











SN74LVC16T245

SCES636B - AUGUST 2005 - REVISED APRIL 2015

SN74LVC16T245 16-bit Dual-Supply Bus Transceiver With Configurable Level-Shifting / Voltage Translation and Tri-State Outputs

Features

- Control Inputs V_{IH}/V_{II} Levels are Referenced to V_{CCA} Voltage
- V_{CC} Isolation Feature If Either V_{CC} Input is at GND, Both Ports are in the High-Impedance State
- Overvoltage-Tolerant Inputs and Outputs Allow Mixed Voltage-Mode Data Communications
- Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design Allows Each Port to Operate Over the Full 1.65-V to 5.5-V Power-Supply Range
- I_{off} Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22

Applications

- Personal Electronics
- Industrial
- Enterprise
- Telecom

3 Description

This 16-bit noninverting bus transceiver uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The A port is designed to track $V_{\text{CCA}}.\ V_{\text{CCA}}$ accepts any supply voltage from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. The B port is designed to track V_{CCB} . V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. This allows for universal low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5-V voltage nodes.

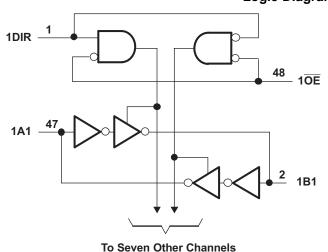
The SN74LVC16T245 device is designed for asynchronous communication between two data buses. The logic levels of the direction-control (DIR) input and the output-enable (OE) input activate either the B-port outputs or the A-port outputs or place both output ports into the high-impedance mode. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus when the B-port outputs are activated, and from the B bus to the A bus when the A-port outputs are activated. The input circuitry on both A and B ports always is active and must have a logic HIGH or LOW level applied to prevent excess I_{CC} and I_{CCZ}.

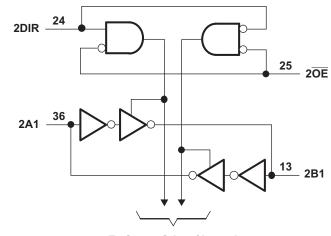
Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)				
	TSSOP (48)	12.50 mm × 6.10 mm				
	TVSOP (48)	9.70 mm × 4.40 mm				
SN74LVC16T245	SSOP (48)	15.88 mm × 7.49 mm				
	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR (56)	7.00 mm × 4.50 mm				

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)





To Seven Other Channels



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4 Revision History

Changes from Revision A (October 2005) to Revision B

Page

Added Pin Configuration and Functions section, ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional
Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device
and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section



5 Description (continued)

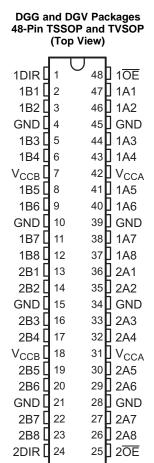
The SN74LVC16T245 control pins (1DIR, 2DIR, $1\overline{OE}$, and $2\overline{OE}$) are supplied by V_{CCA} .

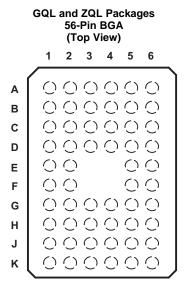
This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off} . The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

The V_{CC} isolation feature ensures that if either V_{CC} input is at GND, then both ports are in the high-impedance state. To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, \overline{OE} should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.



6 Pin Configuration and Functions





Pin Functions

	PIN		1/0	DECODIDATION
NAME	DGG / DGV	GQL / ZQL	I/O	DESCRIPTION
1A1	47	B5	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
1A2	46	B6	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
1A3	44	C5	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
1A4	43	C6	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
1A5	41	D5	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
1A6	40	D6	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
1A7	38	E5	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
1A8	37	E6	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
1B1	2	B2	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
1B2	3	B1	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
1B3	5	C2	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
1B4	6	C1	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
1B5	8	D2	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
1B6	9	D1	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
1B7	11	E2	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
1B8	12	E1	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
1DIR	1	A1	ļ	Direction-control signal

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Pin Functions (continued)

	PIN			
NAME	DGG / DGV	GQL / ZQL	I/O	DESCRIPTION
1 OE	48	A6	I	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{\text{OE}}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to V_{CCA}
2A1	36	F6	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
2A2	35	F5	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
2A3	33	G6	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
2A4	32	G5	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
2A5	30	H6	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
2A6	29	H5	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
2A7	27	J6	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
2A8	26	J5	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCA}
2B1	13	F1	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
2B2	14	F2	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
2B3	16	G1	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
2B4	17	G2	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
2B5	19	H1	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
2B6	20	H2	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
2B7	22	J1	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
2B8	23	J2	I/O	Input/Output. Referenced to V _{CCB}
2DIR	24	K1	I	Direction-control signal
2 OE	25	K6	1	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{\text{OE}}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to V_{CCA}
	4	В3		
	4	B4		
	10	D3		
GND	15	D4	_	Ground
GIND	21	G3	_	Glound
	28	G4		
	34	J3		
	45	J4		
		A2		
		A3		
		A4		
NC ⁽¹⁾		A5		
NC ·	_	K2	_	
		K3		
		K4		
		K5		
V	31	C4		A port cupply 1 65 1/ < V < 5.5 1/
V_{CCA}	42	H4	_	A-port supply. $1.65 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{CCA}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$
V	7	C3		B-port supply. 1.65 V \leq V _{CCB} \leq 5.5 V
V _{CCB}	18	НЗ	_	D-horr anbbis. 1.00 A > ACCB > 0.0 A

⁽¹⁾ NC - No internal connection



7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V_{CCA}	Supply voltage		-0.5	6.5	V	
		I/O ports (A port)	-0.5	6.5		
V_{I}	Input voltage (2)	I/O ports (B port)	-0.5	6.5	V	
		Control inputs	-0.5	6.5		
\/	Voltage applied to any output	A port	-0.5	6.5	V	
Vo	in the high-impedance or power-off state (2)	B port	-0.5	6.5	v	
\/	Voltage applied to any output in the high or low state (2) (3)	A port	-0.5	$V_{CCA} + 0.5$	V	
Vo	voltage applied to any output in the high or low state	B port	-0.5	V _{CCB} + 0.5		
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I < 0		– 50	mA	
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0		– 50	mA	
Io	Continuous output current			±50	mA	
	Continuous current through each V _{CCA} , V _{CCB} , and GND			±100	mA	
TJ	Junction temperature	-40	150	°C		
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C	

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	±2000	
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±1000	V
		Machine model (A115-A)	±200	

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500 V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

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⁽²⁾ The input (V₁) and output (V₀) negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

⁽³⁾ The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 6.5 V maximum if the output current rating is observed.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250 V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

See (1)(2)(3)(4)

			V _{CCI}	V _{cco}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	0				1.65	5.5	V
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage				1.65	5.5	V
	*		1.65 V to 1.95 V		V _{CCI} × 0.65		
	High-level	5 (5)	2.3 V to 2.7 V		1.7		.,
V_{IH}	input voltage	Data inputs ⁽⁵⁾	3 V to 3.6 V		2		V
			4.5 V to 5.5 V		$V_{CCI} \times 0.7$		
			1.65 V to 1.95 V			V _{CCI} × 0.35	
	Low-level	(F)	2.3 V to 2.7 V			0.7	
V _{IL}	input voltage	Data inputs ⁽⁵⁾	3 V to 3.6 V			0.8	V
			4.5 V to 5.5 V			V _{CCI} × 0.3	
			1.65 V to 1.95 V		V _{CCA} × 0.65		
	High-level	Control inputs	2.3 V to 2.7 V		1.7		
V _{IH}	input voltage	(referenced to V _{CCA}) ⁽⁶⁾	3 V to 3.6 V		2		V
			4.5 V to 5.5 V		V _{CCA} × 0.7		
			1.65 V to 1.95 V		OUA	V _{CCA} × 0.35	
	Low-level	Control inputs	2.3 V to 2.7 V			0.7	
V_{IL}	input voltage	(referenced to V _{CCA}) ⁽⁶⁾	3 V to 3.6 V			0.8	V
			4.5 V to 5.5 V			V _{CCA} × 0.3	
V _I	Input voltage	Control inputs			0	5.5	V
	Input/output	Active state			0	V _{CCO}	
$V_{I/O}$	voltage	Tri-State			0	5.5	V
				1.65 V to 1.95 V		-4	
				2.3 V to 2.7 V		-8	
ОН	High-level output	current		3 V to 3.6 V		-24	mA
				4.5 V to 5.5 V		-32	
				1.65 V to 1.95 V		4	
				2.3 V to 2.7 V		8	
OL	Low-level output of	current		3 V to 3.6 V		24	mA
				4.5 V to 5.5 V		32	
			1.65 V to 1.95 V			20	
	Input transition		2.3 V to 2.7 V			20	
Δt/Δv	rise or fall rate	Data inputs	3 V to 3.6 V			10	ns/V
						5	
T _A	Operating free-air	temperature	4.5 V to 5.5 V		-40	85	°C

 $[\]begin{array}{l} V_{CCI} \text{ is the } V_{CC} \text{ associated with the input port.} \\ V_{CCO} \text{ is the } V_{CC} \text{ associated with the output port.} \end{array}$

All unused or driven (floating) data inputs (I/Os) of the device must be held at logic HIGH or LOW (preferably V_{CCI} or GND) to ensure proper device operation and minimize power. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature

All unused data inputs of the device must be held at V_{CCA} or GND to ensure proper device operation. For V_{CCI} values not specified in the data sheet, V_{IH} min = V_{CCI} × 0.7 V, V_{IL} max = V_{CCI} × 0.3 V. For V_{CCA} values not specified in the data sheet, V_{IH} min = V_{CCA} × 0.7 V, V_{IL} max = V_{CCA} × 0.3 V.



7.4 Thermal Information

			SN74LVC	16T245		
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DL (SSOP)	DGG (TSSOP)	DGV (TVSOP)	GQL / ZQL (BGA)	UNIT
		48 PINS	48 PINS	48 PINS	56 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	92.9	60	82.5	64.6	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	29.5	13.9	34.2	16.6	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	35.5	27.1	45.1	30.8	°C/W
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	8.1	0.5	2.7	0.9	°C/W
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	34.9	26.8	44.6	64.6	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

7.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1) (2)

DADA	METER	TEST CON	DITIONS	V	V	Т	A = 25°	С	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to	85°C	UNIT						
PARA	AIVIETER	TEST CON	DITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT						
		$I_{OH} = -100 \ \mu A$	$V_{I} = V_{IH}$	1.65 V to 4.5 V	1.65 V to 4.5 V				V _{CCO} - 0.1								
		$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA},$	$V_{I} = V_{IH}$	1.65 V	1.65 V				1.2								
V_{OH}		$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA},$	$V_I = V_{IH}$	2.3 V	2.3 V				1.9		V						
		$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA},$	$V_I = V_{IH}$	3 V	3 V				2.4								
		$I_{OH} = -32 \text{ mA},$	$V_{I} = V_{IH}$	4.5 V	4.5 V				3.8								
		$I_{OL} = 100 \ \mu A$,	$V_{I} = V_{IL}$	1.65 V to 4.5 V	1.65 V to 4.5 V					0.1							
		$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA},$	$V_{I} = V_{IL}$	1.65 V	1.65 V					0.45							
V_{OL}		$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA},$	$V_{I} = V_{IL}$	2.3 V	2.3 V					0.3	V						
		$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA},$	$V_I = V_{IL}$	3 V	3 V					0.55							
		$I_{OL} = 32 \text{ mA},$	$V_{I} = V_{IL}$	4.5 V	4.5 V					0.55							
l _l	Control inputs	V _I = V _{CCA} or GN	D	1.65 V to 5.5 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V			±1		±1		±1		±1		±2	μΑ
	A or B		\\ an\\\ \\ O to F F \\		0 to 5.5 V			±1		±2							
off	port	V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 5.5 V		0 to 5.5 V	0 V			±1		±2	μA						
l _{oz}	A or B port	$\frac{V_O}{OE} = V_{CCO}$ or GI	ND,	1.65 V to 5.5 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V	±1		±1		±1		±2	μΑ				
		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$		1.65 V to 5.5 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V					20							
I _{CCA}				5 V	0 V					20							
		10 = 0		0 V	5 V					-2							
			_	1.65 V to 5.5 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V					20							
ССВ		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GNI $I_O = 0$	D,	5 V	0 V					-2	μΑ						
		10 – 3		0 V	5 V					20							
I _{CCA} + I _C	ССВ	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GNI $I_O = 0$	D,	1.65 V to 5.5 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V					30	μΑ						
	A port	One A port at V _{CCA} , B p	cont = open							50							
ΔI _{CCA}	DIR	DIR at $V_{CCA} - 0.6 \text{ V}$, B port = open, A port at V_{CCA} or GND		3 V to 5.5 V	3 V to 5.5 V					50	μΑ						
ΔI _{CCB}	B port	One B port at V ₀ DIR at GND, A	_{CCB} - 0.6 V,	3 V to 5.5 V	3 V to 5.5 V							50	μΑ				
C _i	Control inputs	V _I = V _{CCA} or GN	D	3.3 V	3.3 V		4			5	pF						

 V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.

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Electrical Characteristics (continued)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾ (2)

DADA	AMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	T _A = 25°C	T _A = -40°C to 85°C	UNIT
PARA					MIN TYP MA	X MIN MAX	UNII
C _{io}	A or B port	$V_O = V_{CCA/B}$ or GND	3.3 V	3.3 V	8.5	10	pF

7.6 Switching Characteristics: V_{CCA} = 1.8 V ±0.15 V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)		V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ±0.15 V		V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ±0.2 V		V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ±0.3 V		V _{CCB} = 5 V ±0.5 V	
	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	Α	В	1.7	21.9	1.3	9.2	1	7.4	0.8	7.1	ns
t _{PHL}		В	1.7	21.9	1.3	9.2		7.4	0.6	7.1	115
t _{PLH}	В	Α	0.9	23.8	0.8	23.6	0.7	23.4	0.7	23.4	ns
t _{PHL}		A	0.9	23.0	0.6	23.0	0.7	23.4	0.7	23.4	115
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	Α	1.6	29.6	1.5	29.4	1.5	29.3	1.4	29.2	ns
t _{PLZ}	OL	^	1.0	29.0	1.5	29.4	1.5	29.3	1.4	29.2	115
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	В	2.4	32.2	1.9	13.1	1.7	12	1.3	10.3	ns
t _{PLZ}	OL	В	2.4	32.2	1.9	13.1	1.7	12	1.3	10.3	115
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	Α	0.4	24	0.4	23.8	0.4	23.7	0.4	23.7	ns
t _{PZL}	OL	Α	0.4	24	0.4	23.0	0.4	23.1	0.4	23.1	115
t _{PZH}	<u>OE</u>	В	1.8	32	1.6	16	1.2	12.6	0.9	10.8	ns
t _{PZL}	OL .		1.0	32	1.0	10	1.2	12.0	0.9	10.8	115

7.7 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ±0.15 V		V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ±0.2 V		V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ±0.3 V		V _{CCB} = 5 V 0.5 V		UNIT
	(INPUT)		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	Α	В	1.6	21.4	1.2	9	0.8	6.2	0.6	4.8	ns
t _{PHL}	^	В	1.0	21.4	1.2	9	0.0	0.2	0.0	4.0	115
t _{PLH}	В	Α	1.2	9.3	1	1 9.1	1	8.9	0.9	8.8	ns
t _{PHL}	Б	Λ	1.2	3.5		9.1		0.9	0.5	0.0	113
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	Α	1.4	9	1.4	9	1.4	9	1.4	9	ns
t_{PLZ}	OL	^	1.4	3	17		1	3	17	3	113
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	В	2.3	29.6	1.8	11	1.7	9.3	0.9	6.9	ns
t _{PLZ}	OL .	5	2.0	25.0	1.0		1.7	5.5	0.5	0.5	113
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	Α	1	10.9	1	10.9	1	10.9	1	10.9	ns
t _{PZL}	OL	Α	'	10.5	•	10.5		10.5	'	10.5	113
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	В	1.7	28.2	1.6	12.9	1.2	9.4	1	6.9	ns
t _{PZL}	OL .	J	1.7	20.2	0	12.9	1.2	3.4		0.9	113



7.8 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ±0.15 V		V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ±0.2 V		V _{CCB} = ±0.3		V _{CCB} = 5 V ±0.5 V		UNIT
	(INPUT)		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	А	В	1.5	21.2	1.1	8.8	0.8	6.1	0.5	4.4	ns
t _{PHL}	Α	В	1.5	21.2	1.1	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.5	4.4	115
t _{PLH}	В	А	0.9	7.2	0.8	6.2	0.7	6.1	0.6	6	ns
t _{PHL}	Б	Λ	0.3	1.2	0.0	0.2	0.7	0.1	0.0	U	113
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	А	1.6	8.2	1.6	8.2	1.6	6.2	1.6	8.2	ns
t_{PLZ}	OL.	А	1.0	0.2	1.0	0.2	1.0	0.2	1.0	0.2	113
t _{PHZ}	ŌĒ	В	2.1	29	1.7	10.3	1.5	8.6	0.8	6.3	ns
t _{PLZ}	OL.		2.1	25	1.7	10.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	113
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	А	0.8	7.8	0.8	7.8	0.8	7.8	0.8	7.8	ns
t _{PZL}	OL.	A	0.0	7.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	7.0	113
t _{PZH}	ŌĒ	В	1.6	27.7	1.4	12.4	1.1	8.5	0.9	8.4	ns
t _{PZL}	OL .	В	1.0	21.1	1.4	12.4	1.1	0.5	0.9	0.4	113

7.9 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 5 V ± 0.5 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CC} = 1.8 V ±0.15 V		V _{CC} = 2.5 V ±0.2 V		V _{CC} = 3.3 V ±0.3 V		V _{CC} = 5 V ±0.5 V		UNIT
	(INPUT)		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	A	В	1.6	21.4	1	8.8	0.7	6	0.4	4.2	ns
t _{PHL}	A	Ь	1.0	21.4		0.0	0.7	O	0.4	4.2	115
t _{PLH}	- B	А	0.7	6.8	0.4	4.8	0.3	4.5	0.3	4.3	ns
t _{PHL}	Ь	^	0.7	0.0	0.4	4.0	0.5	4.5	0.5	4.5	115
t _{PHZ}	- OE	А	0.3	5.4	0.3	5.4	0.3	5.4	0.3	6.4	ns
t_{PLZ}	OL	Λ	0.5	5.4	0.5	5.4	0.5	5.4	0.5	0.4	115
t_{PHZ}	<u>OE</u>	В	2	28.7	1.6	9.7	1.4	8	0.7	5.7	ns
t_{PLZ}	OL	Ь		20.1	1.0	3.1	1.4	O	0.7	5.7	115
t _{PZH}	- OE	А	0.7	5.5	0.7	5.5	0.7	5.5	0.7	5.5	ns
t _{PZL}	OL	^	0.7	5.5	0.7	5.5	0.7	5.5	0.7	5.5	115
t _{PZH}	<u>OE</u>	В	1.6	27.6	1.3	11.4	1	8.1	0.9	6	ns
t _{PZL}	OE .	В	1.6	21.0	1.3	11.4	'	0.1	0.9	0	115

7.10 Operating Characteristics

 $T_{\Delta} = 25^{\circ}C$

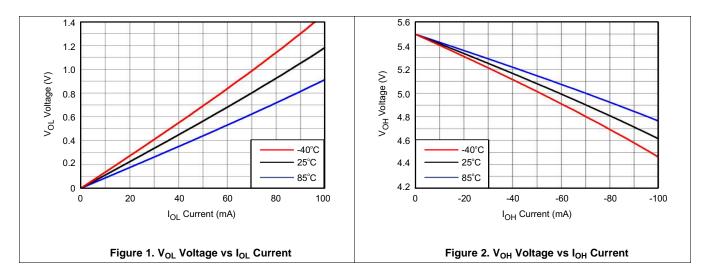
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.8 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 2.5 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 3.3 V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 5 V	UNIT	
		CONDITIONS	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP		
C _{pdA} (1)	A-port input, B-port output	$C_L = 0$,	2	2	2	3		
C _{pdA} \ /	B-port input, A-port output		18	19	19	22	~F	
C (1)	A-port input, B-port output	f = 10 MHz, $t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	18	19	20	22	pF	
C _{pdB} ⁽¹⁾	B-port input, A-port output		2	2	2	2		

 Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver. Refer to the TI application report, CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation, SCAA035

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7.11 Typical Characteristics

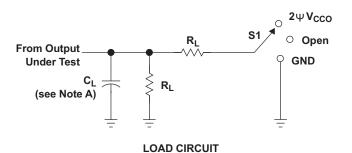


V_{CCA}

V_{CCA}/2

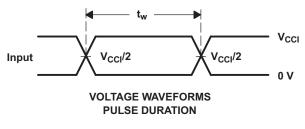


8 Parameter Measurement Information

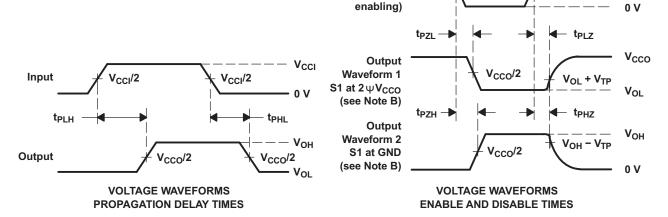


TEST	S1
t _{pd}	Open
t _{PLZ} /t _{PZL}	2ψV _{CCO}
t _{PHZ} /t _{PZH}	GND

V _{CCO}	CL	R _L	V _{TP}
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.15 V
2.5 V ± 0.2 V	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.15 V
3.3 V ± 0.3 V	15 pF	2 k Ω	0.3 V
5 V + 0.5 V	15 pF	2 kO	0.3 V



V_{CCA}/2



Output

Control

(low-level

- NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
 - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
 - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR 10 MHz, $Z_0 = 50$ W, $dv/dt \ge 1$ V/ns.
 - D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
 - E. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd} .
 - F. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
 - G. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.
 - H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



9 Detailed Description

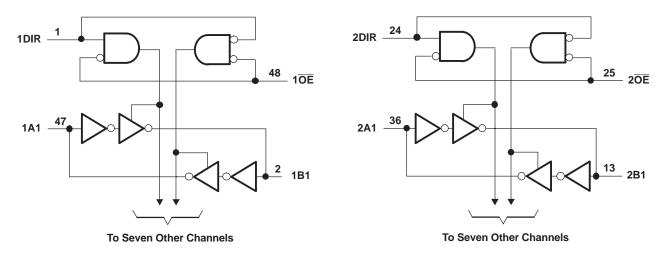
9.1 Overview

The SN74LVC16T245 is a 16-bit, dual-supply noninverting bidirectional voltage level translation. Pins A and control pins (DIR and \overline{OE}) are supported by V_{CCA} and pins B are supported by V_{CCB} . The A port is able to accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.65 V to 5.5 V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. A high on DIR allows data transmission from A to B and a low on DIR allows data transmission from B to A when \overline{OE} is set to low. When \overline{OE} is set to high, both A and B are in the high-impedance state.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using off output current (I_{off}).

The V_{CC} isolation feature ensures that if either V_{CC} input is at GND, both ports are put in a high-impedance state.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram



9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design Allows Each Port to Operate Over the Full 1.65-V to 5.5-V Power-Supply Range

Both V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} can be supplied at any voltage from 1.65 V to 5.5 V making the device suitable for translating between any of the low voltage nodes (1.8-V, 2.5-V, and 3.3-V).

9.3.2 Support High-Speed Translation

SN74LVC16T245 can support high data rate application. Data rates can be calculated form the maximum propagation delay. This is also dependant on the output load. For example, for a 3.3-V to 5-V conversion, the maximum frequency is 200 MHz.

9.3.3 Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using off output current (I_{off}). I_{off} will prevent backflow current by disabling I/O output circuits when device is in partial power-down mode.

9.3.4 V_{CC} Isolation

The V_{CC} isolation feature ensures that if either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} are at GND, both ports will be in a high-impedance state (I_{OZ} shown in *Electrical Characteristics*). This prevents false logic levels from being presented to either bus.

9.4 Device Functional Modes

The functional modes for the SN74LVC16T245 device are shown in Table 1.



Table 1. Function Table⁽¹⁾ (Each Transceiver)

CONTROL	INPUTS	OUTPUT C	IRCUITS	OPERATION
ŌĒ	DIR	DIR A PORT B PORT		OPERATION
L	L	Enabled	Hi-Z	B data to A bus
L	Н	Hi-Z	Enabled	A data to B bus
Н	X	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Isolation

(1) Input circuits of the data I/Os always are active.



10 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

10.1 Application Information

The SN74LVC16T245 device can be used in level-shifting applications for interfacing devices and addressing mixed voltage incompatibility. The SN74LVC16T245 device is ideal for data transmission where direction is different for each channel.

10.1.1 Enable Times

Calculate the enable times for the SN74LV16T245 using the following formulas:

$$t_{PZH}$$
 (DIR to A) = t_{PLZ} (DIR to B) + t_{PLH} (B to A) (1)

$$t_{PZL}$$
 (DIR to A) = t_{PHZ} (DIR to B) + t_{PHL} (B to A) (2)

$$t_{PZH} (DIR to B) = t_{PLZ} (DIR to A) + t_{PLH} (A to B)$$
(3)

$$t_{PZL} (DIR to B) = t_{PHZ} (DIR to A) + t_{PHL} (A to B)$$
(4)

In a bidirectional application, these enable times provide the maximum delay from the time the DIR bit is switched until an output is expected. For example, if the SN74LVC16T245 initially is transmitting from A to B, then the DIR bit is switched; the B port of the device must be disabled before presenting it with an input. After the B port has been disabled, an input signal applied to it appears on the corresponding A port after the specified propagation delay.



10.2 Typical Application

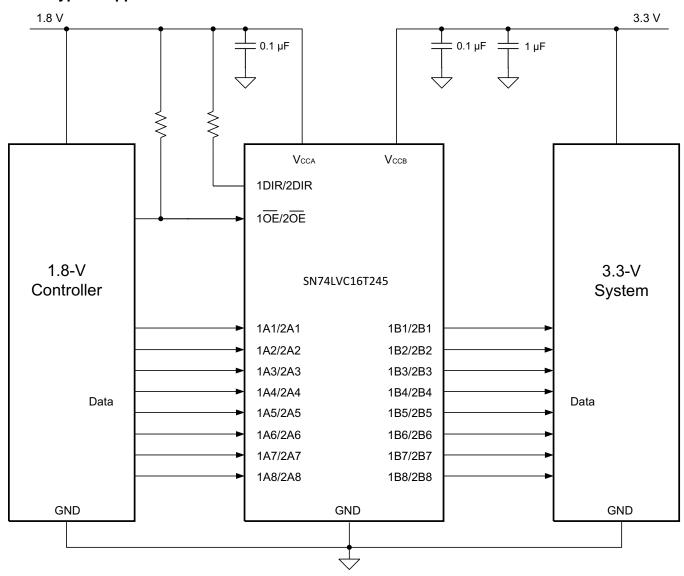


Figure 4. Typical Application Schematic

10.2.1 Design Requirements

This device uses drivers which are enabled depending on the state of the DIR pin. The designer must know the intended flow of data and take care not to violate any of the high or low logic levels. It is important that unused data inputs not be floating, as this can cause excessive internal leakage on the input CMOS structure. Make sure to tie any unused input and output ports directly to ground. For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 2.

Table 2. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETERS	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage range	1.65 V to 5.5 V
Output voltage	1.65 V to 5.5 V

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10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the SN74LVC16T245 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic high the value must exceed the V_{IH} of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the V_{IL} of the input port.
- Output voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that the SN74LVC16T245 device is driving to determine the output voltage range.

10.2.3 Application Curve

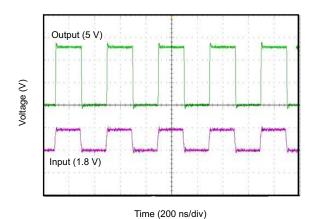


Figure 5. Translation Up (1.8 V to 5 V) at 2.5 MHz



11 Power Supply Recommendations

The SN74LVC16T245 device uses two separate configurable power-supply rails, V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} . V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.65 V to 5.5 V and V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. The A port and B port are designed to track V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} , respectively, allowing for low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.8-V, 2.5-V and 3.3-V voltage nodes.

The output-enable \overline{OE} input circuit is supplied by V_{CCA} and when the \overline{OE} input is high, all outputs are placed in the <u>high-impedance</u> state. To ensure the high-impedance state of the outputs during power up or power down, the \overline{OE} input pin must be tied to V_{CCA} through a pullup resistor and must not be enabled until V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are fully ramped and stable. The minimum value of the pullup resistor to V_{CCA} is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

To ensure reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit-board layout guidelines is recommended.

- Bypass capacitors should be used on power supplies.
- Short trace lengths should be used to avoid excessive loading.
- Placing pads on the signal paths for loading capacitors or pullup resistors to help adjust rise and fall times of signals depending on the system requirements.



12.2 Layout Example



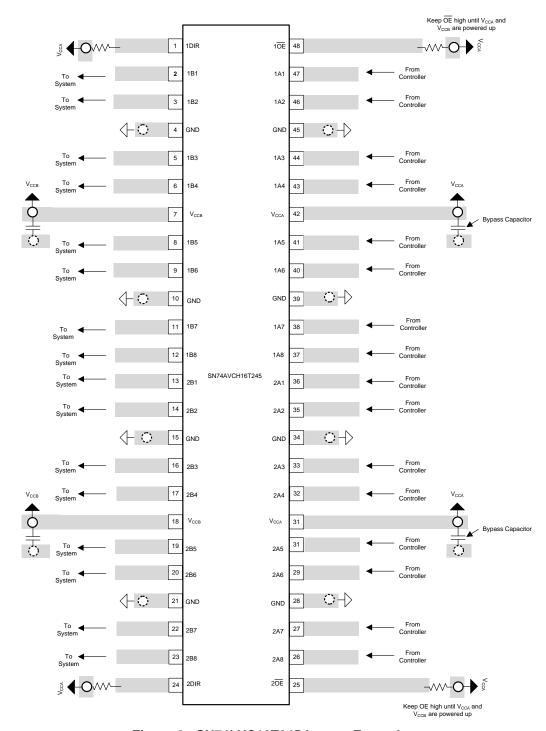


Figure 6. SN74LVC16T245 Layout Example



13 Device and Documentation Support

13.1 Documentation Support

13.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation, SCAA035
- Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, SCBA004

13.2 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

13.3 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

13.4 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM



14-Feb-2021

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
74LVC16T245DGGRE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVC16T245	Samples
74LVC16T245DGGRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVC16T245	Samples
74LVC16T245DGVRG4	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	48	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LDT245	Samples
SN74LVC16T245DGGR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVC16T245	Samples
SN74LVC16T245DGVR	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	48	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LDT245	Samples
SN74LVC16T245DL	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	48	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVC16T245	Samples
SN74LVC16T245DLR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	48	1000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	LVC16T245	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM



14-Feb-2021

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LVC16T245:

Enhanced Product: SN74LVC16T245-EP

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

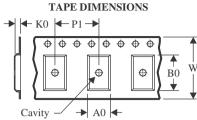
• Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 3-Jun-2022

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74LVC16T245DGGR	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	330.0	24.4	8.6	13.0	1.8	12.0	24.0	Q1
SN74LVC16T245DGVR	TVSOP	DGV	48	2000	330.0	16.4	7.1	10.2	1.6	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LVC16T245DLR	SSOP	DL	48	1000	330.0	32.4	11.35	16.2	3.1	16.0	32.0	Q1

www.ti.com 3-Jun-2022



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74LVC16T245DGGR	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	367.0	367.0	45.0
SN74LVC16T245DGVR	TVSOP	DGV	48	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74LVC16T245DLR	SSOP	DL	48	1000	367.0	367.0	55.0

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 3-Jun-2022

TUBE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
SN74LVC16T245DL	DL	SSOP	48	25	473.7	14.24	5110	7.87

DL (R-PDSO-G48)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-118

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



DGV (R-PDSO-G**)

24 PINS SHOWN

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15 per side.

D. Falls within JEDEC: 24/48 Pins – MO-153 14/16/20/56 Pins – MO-194



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

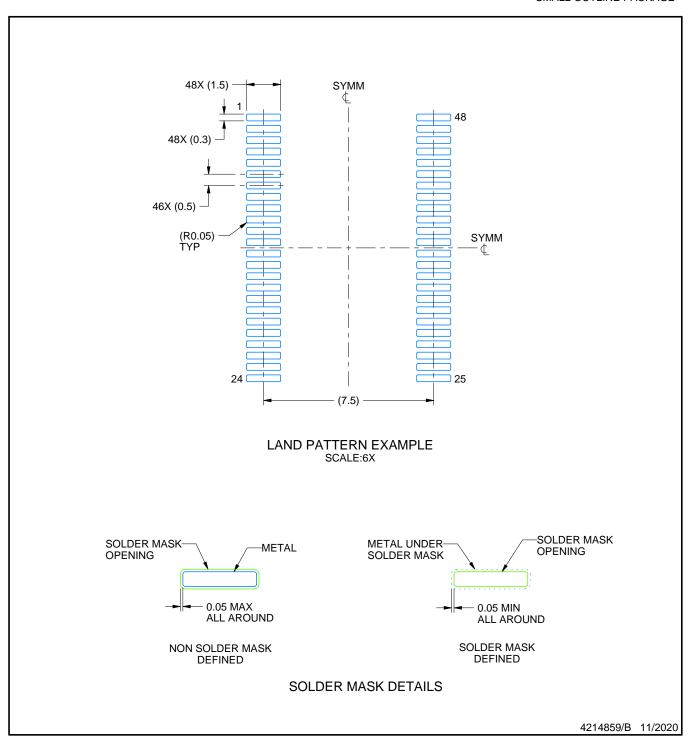
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

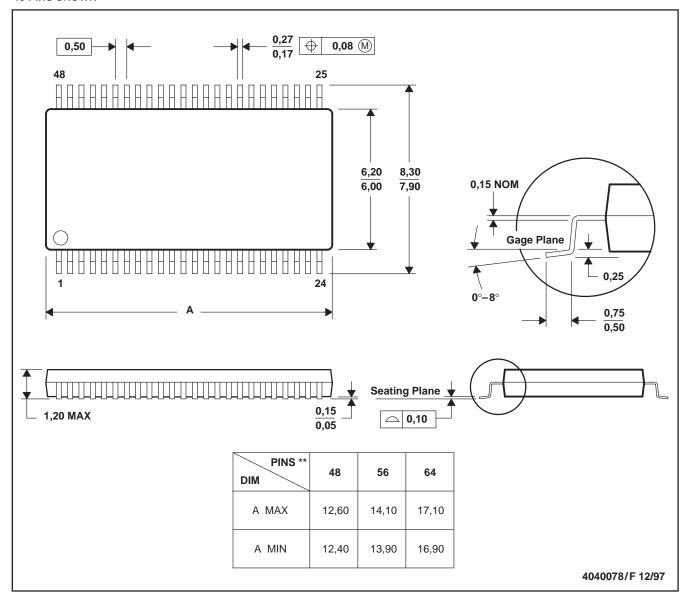
- 7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



DGG (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

48 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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