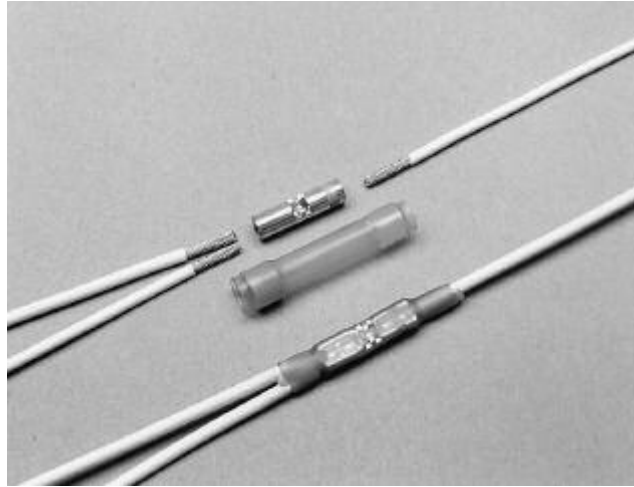


MiniSeal High-Performance, Immersion-Resistant Crimp Splices

Product Facts

- Immersion-resistant crimp splices are on QPL for MIL-S-81824
- MIL-Spec approval
- Small size
- Light weight
- Insulation and strain relief
- Easy installation



Applications

MiniSeal wire-to-wire splicing products offer solutions for hundreds of aerospace and defense applications. These environment-resistant splices provide excellent reliability, long term performance, MIL-S-81824/1 qualification, and a low installed cost.


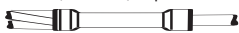
MiniSeal crimp splices consist of a plated copper crimp barrel and a separate, heat-shrinkable, transparent sealing sleeve. They can be used on a combination of wires, from 1:1 to 10:10. MiniSeal splices are one of the smallest, lightest, and most environment-resistant splices available. They preserve the electrical integrity of the splice by preventing the penetration of liquids and the resulting chemical and galvanic corrosion.



Available in:

- Americas ■
- Europe ■
- Asia Pacific ■

Product Selection Process

1. Determine the type of splice required.
 - Stub (parallel) splice: 
 - Butt (in-line) splice: 
2. Determine which crimp barrel plating is required:
 - Tin plating, recommended for tin or silverplated wire
 - Nickel plating, recommended for nickel-plated wire, or silver-plated wire in applications above 150°C [302°F].
3. Calculate the size of crimp barrel required.

Using the CMA/mm² worksheet on the next page, calculate the total cross section to be spliced by adding the circular mil area (CMA) or square millimeters (mm²) of each wire.

Stub splice: Add the CMA or mm² of all wires together.

Butt splice: Calculate each side separately (see example on the worksheet).

4. Select the color code for the size crimp barrel required. Using Table B (page 8-23), select the crimp barrel—color-coded red, blue, or yellow—for the CMA or mm² you calculated.
5. Determine the type of sealing sleeve required. Some wire insulations will not fit in the holes of the sealing sleeve inserts, so be sure to compare the internal diameter of each hole with the outer diameter of the wire(s) you intend to insert in that hole. To create a reliable seal, place a maximum of two wires in any hole of the sealing sleeve.
6. Select the part number. Turn to the MiniSeal part number selection tables (Tables C and D, page 8-23 and 8-24) and find the table for the type of splice (stub or butt) required.

Stub splice: Select the barrel that will accommodate the total cross section.

Butt splice: Select the smallest barrel that will accommodate the largest CMA/mm² required. (Refer to the example in the worksheet for a more specific description.) If the CMA/mm² of the smaller side of a butt splice is too small for the size barrel required to fit the larger side, increase the CMA/mm²—either by doubling back one wire (stripping the conductor twice the length you would ordinarily strip it and then folding it back) or by adding a filler wire.

Table A. CMA of Typical Conductors

MiniSeal High-Performance, Immersion-Resistant Crimp Splices (Continued)

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Strands | 7 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 37 |
| AWG | 28 | 26 | 24 | 22 | 20 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 12 |
| CMA | 177 | 304 | 475 | 754 | 1216 | 1900 | 2426 | 3831 | 5874 |
| mm ² | 0.09 | 0.15 | 0.24 | 0.38 | 0.61 | 0.95 | 1.21 | 1.92 | 2.94 |

Table B. Crimp Barrel Color Code Selection

| CMA Range | mm ² Range | 1:1 Splice (AWG Size) | Color Code |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| 304–1510 | 0.15–0.75 | 26–20 | Red |
| 779–2680 | 0.39–1.34 | 20–16 | Blue |
| 1900–6755 | 0.95–3.37 | 18–12 | Yellow |

CMA/mm² Worksheet

Example:

Application: A butt splice with three AWG 22 wires in one side and one AWG 18 wire in the other side:
 The CMA for AWG 22 wire in Table A is 754 (0.38 mm²).
 Side one is therefore calculated as follows:
 CMA = 3 x 754 = 2262 (mm² = 3 x 0.38 = 1.14)

The other side, where the CMA for AWG 18 is 1900, is calculated as:
 CMA = 1 x 1900 = 1900 (mm² = 1 x 0.95 = 0.95)
 Using Table B to select the smallest crimp barrel that will easily fit 2262 CMA (0.95 mm²), the blue barrel is the correct choice.

| Wire Number | CMA | mm ² | |
|-------------|-------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 1 | _____ | _____ | |
| 2 | _____ | _____ | |
| 3 | _____ | _____ | |
| 4 | _____ | _____ | |
| 5 | _____ | _____ | |
| 6 | _____ | _____ | |
| 7 | _____ | _____ | |
| 8 | _____ | _____ | |
| 9 | _____ | _____ | |
| 10 | _____ | _____ | |
| Total | _____ | _____ | Part Number: _____ |

Table C. Stub (Parallel) Splices



| Illustration | Part No. | | Crimp Barrel Size Range CMA [mm ²] Min.–Max. | I.D. dimensions | | | |
|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| | Tin Plated | Nickel Plated | | Side 1 | | Side 2 | |
| | | | | Sealing Insert | Max. No. of Wires | Sealing Insert | Max. No. of Wires |
| | D-436-0128 Red | D-436-0119 Red | 304–1510 [0.15–0.75] | 2.16 [.085] | 2 | 1.01 [.040] | 2 |
| | D-436-58 Blue | D-436-75 Blue | 779–2680 [0.39–1.34] | 4.56 [.180] | 2 | 2.28 [.090] | 2 |
| | D-436-59 Yellow | D-436-76 Yellow | 1900–6755 [0.95–3.37] | 4.56 [.180] | 2 | 2.28 [.090] | 2 |
| | D-436-60 Blue | D-436-77 Blue | 779–2680 [0.39–1.34] | 2.03 [.080] | 10 (2 per hole) | 6.35 [.250] | 2 |
| | D-436-61 Yellow | D-436-78 Yellow | 1900–6755 [0.95–3.37] | 2.03 [.080] | 10 (2 per hole) | 6.35 [.250] | 2 |

Table D. Butt (in-line) splices



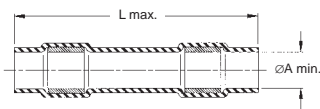
| Illustration | Part No. | | Crimp Barrel Size Range CMA [mm ²] Min.-Max. | I.D. dimensions | | | |
|--------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| | Tin Plated | Nickel Plated | | Side 1 | Max. No. of Wires | Side 2 | Max. No. of Wires |
| | | | | Sealing Insert | | Sealing Insert | |
| | D-436-36* Red | D-436-82 Red | 304-1510 [0.15-0.75] | | 2 | | 2 |
| | D-436-37* Blue | D-436-83 Blue | 779-2680 [0.39-1.34] | | 2 | | 2 |
| | D-436-38* Yellow | D-436-84 Yellow | 1900-6755 [0.95-3.37] | | 2 | | 2 |
| | D-436-0110 Red | D-436-85 Red | 304-1510 [0.15-0.75] | | 6 | | 2 |
| | D-436-52 Blue | D-436-86 Blue | 779-2680 [0.39-1.34] | | 6 (2 per hole) | | 2 |
| | D-436-53 Yellow | D-436-87 Yellow | 1900-6755 [0.95-3.37] | | 6 (2 per hole) | | 2 |
| | D-436-0115 Red | D-436-88 Red | 304-1510 [0.15-0.75] | | 6 (2 per hole) | | 6 (2 per hole) |
| | D-436-42 Blue | D-436-89 Blue | 779-2680 [0.39-1.34] | | 6 (2 per hole) | | 6 (2 per hole) |
| | D-436-43 Yellow | D-436-90 Yellow | 1900-6755 [0.95-3.37] | | 6 (2 per hole) | | 6 (2 per hole) |

*Qualified to MIL-S-81824/1.

Table E. Crimp Barrel Only

| Type | Color Code | Tin-Plated | Nickel Plated | Crimp Barrel Size Range CMA [mm ²] Min. - Max. |
|----------------|------------|------------|---------------|--|
| Butt (in-line) | Red | D-609-06 | D-609-09 | 304-1510 [0.15-0.75] |
| Butt (in-line) | Blue | D-609-07 | D-609-10 | 779-2680 [0.39-1.34] |
| Butt (in-line) | Yellow | D-609-08 | D-609-11 | 1900-6755 [0.95-3.37] |
| Stub (Parrel) | Red | D-609-03 | D-609-12 | 304-1510 [0.15-0.75] |
| Stub (Parrel) | Blue | D-609-04 | D-609-13 | 779-2680 [0.39-1.34] |
| Stub (Parrel) | Yellow | D-609-05 | D-609-14 | 1900-6755 [0.95-3.37] |

Table F. Sealing Sleeve Only



| Part No. | Color Code | L Max. | A Min. |
|------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| D-436-0096 | Red | 29.2 [1.15] | 2.16 [0.085] |
| D-436-0097 | Blue | 29.2 [1.15] | 2.8 [0.110] |
| D-436-0098 | Yellow | 29.2 [1.15] | 4.32 [0.170] |

Product Characteristics

MiniSeal High-Performance, Immersion-Resistant Crimp Splices (Continued)

| Material | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Insulation | Radiation-crosslinked, heat-shrinkable polyvinylidene fluoride |
| Crimp barrel | Tin- or nickel-plated copper |
| Melttable inserts | Melttable thermoplastic |
| Typical Performance | |
| Voltage drop | 6.9 mV at 4.5 A vs 8.1 mV for an equal length of wire |
| Tensile strength | Exceeds strength of conductor |
| Dielectric strength | 2.5 kV |
| Temperature rating | -55°C to 150°C [-67°F to 302°F] |
| Insulation resistance | 5000 megohms |

Specifications/Approvals

| Series | Military |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| D-436 | MIL-S-81824/1 for D-436-36/37/38 |

Installation

For proper installation of these devices, the correct crimp tool (Raychem part number AD-1377) and a heating tool and reflector attachment must be used.

Any one of the following Raychem heating tools is recommended:

- HL1802E
- AA-400 Super Heater

Refer to Raychem installation procedure RCPS 200-20 for detailed instructions and recommended reflector attachments.

You will find ordering information for these tools in Section 10.



单击下面可查看定价，库存，交付和生命周期等信息

[>>TE Connectivity\(泰科\)](#)