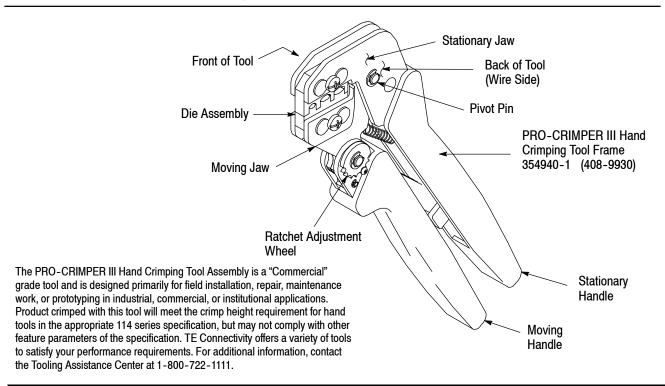
PRO- CRIMPER* III Hand Crimping Tool Assembly 58628-1 with Die Assembly 58628-2

Instruction Sheet 408–4452

29 APR 11 Rev B

PROPER USE GUIDELINES

Cumulative Trauma Disorders can result from the prolonged use of manually powered hand tools. Hand tools are intended for occasional use and low volume applications. A wide selection of powered application equipment for extended-use, production operations is available.



TE Die Assembly	Product Family‡	Wire					
		Insulation Diameter (Max) (mm [in.]) Size for Receptacle Series Size					Strip Length
		(AWG)	110 and 125		187 and 250		(mm [in.])
			Standard	Large	Standard	Large	
	Ultra-Fast FASTON* Straight Receptacle	26-22	2.54 [.100]	_	_	_	7.14 <u>+</u> 0.41 [.281 <u>+</u> .016]
58628-2		22-18	3.05 [.120]	5.84 [.230]	3.43 [.135]	5.84 [.230]	
		16-14	_	6.60 [.260]	4.06 [.160]	6.60 [.260]	

[‡] Contact the Tooling Assistance Center or Product Information (at the numbers listed below) for specific receptacle part numbers.

Figure 1

1. INTRODUCTION

PRO-CRIMPER III Hand Crimping Tool Assembly 58628–1 consists of Die Assembly 58628–2 and PRO-CRIMPER III Hand Crimping Tool Frame 354940–1. The tool is used to crimp the receptacles onto the wire sizes listed in Figure 1.

Read these instructions thoroughly before crimping any receptacles.

If these instructions are revised, reasons for revison will be listed in Section 9, REVISION SUMMARY.



Dimensions on this sheet are in millimeters [with inch equivalents provided in brackets]. Figures are for identification only and are not drawn to scale.



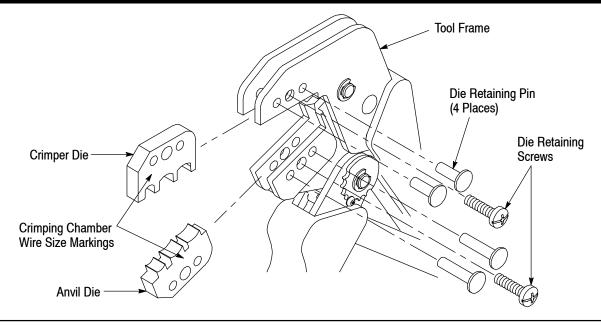


Figure 2

2. DESCRIPTION (Figures 1 and 2)

The tool features a tool frame with a stationary jaw and handle, a moving jaw, a moving handle, and an adjustable ratchet that ensures full crimping. The tool frame holds a die assembly with three crimping chambers.

The die assembly features an anvil die and a crimper die. Die retaining pins and die retaining screws are used to position and secure the dies in the tool frame.

3. INSTALLATION AND REMOVAL OF DIE ASSEMBLY (Figure 2)

- 1. Open the tool handles and remove the two die retaining screws from the tool jaws.
- 2. Place the anvil die so that the chamfered edge faces outward when mounted in the moving jaw of the tool frame. Place the crimper die so that the chamfered edge faces outward when mounted in the stationary jaw.
- 3. Insert the die retaining screws and die retaining pins through each jaw and into each die. Tighten the die retaining screws just enough to hold the dies in place. Do *not* tighten the screws completely at this time.
- 4. Carefully close the tool handles, making sure that the anvil die and crimper die align properly. Continue closing the tool handles until the ratchet in the tool frame has engaged sufficiently to hold the dies in place, then tighten both die retaining screws.

5. To disassemble, open the tool handles, remove the four die retaining pins and two die retaining screws, and slide the dies out of the tool jaws.

4. CRIMPING PROCEDURE



Initially, the crimping chambers and tool ratchet should be inspected as specified in Section 5, CRIMP HEIGHT INSPECTION, and Section 6, RATCHET ADJUSTMENT, to verify reliability before using the tool.

Refer to Figure 1 and select wire of the specified size. Strip the wire to the length indicated, taking care not to nick or cut wire strands. Select an applicable receptacle and identify the appropriate crimping chamber according to the wire size markings on the dies. Refer to Figure 3 and proceed as follows:

- 1. Squeeze tool handles together until the ratchet releases and then allow the tool jaws to open fully.
- 2. Insert the receptacle (mating end first) into the BACK of the tool in the appropriate crimping chamber so that the flat side of the receptacle faces the anvil die. Make sure that the wire barrel is centered in the crimping chamber.
- 3. Hold the receptacle in position and squeeze the tool handles together until ratchet engages sufficiently to hold the receptacle in position. Do NOT deform the wire barrel.
- 4. Insert the stripped wire into the wire barrel of the receptacle.
- 5. Holding the wire in place, squeeze tool handles together until ratchet releases. Allow tool handles to open and remove crimped receptacle.



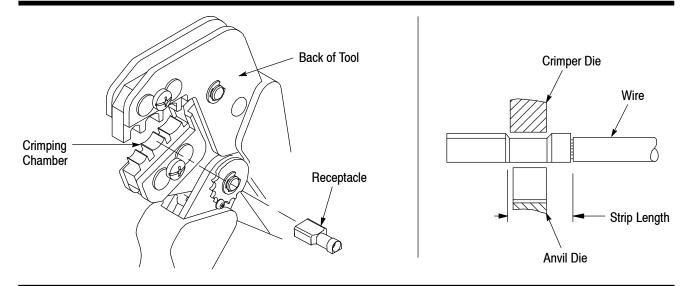


Figure 3

6. Inspect the crimped receptacle to ensure that the crimp is centered on the wire barrel and the wire is fully inserted. Check the receptacle crimp height as described in Section 5. If necessary, adjust the crimp height as described in Section 6.

5. CRIMP HEIGHT INSPECTION

This inspection requires the use of a plug gage conforming to the dimensions provided in Figure 4. TE does not manufacture or market these gages. To gage the crimping chambers, proceed as follows:



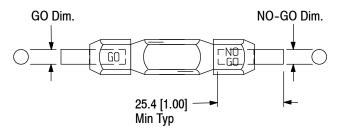
Refer to 408-7424 for information about the use and ordering of plug gages and crimp-height comparators.

- 1. Remove traces of oil or dirt from crimping chambers and plug gages.
- 2. Close the tool handles until it is evident that the dies have bottomed; hold the tool in this position. Do NOT force the dies beyond initial contact.
- 3. Carefully insert GO element straight into the corresponding crimping chamber; do not force it. The GO element must pass completely through the crimping chamber. See Figure 4.
- 4. In the same manner, try to insert the NO-GO element into the same crimping chamber. The NO-GO element may start entry, but must not pass completely through the crimping chamber.

If the crimping chambers conform to the gage inspection, they are considered dimensionally correct, and should be lubricated with a THIN coat of any

good SAE 20 motor oil. If not, the tool must be adjusted according to Section 6, CRIMP HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT.

Suggested Plug Gage Design



Crimping	Gage Element Dimensions (mm [in.])				
Chamber	GO	NO-GO			
26-22	1.4732-1.4808 [.05800583]	1.5723-1.5748 [.06190620]			
22-18	1.6002-1.6078 [.06300633]	1.6993-1.7018 [.06690670]			
16-14	1.8542-1.8618 [.07300733]	1.9532-1.9558 [.07690770]			

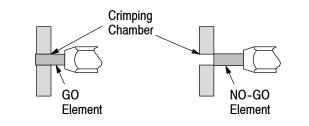


Figure 4



6. RATCHET (Crimp Height) ADJUSTMENT (Figure 5)

- 1. Remove the lockscrew from the ratchet adjustment wheel.
- 2. With a screwdriver, adjust the ratchet wheel from the front of the tool.
- 3. Observe the ratchet adjustment wheel. If a tighter crimp is required, rotate the adjustment wheel *counterclockwise* to a higher-numbered setting. If a looser crimp is required, rotate the adjustment wheel *clockwise* to a lower-numbered setting.
- 4. Re-assemble the lockscrew.
- 5. Make a sample crimp and measure the crimp height. If the dimension is acceptable, the adjustment setting is correct. If the dimension is unacceptable, continue to adjust the ratchet, and again measure a sample crimp.

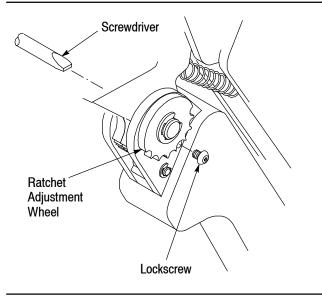


Figure 5

7.2. Visual Inspection

The crimping dies should be inspected on a regular basis to ensure that they have not become worn or damaged. Inspect the crimping sections for flattened, chipped, worn, or broken areas. If damage or abnormal wear is evident, the tool must be replaced. See Section 8, REPLACEMENT.

8. REPLACEMENT

Customer-replaceable parts are shown in Figure 1.

Available separately, PRO-CRIMPER III Hand Crimping Tool Repair Kit 679221-1 includes a replacement nut and a variety of pins, rings, screws, and springs.

If the dies are damaged or worn excessively, they must be replaced.

Order the repair kit and replaceable parts through your TE representative, or call 1-800-526-5142, or send a facsimile of your purchase order to 717-986-7605, or write to:

CUSTOMER SERVICE (38-35) TYCO ELECTRONICS PO BOX 3608 HARRISBURG PA 17105-3608

9. REVISION SUMMARY

Revisions to this instruction sheet include:

• Updated document to corporate requirements.

7. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

7.1. Maintenance

Ensure that the tool and dies are clean by wiping them with a clean, soft cloth. Remove any debris with a clean, soft brush. Do not use objects that could damage the tool. When not in use, keep handles closed to prevent objects from becoming lodged in the crimping dies, and store in a clean, dry area.

单击下面可查看定价,库存,交付和生命周期等信息

>>TE Connectivity(泰科)