

# L4962

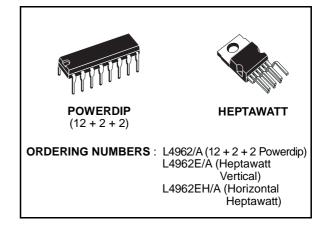
### **1.5A POWER SWITCHING REGULATOR**

- 1.5A OUTPUT CURRENT
- 5.1V TO 40V OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANGE
- PRECISE (± 2%) ON-CHIP REFERENCE
- HIGH SWITCHING FREQUENCY
- VERY HIGH EFFICIENCY (UP TO 90%)
- VERY FEW EXTERNAL COMPONENTS
- SOFT START
- INTERNAL LIMITING CURRENT
- THERMAL SHUTDOWN

#### DESCRIPTION

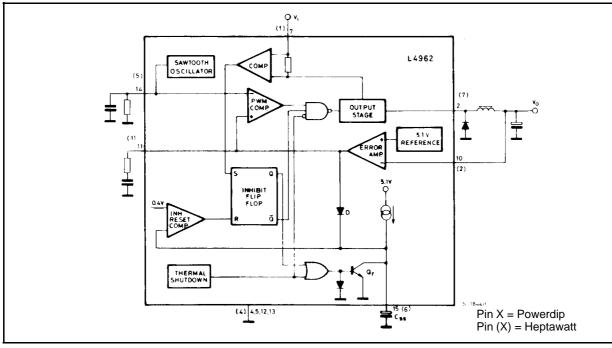
The L4962 is a monolithic power switching regulator delivering 1.5A at a voltage variable from 5V to 40V in step down configuration.

Features of the device include current limiting, soft start, thermal protection and 0 to 100% duty cycle for continuous operating mode.



The L4962 is mounted in a 16-lead Powerdip plastic package and Heptawatt package and requires very few external components.

Efficient operation at switching frequencies up to 150KHz allows a reduction in the size and cost of external filter components.

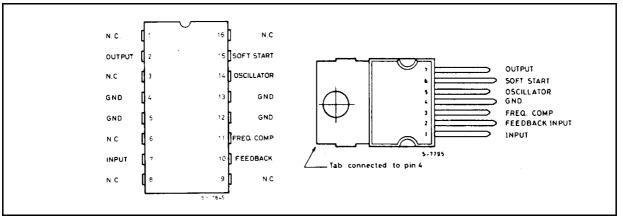


#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| Symbol                            | Parameter  | Value      | Unit   |
|-----------------------------------|--|------------|--------|
| V <sub>7</sub>                    | Input voltage  | 50         | V      |
| V7 - V2                           | Input to output voltage difference   | 50         | V      |
| V <sub>2</sub>                    | Negative output DC voltage   | -1         | V      |
|                                   | Output peak voltage at t = $0.1\mu$ s; f = $100$ KHz   | -5         | V      |
| $V_{11}, V_{15}$                  | Voltage at pin 11, 15  | 5.5        | V      |
| V <sub>10</sub>                   | Voltage at pin 10  | 7          | V      |
| I <sub>11</sub>                   | Pin 11 sink current  | 1          | mA     |
| I <sub>14</sub>                   | Pin 14 source current  | 20         | mA     |
| P <sub>tot</sub>                  | Power dissipation at $T_{pins} \le 90^{\circ}C$ (Powerdip)<br>$T_{case} \le 90^{\circ}C$ (Heptawatt) | 4.3<br>15  | W<br>W |
| T <sub>j</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub> | Junction and storage temperature   | -40 to 150 | °C     |

#### PIN CONNECTION (Top view)



#### THERMAL DATA

| Symbol                 | Parameter                             |     | Heptawatt | Powerdip |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----|-----------|----------|
| R <sub>th j-case</sub> | Thermal resistance junction-case r    | nax | 4°C/W     | -        |
| R <sub>th j-pins</sub> | Thermal resistance junction-pins r    | nax | -         | 14°C/W   |
| R <sub>th j-amb</sub>  | Thermal resistance junction-ambient r | max | 50°C/W    | 80°C/W*  |

\* Obtained with the GND pins soldered to printed circuit with minimized copper area.

#### **PIN FUNCTIONS**

| HEPTAWATT | POWERDIP | NAME                      | FUNCTION   |
|-----------|----------|---------------------------|--|
| 1         | 7        | SUPPLY VOLTAGE            | Unregulated voltage input. An internal regulator powers the internal logic.  |
| 2         | 10       | FEEDBACK INPUT            | The feedback terminal of the regulation loop. The output is connected directly to this terminal for 5.1V operation; it is connected via a divider for higher voltages. |
| 3         | 11       | FREQUENCY<br>COMPENSATION | A series RC network connected between this terminal<br>and ground determines the regulation loop gain<br>characteristics.  |

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#### **PIN FUNCTIONS** (cont'd)

| HEPTAWATT | POWERDIP             | NAME       | FUNCTION  |
|-----------|----------------------|------------|---|
| 4         | 4, 5, 12, 13         | GROUND     | Common ground terminal.   |
| 5         | 14                   | OSCILLATOR | A parallel RC network connected to this terminal determines the switching frequency. This pin must be connected to pin 7 input when the internal oscillator is used.  |
| 6         | 15                   | SOFT START | Soft start time constant. A capacitor is connected<br>between this terminal and ground to define the soft start<br>time constant. This capacitor also determines the<br>average short circuit output current. |
| 7         | 2                    | OUTPUT     | Regulator output.   |
|           | 1, 3, 6,<br>8, 9, 16 |            | N.C.  |

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Refer to the test circuit, $T_j = 25$ °C, $V_i = 35V$ , unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |  |
|--------|-----------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|--|
|--------|-----------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|--|

#### **DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

| Vo                                      | Output voltage range                              | V <sub>i</sub> = 46V  | I <sub>o</sub> = 1A                    | V <sub>ref</sub> |     | 40  | V     |
|---|---|---|--|------------------|-----|-----|-------|
| Vi                                      | Input voltage range                               | V <sub>o</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub> to 36V                      | l <sub>o</sub> = 1.5A                  | 9                |     | 46  | V     |
| $\DeltaV_o$                             | Line regulation                                   | $V_i = 10V \text{ to } 40V  V_o$                              | = V <sub>ref</sub> I <sub>o</sub> = 1A |                  | 15  | 50  | mV    |
| $\Delta  V_o$                           | Load regulation                                   | $V_o = V_{ref}$   | $I_0 = 0.5A \text{ to } 1.5A$          |                  | 8   | 20  | mV    |
| V <sub>ref</sub>                        | Internal reference voltage<br>(pin 10)            | $V_i = 9V$ to $46V$   | I <sub>o</sub> = 1A                    | 5                | 5.1 | 5.2 | V     |
| $rac{\Delta V_{\text{ref}}}{\Delta T}$ | Average temperature coefficient of refer. voltage | $T_j = 0^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$<br>$I_o = 1A$            |  |                  | 0.4 |     | mV/∘C |
| $V_{d}$                                 | Dropout voltage                                   | l <sub>o</sub> = 1.5A   |  |                  | 1.5 | 2   | V     |
| I <sub>om</sub>                         | Maximum operating load current                    | $V_i = 9V \text{ to } 46V$<br>$V_o = V_{ref} \text{ to } 36V$ |  | 1.5              |     |     | A     |
| I <sub>2L</sub>                         | Current limiting threshold (pin 2)                | $V_i = 9V \text{ to } 46V$<br>$V_o = V_{ref} \text{ to } 36V$ |  | 2                |     | 3.3 | A     |
| I <sub>SH</sub>                         | Input average current                             | $V_i = 46V;$ output s   | hort-circuit                           |                  | 15  | 30  | mA    |
| η                                       | Efficiency  | f = 100KHz  | $V_o = V_{ref}$                        |                  | 70  |     | %     |
|   |   | I <sub>o</sub> = 1A   | V <sub>o</sub> = 12V                   |                  | 80  |     | %     |
| SVR                                     | Supply voltage ripple rejection                   |   | lo = 1A                                | 50               | 56  |     | dB    |

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

| Symbol                      | Parameter                                    | Test Co                               | nditions              | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|
| DYNAMI                      | IC CHARACTERISTICS                           | (cont'd)                              |                       |      |      |      |      |
| f                           | Switching frequency                          |                                       |                       | 85   | 100  | 115  | KHz  |
| $\frac{\Deltaf}{\DeltaV_i}$ | Voltage stability of<br>switching frequency  | $V_i = 9V$ to $46V$                   |                       |      | 0.5  |      | %    |
| $\frac{\Deltaf}{\DeltaT_j}$ | Temperature stability of switching frequency | $T_j = 0^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$  |                       |      | 1    |      | %    |
| f <sub>max</sub>            | Maximum operating switching frequency        | $V_o = V_{ref}$                       | l <sub>o</sub> = 1A   | 120  | 150  |      | KHz  |
| $T_{sd}$                    | Thermal shutdown junction temperature        |                                       |                       |      | 150  |      | °C   |
| ОС СНА                      | RACTERISTICS                                 |                                       |                       |      |      |      |      |
| I <sub>7Q</sub>             | Quiescent drain current                      | 100% duty cycle<br>pins 2 and 14 open | Vi = 46V              |      | 30   | 40   | mA   |
|                             |  | 0% duty cycle                         | v <sub>i</sub> = 46 v |      | 15   | 20   | mA   |
| - <b>I</b> 2L               | Output leakage current                       | 0% duty cycle                         |                       |      |      | 1    | mA   |

| I <sub>15SO</sub> | Source current | 100 | 140 | 180 | μΑ |
|-------------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|----|
| I <sub>15SI</sub> | Sink current   | 50  | 70  | 120 | μΑ |

#### ERROR AMPLIFIER

| V <sub>11H</sub>   | High level output voltage | $V_{10} = 4.7V$ $I_{11} = 100\mu A$ | 3.5 |     |     | V  |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|
| V <sub>11L</sub>   | Low level output voltage  | $V_{10} = 5.3V$ $I_{11} = 100\mu A$ |     |     | 0.5 | V  |
| I <sub>11SI</sub>  | Sink output current       | V <sub>10</sub> = 5.3V              | 100 | 150 |     | μΑ |
| -I <sub>11SO</sub> | Source output current     | V <sub>10</sub> = 4.7V              | 100 | 150 |     | μΑ |
| I <sub>10</sub>    | Input bias current        | V <sub>10</sub> = 5.2V              |     | 2   | 10  | μΑ |
| Gv                 | DC open loop gain         | V <sub>11</sub> = 1V to 3V          | 46  | 55  |     | dB |

#### OSCILLATOR

| -I <sub>14</sub> | Oscillator source current |  | 5 |  |  | mA |  |
|------------------|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|----|--|
|------------------|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|----|--|

| 4/1 | 6 |
|-----|---|
|-----|---|

#### **CIRCUIT OPERATION** (refer to the block diagram)

The L4962 is a monolithic stepdown switching regulator providing output voltages from 5.1V to 40V and delivering 1.5A.

The regulation loop consists of a sawtooth oscillator, error amplifier, comparator and the output stage. An error signal is produced by comparing the output voltage with a precise 5.1V on-chip reference (zener zap trimmed to  $\pm$  2%).

This error signal is then compared with the sawtooth signal to generate the fixed frequency pulse width modulated pulses which drive the output stage.

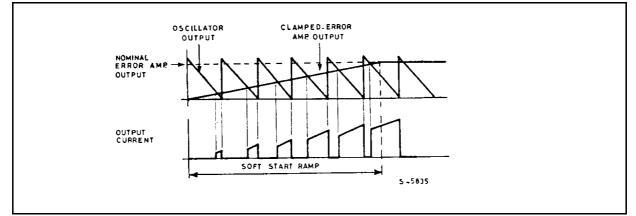
The gain and frequency stability of the loop can be adjusted by an external RC network connected to pin 11. Closing the loop directly gives an output voltage of 5.1V. Higher voltages are obtained by inserting a voltage divider.

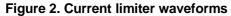
Output overcurrents at switch on are prevented by the soft start function. The error amplifier output is initially clamped by the external capacitor  $C_{ss}$  and

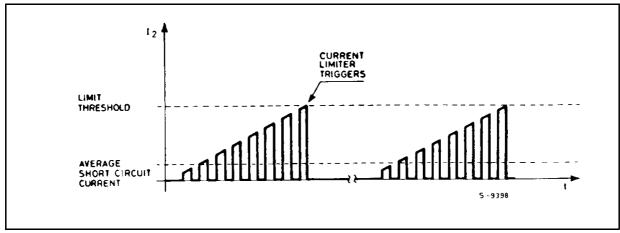
allowed to rise, linearly, as this capacitor is charged by a constant current source. Output overload protection is provided in the form of a current limiter. The load current is sensed by an internal metal resistor connected to a comparator. When the load current exceeds a preset threshold this comparator sets a flip flop which disables the output stage and discharges the soft start capacitor. A second comparator resets the flip flop when the voltage across the soft start capacitor has fallen to 0.4V.

The output stage is thus re-enabled and the output voltage rises under control of the soft start network. If the overload condition is still present the limiter will trigger again when the threshold current is reached. The average short circuit current is limited to a safe value by the dead time introduced by the soft start network. The thermal overload circuit disables circuit operation when the junction temperature reaches about 150°C and has hysteresis to prevent unstable conditions.

Figure 1. Soft start waveforms







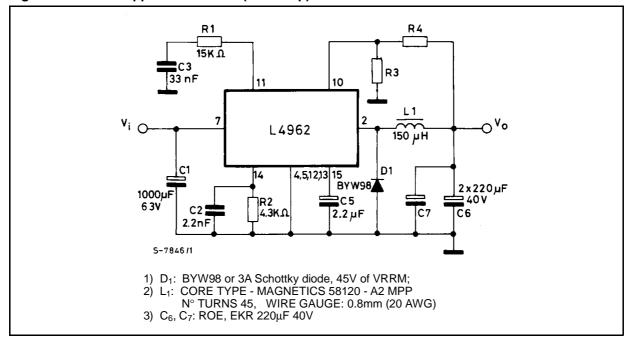


Figure 3. Test and application circuit (Powerdip)

Figure 4. Quiescent drain current vs. supply voltage (0% duty cycle)

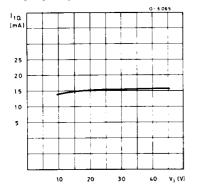
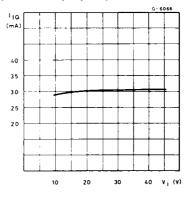
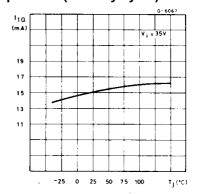


Figure 5. Quiescent drain current vs. supply voltage (100% duty cycle)



#### Figure 6. Quiescent drain current vs. junction temperature (0% duty cycle)



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#### Figure 7. Quiescent drain current vs. junction temperature (100% duty cycle)

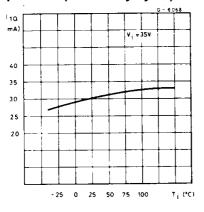


Figure 8. Reference voltage (pin 10) vs. V<sub>i</sub> rdip) vs. V<sub>i</sub>

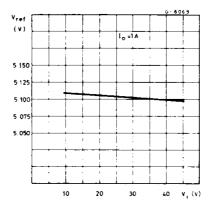


Figure 9. Reference voltage (pin 10 ) vs. junction temperature

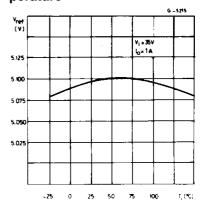


Figure 10. Open loop frequency and phase re- sponse of error amplifier

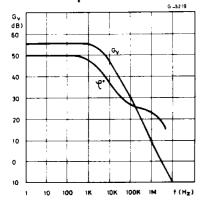


Figure 11. Switching frequency vs. input voltage

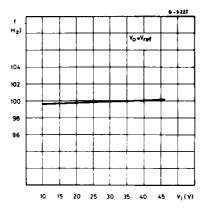
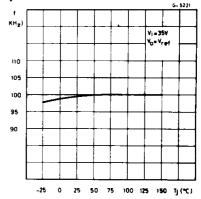
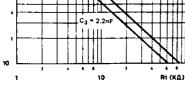
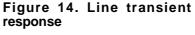


Figure 12. Switching frequency vs. junction temperature



# Figure 13. Switching frequency vs. R2 (see test circuit)





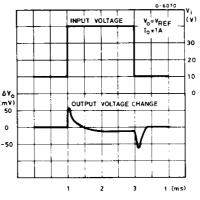
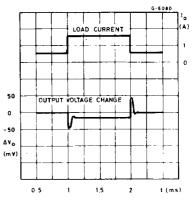


Figure 15. Load transient response



## Figure 16. Supply voltage ripple rejection vs. frequency

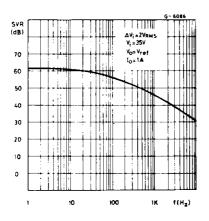


Figure 17. Dropout voltage between pin 7 and pin 2 vs. current at pin 2

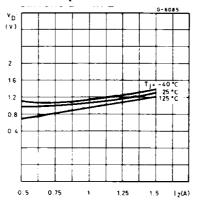


Figure 18. Dropout voltage between pin 7 and 2 vs. junction temperature

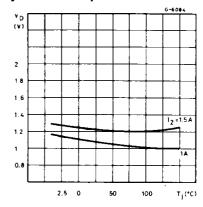


Figure 19. Efficiency vs. output current

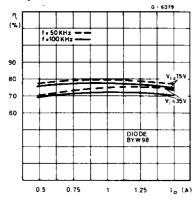


Figure 20. Efficiency vs. output current

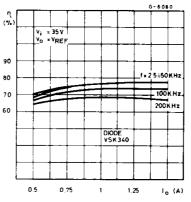
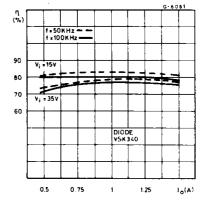


Figure 21. Efficiency vs. output current



# Figure 22. Efficiency vs. output voltage

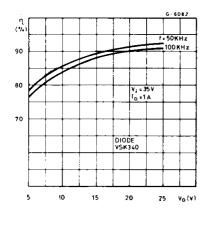
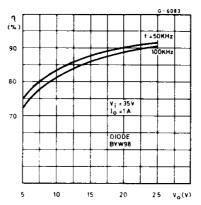
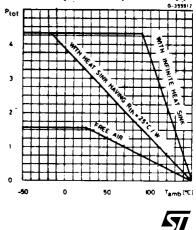


Figure 23. Efficiency vs. output voltage

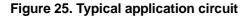








#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**



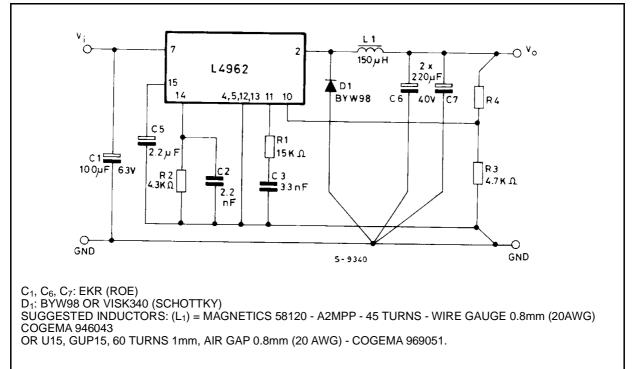
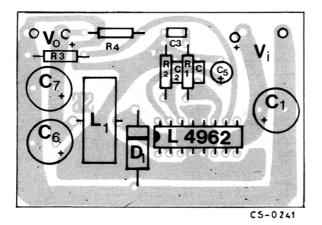
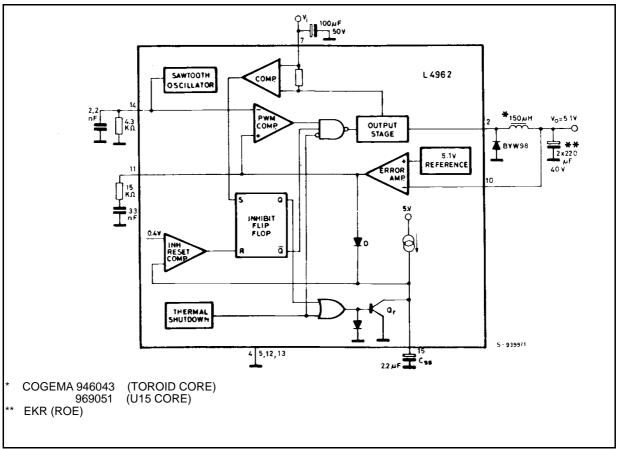


Figure 26. P.C. board and component layout of the circuit of Fig. 25 (1 : 1 scale)



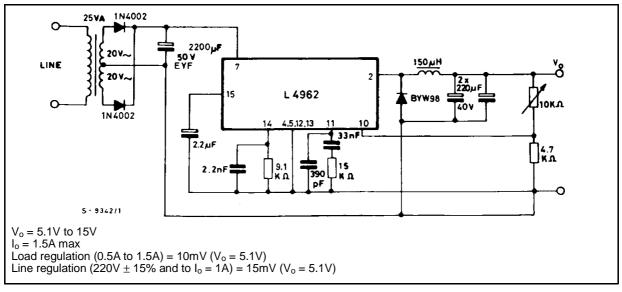
| Resistor values for standard output 7 voltages |       |       |  |  |  |
|--|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| Vo   | R3    | R4    |  |  |  |
| 12V  | 4.7KΩ | 6.2KΩ |  |  |  |
| 15V  | 4.7KΩ | 9.1KΩ |  |  |  |
| 18V  | 4.7KΩ | 12KΩ  |  |  |  |
| 24V  | 4.7KΩ | 18KΩ  |  |  |  |

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)**

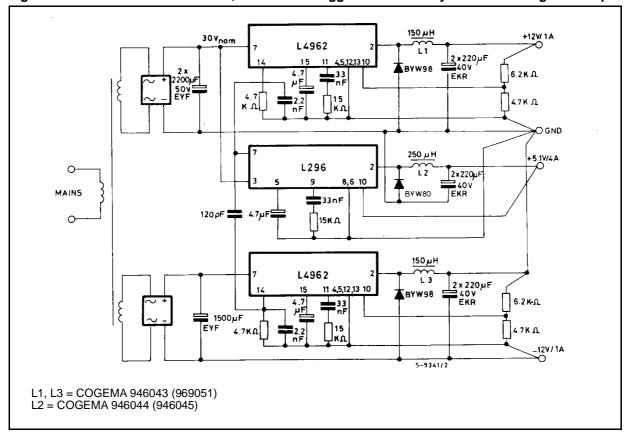


#### Figure 27. - A minimal 5.1V fixed regulator; Very few component are required

Figure 28. Programmable power supply

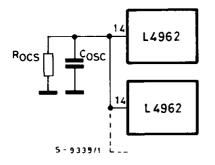


#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)**

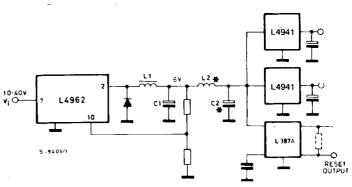


#### Figure 29. DC-DC converter 5.1V/4A, $\pm$ 12V/1A. A suggestion how to synchronize a negative output

## Figure 30. In multiple supplies several L4962s can be synchronized as shown



#### Figure 31. Preregulator for distributed supplies



\* L2 and C2 are necessary to reduce the switching frequency spikes when linear regulators are remote from L4962

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#### MOUNTING INSTRUCTION

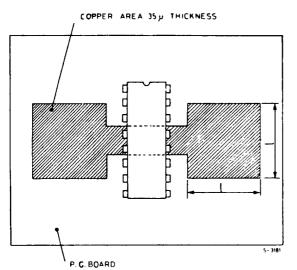
The Rth-j-amb of the L4962 can be reduced by soldering the GND pins to a suitable copper area of the printed circuit board (Fig. 32).

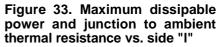
The diagram of figure 33 shows the  $R_{th-j-amb}$  as a function of the side "I" of two equal square copper areas having the thickness of  $35\mu$  (1.4 mils). During

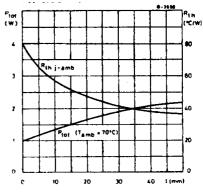
soldering the pins temperature must not exceed 260°C and the soldering time must not be longer than 12 seconds.

The external heatsink or printed circuit copper are must be connected to electrical ground.

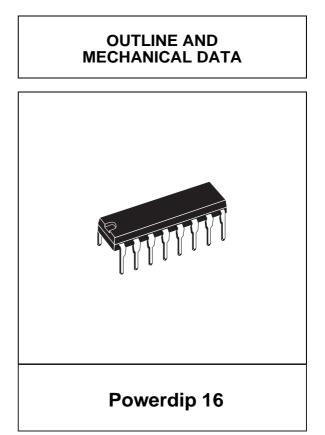
## Figure 32. Example of P.C. board copper area which is used as heatsink

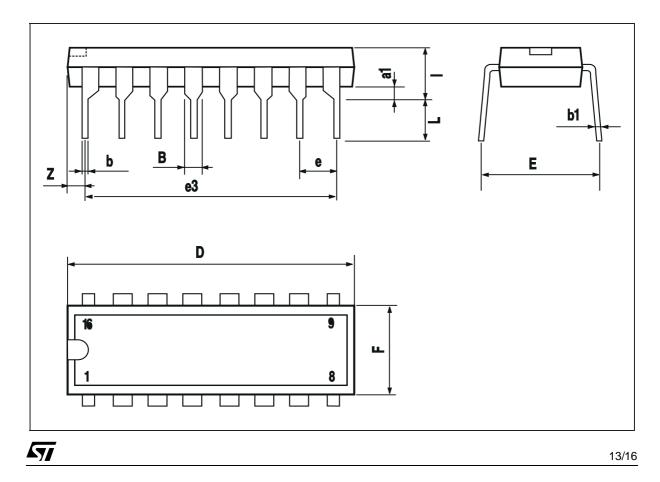




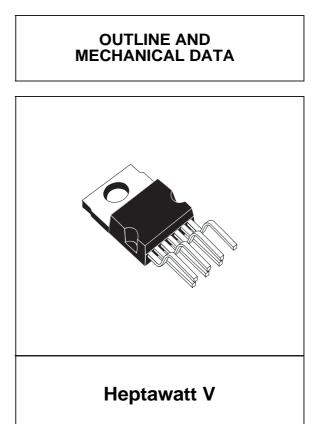


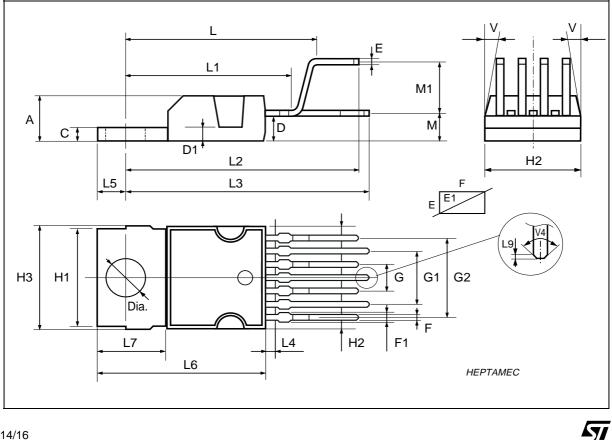
| DIM. | mm   |       |      | inch  |       |       |  |
|------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|--|
|      | MIN. | TYP.  | MAX. | MIN.  | TYP.  | MAX.  |  |
| a1   | 0.51 |       |      | 0.020 |       |       |  |
| В    | 0.85 |       | 1.40 | 0.033 |       | 0.055 |  |
| b    |      | 0.50  |      |       | 0.020 |       |  |
| b1   | 0.38 |       | 0.50 | 0.015 |       | 0.020 |  |
| D    |      |       | 20.0 |       |       | 0.787 |  |
| E    |      | 8.80  |      |       | 0.346 |       |  |
| е    |      | 2.54  |      |       | 0.100 |       |  |
| e3   |      | 17.78 |      |       | 0.700 |       |  |
| F    |      |       | 7.10 |       |       | 0.280 |  |
| I    |      |       | 5.10 |       |       | 0.201 |  |
| L    |      | 3.30  |      |       | 0.130 |       |  |
| Z    |      |       | 1.27 |       |       | 0.050 |  |





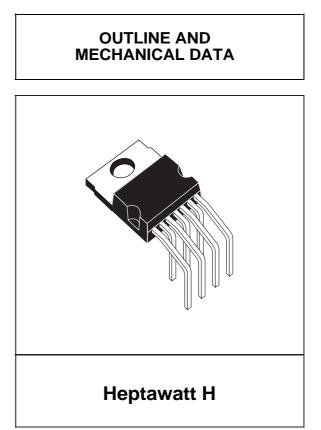
| DIM. | mm         |       |       | inch  |       |       |  |
|------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| DIN. | MIN.       | TYP.  | MAX.  | MIN.  | TYP.  | MAX.  |  |
| Α    |            |       | 4.8   |       |       | 0.189 |  |
| С    |            |       | 1.37  |       |       | 0.054 |  |
| D    | 2.4        |       | 2.8   | 0.094 |       | 0.110 |  |
| D1   | 1.2        |       | 1.35  | 0.047 |       | 0.053 |  |
| Е    | 0.35       |       | 0.55  | 0.014 |       | 0.022 |  |
| E1   | 0.7        |       | 0.97  | 0.028 |       | 0.038 |  |
| F    | 0.6        |       | 0.8   | 0.024 |       | 0.031 |  |
| F1   |            |       | 0.9   |       |       | 0.035 |  |
| G    | 2.34       | 2.54  | 2.74  | 0.095 | 0.100 | 0.105 |  |
| G1   | 4.88       | 5.08  | 5.28  | 0.193 | 0.200 | 0.205 |  |
| G2   | 7.42       | 7.62  | 7.82  | 0.295 | 0.300 | 0.307 |  |
| H2   |            |       | 10.4  |       |       | 0.409 |  |
| H3   | 10.05      |       | 10.4  | 0.396 |       | 0.409 |  |
| L    | 16.7       | 16.9  | 17.1  | 0.657 | 0.668 | 0.673 |  |
| L1   |            | 14.92 |       |       | 0.587 |       |  |
| L2   | 21.24      | 21.54 | 21.84 | 0.386 | 0.848 | 0.860 |  |
| L3   | 22.27      | 22.52 | 22.77 | 0.877 | 0.891 | 0.896 |  |
| L4   |            |       | 1.29  |       |       | 0.051 |  |
| L5   | 2.6        | 2.8   | 3     | 0.102 | 0.110 | 0.118 |  |
| L6   | 15.1       | 15.5  | 15.8  | 0.594 | 0.610 | 0.622 |  |
| L7   | 6          | 6.35  | 6.6   | 0.236 | 0.250 | 0.260 |  |
| L9   |            | 0.2   |       |       | 0.008 |       |  |
| М    | 2.55       | 2.8   | 3.05  | 0.100 | 0.110 | 0.120 |  |
| M1   | 4.83       | 5.08  | 5.33  | 0.190 | 0.200 | 0.210 |  |
| V4   | 40° (typ.) |       |       |       |       |       |  |
| Dia  | 3.65       |       | 3.85  | 0.144 |       | 0.152 |  |

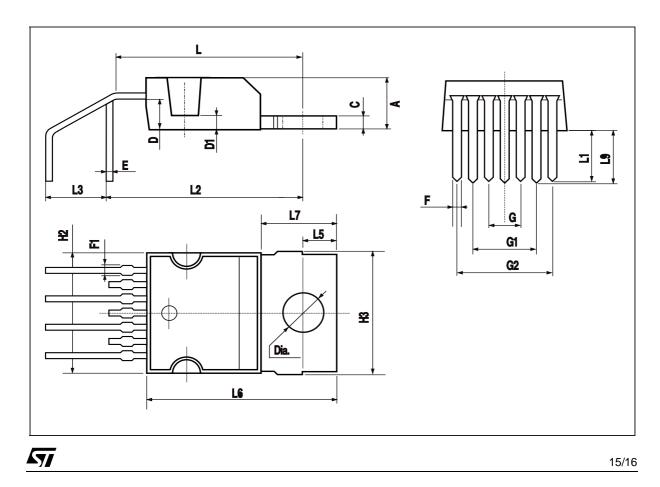




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| DIM.   | mm    |      |      | inch  |       |       |
|--------|-------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| DIIVI. | MIN.  | TYP. | MAX. | MIN.  | TYP.  | MAX.  |
| А      |       |      | 4.8  |       |       | 0.189 |
| С      |       |      | 1.37 |       |       | 0.054 |
| D      | 2.4   |      | 2.8  | 0.094 |       | 0.110 |
| D1     | 1.2   |      | 1.35 | 0.047 |       | 0.053 |
| Е      | 0.35  |      | 0.55 | 0.014 |       | 0.022 |
| F      | 0.6   |      | 0.8  | 0.024 |       | 0.031 |
| F1     |       |      | 0.9  |       |       | 0.035 |
| G      | 2.41  | 2.54 | 2.67 | 0.095 | 0.100 | 0.105 |
| G1     | 4.91  | 5.08 | 5.21 | 0.193 | 0.200 | 0.205 |
| G2     | 7.49  | 7.62 | 7.8  | 0.295 | 0.300 | 0.307 |
| H2     |       |      | 10.4 |       |       | 0.409 |
| H3     | 10.05 |      | 10.4 | 0.396 |       | 0.409 |
| L      |       | 14.2 |      |       | 0.559 |       |
| L1     |       | 4.4  |      |       | 0.173 |       |
| L2     |       | 15.8 |      |       | 0.622 |       |
| L3     |       | 5.1  |      |       | 0.201 |       |
| L5     | 2.6   |      | 3    | 0.102 |       | 0.118 |
| L6     | 15.1  |      | 15.8 | 0.594 |       | 0.622 |
| L7     | 6     |      | 6.6  | 0.236 |       | 0.260 |
| L9     |       | 4.44 |      |       | 0.175 |       |
| Dia    | 3.65  |      | 3.85 | 0.144 |       | 0.152 |





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