







TMUX136 SCDS367E - AUGUST 2017 - REVISED JUNE 2023

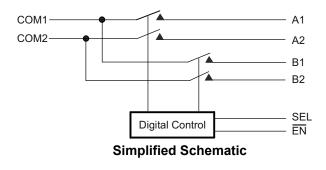
TMUX136 6-GHz, 2-Channel, 2:1 Switch, With Power-Off Isolation

1 Features

- V_{CC} range 2.3 V to 4.8 V
- High performance switch characteristics:
 - Bandwidth (–3 dB): 6.1 GHz
 - R_{ON} (typical): 5.7 Ω
 - C_{ON} (typical): 1.6 pF
- Current consumption: 30 µA (typical)
- Special features:
 - I_{OFF} protection prevents current leakage in Powered-Down state
 - 1.8-V compatible control inputs (SEL, EN)
- Flow-through pinout simplifies PCB layout
- Compatible with high-speed I³C signals
- ESD performance:
 - 5-kV Human Body Model (A114B, Class II)
 - 1-kV Charged-Device Model (C101)
- Compact 10-pin UQFN package $(1.5-mm \times 2-mm, 0.5-mm pitch)$

2 Applications

- I³C (SenseWire)
- Mobile industry processor interface (MIPI)
- Handset: smartphone
- Notebook PC
- Tablet: multimedia
- Electronic point-of-sale
- Field instrumentation
- Portable monitor



3 Description

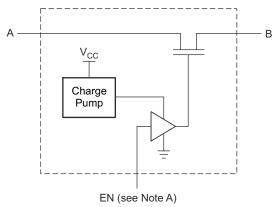
The TMUX136 device is a high performance, 6-GHz, 2-channel, 2:1 switch that will support both differential and single ended signals. The device has a wide V_{CC} range of 2.3 V to 4.8 V and supports a poweroff protection feature forcing all I/O pins to be in high-impedance mode when power is not present on the V_{CC} pin. The select pins of TMUX136 are compatible with 1.8-V control voltage, allowing them to be directly interfaced with the General-Purpose I/O (GPIO) from low voltage processors. The flowthrough pinout, where inputs and outputs are on opposite sides of the device, simplifies layout routing. This, along with the low on-resistance and low oncapacitance of the device, make the TMUX136 an optimal device for supporting switching a wide range of analog signals and digital communication protocol standards, including high-speed standards such as I³C.

The TMUX136 comes in a small 10-pin UQFN package with only 1.5 mm × 2 mm in size, which makes it useful when PCB area is limited.

Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾	PACKAGE SIZE(2)
TMUX136	RSE (UQFN, 10)	2 mm × 1.5 mm

- For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.
- The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and includes pins, where applicable.



Note A: EN is the internal enable signal applied to the switch.

Functional Block Diagram



Table of Contents

1 Features	1	8.2 Functional Block Diagram	11
2 Applications	1	8.3 Feature Description	
3 Description	1	8.4 Device Functional Modes	11
4 Revision History	2	9 Application and Implementation	12
5 Pin Configuration and Functions	3	9.1 Application Information	
6 Specifications		9.2 Typical Application	
6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings		9.3 Power Supply Recommendations	
6.2 ESD Ratings		9.4 Layout	
6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions		10 Device and Documentation Support	
6.4 Thermal Information		10.1 Documentation Support	
6.5 Electrical Characteristics	5	10.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation	
6.6 Dynamic Characteristics	7	10.3 Support Resources	
6.7 Timing Requirements		10.4 Trademarks	
6.8 Typical Characteristics		10.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution	
7 Parameter Measurement Information		10.6 Glossary	
8 Detailed Description		11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable	
8.1 Overview		Information	18
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revision		from page numbers in the current version.	
Changes from Revision D (August 202 Added the I ³ C (SenseWire) application	20) to Revision n information to	E (June 2023) o the data sheet	1
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NOTE: Page numbers for previous revision Changes from Revision D (August 202 Added the I ³ C (SenseWire) application Added the Package Information table Changes from Revision C (July 2018)	n information to	E (June 2023) the data sheet(August 2020)	1 1 Page
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revision Changes from Revision D (August 202 Added the I ³ C (SenseWire) application Added the Package Information table Changes from Revision C (July 2018)	n information to	E (June 2023) the data sheet	1 1 Page
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NOTE: Page numbers for previous revision Changes from Revision D (August 202) Added the I3C (SenseWire) application Added the Package Information table Changes from Revision C (July 2018) Added new specification limits to support the Changes from Revision B (November 20) Changes from Revision A (October 20)	to Revision Doort added temperature (2017) to Revision 8 To 17) to Revision 17) to Revision	the data sheet	Page Page Page Page
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5 Pin Configuration and Functions

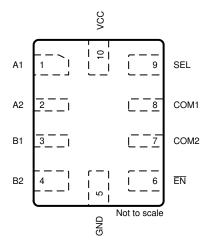


Figure 5-1. RSE Package, 10-Pin UQFN (Top View)

Table 5-1. Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION	
NO.	NAME	11PEW	DESCRIPTION	
1	A1	I/O	Signal path A1	
2	A2	I/O	Signal path A2	
3	B1	I/O	Signal path B1	
4	B2	I/O	Signal path B2	
5	GND	_	Ground	
6	ĒN	I	Enable (active low)	
7	COM2	I/O	Common signal path 2	
8	COM1	I/O	Common signal path 1	
9	SEL	I	Switch select (logic Low = COM to A PORT Logic High = COM to B PORT)	
10	V _{CC}	_	Supply voltage	

⁽¹⁾ I = input, O = output



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1) (2)

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage ⁽³⁾			-0.3	5.5	V
V _{I/O}	Input-output DC voltage ⁽³⁾			-0.3	5.5	V
$V_{SEL}, V_{\overline{EN}}$	Digital input voltage (SEL, EN)		-0.3	5.5	V	
I _K	Input-output port diode current	VI/O < 0		-50		mA
I _{IK}	Digital logic input clamp current ⁽³⁾	VI < 0		-50		mA
I _{cc}	Continuous current through V _{CC}				100	mA
I _{GND}	Continuous current through GND		-100		mA	
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C	

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- (2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.
- (3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±5000	V
V _(ESD)	discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±1000	V

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	2.3	4.8	V
V _{I/O}	Analog voltage	0	3.6	V
$V_{SEL}, V_{\overline{EN}}$	Digital input voltage (SEL, EN)	0	V _{CC}	V
T _{RAMP} (V _{CC})	Power supply ramp time requirement (V _{CC})	100	1000	μs/V
I _{I/O}	Continuous current through I/O signal path (COMx, Ax, Bx) $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C		±20	mA
I _{I/O}	Continuous current through I/O signal path (COMx, Ax, Bx) $T_A = -40$ °C to +125°C		±10	mA
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40	125	°C



6.4 Thermal Information

		TMUX136	
	THERMAL METRIC (1)	RSE (UQFN)	UNIT
		10 PINS	
R _{0JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	191.6	°C/W
R ₀ JC(top)	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	94.3	°C/W
R _{0JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	117.5	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	7.4	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	117.4	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

 $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C, Typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V, $T_A = 25$ °C, (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
A POR	T SWITCH			<u> </u>		-		
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V	$V_{I/O} = 1.65 \text{ V}, I_{ON} = -8 \text{ mA}$		5.7	9		
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V	$V_{I/O} = 1.65 \text{ V}, I_{ON} = -8 \text{ mA}$		5.7	9.5		
R_{ON}	ON-state resistance	V _{CC} = 2.7 V	$V_{I/O}$ = 1.65 V, I_{ON} = -8 mA T_A = -40°C to +125°C			13	Ω	
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V	$V_{I/O} = 1.65 \text{ V}, I_{ON} = -8 \text{ mA}$ $T_A = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C to } +125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$			13		
ΔR _{ON}	ON-state resistance match between signal path 1 and 2	V _{CC} = 2.3 V	V _{I/O} = 1.65 V, I _{ON} = -8 mA		0.1		Ω	
R _{ON}	ON-state resistance flatness	V _{CC} = 2.3 V	V _{I/O} = 1.65 V to 3.45 V, I _{ON} = -8 mA		1		Ω	
	OFF leakage current	OFF leakage current		Switch OFF, $V_B = 1.65 \text{ V}$ to 3.45 V, $V_{COM} = 0 \text{ V}$	-2		2	
l _{OZ}			V _{CC} = 4.8 V	Switch OFF, $V_B = 1.65 \text{ V}$ to 3.45 V, $V_{COM} = 0 \text{ V}$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +125°C	-15		15	μΑ
	Power-off leakage current		Switch ON or OFF, $V_B = 1.65 \text{ V}$ to 3.45 V, $V_{COM} = NC$	-10		10		
l _{OFF}		V _{CC} = 0 V	Switch ON or OFF, $V_B = 1.65 \text{ V}$ to 3.45 V, $V_{COM} = NC$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +125°C	-50		50	μΑ	
			Switch ON, $V_B = 1.65 \text{ V}$ to 3.45 V, $V_{COM} = NC$	-2		2		
	ON Indiana commit	V _{CC} = 4.8 V	Switch ON, $V_B = 1.65 \text{ V}$ to 3.45 V, $V_{COM} = NC$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +125°C	-15		15		
I _{ON}	ON leakage current		Switch ON, $V_B = 1.65 \text{ V}$ to 3.45 V, $V_{COM} = NC$	-125		125	μA	
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V	Switch ON, $V_B = 1.65 \text{ V}$ to 3.45 V, $V_{COM} = NC$ $T_A = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	-175		175		
B POR	T SWITCH			•		'		
			$V_{I/O} = 0.4 \text{ V}, I_{ON} = -8 \text{ mA}$		4.6	7.5		
R _{ON}	ON-state resistance	V _{CC} = 2.3 V	$V_{I/O} = 0.4 \text{ V}, I_{ON} = -8 \text{ mA}$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			12	Ω	



6.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C, Typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V, $T_A = 25$ °C, (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
ΔR _{ON}	ON-state resistance match between signal path 1 and 2	V _{CC} = 2.3 V	V _{I/O} = 0.4 V, I _{ON} = -8 mA		0.1	Ω
R _{ON} (FLAT)	ON-state resistance flatness	V _{CC} = 2.3 V	$V_{I/O} = 0 \text{ V to } 0.4 \text{ V, } I_{ON} = -8 \text{ mA}$		1	Ω
			Switch OFF, $V_A = 0 V$ to 3.6 V, $V_{COM} = 0 V$	-2	2	
l _{OZ}	OFF leakage current	V _{CC} = 4.8 V	Switch OFF, $V_A = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}, V_{COM} = 0 \text{ V}$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	-15	15	μA
	Dower off lookege		Switch ON or OFF, $V_A = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V, $V_{COM} = \text{NC}$	-10	10	
l _{OFF}	Power-off leakage current	V _{CC} = 0 V	Switch ON or OFF, $V_A = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V, $V_{COM} = NC$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +125°C	-50	50	μА
		V _{CC} = 4.8 V	Switch ON, $V_A = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V, $V_{D\pm} = \text{NC}$	-2	2	
		V _{CC} = 4.8 V	Switch ON, $V_A = 0$ V to 3.6 V, $V_{D\pm} = NC$ $T_A = -40$ °C to +125°C	-15	15	
I _{ON}	ON leakage current	V _{CC} = 2.3 V	Switch ON, $V_A = 0 V$ to 3.6 V, $V_B = NC$	-125	125	μA
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V	Switch ON, $V_A = 0$ V to 3.6 V, $V_B = NC$ $T_A = -40$ °C to +125°C	-175	175	
DIGITA	L CONTROL INPUTS (SE	L, EN)				
V _{IH}	Input logic high	V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 4.8 V T _A = -40°C to +125°C		1.3		V
V _{IL}	Input logic low	V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 4.8 V T _A = -40°C to +125°C			0.6	V
I _{IN}	Input leakage current	$V_{CC} = 4.8 \text{ V}, V_{I/O} = 0 \text{ V to}$	V _{CC} = 4.8 V, V _{I/O} = 0 V to 3.6 V, V _{IN} = 0 to 4.8 V		10	μA



6.6 Dynamic Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

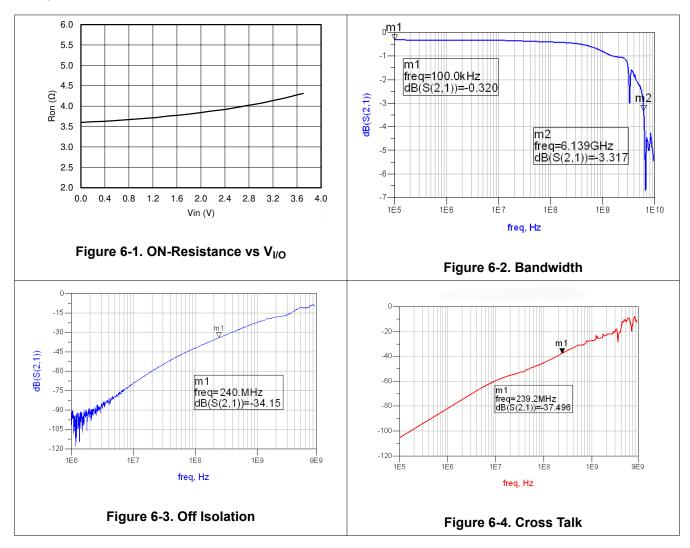
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
C	PORT B ON capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{I/O} = 0 \text{ or } 3.3 \text{ V},$ f = 240 MHz	Switch ON		1.6	2	pF
C _{ON}	PORT A ON capacitance	V_{CC} = 3.3 V, $V_{I/O}$ = 0 or 3.3 V, f = 240 MHz	Switch ON		1.4	2	pF
	PORT B OFF capacitance	V_{CC} = 3.3 V, $V_{I/O}$ = 0 or 3.3 V f = 240 MHz	Switch OFF		1.4	2	pF
C _{OFF}	PORT A OFF capacitance	V _{CC} = 3.3 V, V _{I/O} = 0 or 3.3 V f = 240 MHz	Switch OFF		1.6	2	pF
Cı	Digital input capacitance	V _{CC} = 3.3 V, V _I = 0 or 2 V			2.2		pF
O _{ISO}	OFF Isolation	V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 4.8 V, R_{L} = 50 Ω , f = 240 MHz	Switch OFF		-34		dB
X _{TALK}	Crosstalk	V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 4.8 V, R_L = 50 Ω , f = 240 MHz	Switch ON		-37		dB
BW	–3-dB bandwidth	V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 4.8 V, R_{L} = 50 Ω ,	Switch ON		6.1		GHz
SUPPLY			•				
V _{CC}	Power supply voltage			2.3		4.8	V
		V_{CC} = 4.8 V, V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND, V Switch ON or OFF	_{I/O} = 0 V,		30	50	
I _{CC}	Positive supply current	V_{CC} = 4.8 V, V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND, $V_{I/O}$ = 0 V, Switch ON or OFF T_A = -40°C to +125°C				70	μΑ
	Dower cumply current in high 7	V_{CC} = 4.8 V, V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND, $V_{I/O}$ = 0 V, Switch ON or OFF, \overline{OE} = H			5	10	
I _{cc, HZ}	Power supply current in high-Z mode	V_{CC} = 4.8 V, V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND, $V_{I/O}$ = 0 V, Switch ON or OFF, \overline{OE} = H T_A = -40°C to +125°C				20	μΑ

6.7 Timing Requirements

					MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
t _{pd}	Propagation delay			$R_L = 50 \Omega$,		100		ps
t _{switch}	Switching time (SEL to output)			$C_L = 5 \text{ pF},$ $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 4.8 \text{ V}$			600	ns
t _{ZH, ZL}	Enable time ($\overline{\text{EN}}$ to output) $V_{\text{I/O}} = 3.3 \text{ V or } 0 \text{ V}$			V() 2.0 V to 1.0 V		100		μs
t _{HZ, LZ}	Disable time (EN to output)					200		ns
t _{SK(P)}	Skew of opposite transitions of same output					20		ps

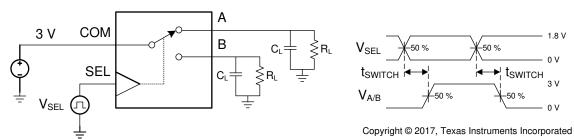


6.8 Typical Characteristics





7 Parameter Measurement Information



- A. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r < 5$ ns, $t_f < 5$ ns.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 7-1. Timing Diagram

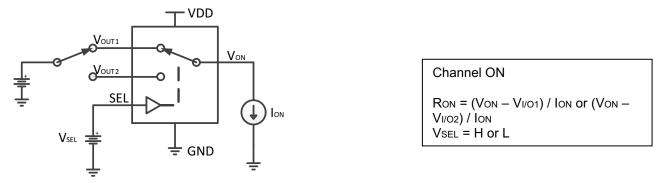


Figure 7-2. ON-State Resistance (R_{ON})

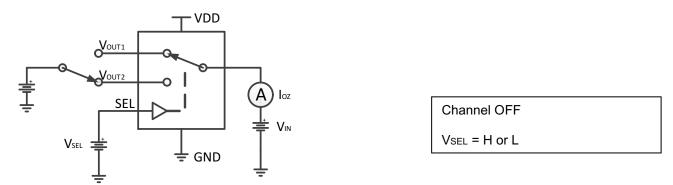
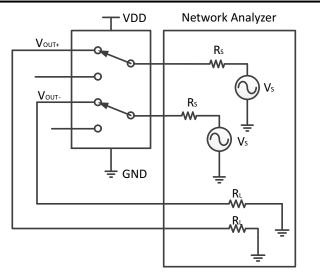


Figure 7-3. OFF Leakage Current (I_{OZ})





Channel ON Vsel = H or L $Rs=RL=50\Omega$

Figure 7-4. Bandwidth (BW)



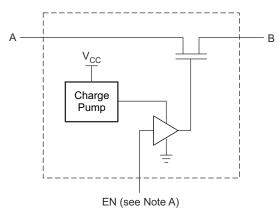
8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TMUX136 device is a 2-channel, 2:1, switch specifically designed for the switching of high-speed signals in handset and consumer applications, such as cell phones, tablets, and notebooks but may be used for any high speed application. The wide bandwidth (6.1 GHz) of this switch allows signals to pass with minimum edge and phase distortion. The switch is bidirectional and offers little or no attenuation of the high-speed signals at the outputs and will support both single-ended and differential signals. The device also has a low power mode that reduces the power consumption to $5 \mu A$ for portable applications with a battery or limited power budget.

The TMUX136 device integrates ESD protection cells on all pins, is available in a tiny UQFN package (1.5 mm × 2 mm) and is characterized over the free-air temperature range from –40°C to +125°C.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



Note A: EN is the internal enable signal applied to the switch.

8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Low Power Mode

The TMUX136 has a low power mode that reduces the power consumption to 5 μ A while the device is not in use. To put the device in low power mode and disable the switch, the bus-switch enable pin $\overline{\text{EN}}$ must be supplied with a logic High signal.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

8.4.1 High Impedance Mode

The TMUX136 has a high impedance mode that places all the signal paths in a Hi-Z state while the device is not in use. As provided in Table 8-1, to put the device in high impedance mode and disable the switch, the bus-switch enable pin $\overline{\text{EN}}$ must be supplied with a logic *High* signal.

Table	8-1.	Function	Table

SEL	EN	SWITCH STATUS						
Х	High	Both A PORT and B PORT switches in High-Z						
Low	Low	COM to A PORT						
High	Low	COM to B PORT						



9 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

There are many applications in which microprocessors or controllers have a limited number of I/Os. The TMUX136 solution can effectively expand the limited I/Os by switching between multiple buses to interface them to a single microprocessor or controller. A common application where the TMUX136 is as a I3C 1:2 multiplexer. In this application, the TMUX136 is used to route communicating between different DDR modules from a single controller within a server, as shown in Figure 9-1. The high bandwidth of the TMUX136 will preserve signal integrity at even the fastest communication protocols that may be used in server applications, such as I³C.

9.2 Typical Application

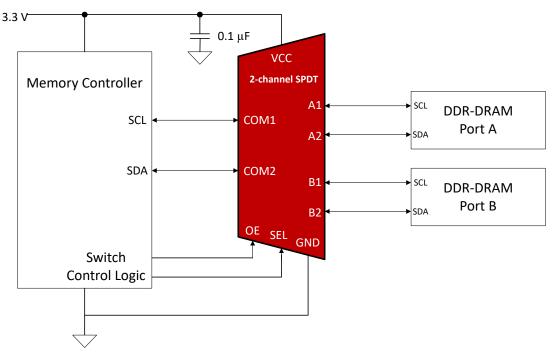


Figure 9-1. Typical Application

The TMUX136 supports I³C standard by maintaining signal integrity through the switch. Table 9-1 details how the TMUX136 specifications make this device optimal for switching I³C signals.

Table 9-1. TMUX136 I³C Compatibility

	I ³ C Requirements	TMUX136 Specification			
Voltage (I/O)	1.0 V, 1.2 V, 1.8 V, 3.3 V	0-3.6 V			
Frequency	Up to 12.5 MHz	6 GHz Bandwidth			
Capacitance	50 pF maximum bus capacitance	<2 pF On/Off Capacitance			



9.2.1 Design Requirements

The TMUX136 has internal 6-M Ω pull-down resistors on SEL and $\overline{\text{EN}}$, so no external resistors are required on the logic pins. The internal pull-down resistor on SEL allows the PORT A channel to be selected by default. The internal pull-down resistor on $\overline{\text{EN}}$ enables the switch when power is applied to V_{CC} .

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The TMUX136 can operate without any external components; however, TI recommends that unused pins must be connected to ground through a $50-\Omega$ resistor to prevent signal reflections back into the device.

9.2.3 Application Curves

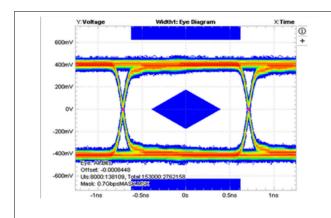


Figure 9-2. Eye Pattern: 0.7 Gbps with No Device

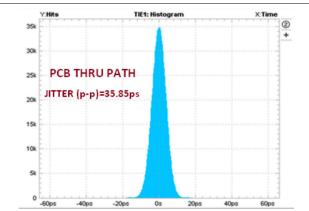
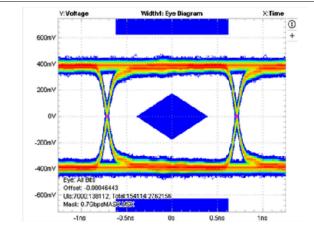
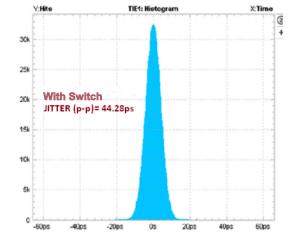


Figure 9-3. Time Interval Error Histogram: 0.7 Gbps with No Device



The TMUX136 contributes only 8.4 ps of peak-to-peak jitter for 0.7-Gbps data rate

Figure 9-4. Eye Pattern: 0.7 Gbps with Switch



The TMUX136 contributes only 8.4 ps of peak-to-peak jitter for 0.7-Gbps data rate

Figure 9-5. Time Interval Error Histogram: 0.7 Gbps with Switch



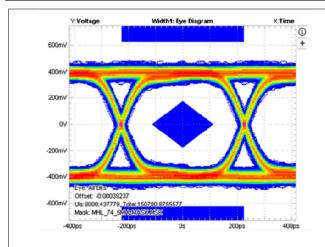


Figure 9-6. Eye Pattern: 2.2 Gbps with No Device

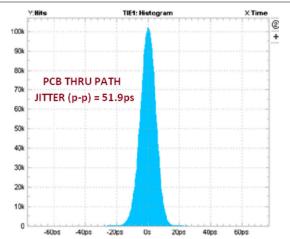
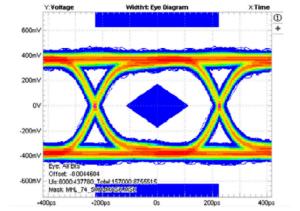
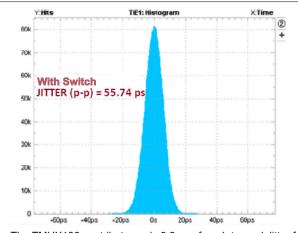


Figure 9-7. Time Interval Error Histogram: 2.2 Gbps with No Device



The TMUX136 contributes only 3.8 ps of peak-to-peak jitter for 2.2-Gbps data rate

Figure 9-8. Eye Pattern: 2.2 Gbps with Switch



The TMUX136 contributes only 3.8 ps of peak-to-peak jitter for 2.2-Gbps data rate

Figure 9-9. Time Interval Error Histogram: 2.2 Gbps with Switch

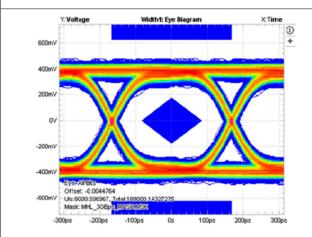


Figure 9-10. Eye Pattern: 3 Gbps with No Device

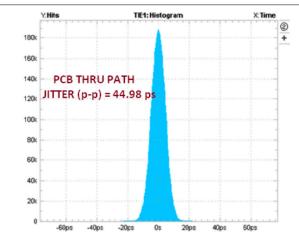
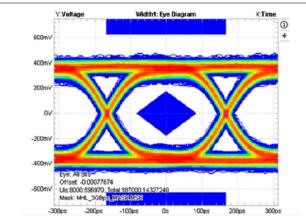
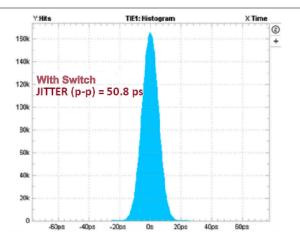


Figure 9-11. Time Interval Error Histogram: 3 Gbps with No Device



The TMUX136 contributes only 5.8 ps of peak-to-peak jitter for 3-Gbps data rate

Figure 9-12. Eye Pattern: 3 Gbps with Switch



The TMUX136 contributes only 5.8 ps of peak-to-peak jitter for 3-Gbps data rate

Figure 9-13. Time Interval Error Histogram: 3 Gbps with Switch

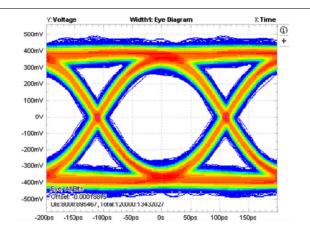


Figure 9-14. Eye Pattern: 4.5 Gbps with No Device

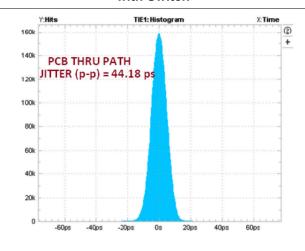
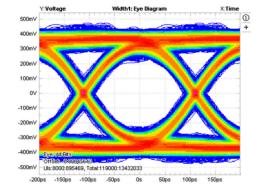
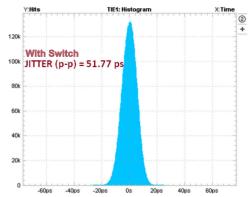


Figure 9-15. Time Interval Error Histogram: 4.5
Gbps with No Device



The TMUX136 contributes only 7.6 ps of peak-to-peak jitter for 4.5-Gbps data rate

Figure 9-16. Eye Pattern: 4.5 Gbps with Switch



The TMUX136 contributes only 7.6 ps of peak-to-peak jitter for 4.5-Gbps data rate

Figure 9-17. Time Interval Error Histogram: 4.5
Gbps with Switch



9.3 Power Supply Recommendations

TI recommends placing a bypass capacitor as close to the supply pin V_{CC} as possible to help smooth out lower frequency noise to provide better load regulation across the frequency spectrum.

9.4 Layout

9.4.1 Layout Guidelines

Place supply bypass capacitors as close to V_{CC} pin as possible and avoid placing the bypass capacitors near the high speed traces.

The high-speed signal paths must should be no more than 4 inches long; otherwise, the eye diagram performance may be degraded.

Route the high-speed signals using a minimum of vias and corners which reduces signal reflections and impedance changes. When a via must be used, increase the clearance size around it to minimize its capacitance. Each via introduces discontinuities in the signal's transmission line and increases the chance of picking up interference from the other layers of the board. Be careful when designing test points on twisted pair lines; through-hole pins are not recommended.

When it becomes necessary to turn 90°, use two 45° turns or an arc instead of making a single 90° turn. This reduces reflections on the signal traces by minimizing impedance discontinuities.

Do not route high speed signal traces under or near crystals, oscillators, clock signal generators, switching regulators, mounting holes, magnetic devices or ICs that use or duplicate clock signals.

Avoid stubs on the high-speed signals traces because they cause signal reflections. If a stub is unavoidable, then the stub must be less than 200 mm.

Route all high-speed signal traces over continuous GND planes, with no interruptions.

Avoid crossing over anti-etch, commonly found with plane splits.

Due to high frequencies, a printed circuit board with at least four layers is recommended; two signal layers separated by a ground and power layer as shown in Figure 9-18.

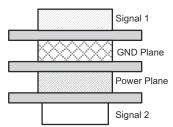


Figure 9-18. Four-Layer Board Stack-Up

The majority of signal traces must run on a single layer, preferably Signal 1. Immediately next to this layer must be the GND plane, which is solid with no cuts. Avoid running signal traces across a split in the ground or power plane. When running across split planes is unavoidable, sufficient decoupling must be used. Minimizing the number of signal vias reduces EMI by reducing inductance at high frequencies.



9.4.2 Layout Example

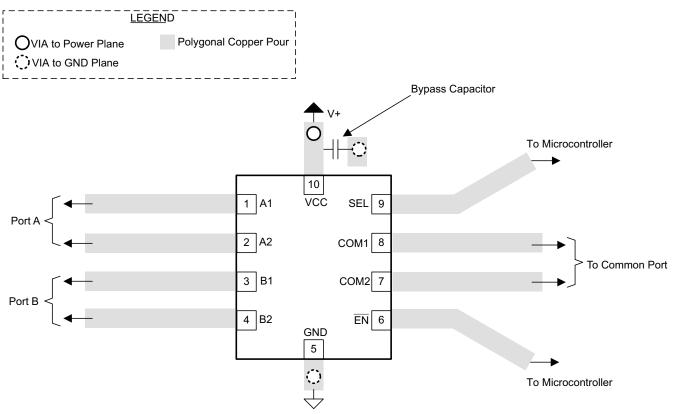


Figure 9-19. Package Layout Diagram



10 Device and Documentation Support

10.1 Documentation Support

10.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Texas Instruments, High-Speed Layout Guidelines Application Report
- · Texas Instruments, High-Speed Interface Layout Guidelines

10.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

10.3 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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10.4 Trademarks

TI E2E[™] is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

10.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

10.6 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



www.ti.com 28-Nov-2022

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TMUX136MRSER	ACTIVE	UQFN	RSE	10	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	19H	Samples
TMUX136RSER	ACTIVE	UQFN	RSE	10	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	19G	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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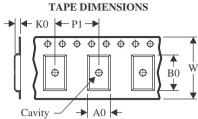
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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	-
A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TMUX136MRSER	UQFN	RSE	10	3000	180.0	9.5	2.2	1.8	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q3
TMUX136RSER	UQFN	RSE	10	3000	180.0	9.5	1.7	2.2	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q1

www.ti.com 29-Sep-2023

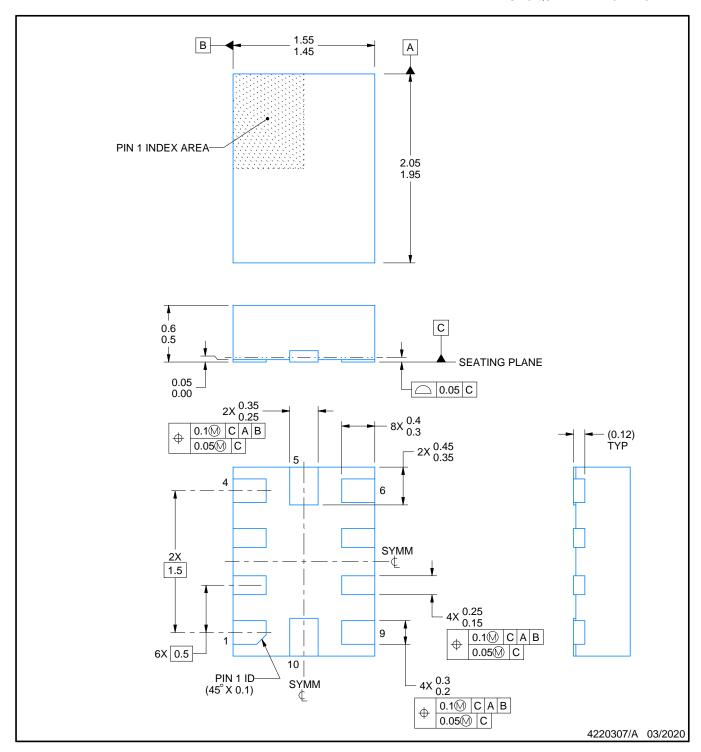


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TMUX136MRSER	UQFN	RSE	10	3000	189.0	185.0	36.0
TMUX136RSER	UQFN	RSE	10	3000	189.0	185.0	36.0



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

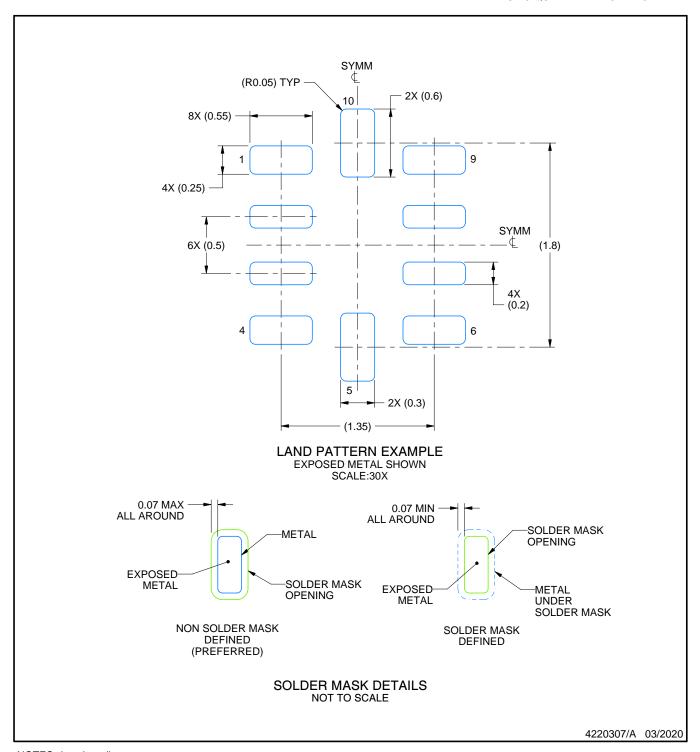


NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



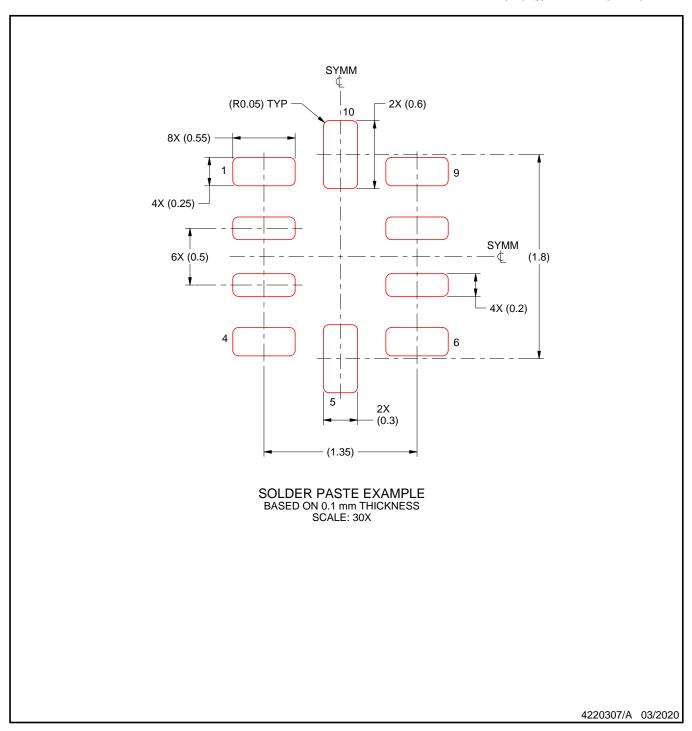
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

3. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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