

ZHCS379B-MARCH 2012-REVISED JANUARY 2014

双路低电压 H 桥集成电路 (IC)

查询样片: DRV8836

特性

- 双 H 桥电机驱动器
 - 能够驱动两个直流电机或者一个步进电机
 - 低金属氧化物半导体场效应晶体管 (MOSFET) 导通电阻:
 - 高侧 + 低侧 (HS + LS) 305 mΩ
- 每个 H 桥 1.5A 的最大驱动电流 •
- 两桥并联可实现 3A 的驱动电流
- 2V 至 7V 运行电源电压范围 ٠
- 灵活的脉宽调制 (PWM) 或者相位/使能接口
- 具有 95nA 最大电源电流的低功耗睡眠模式
- 专用 SLEEPn 输入引脚
- 极小型 2mm x 3mm 晶圆级小外形尺寸无引线 (WSON) 封装

应用范围

- 由电池供电的设备:
 - 数字单镜头反光 (DSLR) 镜头
 - 消费类产品
 - 玩具
 - 机器人技术
 - 摄像机
 - 医疗设备

说明

DRV8836 为摄像机、消费类产品、玩具、和其它低电压或者电池供电的运动控制类应用提供了一个集成的电机驱 动器解决方案。 此器件有两个 H 桥驱动器,能够驱动两个直流电机或者一个步进电机,以及其它诸如螺线管在内 的器件。 每个输出驱动器功能块包括配置为 H 桥的 N 通道功率 MOSFET 以驱动电机绕组。 一个内部电荷泵生成 所需的栅极驱动电压。

DRV8836 的每个 H 桥能够提供高达 1.5A 的输出电流。供电电压范围介于 2V 至 7V。

可选择的相位/使能和 IN/IN 接口与工业标准器件兼容。 可通过关闭所有不必要的逻辑电路来提供低功耗睡眠模 式,消耗极低的电流。

内部关断功能支持过流保护、短路保护、欠压闭锁以及过温保护。

DRV8836 采用具有 PowerPAD[™] 的极小型 12 引脚 WSON 封装(环保型:符合 RoHS 标准且不含 Sb/Br)。

ORDERING INFORMATION ⁽¹⁾						
PACKAGE ⁽²⁾		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING			
PowerPAD™ (WSON) - DSS	Reel of 3000	DRV8836DSSR	836			

(1) For the most current packaging and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.

Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging. (2)

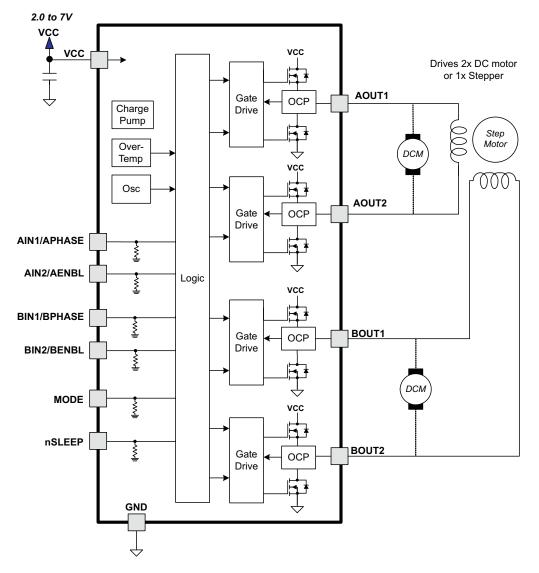


Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet. PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



DEVICE INFORMATION

Functional Block Diagram





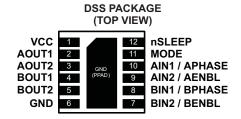
ZHCS379B - MARCH 2012 - REVISED JANUARY 2014

www.ti.com.cn

Table 1. TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

NAME	PIN	I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION	EXTERNAL COMPONENTS OR CONNECTIONS			
POWER AND GF	ROUND						
GND	6	-	Device ground				
VCC	1	-	Device and motor supply	Bypass to GND with a 0.1-µF (minimum) ceramic capacitor.			
CONTROL							
nSLEEP	12	I	Sleep input	Active low places part in low-power sleep state. Internal pulldown resistor			
MODE	11	I	Input mode select	Logic low selects IN/IN mode. Logic high selects PH/EN mode. Internal pulldown resistor.			
AIN1/APHASE	10	I	Bridge A input 1/PHASE input	IN/IN mode: Logic high sets AOUT1 high. PH/EN mode: Sets direction of H-bridge A. Internal pulldown resistor.			
AIN2/AENBL	9	I	Bridge A input 2/ENABLE input	IN/IN mode: Logic high sets AOUT2 high. PH/EN mode: Logic high enables H-bridge A. Internal pulldown resistor.			
BIN1/BPHASE	8	I	Bridge B input 1/PHASE input	IN/IN mode: Logic high sets BOUT1 high. PH/EN mode: Sets direction of H-bridge B. Internal pulldown resistor.			
BIN2/BENBL	7	I	Bridge B input 2/ENABLE input	IN/IN mode: Logic high sets BOUT2 high. PH/EN mode: Logic high enables H-bridge B. Internal pulldown resistor.			
OUTPUT							
AOUT1	2	0	Bridge A output 1	Connect to motor winding A			
AOUT2	3	0	Bridge A output 2	Connect to motor winding A			
BOUT1	4	0	Bridge B output 1	Connect to motor winding R			
BOUT2	5	0	Bridge B output 2	Connect to motor winding B			

(1) Directions: I = input, O = output, OZ = tri-state output, OD = open-drain output, IO = input/output



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

		VALUE	UNIT
VCC	Power supply voltage range	-0.3 to 7	V
	Digital input pin voltage range	-0.5 to VCC + 0.5	V
	Peak motor drive output current	Internally limited	А
	Continuous motor drive output current per H-bridge ⁽³⁾	1.5	A
TJ	Operating junction temperature range	-40 to 150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-60 to 150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

(3) Power dissipation and thermal limits must be observed.

THERMAL INFORMATION

		DRV8836	
	THERMAL METRIC	DSS	UNITS
		12 PINS	
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ⁽¹⁾	50.4	
θ _{JCtop}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance ⁽²⁾	58	
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance ⁽³⁾	19.9	°C/W
Ψյτ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter ⁽⁴⁾	0.9	°C/W
Ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter ⁽⁵⁾	20	
θ_{JCbot}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance ⁽⁶⁾	6.9	

(1) The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance under natural convection is obtained in a simulation on a JEDEC-standard, high-K board, as specified in JESD51-7, in an environment described in JESD51-2a.

(2) The junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the package top. No specific JEDECstandard test exists, but a close description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.

(3) The junction-to-board thermal resistance is obtained by simulating in an environment with a ring cold plate fixture to control the PCB temperature, as described in JESD51-8.

(4) The junction-to-top characterization parameter, ψ_{JT} , estimates the junction temperature of a device in a real system and is extracted from the simulation data for obtaining θ_{JA} , using a procedure described in JESD51-2a (sections 6 and 7).

(5) The junction-to-board characterization parameter, ψ_{JB} , estimates the junction temperature of a device in a real system and is extracted from the simulation data for obtaining θ_{JA} , using a procedure described in JESD51-2a (sections 6 and 7).

(6) The junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the exposed (power) pad. No specific JEDEC standard test exists, but a close description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Device power supply voltage range	2	7	V
I _{OUT}	H-bridge output current ⁽¹⁾	0	1.5	А
f _{PWM}	Externally applied PWM frequency	0	250	kHz
V _{IN}	Logic level input voltage	0	V _{CC}	V

(1) Power dissipation and thermal limits must be observed.



ZHCS379B-MARCH 2012-REVISED JANUARY 2014

www.ti.com.cn

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = 5 V$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
POWER S	SUPPLY						
I _{VCC}	VCC operating supply current	f _{PWM} = 50 kHz, no load		1.7	2.5	mA	
		nSLEEP = 0 V, all inputs 0 V		40	95		
ICCQ	VCC sleep mode supply current	V _{CC} = 3 V, nSLEEP = 0 V, all inputs 0 V		10		nA	
	VCC undervoltage lockout	V _{CC} rising			2		
V _{UVLO}	voltage	V _{CC} falling			1.9	V	
LOGIC-LE	EVEL INPUTS	•					
V _{IL}	Input low voltage			0.	25 x V _{CC}	V	
V _{IH}	Input high voltage		0.5 x V _{CC}			V	
IIL	Input low current	V _{IN} = 0	-5		5	μA	
I _{IH}	Input high current	V _{IN} = 3.3 V			50	μA	
R _{PD}	Pulldown resistance			100		kΩ	
H-BRIDG	E FETS						
D		$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{O} = 800 \text{ mA}, \text{ T}_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		370	420	0	
R _{DS(ON)}	HS + LS FET on resistance	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{O} = 800 \text{ mA}, \text{ T}_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		305	355	mΩ	
I _{OFF}	Off-state leakage current				±200	nA	
PROTECT	TION CIRCUITS						
I _{OCP}	Overcurrent protection trip level		1.6		3.5	А	
t _{DEG}	Overcurrent deglitch time			1		μs	
t _{OCR}	Overcurrent protection retry time			1		ms	
t _{DEAD}	Output dead time			100		ns	
t _{TSD}	Thermal shutdown temperature	Die temperature	150	160	180	°C	

ZHCS379B-MARCH 2012-REVISED JANUARY 2014

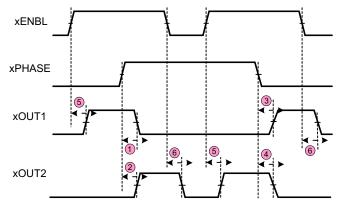


www.ti.com.cn

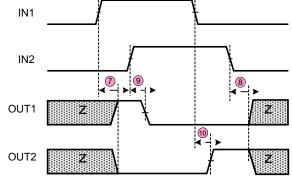
TIMING REQUIREMENTS⁽¹⁾

$T_{A} = 25^{\circ}$	C, $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 20 \Omega$				
NO.	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
1	t ₁	Delay time, xPHASE high to xOUT1 low		210	ns
2	t ₂	Delay time, xPHASE high to xOUT2 high		150	ns
3	t ₃	Delay time, xPHASE low to xOUT1 high		150	ns
4	t ₄	Delay time, xPHASE low to xOUT2 low		210	ns
5	t ₅	Delay time, xENBL high to xOUTx high		150	ns
6	t ₆	Delay time, xENBL high to xOUTx low		150	ns
7	t ₇	Output enable time		210	ns
8	t ₈	Output disable time		210	ns
9	t ₉	Delay time, xINx high to xOUTx high		125	ns
10	t ₁₀	Delay time, xINx low to xOUTx low		125	ns
11	t _R	Output rise time	20	188	ns
12	t _F	Output fall time	8	30	ns

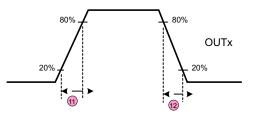
(1) Not production tested - ensured by design



PHASE/ENBL mode









FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Bridge Control

Two control modes are available in the DRV8836: IN/IN mode, and PHASE/ENABLE mode. IN/IN mode is selected if the MODE pin is driven low or left unconnected; PHASE/ENABLE mode is selected if the MODE pin is driven to logic high. The following tables show the logic for these modes.

MODE	xIN1	xIN2	xOUT1	xOUT2	FUNCTION (DC MOTOR)
0	0	0	Z	Z	Coast
0	0	1	L	Н	Reverse
0	1	0	Н	L	Forward
0	1	1	L	L	Brake

Table 2. IN/IN MODE

Table 3. PHASE/ENABLE MODE

MODE	XENABLE	xPHASE	xOUT1	xOUT2	FUNCTION (DC MOTOR)
1	0	Х	L	L	Brake
1	1	1	L	Н	Reverse
1	1	0	Н	L	Forward

Sleep Mode

If the nSLEEP pin is brought to a logic-low state, the DRV8836 will enter a low-power sleep mode. In this state all unnecessary internal circuitry is powered down.

Power Supplies and Input Pins

There is a weak pulldown resistor (approximately 100 k Ω) to ground on the input pins.

Protection Circuits

The DRV8836 is fully protected against undervoltage, overcurrent and overtemperature events.

Overcurrent Protection (OCP)

An analog current limit circuit on each FET limits the current through the FET by removing the gate drive. If this analog current limit persists for longer than the OCP time, all FETs in the H-bridge will be disabled. After approximately 1 ms, the bridge will be re-enabled automatically.

Overcurrent conditions on both high and low side devices; i.e., a short to ground, supply, or across the motor winding will all result in an overcurrent shutdown.

Thermal Shutdown (TSD)

If the die temperature exceeds safe limits, all FETs in the H-bridge will be disabled. Once the die temperature has fallen to a safe level operation will automatically resume.

Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO)

If at any time the voltage on the VCC pins falls below the undervoltage lockout threshold voltage, all circuitry in the device will be disabled, and internal logic will be reset. Operation will resume when VCC rises above the UVLO threshold.

ZHCS379B-MARCH 2012-REVISED JANUARY 2014



www.ti.com.cn

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Parallel Mode

The two H-bridges in the DRV8836 can be connected in parallel for double the current of a single H-bridge. The drawing below shows the connections.

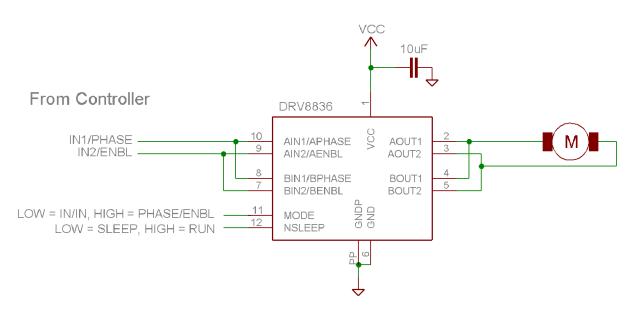


Figure 1. Parallel Mode Connections



THERMAL INFORMATION

Thermal Protection

The DRV8836 has thermal shutdown (TSD) as described above. If the die temperature exceeds approximately 150°C, the device will be disabled until the temperature drops to a safe level.

Any tendency of the device to enter thermal shutdown is an indication of either excessive power dissipation, insufficient heatsinking, or too high an ambient temperature.

Power Dissipation

Power dissipation in the DRV8836 is dominated by the power dissipated in the output FET resistance, or RDS(ON). Average power dissipation when running both H-bridges can be roughly estimated by:

 $P_{TOT} = 2 \times R_{DS(ON)} \times (I_{OUT(RMS)})^2$

(1)

Where P_{TOT} is the total power dissipation, $R_{DS(ON)}$ is the resistance of the HS plus LS FETs, and $I_{OUT(RMS)}$ is the RMS output current being applied to each winding. $I_{OUT(RMS)}$ is equal to the approximately 0.7x the full-scale output current setting. The factor of 2 comes from the fact that there are two H-bridges.

The maximum amount of power that can be dissipated in the device is dependent on ambient temperature and heatsinking.

Note that $R_{DS(ON)}$ increases with temperature, so as the device heats, the power dissipation increases. This must be taken into consideration when sizing the heatsink.

Heatsinking

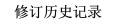
The PowerPAD[™] package uses an exposed pad to remove heat from the device. For proper operation, this pad must be thermally connected to copper on the PCB to dissipate heat. On a multi-layer PCB with a ground plane, this can be accomplished by adding a number of vias to connect the thermal pad to the ground plane. On PCBs without internal planes, copper area can be added on either side of the PCB to dissipate heat. If the copper area is on the opposite side of the PCB from the device, thermal vias are used to transfer the heat between top and bottom layers.

For details about how to design the PCB, refer to TI application report SLMA002, " PowerPAD[™] Thermally Enhanced Package" and TI application brief SLMA004, " PowerPAD[™] Made Easy", available at www.ti.com.

In general, the more copper area that can be provided, the more power can be dissipated.

10

ZHCS379B-MARCH 2012-REVISED JANUARY 2014



Cł	nanges from Revision A (September 2013) to Revision B	Page
•	Added t _{OCR} and t _{DEAD} parameters to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	5

www.ti.com.cn



PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
DRV8836DSSR	ACTIVE	WSON	DSS	12	3000	RoHS & Green	(6) NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	836	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer:The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

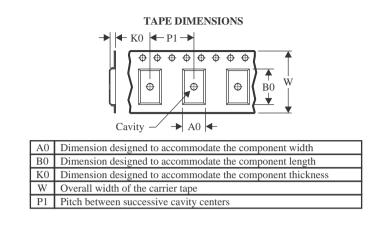


Texas

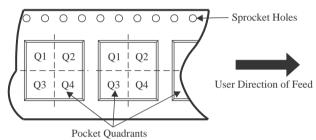
NSTRUMENTS

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are r	nominal
-----------------------	---------

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
DRV8836DSSR	WSON	DSS	12	3000	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.25	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q1



www.ti.com

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

9-Aug-2022



*All dimensions are nominal

Device		Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
DRV8836DSS	R	WSON	DSS	12	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0

Pack Materials-Page 2

GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

WSON - 0.8 mm max height PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



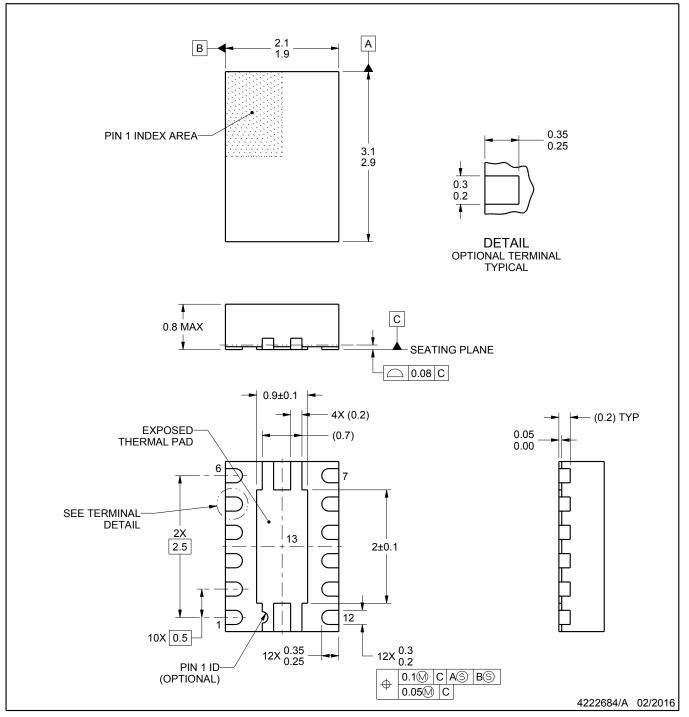
DSS0012A



PACKAGE OUTLINE

WSON - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

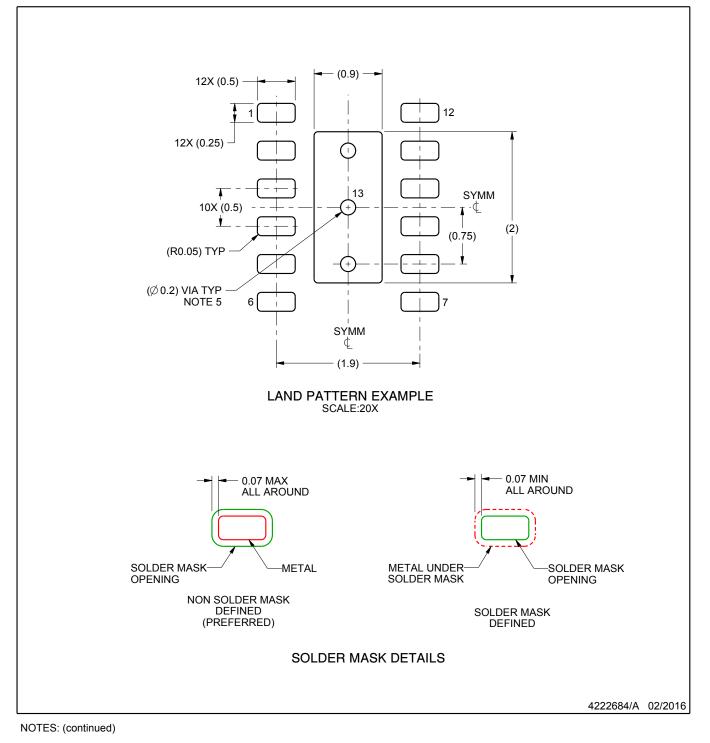


DSS0012A

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

WSON - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



 This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).

5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If some or all are implemented, recommended via locations are shown. It is recommended that vias located under solder paste be filled, plugged or tented.

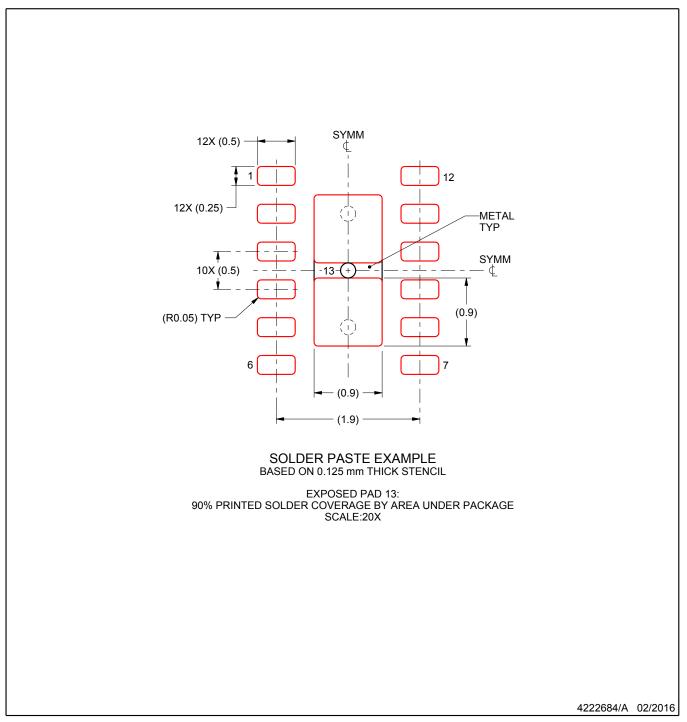


DSS0012A

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

WSON - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



重要声明和免责声明

TI"按原样"提供技术和可靠性数据(包括数据表)、设计资源(包括参考设计)、应用或其他设计建议、网络工具、安全信息和其他资源, 不保证没有瑕疵且不做出任何明示或暗示的担保,包括但不限于对适销性、某特定用途方面的适用性或不侵犯任何第三方知识产权的暗示担 保。

这些资源可供使用 TI 产品进行设计的熟练开发人员使用。您将自行承担以下全部责任:(1) 针对您的应用选择合适的 TI 产品,(2) 设计、验 证并测试您的应用,(3) 确保您的应用满足相应标准以及任何其他功能安全、信息安全、监管或其他要求。

这些资源如有变更,恕不另行通知。TI 授权您仅可将这些资源用于研发本资源所述的 TI 产品的应用。严禁对这些资源进行其他复制或展示。 您无权使用任何其他 TI 知识产权或任何第三方知识产权。您应全额赔偿因在这些资源的使用中对 TI 及其代表造成的任何索赔、损害、成 本、损失和债务,TI 对此概不负责。

TI 提供的产品受 TI 的销售条款或 ti.com 上其他适用条款/TI 产品随附的其他适用条款的约束。TI 提供这些资源并不会扩展或以其他方式更改 TI 针对 TI 产品发布的适用的担保或担保免责声明。

TI 反对并拒绝您可能提出的任何其他或不同的条款。

邮寄地址:Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2022,德州仪器 (TI) 公司 单击下面可查看定价,库存,交付和生命周期等信息

>>TI(德州仪器)