





TS5A3359 SCDS214F - OCTOBER 2005 - REVISED DECEMBER 2021

TS5A3359 1-Ω SP3T Bidirectional Analog Switch 5-V/3.3-V Single-Channel 3:1 Multiplexer and Demultiplexer

1 Features

- Isolation in power-down mode, $V_{CC} = 0$
- Specified break-before-make switching
- Low ON-state resistance (1 Ω)
- Control inputs are 5.5 V tolerant
- Low charge injection (5 pC V_{CC} = 1.8 V)
- Excellent ON-state resistance matching
- Low total harmonic distortion (THD)
- 1.65 V to 5.5 V single-supply operation
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD performance tested per JESD 22
 - 2000-V human-body model (A114-B, Class II)
 - 1000-V charged-device model (C101)

2 Applications

- Cell phones
- **PDAs**
- Portable instrumentation
- Audio and video signal routing
- Low-voltage data acquisition systems
- Communication circuits
- Modems
- Hard drives
- Computer peripherals
- Wireless terminals and peripherals

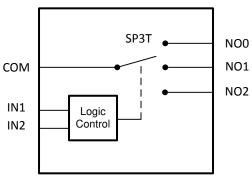
3 Description

The TS5A3359 device is a bidirectional, single channel, single-pole triple-throw (SP3T) analog switch that is designed to operate from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. This device provides a signal switching solution while maintaining excellent signal integrity, which makes the TS5A3359 suitable for a wide range of applications in various markets including personal electronics, test and measurement equipment, and portable instrumentation. The device maintains the signal integrity by its low ON-state resistance, excellent ON-state resistance matching, and total harmonic distortion (THD) performance. To prevent signal distortion during the transferring of a signal from one channel to another, the TS5A3359 device also has a specified break-before-make feature. The device consumes very low power and provides isolation when $V_{CC} = 0$.

Device Information(1)

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TS5A3359	US8 (8)	2.30 mm × 2.00 mm
	DSBGA (8)	1.25 mm × 2.25 mm

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



Simplified Schematic



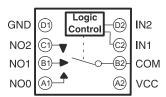
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4 Revision History			
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions ma	av differ fr	rom page numbers in the current version.	
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С	hanges from Revision E (January 2016) to Revision F (December 2021)	Page
•	Updated the numbering format for tables, figures, and cross-references throughout the document	1
•	Updated the body size for the DSBGA (8) package in the <i>Device Information</i> table	1
C	hanges from Revision D (May 2015) to Revision E (January 2016)	Page
•	Added T _{.I} Junction Temperature to the <i>Absolute Maximum Ratings</i>	4
•	Changed Input leakage current UNIT value From: µA To: nA in Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply	ر <mark>5</mark>
С	hanges from Revision C (June 2008) to Revision D (May 2015)	Page
•	Added ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and	
	Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section	
•	Changed YZP pinout numbering	3



5 Pin Configuration and Functions



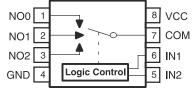


Figure 5-1. YZP Package 8-Pin DSBGA Bottom View

Figure 5-2. DCU Package 8-Pin US8 Top View

Table 5-1. Pin Functions

	PIN		TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION				
NAME	DCU	YZP	1115 = 17	BESSKII HON				
NO0	1	A1	I/O	Normally open				
NO1	2	B1	I/O	Normally open				
NO2	3	C1	I/O	Normally open				
GND	4	D1	_	Ground				
IN2	5	D2	I	Digital control to connect COM to NO				
IN1	6	C2	I	Digital control to connect COM to NO				
СОМ	7	B2	I/O	Common				
VCC	8	A2	_	Power supply				

(1) I = input, O = output.



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1) (2)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage ⁽³⁾		-0.5	6.5	V
V _{NO} V _{COM}	Analog voltage ⁽³⁾ (4) (5)			V _{CC} + 0.5	V
I _K	Analog port diode current	$V_{NO}, V_{COM} < 0$	-50		mA
I _{NO}	On-state switch current	V V - 045 V			mA
I _{COM}	On-State switch current	V_{NO} , $V_{COM} = 0$ to V_{CC}	-400	400	
VI	Digital input voltage ⁽³⁾ (4)		-0.5	6.5	V
I _{IK}	Digital input clamp current	V ₁ < 0	-50		mA
I _{CC}	Continuous current through V _{CC}			100	mA
I _{GND}	Continuous current through GND			100	mA
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C
TJ	Junction temperature			150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability
- (2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum
- (3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
- (4) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
- (5) This value is limited to 5.5-V maximum.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾	±2000	
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins ⁽²⁾	±1000	V

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}		1.65	5.5	V
$V_{NO} \ V_{COM}$	Analog voltage	0	V_{CC}	V
V _I	Digital input voltage	0	V_{CC}	V



6.4 Thermal Information

		TS5A		
	THERMAL METRIC(1)	DCU (US8)	YZP (DSBGA)	UNIT
		8 PINS	8 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	204.2	105.8	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	76.2	1.6	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	82.9	10.8	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	7.6	3.1	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	82.5	10.8	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply

 V_{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V, T_A = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAM	IETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	T _A	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
ANALOG SWIT	СН							'		
Analog signal range	V _{COM} , V _{NO}					0		V _{CC}	V	
Peak ON	r .	$0 \le (V_{NO}) \le V_{CC}$	Switch ON,	25°C	4.5 V		0.8	1.1	Ω	
resistance	r _{peak}	$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 7-1	Full	4.5 V			1.5	\$2	
ON-state	r	$V_{NO} = 2.5 V,$	Switch ON,	25°C	4.5 V		0.7	0.9	Ω	
resistance	r _{on}	$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 7-1	Full	7.5 V			1.1		
ON-state		V 0.5.V	Overticals ON	25°C			0.1	0.1		
resistance match between channels	Δr_{on}	$V_{NO} = 2.5 \text{ V},$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 7-1	Full	4.5 V			0.1	Ω	
ON-state		$0 \le (V_{NO}) \le V_{CC}$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, See Figure 7-1	25°C			0.15			
resistance flatness	r _{on(flat)}	r _{on(flat)}	V _{NO} = 1 V, 1.5 V, 2.5	Switch ON,	25°C	4.5 V		0.1	0.25	Ω
nautess			V, I _{COM} = –100 mA,	See Figure 7-1	Full				0.25	
	INO(OFF)	V _{NO} = 1 V or 4.5 V,	Switch OFF,	25°C	5.5 V	-20	5	20	nA	
NO OFF leakage		$V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V to } 4.5 \text{ V},$	See Figure 7-2	Full	0.0 1	-150		150		
current		I _{NO(PWROFF)}	I _{NO(PWROFE)}	$V_{NO} = 0$ to 5.5 V,	Switch OFF,	25°C	0 V	-1	0.8	1
	'NO(PWROFF)	$V_{COM} = 5.5 \text{ V to } 0,$	See Figure 7-2	Full		-25		25	μ, ,	
NO ON lookaga		V _{NO} = 1 V or 4.5 V,	Switch ON,	25°C	5.5 V	-30	5	30	n 1	
ON leakage current	I _{NO(ON)}	V _{COM} = Open,	See Figure 7-2	Full	5.5 V	-220		220	nA	
	1	V _{NO} = 4.5 V or 1 V,	Switch OFF,	25°C	5.5 V	-25	8	25	nA	
COM OFF leakage	I _{COM(OFF)}	$V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V or } 4.5 \text{ V},$	See Figure 7-2	Full	3.5 V	-250		250	шА	
current	1	$V_{COM} = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V},$	Switch OFF,	25°C	0 V	-8	0.1	8	μA	
	COM(PWROFF)	$V_{NO} = 5.5 \text{ V to 0},$	See Figure 7-2	Full	0 V	-50		50	μΛ	
COM		V _{NO} = Open,	Switch ON,	25°C		-30	5	30		
ON leakage current	ICOM(ON)	$V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V or } 4.5 \text{ V},$	See Figure 7-2	Full	5.5 V	-220		220	nA	
DIGITAL CONT	ROL INPUTS (IN1, IN2) ⁽²⁾						'		
Input logic high	V _{IH}			Full		2.4		5.5	V	
Input logic low	V _{IL}			Full		0		0.8	V	
Input leakage	In a In	V _I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	5.5 V	-2		2	nA	
current	I _{IH} , I _{IL}	v ₁ = 3.3 v 0i 0		Full	J.J V	-20		20	11/4	



6.5 Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply (continued)

 $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V. $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)(1)

PARAM	METER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	TA	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
DYNAMIC									
T		V _{COM} = V _{CC} ,	$C_1 = 35 \text{ pF},$	25°C	5 V	1	2.5	21	
Turnon time	t _{ON}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$,	See Figure 7-5	Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	1		23.5	ns
Turnoff time	+	V _{COM} = V _{CC} ,	C _L = 35 pF,	25°C	5 V	1	6	10.5	ns
rumon ume	t _{OFF}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$,	See Figure 7-5	Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	1		12	115
Break-before-	t	$V_{NO} = V_{CC}$	C _L = 35 pF,	25°C	5 V	0.5	8.5	18	ns
make time	t _{BBM}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$,	See Figure 7-6	Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.5		23	115
Charge injection	$Q_{\mathbb{C}}$	$V_{GEN} = 0,$ $R_{GEN} = 0,$	C _L = 1 nF, See Figure 7-10	25°C	5 V		20		pC
NO OFF capacitance	C _{NO(OFF)}	V _{NO} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	5 V		18		pF
COM OFF capacitance	C _{COM(OFF)}	V _{COM} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	2.5 V		54		pF
NO ON capacitance	C _{NO(ON)}	V _{NO} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	5 V		78		pF
COM ON capacitance	C _{COM(ON)}	V _{COM} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	5 V		78		pF
Digital input capacitance	C _I	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	5 V		2.5		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, Switch ON,	See Figure 7-7	25°C	5 V		75		MHz
OFF isolation	O _{ISO}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 7-8	25°C	5 V		-64		dB
Crosstalk	X _{TALK}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 7-9	25°C	5 V		-64		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 pF,$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 7-11	25°C	5 V		0.005%		
SUPPLY		1						I	
Positive supply	1	V = V or CND	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	E E V		16	50	ω Λ
current	I _{CC}	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	Full	5.5 V			1200	nA

The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs (SCBA004).



6.6 Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply

 V_{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V, T_A = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARA	METER	TEST C	ONDITIONS	TA	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
ANALOG SWI	тсн									
Analog signal range	V _{COM} , V _{NO}					0		V _{CC}	٧	
Peak ON	r _{peak}	$0 \le (V_{NO}) \le V_{CC}$	Switch ON,	25°C	3 V		1.3	1.6	Ω	
resistance	реак	$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 7-1	Full				2		
ON-state	r _{on}	V _{NO} = 2 V,	Switch ON,	25°C	3 V		1.2	1.6	Ω	
resistance	-011	$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 7-1	Full				1.8		
ON-state resistance				25°C			0.1	0.15		
match between channels	Δr_{on}	$V_{NO} = 2 \text{ V}, 0.8 \text{ V},$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 7-1	Full	3 V			0.15	Ω	
ON-state	_	$0 \le (V_{NO}) \le V_{CC},$ $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 7-1	25°C	0.17		0.2		0	
resistance flatness	r _{on(flat)}	V _{NO} = 2 V, 0.8 V,	Switch ON,	25°C	3 V		0.2	0.35	Ω	
		$I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 7-1	Full				0.35		
	NO	I _{NO(OFF)}	V _{NO} = 1 V or 3 V,	Switch OFF,	25°C	3.6 V	-15	3	15	nA
NO OFF leakage	·NO(OFF)	$V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V to 3 V},$	See Figure 7-2	Full	0.0 V	-30		30	10,	
current	I _{NO(PWROFF)}	$V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V},$	Switch OFF,	25°C	0 V	-1	0.2	1	μA	
	'NO(PWROFF)	$V_{COM} = 3.6 \text{ V to 0},$	See Figure 7-2	Full		-10		10	μ/ (
NO ON Landau and L		V _{NO} = 1 V or 3 V,	Switch ON,	25°C	2.01/	-15	3	15	A	
ON leakage current	I _{NO(ON)}	V _{COM} = Open,	See Figure 7-2	Full	3.6 V	-40		40	nA	
		$V_{NO} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V},$		25°C		-15	3	15		
COM OFF leakage	I _{COM(OFF)}	V_{COM} = 1 V or V_{NO} = 3.6 V to 0, V_{COM} = 3 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 7-2	Full	3.6 V	–75		75	nA	
current	1	$V_{COM} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V},$	Switch OFF,	25°C	0 V	-1	0.2	1	μA	
	ICOM(PWROFF)	$V_{NO} = 3.6 \text{ V to 0},$	See Figure 7-2	Full	U V	-20		20	μΑ	
COM		V _{NO} = Open,	Switch ON,	25°C		-15	4	15		
ON leakage current	I _{COM(ON)}	$V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V or } 3 \text{ V},$	See Figure 7-2	Full	3.6 V	-40		40	nA	
DIGITAL CON	TROL INPUTS ((IN1, IN2) ⁽²⁾								
Input logic high	V _{IH}			Full		2		5.5	V	
Input logic low	V _{IL}			Full		0		0.8	V	
Input leakage	1 1	V = 5 5 V -= 0		25°C	261/	-2		2	<i>μ</i> Λ	
current	I_{IH}, I_{IL} $V_{I} = 5.5 \text{ V or } 0$	Full	3.6 V	-20		20	nA			



6.6 Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply (continued)

 $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } 85^{\circ}\text{C (unless otherwise noted)}^{(1)}$

PARA	METER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	TA	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
DYNAMIC									
Turnan tima		V _{COM} = V _{CC} ,	C _L = 35 pF,	25°C	3.3 V	1	16	30.5	
Turnon time	t _{ON}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$,	See Figure 7-5	Full	3 V to 3.6 V	1		34	ns
Turnoff time	t	V _{COM} = V _{CC} ,	C _L = 35 pF,	25°C	3.3 V	1	6	11.5	ns
Turrion unie	t _{OFF}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$,	See Figure 7-5	Full	3 V to 3.6 V	1		12.5	115
Break-before-	tonu	$V_{NO} = V_{CC}$	C _L = 35 pF,	25°C	3.3 V	0.5	13	26	ns
make time	t _{BBM}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$,	See Figure 7-6	Full	3 V to 3.6 V	0.5		30	113
Charge injection	$Q_{\mathbb{C}}$	$V_{GEN} = 0,$ $R_{GEN} = 0,$	C _L = 1 nF, See Figure 7-10	25°C	3.3 V		12		pC
NO OFF capacitance	C _{NO(OFF)}	V _{NO} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	3.3 V		18		pF
COM OFF capacitance	C _{COM(OFF)}	V _{COM} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	3.3 V		55		pF
NO ON capacitance	C _{NO(ON)}	V _{NO} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	3.3 V		78		pF
COM ON capacitance	C _{COM(ON)}	V _{COM} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	3.3 V		78		pF
Digital input capacitance	C _I	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	3.3 V		2.5		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, Switch ON,	See Figure 7-7	25°C	3.3 V		73		MHz
OFF isolation	O _{ISO}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 7-8	25°C	3.3 V		-64		dB
Crosstalk	X _{TALK}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 1 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 7-9	25°C	3.3 V		-64		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 pF,$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 7-11	25°C	3.3 V		0.01%		
SUPPLY									
Positive supply current	I _{cc}	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C Full	3.6 V		2	20 350	nA

The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs (SCBA004).



6.7 Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply

 V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V, T_A = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CON	IDITIONS	TA	TA VCC MIN TYP MA				UNIT
ANALOG SWIT	СН								
Analog signal range	V_{COM} , V_{NO}					0		V _{CC}	V
Peak ON	r .	$0 \le (V_{NO}) \le V_{CC}$	Switch ON,	25°C	2.3 V		1.8	2.5	Ω
resistance	r _{peak}	$I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 7-1	Full	2.0 V			2.7	32
ON-state	r _{on}	V _{NO} = 1.8 V,	Switch ON,	25°C	2.3 V		1.5	2	Ω
resistance	·on	$I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 7-1	Full	2.0 V			2.4	
ON-state resistance		V = 4.9.V	Cwitch ON	25°C				0.2	
match between channels	Δr_{on}	$V_{NO} = 1.8 \text{ V},$ $I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 7-1	Full	2.3 V			0.2	Ω
ON-state resistance flatness	_	$0 \le (V_{NO}) \le V_{CC},$ $I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 7-1	25°C	221/		0.6		Ω
	r _{on(flat)}	V _{NO} = 0.8 V, 1.8 V	Switch ON,	25°C	2.3 V		0.6	1	
		$I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 7-1	Full				1	
NO OFF leakage	I _{NO(OFF)}	$V_{NO} = 0.5 \text{ V or } 2.3 \text{ V},$	Switch OFF,	25°C	2.7 V	-15	3	3 15 nA	
	-NO(OFF)	$V_{COM} = 0.5 \text{ V to } 2.3 \text{ V},$	See Figure 7-2	Full		-30		30	
current	I _{NO(PWROFF)}	$V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V},$	Switch OFF,	25°C	0 V	-1	0.1	1	μA
	-NO(FWIXOIT)	$V_{COM} = 2.7 \text{ V to 0},$	See Figure 7-2	Full		-10		10	ļ . ,
NO ON leakage	1	$V_{NO} = 0.5 \text{ V or } 2.3 \text{ V},$	Switch ON,	25°C	2.7 V	-15	3	15	nA
current	I _{NO(ON)}	V _{COM} = Open,	See Figure 7-2	Full	2.1 V	-35		35	IIA
		$V_{NO} = 0.3 \text{ V to } 2.3 \text{ V},$	Switch OFF,	25°C	2.7 V	-15	3	15	nA
COM OFF leakage	I _{COM(OFF)}	$V_{COM} = 0.5 \text{ V or } 2.3 \text{ V},$	See Figure 7-2	Full	2.1 V	-60		60	IIA
current	1	$V_{COM} = 0 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V},$	Switch OFF,	25°C	0 V	-1	0.1	1	μA
	COM(PWROFF)	$V_{NO} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 0,$	See Figure 7-2	Full	U V	-10		2.5 2.7 2 2.4 0.2 0.2 1 1 15 30 1 10 15 35 15 60	μΑ
COM		V _{NO} = Open,	Switch ON,	25°C		-15	3.5	15	
ON leakage current	I _{COM(ON)}	$V_{COM} = 0.5 \text{ V or } 2.2 \text{ V},$	See Figure 7-2	Full	2.7 V	-40		40	nA
DIGITAL CONT	ROL INPUTS ((IN1, IN2) ⁽²⁾		'				'	
Input logic high	V _{IH}			Full		1.8		5.5	V
Input logic low	V _{IL}			Full		0		0.6	V
Input leakage	L. L.	V _I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	2.7 V	1		1	nΛ
current	I _{IH} , I _{IL}	vi - 3.3 v 0i 0		Full	2.1 V	10		10	nA



6.7 Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply (continued)

 V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V, T_A = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAM	METER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	TA	TA VCC MIN TYP MA				
DYNAMIC		•							
Turnan tima		V _{COM} = V _{CC} ,	C _L = 35 pF,	25°C	2.5 V	2	4.5	43	
Turnon time	t _{ON}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$,	See Figure 7-5	Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	2		47.5	ns
Turnoff time	t	V _{COM} = V _{CC} ,	C _L = 35 pF,	25°C	2.5 V	2	8.5	11	ns
rumon ame	t _{OFF}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$,	See Figure 7-5	Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	2		12.5	113
Break-before-	t _{BBM}	$V_{NO} = V_{CC}$	$C_L = 35 \text{ pF},$	25°C	2.5 V	0.5	18.5	38.5	ns
make time	RRM	$R_L = 50 \Omega$,	See Figure 7-6	Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	0.5		43	
Charge injection	$Q_{\mathbb{C}}$	$V_{GEN} = 0,$ $R_{GEN} = 0,$	C _L = 1 nF, See Figure 7-10	25°C	2.5 V		8		pC
NO OFF capacitance	$C_{NO(OFF)}$	V _{NO} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	2.5 V		18.5		pF
COM OFF capacitance	C _{COM(OFF)}	V _{COM} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	2.5 V		55		pF
NO ON capacitance	C _{NO(ON)}	V _{NO} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	2.5 V		78		pF
COM ON capacitance	C _{COM(ON)}	V _{COM} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	2.5 V		78		pF
Digital input capacitance	C _I	V _I = V _{CC} or GND,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	2.5 V		3		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, Switch ON,	See Figure 7-7	25°C	2.5 V		73		MHz
OFF isolation	O _{ISO}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 7-8	25°C	2.5 V		-64		dB
Crosstalk	X _{TALK}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, f = 1 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 7-9	25°C	2.5 V		-64		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 pF,$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 7-11	25°C	2.5 V		0.03%		
SUPPLY									
Positive supply current	I _{CC}	V _I = V _{CC} or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C Full	2.7 V		1	10 250	nA

The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs (SCBA004).



6.8 Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply

 V_{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V, T_A = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CON	DITIONS	TA	TA VCC MIN TYP MAX				
ANALOG SWIT	СН								
Analog signal range	V_{COM} , V_{NO}					0		V _{CC}	V
Peak ON	r .	$0 \le (V_{NO}) \le V_{CC}$	Switch ON,	25°C	1.65 V		5		Ω
resistance	r _{peak}	$I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 7-1	Full	1.05 V			30	32
ON-state	r _{on}	V _{NO} = 1.5 V,	Switch ON,	25°C	1.65 V		2	2.5	Ω
resistance	·on	$I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 7-1	Full				3.5	
ON-state resistance		V _{NO} = 1.5 V,	Switch ON,	25°C			0.15	0.4	
match between channels	Δr_{on}	$I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 7-1	Full	1.65 V			0.4	Ω
ON-state resistance r _c flatness		$0 \le (V_{NO}) \le V_{CC},$ $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA},$	Switch ON, See Figure 7-1	25°C	4.05.1/		5		Ω
	r _{on(flat)}	V _{NO} = 0.6 V, 1.5 V	Switch ON,	25°C	1.65 V		4.5		32
		$I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 7-1	Full			5		
NO OFF leakage	I _{NO(OFF)}	V _{NO} =0.3 V or 1.65 V,	Switch OFF,	25°C	1.95 V	-15	3	15	nA
	10(011)	$V_{COM} = 0.3 \text{ V to } 1.65 \text{ V},$	See Figure 7-2	Full		-30		30	
current	I _{NO(PWROFF)}	$V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 1.95 \text{ V},$	Switch OFF,	25°C	0 V	-1	0.1	1	μΑ
	NO(FWNOTT)	V _{COM} = 1.95 V to 0,	See Figure 7-2	Full		-15		15	
NO ON leakage	L	V _{NO} =0.3 V or 1.65 V,	Switch ON,	25°C	1.95 V	-15	3	15	nA
current	I _{NO(ON)}	V _{COM} = Open,	See Figure 7-2	Full	1.95 V	-30		30	ш
		V _{NO} = 0.3 V to 1.65 V,	Switch OFF,	25°C	1.95 V	-15	3 3 0.1	15	n 1
COM OFF leakage	I _{COM(OFF)}	V _{COM} =0.3 V or 1.65 V,	See Figure 7-2	Full	1.95 V	-50		50	nA
current	I _{COM(PWROFF}	V _{COM} = 0 to 1.95 V,	Switch OFF,	25°C	0 V	-1	0.1	1	μA
)	$V_{NO} = 1.95 \text{ V to 0},$	See Figure 7-2	Full	0 V	-10		15 30 30 3 15 50 1 1 10	μΑ
COM		V _{NO} = Open,	Switch ON,	25°C		-15	3	15	
ON leakage current	I _{COM(ON)}	V _{COM} = 0.3 V or 1.65 V,		Full	1.95 V	-30		30	nA
DIGITAL CONTI	ROL INPUTS	(IN1, IN2) ⁽²⁾							
Input logic high	V _{IH}			Full		1.5		5.5	V
Input logic low	V _{IL}			Full		0		0.6	V
Input leakage	I _{IH} , I _{IL}	V _I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	1.95 V	-2		2	nA
current	'IH, 'IL	V ₁ = 0.5 V OI U		Full	1.30 V	-20		20	II/\triangle



6.8 Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply (continued)

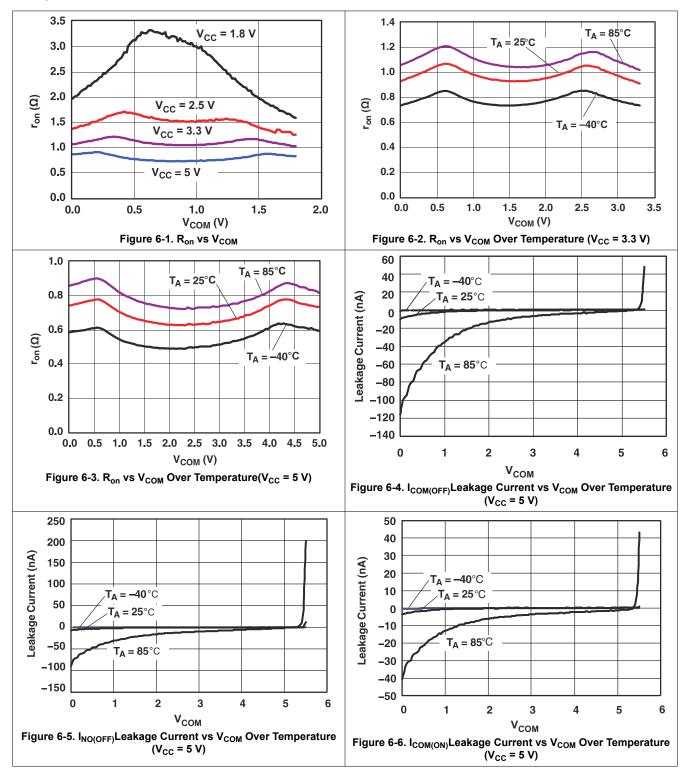
 V_{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V, T_A = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CO	NDITIONS	TA	V _{CC}	MIN	MIN TYP MAX				
DYNAMIC				•				•			
Turnan tima	4	$V_{COM} = V_{CC}$	C _L = 35 pF,	25°C	1.8 V	3	38.5	85	ns		
Turnon time	t _{ON}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$,	See Figure 7-5	Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	3		90			
Turnoff time	+	V _{COM} = V _{CC} ,	C _L = 35 pF,	25°C	1.8 V	2	8.5	16	ns		
rumon ume	t _{OFF}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$,	See Figure 7-5	Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	2		18	115		
Break-before-	t	$V_{NO} = V_{CC}$	C _L = 35 pF,	25°C	1.8 V	1	33	75	ns		
make time	t _{BBM}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$,	See Figure 7-6	Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	1		80	113		
Charge injection	$Q_{\mathbb{C}}$	$V_{GEN} = 0,$ $R_{GEN} = 0,$	C _L = 1 nF, See Figure 7-10	25°C	1.8 V		5		pC		
NO OFF capacitance	C _{NO(OFF)}	V _{NO} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	1.8 V		18.5		pF		
COM OFF capacitance	C _{COM(OFF)}	V _{COM} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	1.8 V		55		pF		
NO ON capacitance	C _{NO(ON)}	V _{NO} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	1.8 V		78		pF		
COM ON capacitance	C _{COM(ON)}	V _{COM} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	1.8 V		78		pF		
Digital input capacitance	C _I	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND,	See Figure 7-4	25°C	1.8 V		3		pF		
Bandwidth	BW	R_L = 50 Ω, Switch ON,	See Figure 7-7	25°C	1.8 V		73		MHz		
OFF isolation	O _{ISO}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 1 M Hz ,	Switch OFF, See Figure 7-8	25°C	1.8 V		-64		dB		
Crosstalk	X _{TALK}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 1 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 7-9	25°C	1.8 V		-64		dB		
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega,$ $C_L = 50 pF,$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 7-11	25°C	1.8 V		0.08%				
SUPPLY		•									
Positive supply current	I _{CC}	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C Full	1.95 V		1	200	nA		

⁽¹⁾ The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

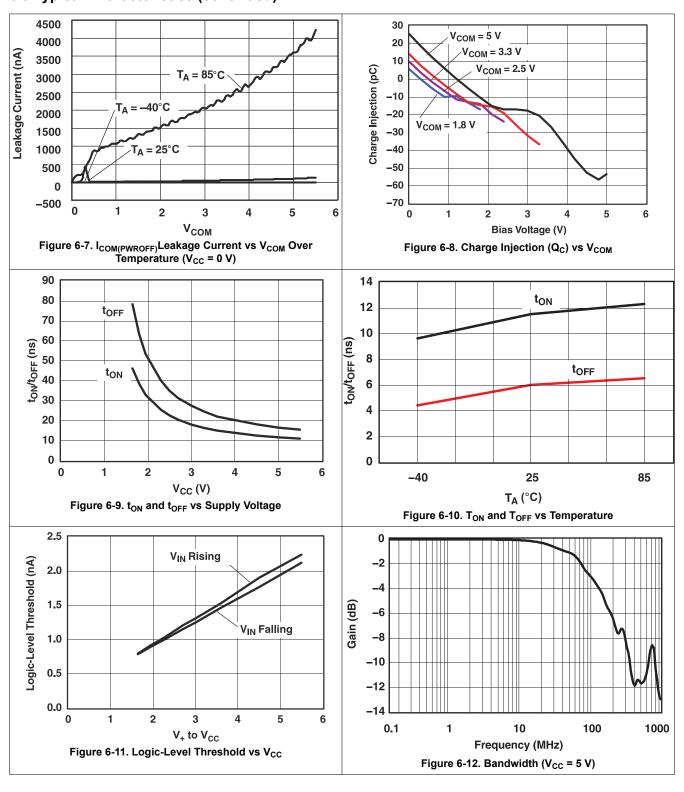
⁽²⁾ All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, SCBA004.

6.9 Typical Characteristics



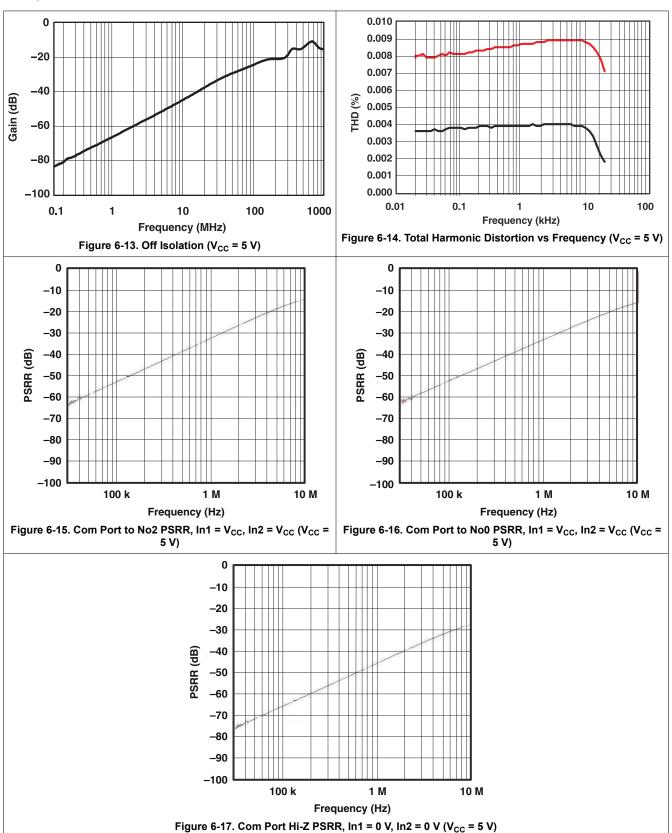


6.9 Typical Characteristics (continued)





6.9 Typical Characteristics (continued)





7 Parameter Measurement Information

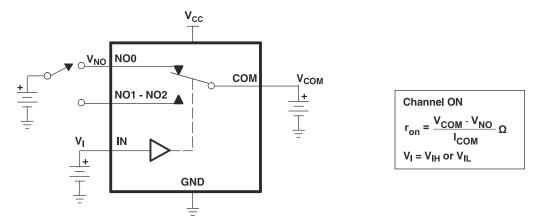
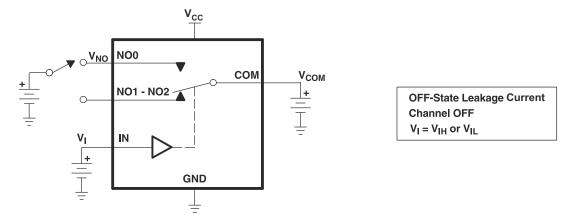


Figure 7-1. ON-State Resistance (Ron)



 $\textbf{Figure 7-2. OFF-State Leakage Current (I_{NC(OFF)}, I_{NO(OFF)}, I_{NO(PWROFF)}, I_{COM(PWROFF)})}\\$

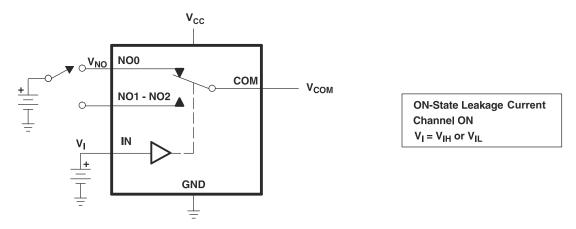


Figure 7-3. ON-State Leakage Current (I_{COM(ON)}, I_{NO(ON)})



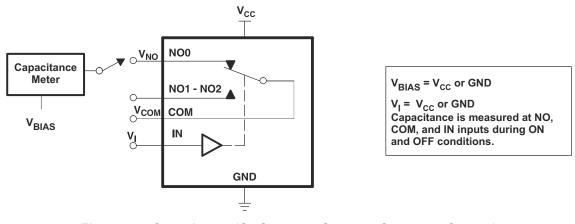
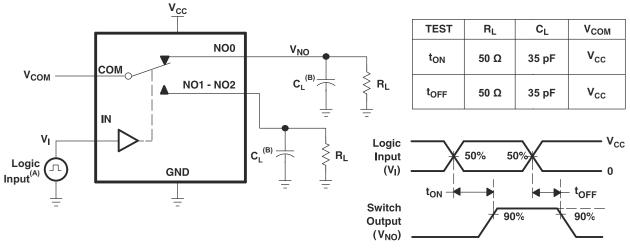
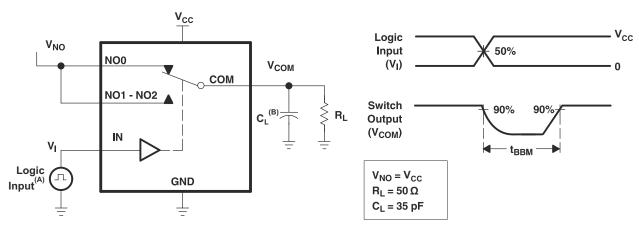


Figure 7-4. Capacitance (C_I, $C_{COM(ON)}$, $C_{NO(OFF)}$, $C_{COM(OFF)}$, $C_{NO(ON)}$)



- A. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, ZO = 50 Ω , $t_r <$ 5 ns. $t_f <$ 5 ns.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

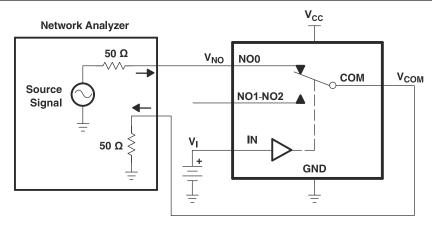
Figure 7-5. Turnon (t_{ON}) and Turnoff Time (t_{OFF})



- A. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, ZO = 50 Ω , $t_{\rm f}$ < 5 ns. $t_{\rm f}$ < 5 ns.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 7-6. Break-Before-Make Time (t_{BBM})





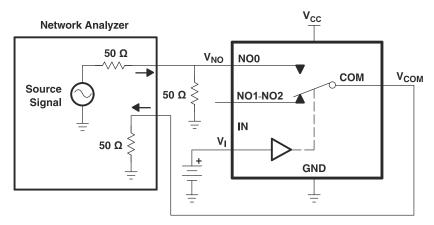
Channel ON: NO0 to COM $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND

Network Analyzer Setup

Source Power = 0 dBM (632-mV P-P at 50-Ω load)

DC Bias = 350 mV

Figure 7-7. Bandwidth (BW)



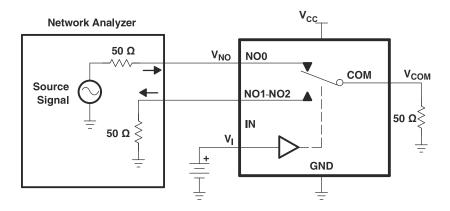
Channel OFF: NO0 to COM V_I = V_{CC} or GND

Network Analyzer Setup

Source Power = 0 dBM (632-mV P-P at 50-Ω load)

DC Bias = 350 mV

Figure 7-8. Off Isolation (O_{ISO})



Channel ON: NO0 to COM Channel OFF: NO0-NO1 to COM

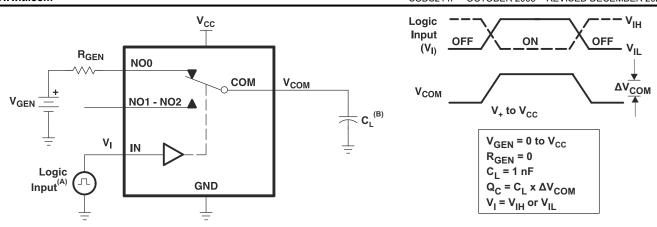
 $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND

Network Analyzer Setup

Source Power = 0 dBM (632-mV P-P at $50-\Omega$ load)

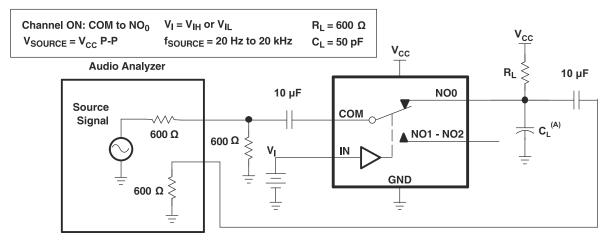
DC Bias = 350 mV

Figure 7-9. Crosstalk (X_{TALK})



- A. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, ZO = 50 Ω , $t_r <$ 5 ns. $t_f <$ 5 ns.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 7-10. Charge Injection (Q_C)



A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 7-11. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)



Table 7-1. Parameter Description

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
V _{COM}	Voltage at COM
V _{NO}	Voltage at NO
r _{on}	Resistance between COM and NC or COM and NO ports when the channel is ON
r _{peak}	Peak ON-state resistance over a specified voltage range
Δr _{on}	Difference of r _{on} between channels in a specific device
r _{on(flat)}	Difference between the maximum and minimum value of ron in a channel over the specified range of conditions
I _{NO(OFF)}	Leakage current measured at the NO port, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the OFF state
I _{NO(PWROFF)}	Leakage current measured at the NO port during the power-down condition, V _{CC} = 0.
I _{NO(ON)}	Leakage current measured at the NO port, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the ON state and the output (COM) open
I _{COM(ON)}	Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NO or COM to NC) in the ON state and the output (NC or NO) open
I _{COM(OFF)}	Leakage current measured at the COM port during the power-down condition, $V_{CC} = 0$
I _{COM(PWROFF)}	Leakage current measured at the COM port during the power-down condition, $V_{CC} = 0$.
V _{IH}	Minimum input voltage for logic high for the control input (IN)
V _{IL}	Maximum input voltage for logic low for the control input (IN)
VI	Voltage at the control input (IN)
I _{IH} , I _{IL}	Leakage current measured at the control input (IN)
t _{ON}	Turnon time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NO) signal when the switch is turning ON.
t _{OFF}	Turnoff time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NO) signal when the switch is turning OFF.
t _{BBM}	Break-before-make time. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the output of two adjacent analog channels (NC and NO) when the control signal changes state.
Q _C	Charge injection is a measurement of unwanted signal coupling from the control (IN) input to the analog (NO or COM) output. This is measured in coulomb (C) and measured by the total charge induced due to switching of the control input. Charge injection, $Q_C = C_L \times \Delta V_{COM}$, C_L is the load capacitance and ΔV_{COM} is the change in analog output voltage.
C _{NO(OFF)}	Capacitance at the NO port when the corresponding channel (NO to COM) is OFF
C _{NO(ON)}	Capacitance at the NO port when the corresponding channel (NO to COM) is ON
C _{COM(ON)}	Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NO) is ON
C _{COM(OFF)}	Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NO) is OFF
C _I	Capacitance of control input (IN)
O _{ISO}	OFF isolation of the switch is a measurement of OFF-state switch impedance. This is measured in dB in a specific frequency, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM or NO to COM) in the OFF state.
X _{TALK}	Crosstalk is a measurement of unwanted signal coupling from an ON channel to an OFF channel (NC to NO or NO to NC). This is measured in a specific frequency and in dB.
BW	Bandwidth of the switch. This is the frequency in which the gain of an ON channel is -3 dB less than the DC gain.
THD	Total harmonic distortion describes the signal distortion caused by the analog switch. This is defined as the ratio of root mean square (RMS) value of the second, third, and higher harmonic to the absolute magnitude of the fundamental harmonic.
I _{CC}	Static power-supply current with the control (IN) pin at V _{CC} or GND



Table 7-2. Summary of Characteristics⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	CHARACTERISTIC
Configuration	Triple 3:1 Multiplexer/ Demultiplexer (1 × SP3T)
Number of channels	1
ON-state resistance (r _{on})	1.1 Ω
ON-state resistance match (Δr _{on})	0.1 Ω
ON-state resistance flatness (r _{on(flat)})	0.15 Ω
Turnon/turnoff time (t _{ON} /t _{OFF})	40 ns/35 ns
Break-before-make time (t _{BBM})	1 ns
Charge injection (Q _C)	40 pC
Bandwidth (BW)	100 MHz
OFF isolation (O _{ISO})	–65 dB at 10 MHz
Crosstalk (X _{TALK})	–66 dB at 10 MHz
Total harmonic distortion (THD)	0.01%
Leakage current (I _{COM(OFF)} /I _{NO(OFF)})	±20 μA
Power supply current (I _{CC})	0.1 μΑ
Package options	8-pin DCU or YZP

(1) $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

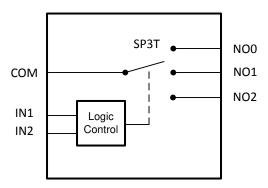


8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TS5A3359 is a bidirectional, single-channel, single-pole triple-throw (SP3T) analog switch that is designed to operate from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. This device provides a signal switching solution while maintaining excellent signal integrity, which makes the TS5A3359 suitable for a wide range of applications in various markets including personal electronics, portable instrumentation, and test and measurement equipment. The device maintains the signal integrity by its low ON-state resistance, excellent ON-state resistance matching, and total harmonic distortion (THD) performance. To prevent signal distortion during the transferring of a signal from one channel to another, the TS5A3359 device also has a specified break-before-make feature. The device consumes very low power and provides isolation when $V_{CC} = 0$.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

Isolation in Power-Down Mode, $V_{CC} = 0$

When power is not supplied to the VCC pin, V_{CC} = 0 , the signal paths NO and COM are high impedance. This is specificed in the electrical characterisitics table under the COM and NO OFF leakage current when V_{CC} = 0. Because the device is high impedance when it is not powered, you may connect other signals to the signal chain without interference of the TS5A3359.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 8-1. Function Table

IN2	IN1	COM TO NO, NO TO COM
L	L	OFF
L	Н	COM = NO0
Н	L	COM = NO1
Н	Н	COM = NO2



9 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The TS5A3359 switch is bidirectional, so the NO and COM pins can be used as either inputs or outputs. This switch is typically used when there is only one signal path that needs to be able to communicate to 3 different signal paths.

9.2 Typical Application

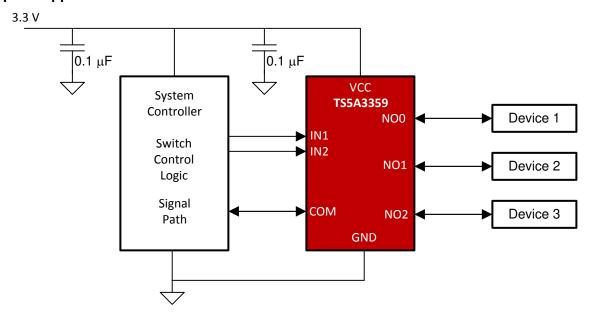


Figure 9-1. Typical Application Schematic

9.2.1 Design Requirements

The TS5A3359 device can be properly operated without any external components. However, TI recommends connecting unused pins to ground through a $50-\Omega$ resistor to prevent signal reflections back into the device. TI also recommends pulling up the digital control pins (IN1 and IN2) to VCC or pulling down to GND to avoid undesired switch positions that could result from the floating pin.

Select the appropriate supply voltage to cover the entire voltage swing of the signal passing through the switch because the TS5A3359 input and output signal swing through NO and COM are dependent on the supply voltage V_{CC} . For example, if the desired signal level to pass through the switch is 5 V, V_{CC} must be greater than or equal to 5 V. V_{CC} = 3.3 V would not be valid for passing a 5-V signal since the Analog signal voltage cannot exceed the supply.

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The TS5A3359 device can be properly operated without any external components. However, TI recommends connecting unused pins to ground through a $50-\Omega$ resistor to prevent signal reflections back into the device. TI also recommends pulling up the digital control pins (IN1 and IN2) to VCC or pulling down to GND to avoid undesired switch positions that could result from the floating pin.

Select the appropriate supply voltage to cover the entire voltage swing of the signal passing through the switch because the TS5A3359 input/output signal swing through NO and COM are dependant of the supply voltage $V_{\rm CC}$.

9.2.3 Application Curve

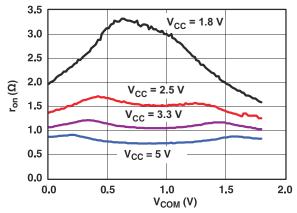


Figure 9-2. Ron vs V_{COM}

10 Power Supply Recommendations

TI recommends proper power-supply sequencing for all CMOS devices. Do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings, because stresses beyond the listed ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Always sequence VCC on first, followed by NO or COM.

Although it is not required, power-supply bypassing improves noise margin and prevents switching noise propagation from the VCC supply to other components. A 0.1-µF capacitor, connected from VCC to GND, is adequate for most applications.



11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

TI recommends following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines to ensure reliability of the device.

- Bypass capacitors should be used on power supplies.
- Short trace lengths should be used to avoid excessive loading.

11.2 Layout Example

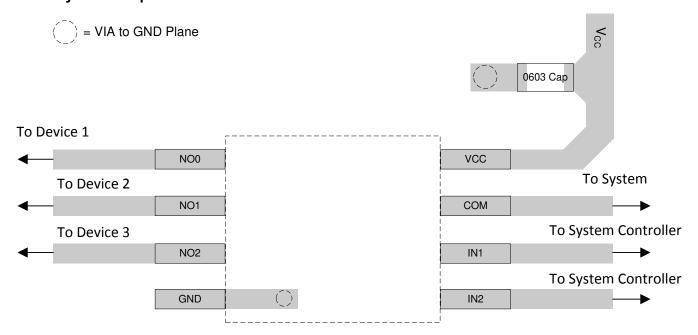


Figure 11-1. Recommended Layout



12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.2 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

12.3 Trademarks

TI E2E[™] is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

12.5 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TS5A3359DCUR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(AL, JALR) JZ	Samples
TS5A3359DCUT	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(AL, JALR) JZ	Samples
TS5A3359DCUTG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(AL, JALR) JZ	Samples
TS5A3359YZPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	J9	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TS5A3359DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
TS5A3359YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	180.0	8.4	1.02	2.02	0.63	4.0	8.0	Q1

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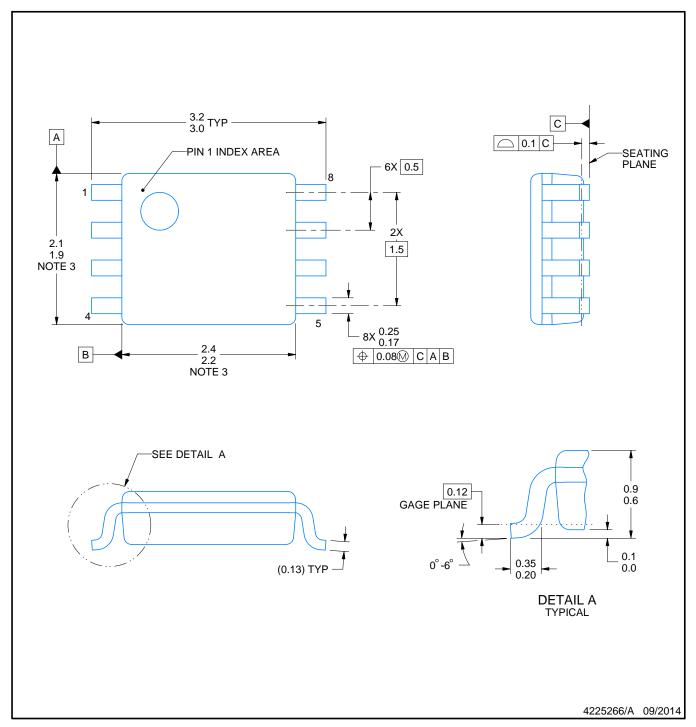


*All dimensions are nominal

	Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
	TS5A3359DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
ı	TS5A3359YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

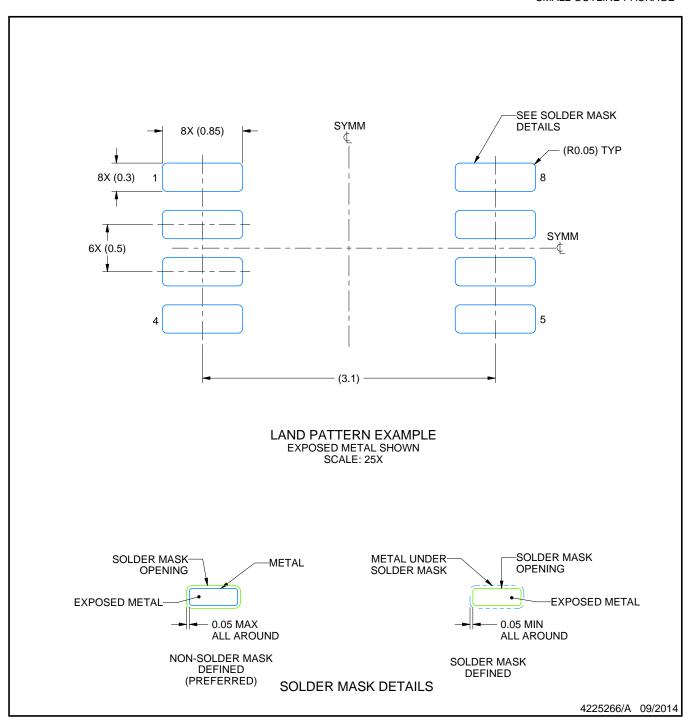
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
 4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-187 variation CA.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE

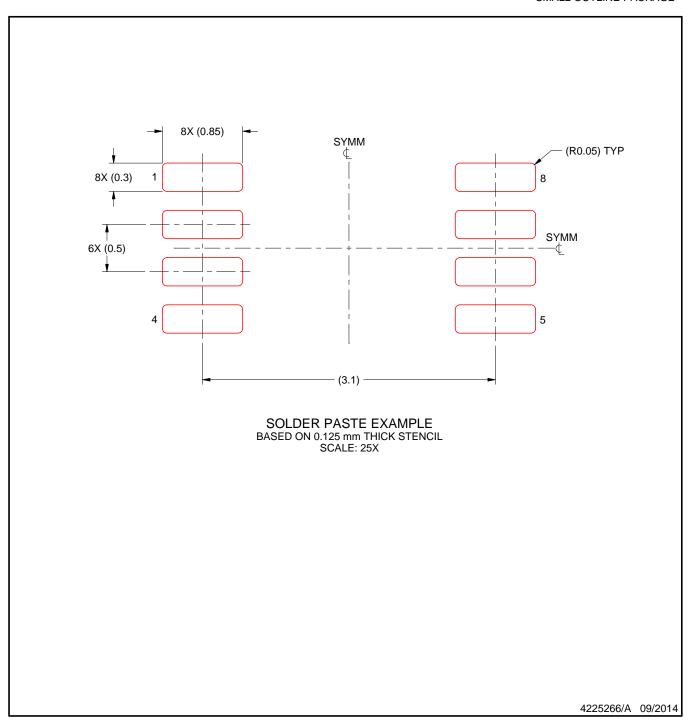


NOTES: (continued)

- 5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



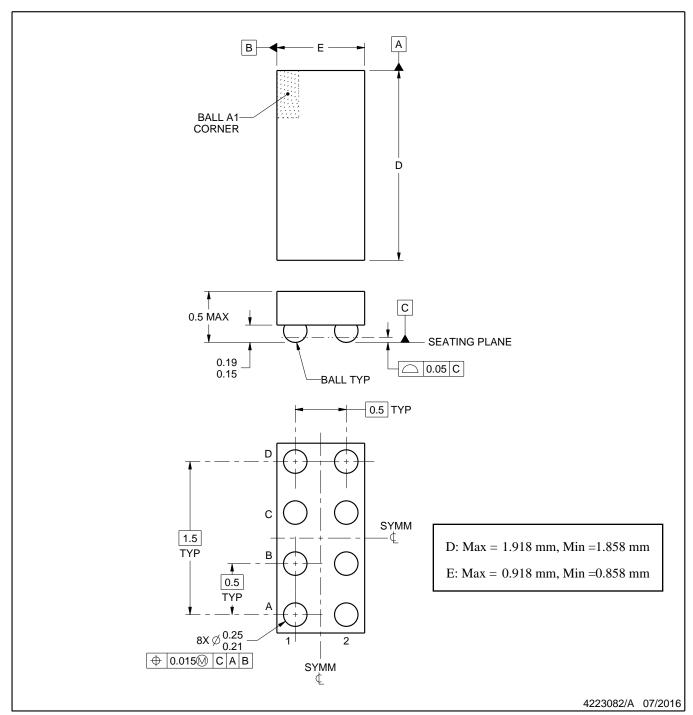
NOTES: (continued)

- 7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.





DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



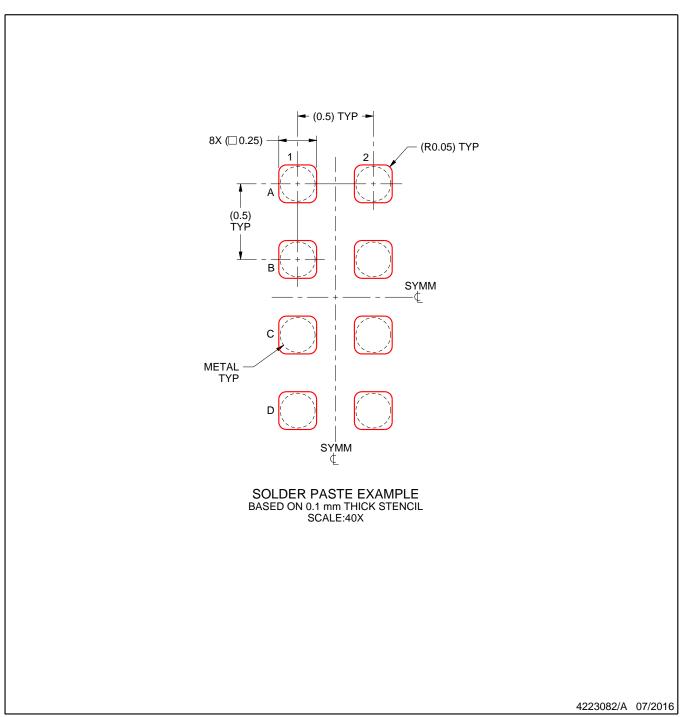
DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



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>>TI (德州仪器)