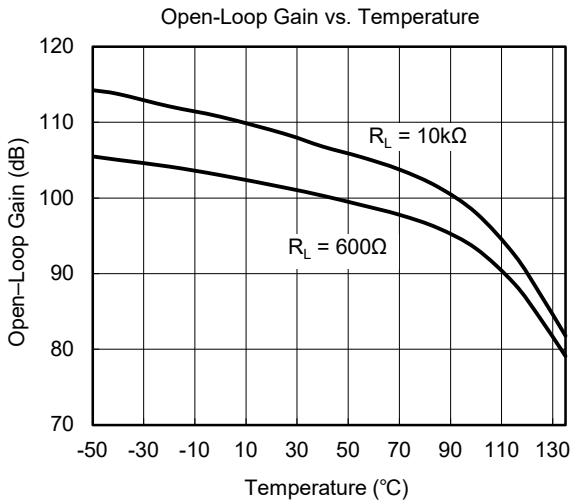
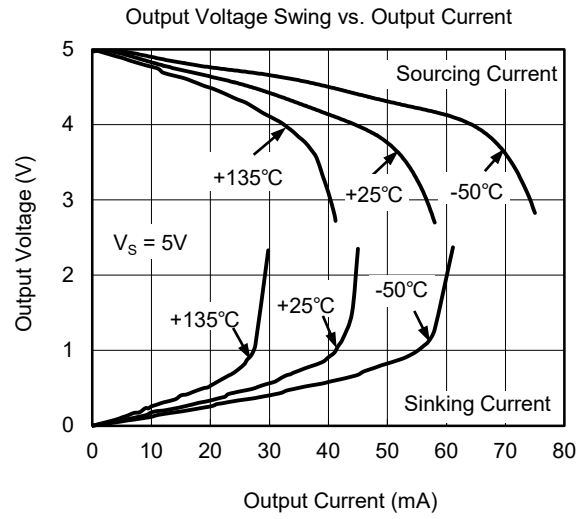
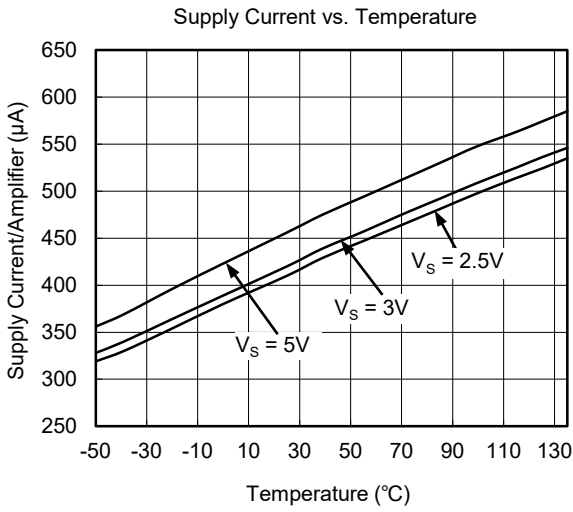
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

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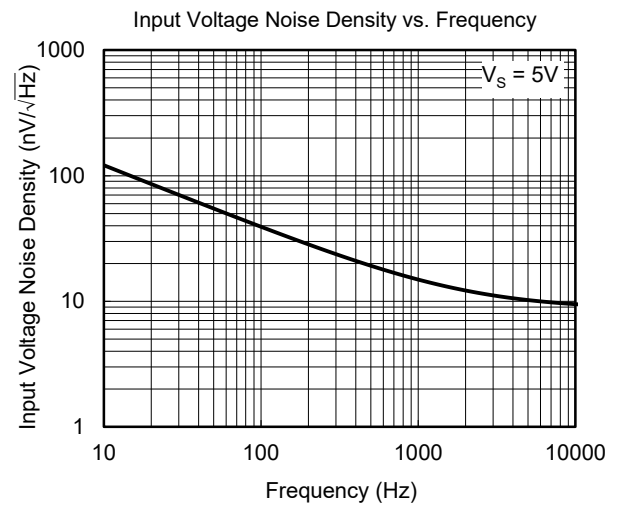
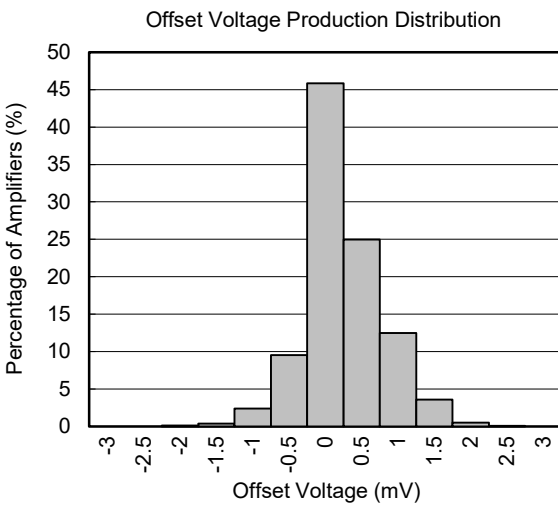
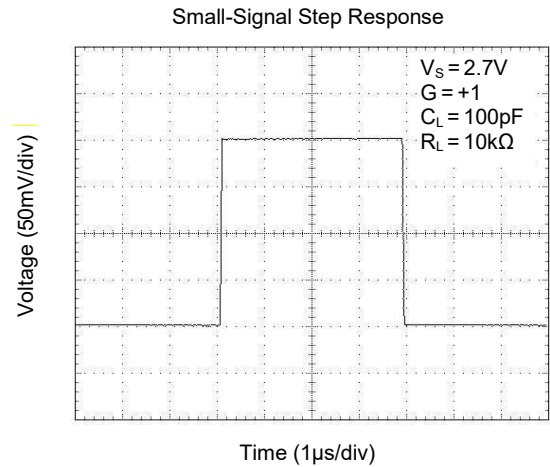
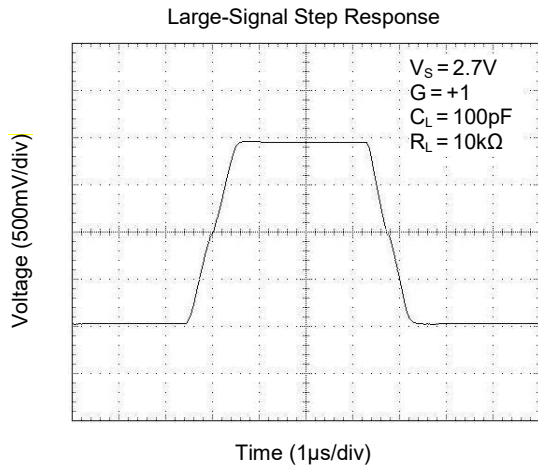
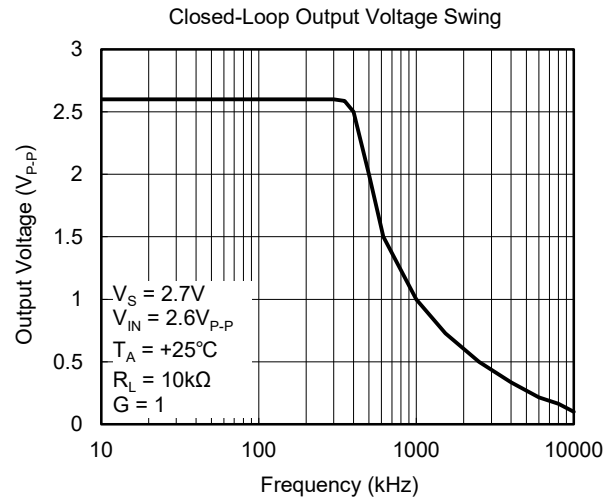
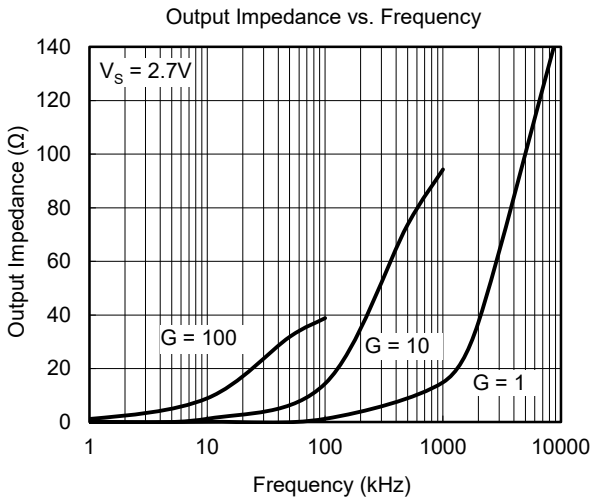
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

At $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CM} = V_S/2$, $R_L = 600\Omega$, unless otherwise noted.



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

At $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CM} = V_S/2$, $R_L = 600\Omega$, unless otherwise noted.



APPLICATION INFORMATION

Rail-to-Rail Input

When SGM8634 works at the power supply between 2.5V and 5.5V, the input common mode voltage range is from $(-V_S) - 0.1V$ to $(+V_S) + 0.1V$. In Figure 1, the ESD diodes between the inputs and the power supply rails will clamp the input voltage not to exceed the rails.

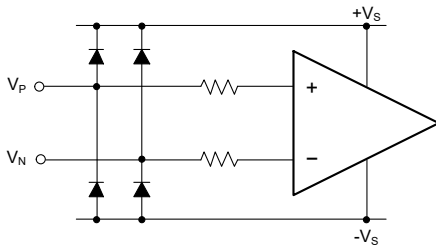


Figure 1. Input Equivalent Circuit

Rail-to-Rail Output

The SGM8634 supports rail-to-rail output operation. In single power supply application, for example, when $+V_S = 5V$, $-V_S = GND$, 10kΩ load resistor is tied from OUT pin to ground, the typical output swing range is from 0.015V to 4.985V.

Driving Capacitive Loads

The SGM8634 is designed for unity-gain stable for capacitive load up to 1000pF. If greater capacitive load must be driven in application, the circuit in Figure 2 can be used. In this circuit, the IR drop voltage generated by R_{ISO} is compensated by feedback loop.

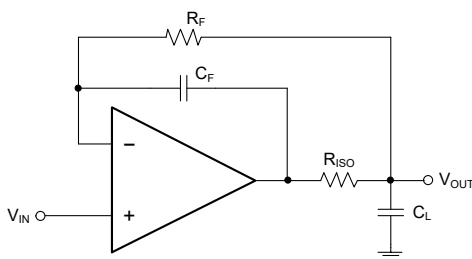


Figure 2. Circuit to Drive Heavy Capacitive Load

Power Supply Decoupling and Layout

A clean and low noise power supply is very important in amplifier circuit design, besides of input signal noise, the power supply is one of important source of noise to the amplifier through $+V_S$ and $-V_S$ pins. Power supply bypassing is an effective method to clear up the noise at power supply, and the low impedance path to ground of decoupling capacitor will bypass the noise to GND. In application, 10µF ceramic capacitor paralleled with 0.1µF or 0.01µF ceramic capacitor is used in Figure 3. The ceramic capacitors should be placed as close as possible to $+V_S$ and $-V_S$ power supply pins.

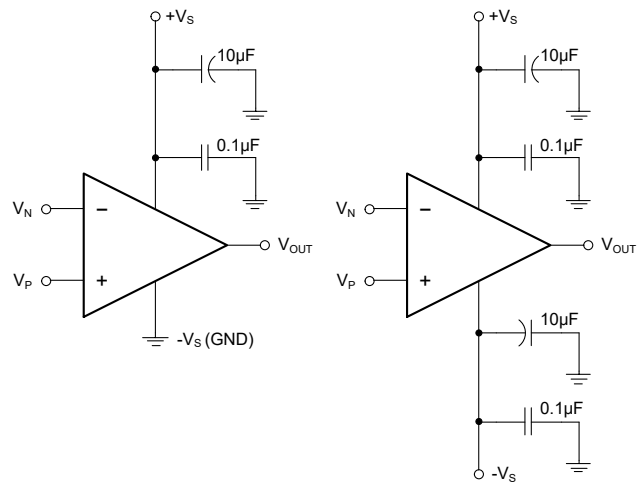


Figure 3. Amplifier Power Supply Bypassing

Grounding

In low speed application, one node grounding technique is the simplest and most effective method to eliminate the noise generated by grounding. In high speed application, the general method to eliminate noise is to use a complete ground plane technique, and the whole ground plane will help distribute heat and reduce EMI noise pickup.

Reduce Input-to-Output Coupling

To reduce the input-to-output coupling, the input traces must be placed as far away from the power supply or output traces as possible. The sensitive trace must not be placed in parallel with the noisy trace in same layer. They must be placed perpendicularly in different layers to reduce the crosstalk. These PCB layout techniques will help to reduce unwanted positive feedback and noise.

APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

Typical Application Circuits

Difference Amplifier

The circuit in Figure 4 is a design example of classical difference amplifier. If $R_4/R_3 = R_2/R_1$, then $V_{OUT} = (V_P - V_N) \times R_2/R_1 + V_{REF}$.

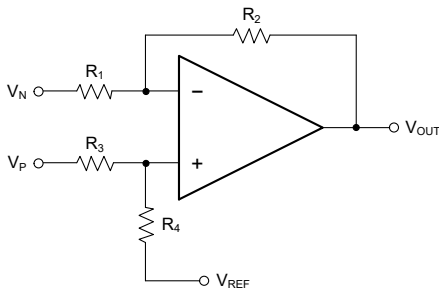


Figure 4. Difference Amplifier

High Input Impedance Difference Amplifier

The circuit in Figure 5 is a design example of high input impedance difference amplifier, the added amplifiers at the input are used to increase the input impedance and eliminate drawback of low input impedance in Figure 4.

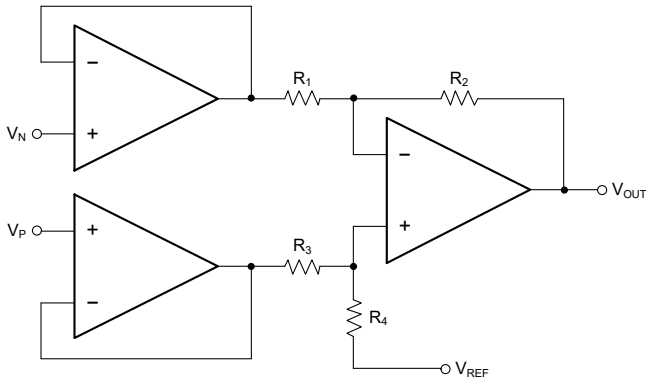


Figure 5. High Input Impedance Difference Amplifier

Active Low-Pass Filter

The circuit in Figure 6 is a design example of active low-pass filter, the DC gain is equal to $-R_2/R_1$ and the -3dB corner frequency is equal to $1/2\pi R_2 C$. In this design, the filter bandwidth must be less than the bandwidth of the amplifier, the resistor values must be selected as low as possible to reduce ringing or oscillation generated by the parasitic parameters in PCB layout.

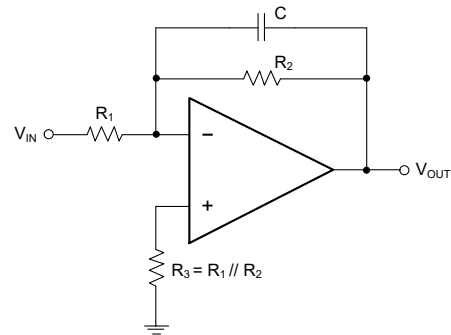


Figure 6. Active Low-Pass Filter

REVISION HISTORY

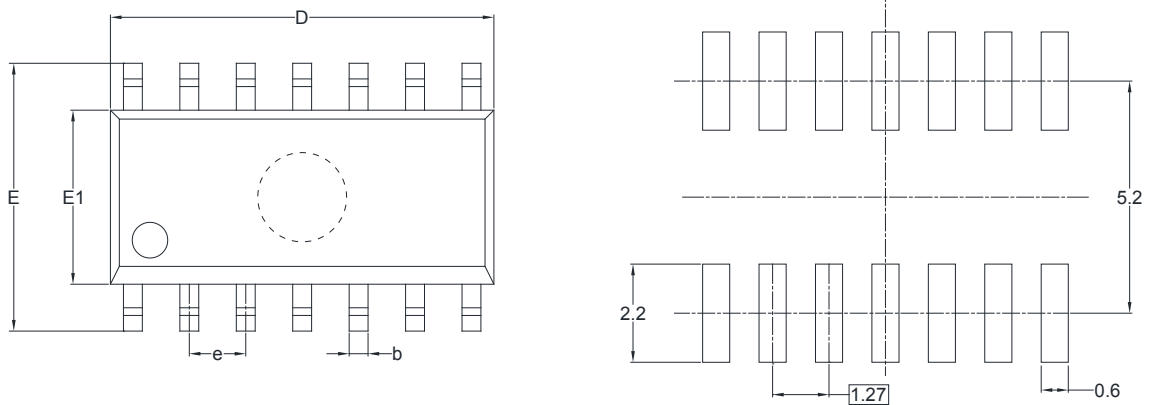
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Original (MARCH 2018) to REV.A	Page
Changed from product preview to production data.....	All

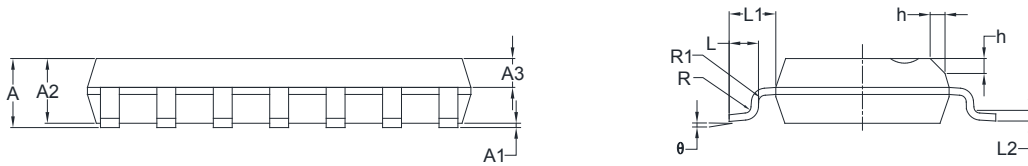
PACKAGE INFORMATION

PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

SOIC-14



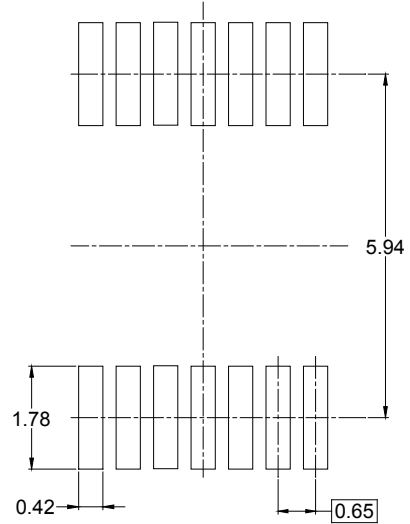
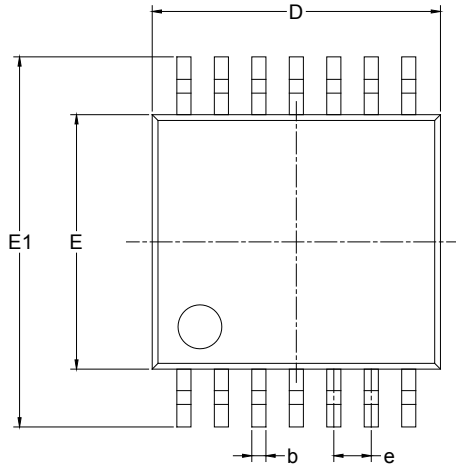
RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)



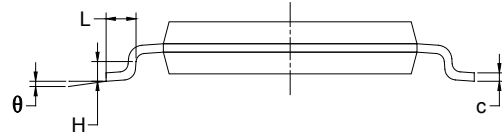
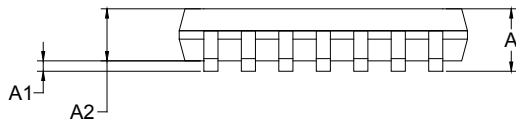
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
A1	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
A2	1.25	1.65	0.049	0.065
A3	0.55	0.75	0.022	0.030
b	0.36	0.49	0.014	0.019
D	8.53	8.73	0.336	0.344
E	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244
E1	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
e	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
L	0.45	0.80	0.018	0.032
L1	1.04 REF		0.040 REF	
L2	0.25 BSC		0.01 BSC	
R	0.07		0.003	
R1	0.07		0.003	
h	0.30	0.50	0.012	0.020
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

TSSOP-14



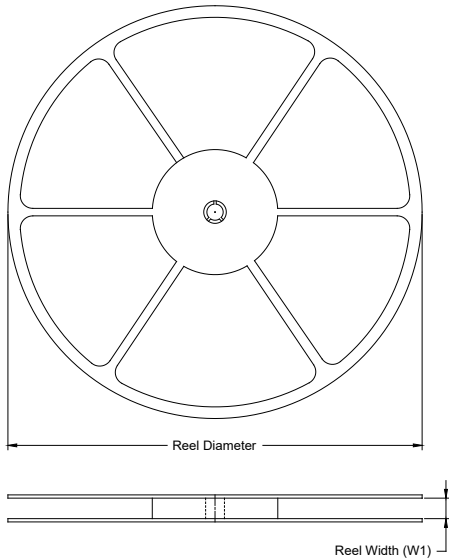
RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)



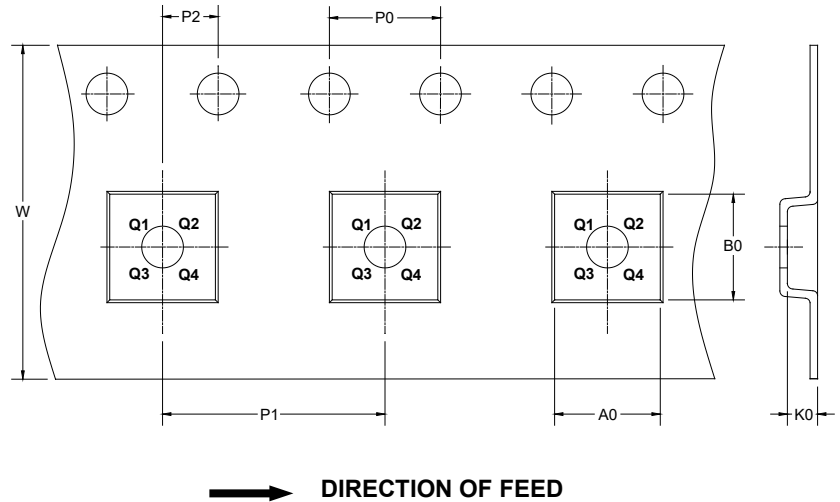
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A		1.200		0.047
A1	0.050	0.150	0.002	0.006
A2	0.800	1.050	0.031	0.041
b	0.190	0.300	0.007	0.012
c	0.090	0.200	0.004	0.008
D	4.860	5.100	0.191	0.201
E	4.300	4.500	0.169	0.177
E1	6.250	6.550	0.246	0.258
e	0.650 BSC		0.026 BSC	
L	0.500	0.700	0.02	0.028
H	0.25 TYP		0.01 TYP	
θ	1°	7°	1°	7°

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS



TAPE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SOIC-14	13"	16.4	6.60	9.30	2.10	4.0	8.0	2.0	16.0	Q1
TSSOP-14	13"	12.4	6.95	5.60	1.20	4.0	8.0	2.0	12.0	Q1

DD0001

PACKAGE INFORMATION

CARTON BOX DIMENSIONS



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

KEY PARAMETER LIST OF CARTON BOX

Reel Type	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Pizza/Carton
13"	386	280	370	5

DD0002

单击下面可查看定价，库存，交付和生命周期等信息

[>>SGMICRO\(圣邦微电子\)](#)