

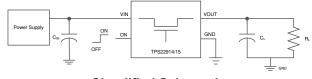
# TPS2291xx, 5.5-V, 2-A, 37-mΩ On-Resistance Load Switch

### 1 Features

- Integrated Single Channel Load Switch
- Input Voltage Range: 1.05 V to 5.5 V
- Low On-Resistance (R<sub>ON</sub>)
  - R<sub>ON</sub> = 37 m $\Omega$  (Typical) at V<sub>IN</sub> = 5 V
  - R<sub>ON</sub> = 38 m $\Omega$  (Typical) at V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V
  - R<sub>ON</sub> = 43 m $\Omega$  (Typical) at V<sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V
- 2-A Maximum Continuous Switch Current
- Low Quiescent Current
  - 7.7  $\mu$ A (Typical) at  $V_{IN}$  = 3.3 V
- Low Control Input Threshold Enables Use of 1 V or **Higher GPIO**
- Controlled Slew Rate
  - t<sub>R</sub>(TPS22914B/15B) = 64  $\mu$ s at V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V
  - t<sub>R</sub>(TPS22914C/15C) = 913 µs at V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V
- Quick Output Discharge (TPS22915 only)
- Ultra-Small Wafer-Chip-Scale Package
  - 0.78 mm × 0.78 mm, 0.4-mm Pitch, 0.5-mm Height (YFP)
- ESD Performance Tested per JESD 22
  - 2-kV HBM and 1-kV CDM

# 2 Applications

- Smartphones, Mobile Phones
- Ultrathin, Ultrabook<sup>™</sup> / Notebook PC
- Tablet PC, Phablet
- Wearable Technology
- Solid State Drives
- **Digital Cameras**



**Simplified Schematic** 

# 3 Description

The TPS22914/15 is a small, low R<sub>ON</sub>, single channel load switch with controlled slew rate. The device contains an N-channel MOSFET that can operate over an input voltage range of 1.05 V to 5.5 V and can support a maximum continuous current of 2 A. The switch is controlled by an on and off input, which is capable of interfacing directly with low-voltage control signals.

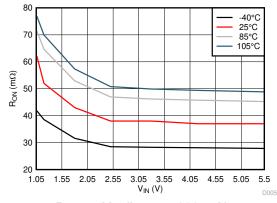
The small size and low  $R_{\,\text{ON}}$  makes the device ideal for being used in space constrained, battery powered applications. The wide input voltage range of the switch makes it a versatile solution for many different voltage rails. The controlled rise time of the device greatly reduces inrush current caused by large bulk load capacitances, thereby reducing or eliminating power supply droop. The TPS22915 further reduces the total solution size by integrating a 143- $\Omega$  pulldown resistor for quick output discharge (QOD) when the switch is turned off.

The TPS22914/15 is available in a small, spacesaving 0.78 mm x 0.78 mm, 0.4-mm pitch, 0.5-mm height 4-pin Wafer-Chip-Scale (WCSP) package (YFP). The device is characterized for operation over the free-air temperature range of -40°C to +105°C.

### Device Information (1)

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS22914B		
TPS22914C	DSBGA (4)	0.74 mm x 0.74 mm
TPS22915B	D3DGA (4)	0.74 11111 X 0.74 11111
TPS22915C		

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.



 $R_{ON}$  vs  $V_{IN}$  ( $I_{OUT} = -200$  mA)



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# **4 Revision History**

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision D (September 2016) to Revision E (October 2020)	Page
• Updated the numbering format for tables, figures and cross-references throughout the document	1
Updated the body size in the <i>Device Information</i> table	1
Changes from Revision C (July 2015) to Revision D (September 2016)	Page
Changed "TPS22915B" only, to "TPS22915B/C only" in the <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table	5
Changes from Revision B (September 2014) to Revision C (July 2015)	Page
Updated T <sub>A</sub> ratings in datasheet from 85°C to 105°C	1
Changes from Revision A (June 2014) to Revision B (September 2014)	Page
Updated X-axis scales in th Typical Characteristics section.	9
Changes from Revision * (June 2014) to Revision A (June 2014)	Page
Initial release of full version.	1



# **5 Device Comparison Table**

DEVICE	R <sub>ON</sub> at 3.3V (TYPICAL)	t <sub>R</sub> at 3.3V (TYPICAL)	QUICK OUTPUT DISCHARGE	MAXIMUM OUTPUT CURRENT	ENABLE
TPS22914B	38 mΩ	64 µs	No	2 A	Active High
TPS22914C	38 mΩ	913 µs	No	2 A	Active High
TPS22915B	38 mΩ	64 µs	Yes	2 A	Active High
TPS22915C	38 mΩ	913 µs	Yes	2 A	Active High

# **6 Pin Configuration and Functions**

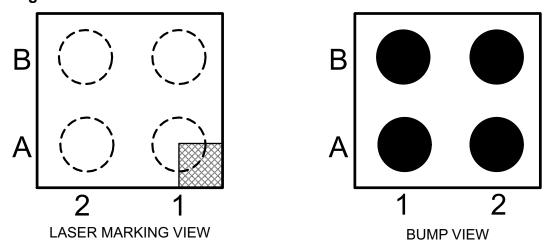


Figure 6-1. YFP PACKAGE 4 PIN DSBGA TOP VIEW

Table 6-1. Pin Description

В	ON	GND
Α	VIN	VOUT
	2	1

Table 6-2. Pin Functions

PIN		TVDE	DESCRIPTION		
NO.	NAME	1172	DESCRIPTION		
A1	VOUT	0	Switch output. Place ceramic bypass capacitor(s) between this pin and GND. See the <i>Detailed Description</i> section for more information		
A2	VIN	I	Switch input. Place ceramic bypass capacitor(s) between this pin and GND. See the <i>Detailed Description</i> section for more information		
B1	GND	_	Device ground		
B2	ON	I	Active high switch control input. Do not leave floating		



# 7 Specifications

# 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1) (2)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input voltage	-0.3	6	V
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output voltage	-0.3	6	V
V <sub>ON</sub>	ON voltage	-0.3	6	V
I <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum continuous switch current		2	Α
I <sub>PLS</sub>	Maximum pulsed switch current, pulse < 300 μs, 2% duty cycle		2.5	Α
TJ	Maximum junction temperature		125	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

# 7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
, Electrostatic	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	±2000	V	
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup>	±1000	\ \ \

JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 500-V HBM is possible with the necessary precautions.

### 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input voltage		1.05	5.5	V
V <sub>ON</sub>	ON voltage		0	5.5	V
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output voltage			V <sub>IN</sub>	V
V <sub>IH, ON</sub>	High-level input voltage, ON	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.05 V to 5.5 V	1	5.5	V
V <sub>IL, ON</sub>	Low-level input voltage, ON	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.05 V to 5.5 V	0	0.5	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature rai	ge <sup>(1)</sup>	-40	105	°C
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitor		1(2)		μF

<sup>(1)</sup> In applications where high power dissipation and/or poor package thermal resistance is present, the maximum ambient temperature may have to be derated. Maximum ambient temperature [T<sub>A(max)</sub>] is dependent on the maximum operating junction temperature [T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>], the maximum power dissipation of the device in the application [P<sub>D(MAX)</sub>], and the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the part/package in the application (θ<sub>JA</sub>), as given by the following equation: T<sub>A(MAX)</sub> = T<sub>J(MAX)</sub> - (θ<sub>JA</sub> × P<sub>D(MAX)</sub>).

### 7.4 Thermal Information

		TPS2291x	
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	YFP (DSBGA)	UNIT
		4 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	193	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	2.3	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	36	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	12	°C/W

<sup>(2)</sup> All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

<sup>(2)</sup> JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 250-V CDM is possible with the necessary precautions.

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to the *Detailed Description* section.



# 7.4 Thermal Information (continued)

		TPS2291x	
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	YFP (DSBGA)	UNIT
		4 PINS	
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	36	°C/W

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

### 7.5 Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, the specification in the following table applies over the operating ambient temperature  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ . **Typical values are for T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.** 

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITION	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
			\/ - F F \/	-40°C to +85°C		7.7	10.8	1	
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5 V	-40°C to +105°C			12.1		
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 V	-40°C to +85°C		7.6	9.6		
			V <sub>IN</sub> – 5 V	-40°C to +105°C			11.9		
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V	-40°C to +85°C		7.7	9.6		
	Quiescent current	V <sub>ON</sub> = 5 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 A	V <sub>IN</sub> – 3.3 V	-40°C to +105°C			12	μA	
	(TPS22914B/15B)	VON - 5 V, IOUT - 0 A	V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V	-40°C to +85°C		8.4	11	μΑ	
			VIN - 1.0 V	–40°C to +105°C			13.5		
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.2 V	-40°C to +85°C		7.4	10.4		
			V <sub>IN</sub> - 1.2 V	-40°C to +105°C			13.9		
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.05 V	–40°C to +85°C		6.7	10.9		
la				–40°C to +105°C			11.7		
I <sub>Q, VIN</sub>			V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5 V	–40°C to +85°C		7.7	11.5		
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5 V	-40°C to +105°C			14.1		
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 V	–40°C to +85°C		7.6	11.1		
			VIN - 2 V	-40°C to +105°C			13.7		
				V	V - 2 2 V	-40°C to +85°C		7.7	10.7
	Quiescent current	V <sub>ON</sub> = 5 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 A	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V	-40°C to +105°C			13.3	1	
	(TPS22914C/15C)	V <sub>ON</sub> - 5 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> - 0 A	\/ - 4 9 \/	-40°C to +85°C		8.4	11.7	μA	
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V	-40°C to +105°C			13.4		
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.2 V	-40°C to +85°C		7.4	11		
				-40°C to +105°C			12.8		
			V - 1.05.V	-40°C to +85°C		6.7	10.9		
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.05 V	-40°C to +105°C			10.9		



# 7.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Unless otherwise noted, the specification in the following table applies over the operating ambient temperature  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ . **Typical values are for T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C**.

PARAMETER		TEST CO	NDITION	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
			V - 5 5 V	-40°C to +85°C	0.5 2				
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5 V	-40°C to +105°C			3		
				-40°C to +85°C		0.5	2		
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.0 V	-40°C to +105°C			3		
				-40°C to +85°C		0.5	2		
I <sub>SD, VIN</sub>	01.11	., ., ., ., ., ., .,	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V	-40°C to +105°C			3		
	Shutdown current	$V_{ON} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ V}$		-40°C to +85°C		0.5	2	μΑ	
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V	-40°C to +105°C			3		
				-40°C to +85°C		0.4	2		
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.2 V	-40°C to +105°C			3		
			10514	-40°C to +85°C		0.4	2		
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.05 V	-40°C to +105°C			3		
I <sub>ON</sub>	ON pin input leakage current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 A		–40°C to +105°C			0.1	μΑ	
				25°C		37	40		
		$V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200$	) mA	-40°C to +85°C			51	mΩ	
				-40°C to +105°C			57		
				25°C		37	41	_	
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = -200 r	mA	-40°C to +85°C			51		
				-40°C to +105°C			57		
						37	41		
		$V_{IN} = 4.2 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200$	) mA	-40°C to +85°C			52		
				-40°C to +105°C			58		
				25°C		38	41		
		$V_{IN} = 3.3 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200$	) mA	–40°C to +85°C			52		
_	0			-40°C to +105°C			59		
R <sub>ON</sub>	On-resistance			25°C		38	42		
		$V_{IN} = 2.5 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200$	) mA	–40°C to +85°C			53	mΩ	
				-40°C to +105°C			58		
				25°C		43	48		
		$V_{IN} = 1.8 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = -200$	) mA	-40°C to +85°C			59	mΩ	
				-40°C to +105°C			66		
				25°C		52	61		
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.2 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = -200	) mA	–40°C to +85°C			73	mΩ	
				–40°C to +105°C			85		
				25°C		63	96		
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.05 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = -20	00 mA	–40°C to +85°C			102	mΩ	
			-40°C to +105°C			107			



# 7.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Unless otherwise noted, the specification in the following table applies over the operating ambient temperature -40°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ +105°C. Typical values are for T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5 V			102		
V <sub>HYS</sub> ON pin hysteresis	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 V						
	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3 V		.				
	ON pin hysteresis	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.5 V	25°C	96			mV
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8 V				1	
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.2 V		94			]
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.05 V			92		
R <sub>PD</sub> (1)	Output pull down resistor	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.3 V, V <sub>ON</sub> = 0 V	-40°C to +105°C		143	200	Ω

<sup>(1)</sup> TPS22915B/C only.



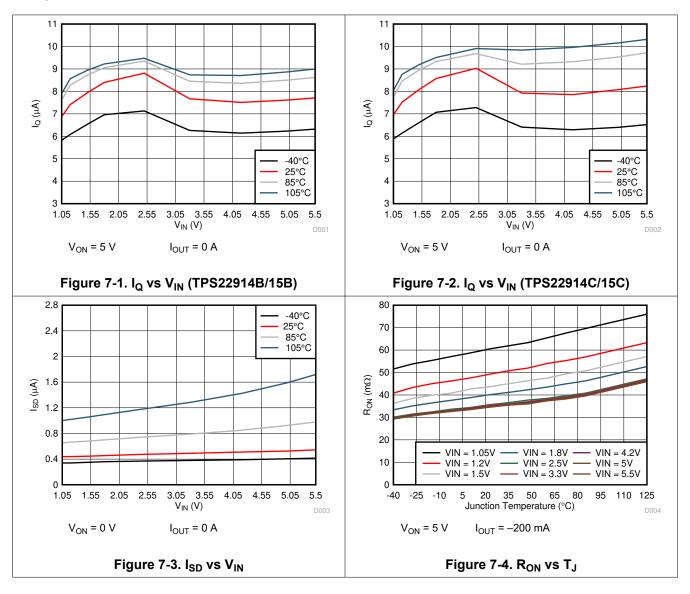
# 7.6 Switching Characteristics

Refer to the timing test circuit in Figure 8-1 (unless otherwise noted) for references to external components used for the test condition in the switching characteristics table. Switching characteristics shown below are only valid for the power-up sequence where VIN is already in steady state condition before the ON pin is asserted high.

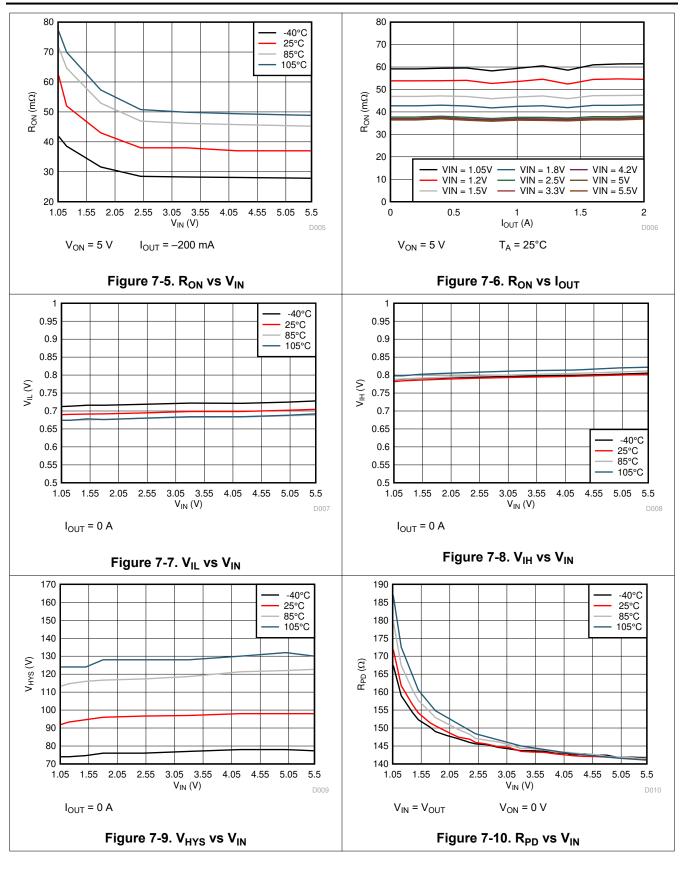
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITION	TYP (TPS22914B/15B)	TYP (TPS22914C/15C)	UNIT
V <sub>IN</sub> = 5	V, V <sub>ON</sub> = 5 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwi	se noted)	·		
t <sub>ON</sub>	Turnon time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	104	1300	μs
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turnoff time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> rise time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	89	1277	μs
t <sub>F</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> fall time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t <sub>D</sub>	Delay time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	59	663	μs
V <sub>IN</sub> = 3	3.3 V, V <sub>ON</sub> = 5 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C (unless other	vise noted)		,	
t <sub>ON</sub>	Turnon time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	83	1077	μs
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turnoff time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> rise time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	64	913	μs
t <sub>F</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> fall time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t <sub>D</sub>	Delay time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	52	622	μs
V <sub>IN</sub> = 1	.05 V, $V_{ON}$ = 5 V, $T_A$ = 25°C (unless othe	rwise noted)		,	
t <sub>ON</sub>	Turnon time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	61	752	μs
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turnoff time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	3	3	μs
t <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> rise time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	28	409	μs
t <sub>F</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> fall time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t <sub>D</sub>	Delay time	$R_L$ = 10 Ω, $C_{IN}$ = 1 μF, $C_{OUT}$ = 0.1 μF	47	547	μs



# 7.7 Typical DC Characteristics

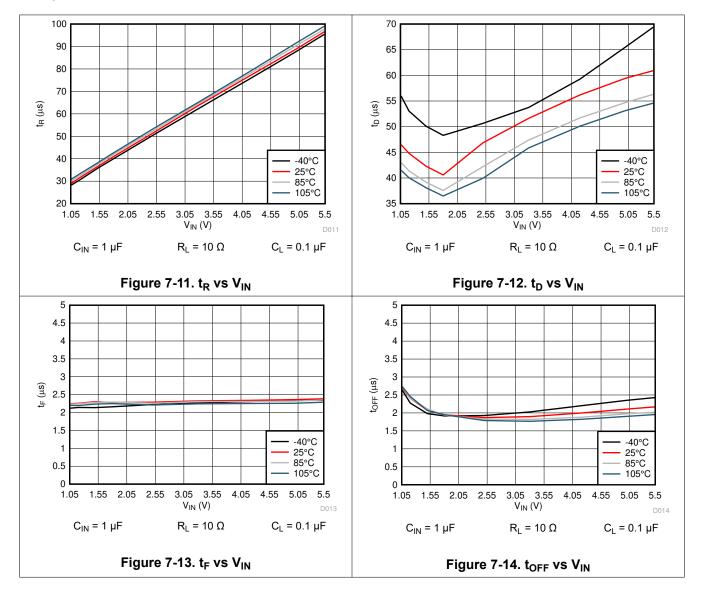




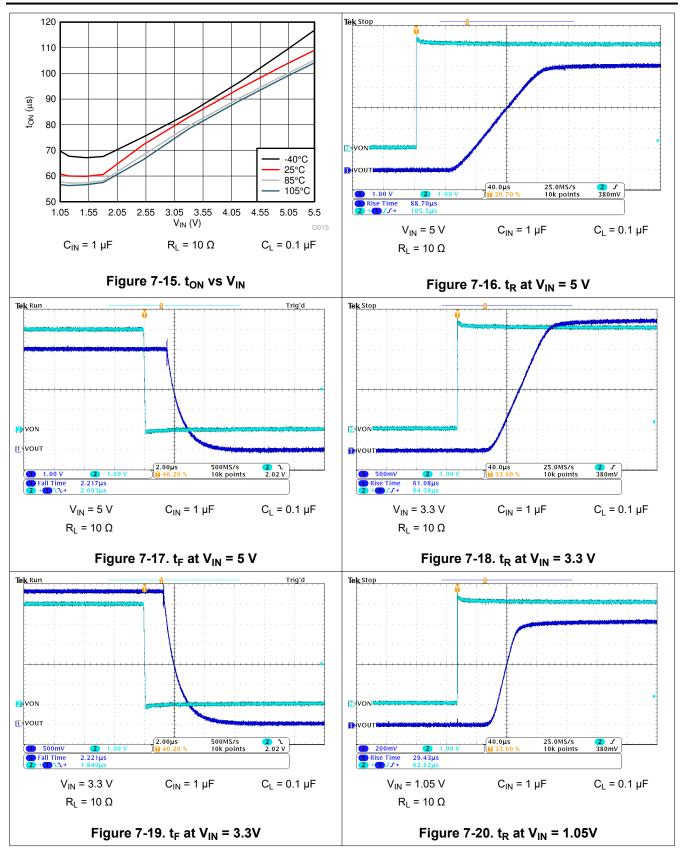




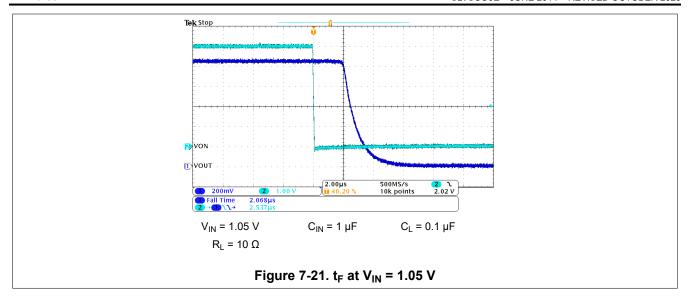
# 7.8 Typical AC Characteristics (TPS22914B/15B)





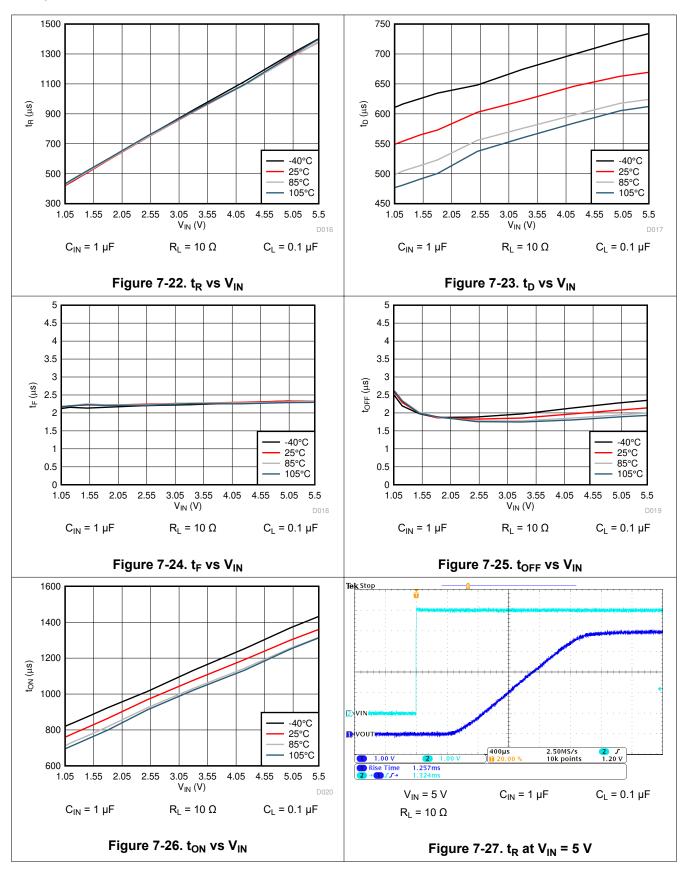




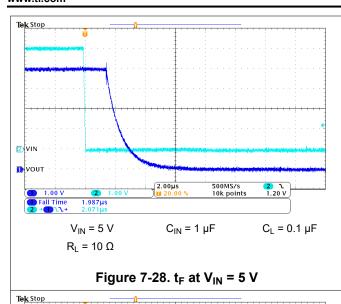




# 7.9 Typical AC Characteristics (TPS22914C/15C)







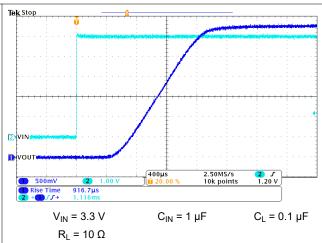
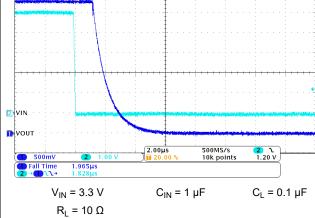
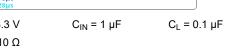


Figure 7-29.  $t_R$  at  $V_{IN}$  = 3.3 V





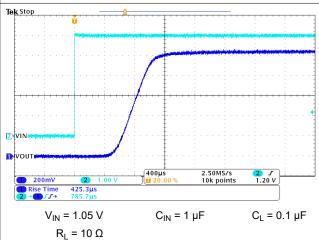


Figure 7-31.  $t_R$  at  $V_{IN}$  = 1.05 V

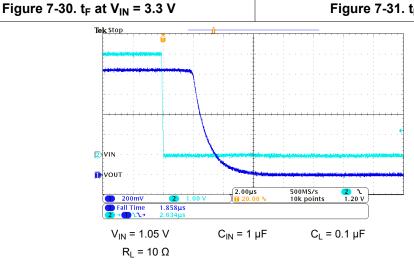
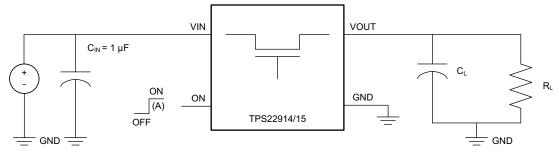


Figure 7-32.  $t_F$  at  $V_{IN}$  = 1.05 V



# **8 Parameter Measurement Information**



A. Rise and fall times of the control signal is 100ns

Figure 8-1. Test Circuit

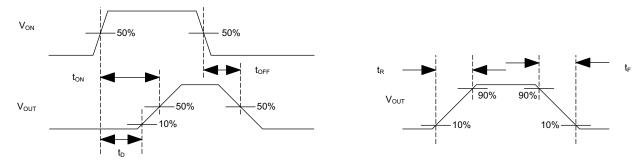


Figure 8-2. Timing Waveforms



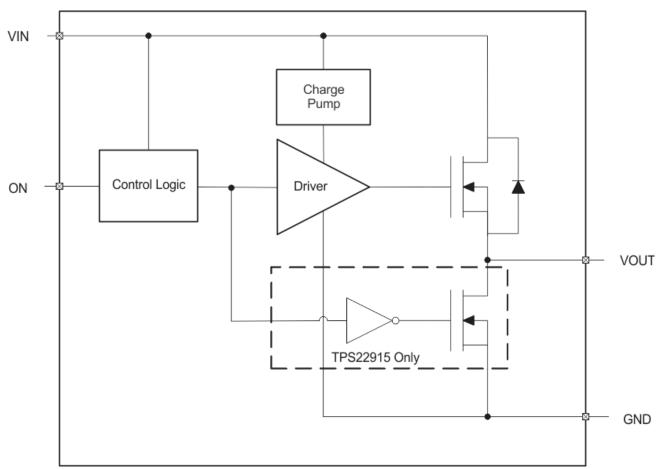
# 9 Detailed Description

### 9.1 Overview

The device is a 5.5-V, 2-A load switch in a 4-pin YFP package. To reduce voltage drop for low voltage and high current rails, the device implements an ultra-low resistance N-channel MOSFET which reduces the drop out voltage through the device.

The device has a controlled and fixed slew rate which helps reduce or eliminate power supply droop due to large inrush currents. During shutdown, the device has very low leakage currents, thereby reducing unnecessary leakages for downstream modules during standby. Integrated control logic, driver, charge pump, and output discharge FET eliminates the need for any external components, which reduces solution size and bill of materials (BOM) count.

# 9.2 Functional Block Diagram



# 9.3 Feature Description

### 9.3.1 On and Off Control

The ON pins control the state of the switch. Asserting ON high enables the switch. ON is active high and has a low threshold, making it capable of interfacing with low-voltage signals. The ON pin is compatible with standard GPIO logic threshold. It can be used with any microcontroller with 1 V or higher GPIO voltage. This pin cannot be left floating and must be driven either high or low for proper functionality.

### 9.3.2 Input Capacitor (C<sub>IN</sub>)

To limit the voltage drop on the input supply caused by transient in-rush currents when the switch turns on into a discharged load capacitor or short-circuit, a capacitor needs to be placed between VIN and GND. A 1-µF



ceramic capacitor,  $C_{IN}$ , placed close to the pins, is usually sufficient. Higher values of  $C_{IN}$  can be used to further reduce the voltage drop during high-current application. When switching heavy loads, it is recommended to have an input capacitor about 10 times higher than the output capacitor to avoid excessive voltage drop.

### 9.3.3 Output Capacitor (C<sub>L</sub>)

Due to the integrated body diode in the MOSFET, a  $C_{IN}$  greater than  $C_L$  is highly recommended. A  $C_L$  greater than  $C_{IN}$  can cause  $V_{OUT}$  to exceed  $V_{IN}$  when the system supply is removed. This could result in current flow through the body diode from VOUT to VIN. A  $C_{IN}$  to  $C_L$  ratio of 10 to 1 is recommended for minimizing  $V_{IN}$  dip caused by inrush currents during startup.

### 9.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 9-1 describes the connection of the VOUT pin depending on the state of the ON pin.

**Table 9-1. VOUT Connection** 

ON	TPS22914	TPS22915			
L	Open	GND			
Н	VIN	VIN			



# 10 Application and Implementation

### **Note**

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

# 10.1 Application Information

This section highlights some of the design considerations when implementing this device in various applications. A PSPICE model for this device is also available in the product page of this device.

# 10.2 Typical Application

This typical application demonstrates how the TPS22914 and TPS22915 can be used to power downstream modules.

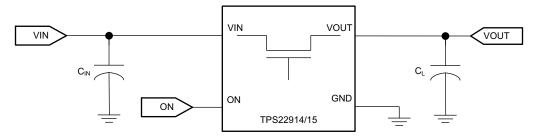


Figure 10-1. Typical Application Schematic

### 10.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the input parameters shown in Table 10-1.

**Table 10-1. Design Parameters** 

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE				
V <sub>IN</sub>	5 V				
Load current	2 A				



### 10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, the designer needs to know the following:

- V<sub>IN</sub> voltage
- Load Current

### 10.2.2.1 VIN to VOUT Voltage Drop

The VIN to VOUT voltage drop in the device is determined by the  $R_{ON}$  of the device and the load current. The R  $_{ON}$  of the device depends upon the VIN conditions of the device. Refer to the  $R_{ON}$  specification of the device in the *Electrical Characteristics* table of this datasheet. Once the  $R_{ON}$  of the device is determined based upon the VIN conditions, use Equation 1 to calculate the VIN to VOUT voltage drop.

$$\Delta V = I_{LOAD} \times R_{ON} \tag{1}$$

### where

- ΔV = voltage drop from VIN to VOUT
- I<sub>LOAD</sub> = load current
- R<sub>ON</sub> = On-resistance of the device for a specific V<sub>IN</sub>

An appropriate I<sub>LOAD</sub> must be chosen such that the I<sub>MAX</sub> specification of the device is not violated.

### 10.2.2.2 Inrush Current

To determine how much inrush current is caused by the C<sub>L</sub> capacitor, use Equation 2.

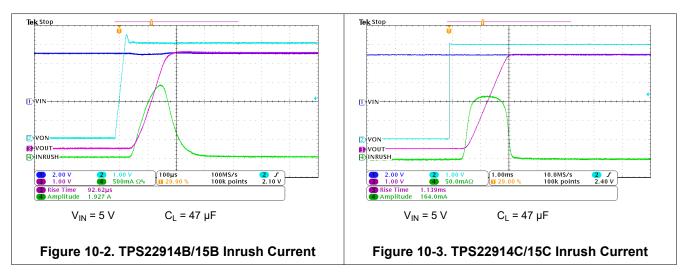
$$I_{INRUSH} = C_{L} \times \frac{dV_{OUT}}{dt}$$
 (2)

### where

- I<sub>INRUSH</sub> = amount of inrush caused by C<sub>L</sub>
- C<sub>I</sub> = capacitance on VOUT
- dt = rise time in VOUT during the ramp up of VOUT when the device is enabled
- dV<sub>OUT</sub> = change in VOUT during the ramp up of VOUT when the device is enabled

An appropriate  $C_L$  value must be placed on VOUT such that the  $I_{MAX}$  and  $I_{PLS}$  specifications of the device are not violated.

### 10.2.3 Application Curves





# 11 Power Supply Recommendations

The device is designed to operate from a VIN range of 1.05 V to 5.5 V. This supply must be well regulated and placed as close to the device terminal as possible with the recommended 1- $\mu$ F bypass capacitor. If the supply is located more than a few inches from the device terminals, additional bulk capacitance may be required in addition to the ceramic bypass capacitors. If additional bulk capacitance is required, an electrolytic, tantalum, or ceramic capacitor of 1  $\mu$ F may be sufficient.

# 12 Layout

### 12.1 Layout Guidelines

- 1. VIN and VOUT traces must be as short and wide as possible to accommodate for high current.
- 2. The VIN pin must be bypassed to ground with low ESR ceramic bypass capacitors. The typical recommended bypass capacitance is 1-μF ceramic with X5R or X7R dielectric. This capacitor must be placed as close to the device pins as possible.
- 3. The VOUT pin must be bypassed to ground with low ESR ceramic bypass capacitors. The typical recommended bypass capacitance is one-tenth of the VIN bypass capacitor of X5R or X7R dielectric rating. This capacitor must be placed as close to the device pins as possible.

### 12.1.1 Thermal Considerations

For best performance, all traces must be as short as possible. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors must be placed close to the device to minimize the effects that parasitic trace inductances may have on normal and short-circuit operation. Using wide traces for VIN, VOUT, and GND helps minimize the parasitic electrical effects along with minimizing the case to ambient thermal impedance.

The maximum IC junction temperature must be restricted to  $125^{\circ}$ C under normal operating conditions. To calculate the maximum allowable dissipation,  $P_{D(max)}$  for a given output current and ambient temperature, use Equation 3.

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{T_{J(MAX)} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}}$$
(3)

### where

- P<sub>D(MAX)</sub> = maximum allowable power dissipation
- T<sub>J(MAX)</sub> = maximum allowable junction temperature (125°C for the TPS22914/15)
- T<sub>A</sub> = ambient temperature of the device
- θ<sub>JA</sub> = junction to air thermal impedance. Refer to the *Thermal Information* table. This parameter is highly dependent upon board layout.



# 12.2 Layout Example

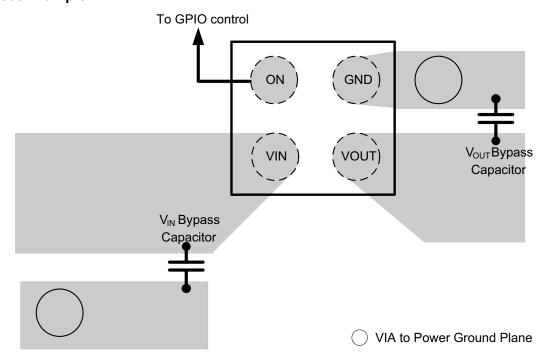


Figure 12-1. Recommended Board Layout



# 13 Device and Documentation Support

# 13.1 Documentation Support

### 13.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Basics of Load Switches
- · Managing Inrush Current
- · Load Switch Thermal Considerations
- Using the TPS22915BEVM-078 Single Channel Load Switch IC
- Implementing Ship Mode Using the TPS22915B Load Switches

### 13.2 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

Table 13-1. Related Links

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	RODUCT FOLDER SAMPLE & BUY		TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY	
TPS22914B	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	
TPS22914C	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	
TPS22915B	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	
TPS22915C	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	

### 13.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### 13.4 Support Resources

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

### 13.5 Trademarks

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### 13.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

### 13.7 Glossary

**TI Glossary** 

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.



# 14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

# PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM



10-Dec-2020

### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS22914BYFPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	RoHS & Green		Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S3	Samples
TPS22914BYFPT	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S3	Samples
TPS22914CYFPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S6	Samples
TPS22914CYFPT	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S6	Samples
TPS22915BYFPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	RoHS & Green	SAC396   SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S4	Samples
TPS22915BYFPT	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	RoHS & Green	SAC396   SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S4	Samples
TPS22915CYFPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S7	Samples
TPS22915CYFPT	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S7	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

# PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM



10-Dec-2020

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



# TAPE DIMENSIONS + K0 - P1 - B0 W Cavity - A0 -

A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS22914BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22914BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	178.0	9.2	0.85	0.85	0.59	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22914BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22914CYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22914CYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22915BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22915BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	178.0	9.2	0.85	0.85	0.59	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22915BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22915CYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22915CYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1



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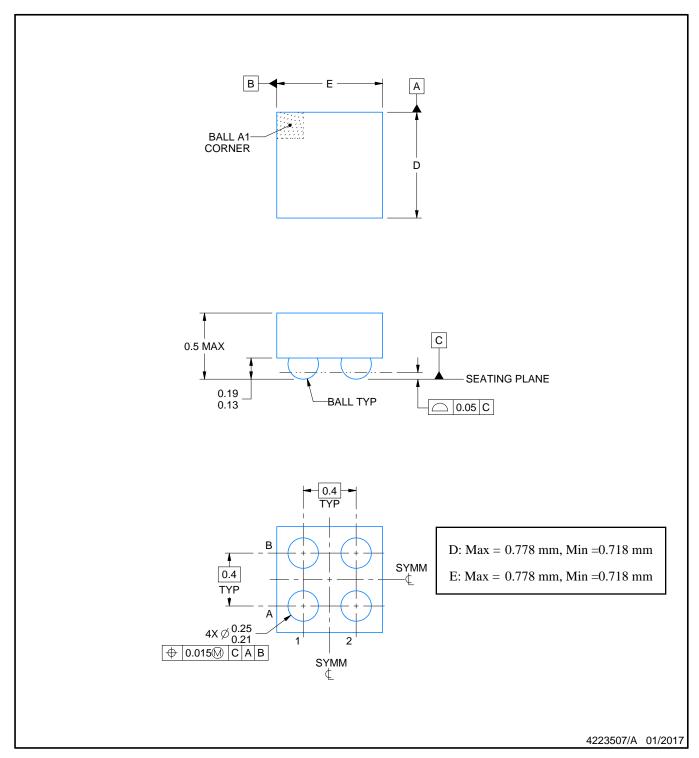


### \*All dimensions are nominal

All difficusions are norminal							
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS22914BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22914BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	220.0	220.0	35.0
TPS22914BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22914CYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22914CYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22915BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22915BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	220.0	220.0	35.0
TPS22915BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22915CYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22915CYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	182.0	182.0	20.0



DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY

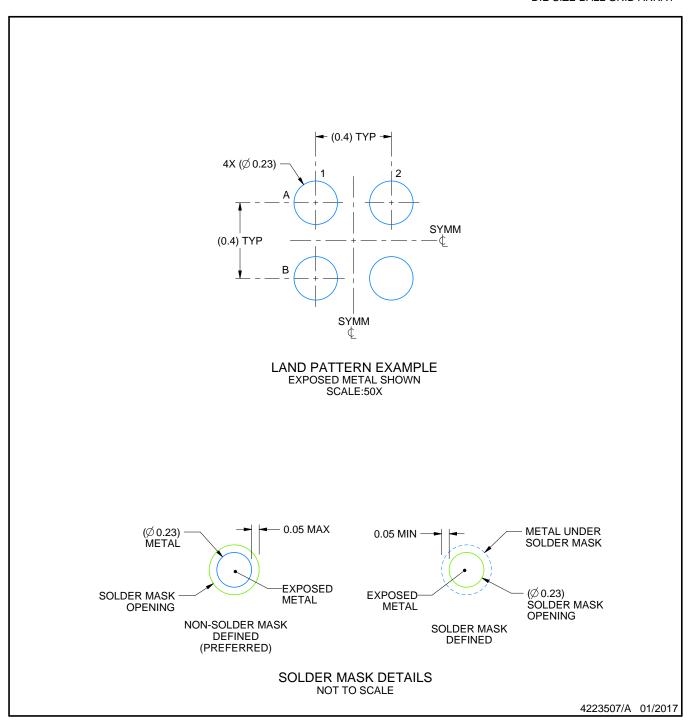


### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



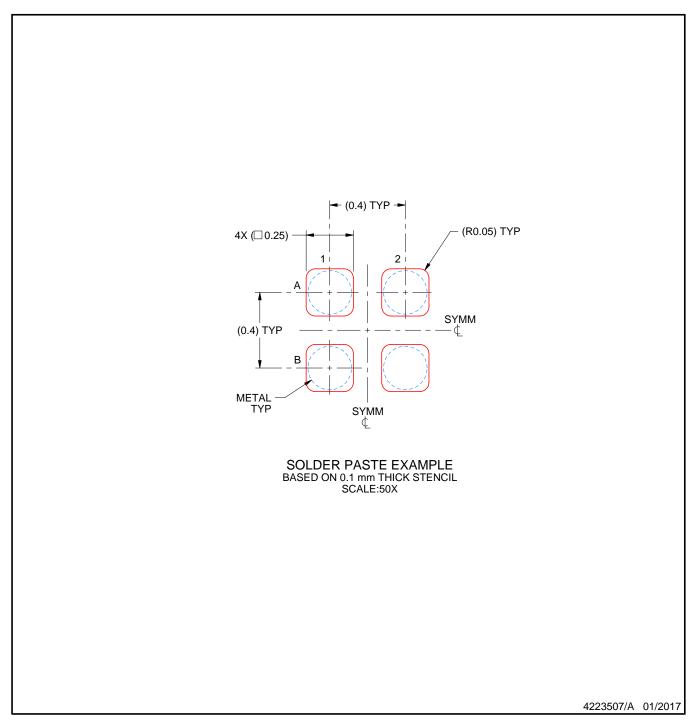
DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



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