

TPS7A19

SBVS256A -MAY 2016-REVISED SEPTEMBER 2016

TPS7A19

40-V, 450-mA, Wide V_{IN}, Low I_Q, Low-Dropout Voltage Regulator with Power Good

Features

Wide Input Voltage Range: 4 V to 40 V Adjustable Output Voltage: 1.5 V to 18 V

Output Current: 450 mA

Low Quiescent Current (I_O): 15 μA

Low Dropout Voltage: 450 mV (max) at 400 mA

Power Good with Programmable Delay

Thermal Shutdown and Overcurrent Protection

Stable with Ceramic Output Capacitors:

- 10 μF to 500 μF for V_{OUT} ≥ 2.5 V

- 22 µF to 500 µF for V_{OUT} < 2.5 V

Operating Temperature: -40°C to +125°C Package: 3-mm x 3-mm SON-8

Applications

- Smart Grid Infrastructure and Metering
- **Power Tools**
- **Motor Drives**
- Access Control Systems
- Test and Measurement

3 Description

The TPS7A19 is a low-dropout linear regulator (LDO) with a wide input voltage (V_{IN}) range up to 40 V, capable of sourcing high output current (IOUT) up to 450 mA. This voltage regulator is ideal for generating a low-voltage supply from wide input-voltage rails. Not only does the TPS7A19 supply a well-regulated voltage rail, but the device also withstands and maintains regulation during voltage transients by acting as a simple surge protection circuit.

The TPS7A19 consumes only 15 µA of quiescent current (I_O) at light loads, thereby lowering the power consumption for always-on or battery-powered applications.

The TPS7A19 features integrated thermal shutdown and overcurrent protection. The TPS7A19 also offers a power good output (PG) with a programmable delay that indicates when the output voltage is in regulation. This feature is useful for power-rail sequencing functions.

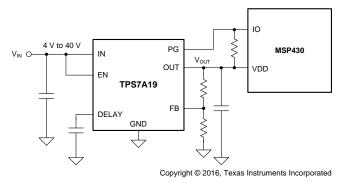
This LDO is available in a small, 3-mm x 3-mm, thermally-enhanced, 8-pin SON package.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS7A19	SON (8)	3.00 mm × 3.00 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the package option addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Typical Application Schematic



Quiescent Current vs Input Voltage at $V_{OUT} = 1.5 V$

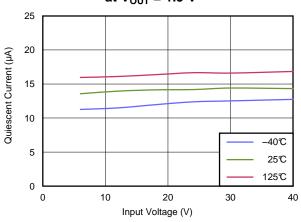




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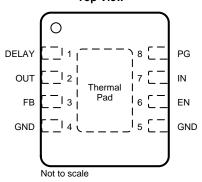
4 Revision History

Cł	nanges from Original (May 2016) to Revision A	Pag
•	Changed from product preview to production data	



5 Pin Configuration and Functions

DRB Package 8-Pin SON With Thermal Pad Top View



Pin Functions

PIN		1/0	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION
DELAY	1		Delay pin. Connect a capacitor to GND to adjust the PG delay time; leave open if the PG function is not needed.
EN 6 I Enable pin. This pin turns the regulator on or off. If $V_{EN} \ge V_{EN_HI}$, the regulator is enabled. If $V_{EN} \le V_{EN_HI}$, the regulator is enabled.		Enable pin. This pin turns the regulator on or off. If $V_{EN} \ge V_{EN_HI}$, the regulator is enabled. If $V_{EN} \le V_{EN_LO}$, the regulator is disabled. If not used, the EN pin can be connected to IN.	
FB	3	I	Feedback pin. The feedback pin is the input to the control-loop error amplifier.
GND	4,5	_	Ground pin.
IN	7	I	Regulator input supply pin.
OUT 2		0	Regulator output pin. When the output voltage is larger than 2.5 V, connect a 10- μ F to 500- μ F ceramic capacitor with an equivalent series resistance (ESR) from 0.001 to 20 Ω to assure stability. When the output voltage is from 1.5 V to 2.5 V, the minimum, stable capacitor value should be 22 μ F.
PG 8		0	Power good. This open-drain pin must be connected to V _{OUT} through an external resistor. PG is pulled low when the output voltage goes below threshold.
Thermal pad		_	Solder to printed-circuit-board (PCB) to enhance thermal performance. Although the thermal pad can be left floating, connect the thermal pad to the ground plane for optimal performance.

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6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range –40°C to 125°C(unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
	Input	IN, EN	-0.3	45	
Voltage ⁽²⁾		OUT ⁽³⁾	-0.3	$V_{IN} + 0.3$	V
voltage (=/	Output	DELAY ⁽⁴⁾	-0.3	45	V
		FB, PG	-0.3	22	
Current Peak output		·		Internally limited	
Tomporotura	Operating junction	Operating junction, T _J		150	°C
Temperature	Storage, T _{stg}			150	

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
	Flootroototic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	±2000	\/
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 (2)	±500	V

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{IN}	Input supply voltage	4	40	V
V_{OUT}	Output voltage	1.5	18	V
V _{EN}	Enable voltage	0	40	V
TJ	Operating junction temperature	-40	125	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

		TPS7A19	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DRB (VSON)	UNIT
		8 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	48	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	56.3	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	22.4	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.9	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	22.5	°C/W
R ₀ JC(bot)	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	4.6	°C/W

(1) For information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

Product Folder Links: *TPS7A19*Downloaded From Oneyac.com

²⁾ All voltage values are with respect to GND.

⁽³⁾ The absolute maximum rating is VIN + 0.3 V or 22 V, whichever is lower.

⁽⁴⁾ The voltage at the DELAY pin must be lower than the V_{IN} voltage.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



6.5 Electrical Characteristics

at $T_J = -40$ °C to +125°C, $V_{IN} = 14$ V , $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $I_{OUT} = 200$ μ A, $C_{IN} = 22$ μ F, and $C_{OUT} = 47$ μ F (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDIT	TIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY V	OLTAGE AND CURRENT						
		$V_{OUT} \le 3.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA to } 450$	mA	4		40	V
V_{IN}	Input voltage	$V_{OUT} \ge 3.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA to } 450$		V _{OUT} + 0.5		40	V
	0:	$V_{IN} = 4 \text{ V to } 40 \text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 1.5 \text{ V}, V_{I}$	_{EN} = 5 V, I _{OUT} = 0.2 mA		15	25	
IQ	Quiescent current	V _{IN} = 18.5 V to 40 V, V _{OUT} = 18 V,	V _{EN} = 5 V, I _{OUT} = 0.2 mA		25	40	μΑ
I _{SHDN}	Shutdown current	V _{EN} = 0 V, I _{OUT} = 0 mA , V _{IN} = 18 V	V, V _{OUT} = 1.5 V			4	μA
V _{FB}	Feedback voltage	Reference voltage for FB pin		1.208	1.233	1.258	V
V_{IN_UVLO}	Undervoltage lockout	Ramp V _{IN} down until output is turn	ed off			2.6	V
UVLO _{Hys}	Undervoltage detection hysteresis	V _{IN} rising			1		V
ENABLE II	NPUT (EN)			1		<u> </u>	
V _{EN LO}	Logic input low level			0		0.4	V
V _{EN_HI}	Logic input high level			1.7			V
I _{EN}	EN pin current	V _{EN} = 40 V , V _{IN} = 14 V				1	μA
REGULAT	ED OUTPUT						
V _{OUT}	Regulated output ⁽¹⁾	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1 \text{ V to } 40 \text{ V and } V_{IN} \ge I_{OUT} = 100 \mu\text{A to } 450 \text{ mA}$	2 4 V,	-2%		2%	
$\Delta V_{O(\Delta VI)}$	Line regulation	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} + 1 V to 40 V and V _{IN} ≥	2 4 V, I _{OUT} = 100 mA			10	mV
$\Delta V_{O(\Delta IL)}$	Load regulation	I _{OUT} = 1 mA to 450 mA, V _{IN} = V _{OUT}	_T + 1 V and V _{IN} ≥ 4 V			10	mV
V	Description	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$, $I_{OUT} = 400 \text{ mA}$			240	450	\/
V_{DO}	Dropout voltage	V _{IN} – V _{OUT} , I _{OUT} = 200 mA			160	300	mV
I _{OUT}	Output current	V _{OUT} in regulation		0		450	mA
-	Outside successful limite	V _{OUT} short to ground		140		360	A
I _{CL}	Output current-limit	$V_{OUT} = V_{OUT}$ nominal × 0.9		470		850	mA
DCDD	Dower august ripple rejection (2)	1 100 1 0 22 5	f = 100 Hz		60		٩D
PSRR	Power-supply ripple rejection ⁽²⁾	$I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}, C_{OUT} = 22 \mu\text{F}$	f = 100 kHz		40		dB
PG							
V_{OL}	PG output low voltage	I _{OL} = 0.5 mA				0.4	V
I _{OH}	PG leakage current	PG pulled to V_{OUT} with 10-k Ω resist	tor			1	μΑ
$V_{T(PG)}$	Power good threshold	V _{OUT} power-up		89.6	91.6	93.6	% of V_{OUT}
V _{hys}	Hysteresis	V _{OUT} power-down			2		% of V _{OUT}
PG DELAY	′						
I _{Delay}	Delay capacitor charging current			5	9.5	14	μΑ
$V_{T(PG_DLY)}$	Delay pin comparator threshold voltage				1		V
TEMPERA	TURE						
T _{sd}	Junction shutdown temperature	Temperature increasing			175		°C
T _{hys}	Hysteresis of thermal shutdown				24		°C

Accuracy specification does not apply on any application condition that exceeds the power dissipation limit of the package under test.
 External resistor divider variation is not considered for accuracy measurement.

6.6 Timing Requirements

3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT		
TIMING	FOR PG							
t _{PG_DLY}	Power good delay	C = delay-capacitor value capacitance = 100 nF ⁽¹⁾		10.5		ms		
t _{PG-fixed}	Power good delay	No capacitor on pin		325		μs		
t _{PG(HL)}	PG falling propagation delay	V _{OUT} low to PG low		180		μs		

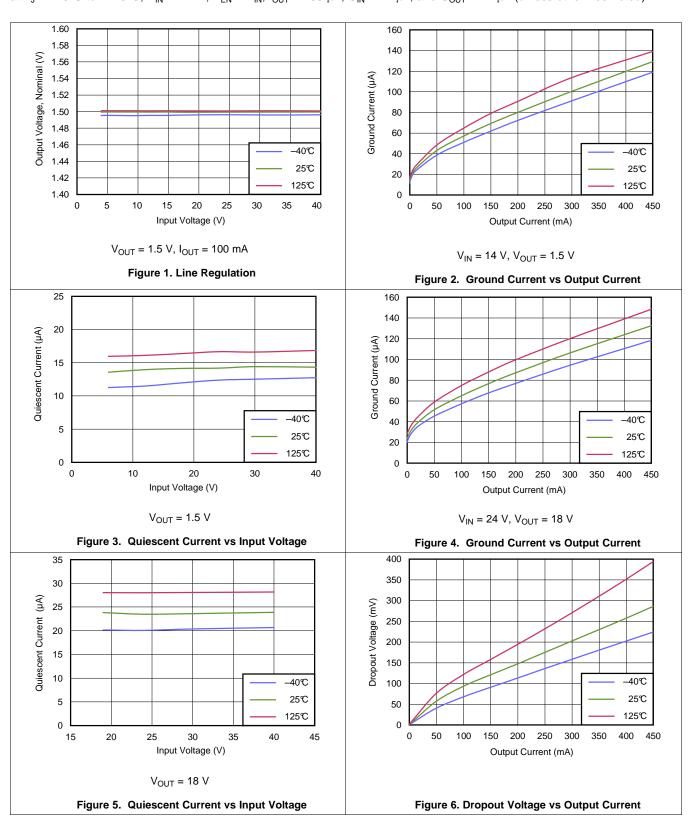
Information only; not tested in production. The equation is based on: $(C \times 1) / (9.5 \times 10^{-6}) = t_{PG_DLY}$, where C = delay capacitor value capacitance; range = 100 pF to 500 nF.

⁽²⁾ Design information; not tested, specified by characterization.

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

6.7 Typical Characteristics

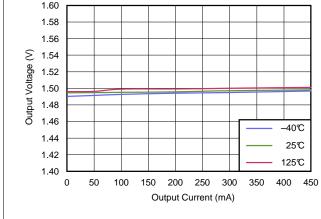
at $T_J = -40$ °C to +125°C, $V_{IN} = 14$ V , $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $I_{OUT} = 200$ μ A, $C_{IN} = 22$ μ F, and $C_{OUT} = 47$ μ F (unless otherwise noted)

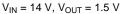


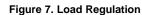


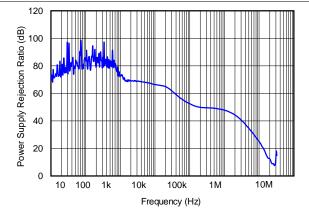
Typical Characteristics (continued)

at $T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +125°C, $V_{IN} = 14~\text{V}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $I_{OUT} = 200~\mu\text{A}$, $C_{IN} = 22~\mu\text{F}$, and $C_{OUT} = 47~\mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise noted)









$$V_{OUT}$$
 = 5 V, C_{OUT} = 47 μF , I_{OUT} = 10 mA



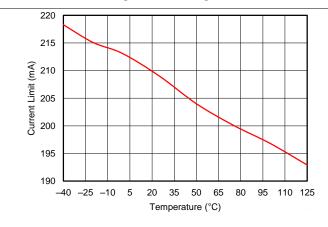


Figure 9. Short to GND Current-Limit vs Temperature

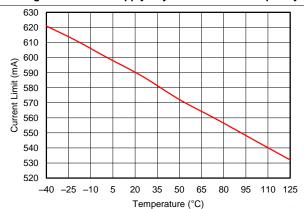


Figure 10. Current-Limit vs Temperature

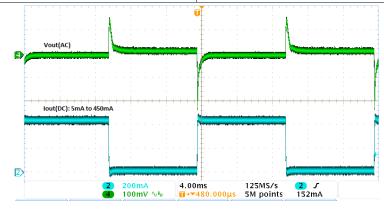


Figure 11. Load Transient 10-µF Ceramic Output Capacitor

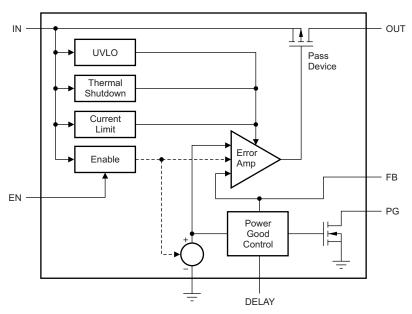


7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The TPS7A19 is a low-dropout linear regulator (LDO) combined with enable and power good functions. The power good pin initializes when the output voltage, V_{OUT} , exceeds $V_{T(PG)}$. The power good delay is a function of the value set by an external capacitor on the DELAY pin before releasing the PG pin high.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



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7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Enable Pin (EN)

The enable pin is a high-voltage-tolerant pin. A logic-high input on EN actives the device and turns on the LDO. For self-bias applications, connect this input to the IN pin.

7.3.2 Regulated Output Pin (OUT)

The OUT pin is the regulated output based on the required voltage. The output is protected by internal current limiting. During initial power up, the LDO has a soft start feature incorporated to control the initial current through the pass element.

In the event that the LDO drops out of regulation, the output tracks the input minus a voltage drop based on the load current. When the input voltage drops below the UVLO threshold, the LDO shuts down until the input voltage exceeds the minimum start-up level.

7.3.3 Power-Good Pin (PG)

The power good pin is an output with an external pullup resistor to the regulated supply. The output remains low until the regulated V_{OUT} exceeds approximately 91.6% of the set value, and the power good delay has expired. The regulated output falling below the 89.6% level asserts this output low after a short deglitch time of approximately 180 μ s (typical).



Feature Description (continued)

7.3.4 Delay Timer Pin (DELAY)

An external capacitor on the DELAY pin sets the timer delay before the PG pin is asserted high. The constant output current charges an external capacitor until the voltage exceeds a threshold that trips an internal comparator. If this pin is open, the default delay time is 325 µs (typical).

The pulse delay time, t_{PG_DLY} , is defined with the charge time of an external capacitor DELAY, as shown in Equation 1.

$$t_{PG_DLY} = \left(\frac{C_{DELAY} \times 1 \text{ V}}{9.5 \text{ } \mu\text{A}}\right) + 325 \text{ } \mu\text{S}$$
(1)

The PG pin initializes when V_{OUT} exceeds 91.6% of the programmed value. The delay is a function of the value set by an external capacitor on the DELAY pin before the PG pin is released high.

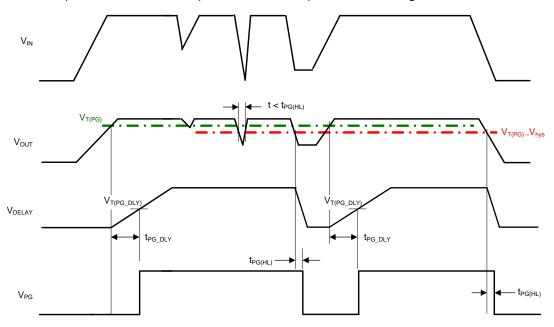


Figure 12. Conditions to Activate PG

7.3.5 Adjustable Output Voltage (ADJ for TPS7A1901)

An output voltage between 1.5 V and 18 V can be selected by using the external resistor dividers. Use Equation 2 to calculate the output voltage, where V_{FB} = 1.233 V. In order to avoid a large leakage current and to prevent a divider error, the value of (R1 + R2) must between 10 k Ω and 100 k Ω .

$$V_{OUT} = V_{FB} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) \tag{2}$$

7.3.6 Undervoltage Shutdown

The TPS7A19 family of devices has an internally-fixed, undervoltage-shutdown threshold. Undervoltage shutdown activates when the input voltage on V_{IN} drops below $V_{\text{IN}_\text{UVLO}}$. This activation makes sure that the regulator is not latched in an unknown state when there is a low-input supply voltage. If the input voltage has a negative transient that drops below the UVLO threshold and recovers, the regulator shuts down and powers up, similar to a typical power-up sequence when the input voltage exceeds the required levels.



Feature Description (continued)

7.3.7 Thermal Shutdown

The TPS7A19 incorporates a thermal shutdown (TSD) circuit as protection from overheating. For continuous standard operation, the junction temperature must not exceed the TSD trip point. If the junction temperature exceeds the TSD trip point, the output turns off. When the junction temperature falls below the TSD trip point minus the TSD hysteresis value, the output turns on again.

Thermal protection disables the output when the junction temperature rises to approximately 175°C, and allows the device to cool. When the junction temperature cools to approximately 150°C, the output circuitry enables. Based on power dissipation, thermal resistance, and ambient temperature, the thermal protection circuit may cycle on and off. This cycling limits the temperature of the regulator, and protects the device from damage as a result of overheating.

Although the internal protection circuitry of the TPS7A19 device is designed to protect against overload conditions, the circuitry is not intended to replace proper heat-sink methods. Continuously running the TPS7A19 device into thermal shutdown degrades device reliability.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 Operation With $V_{IN} < 4 \text{ V}$

The devices operate with input voltages above 4 V. The devices do not operate at input voltages below the actual UVLO voltage.

7.4.2 Operation With EN Control

The enable rising edge threshold voltage is 1.7 V, maximum. When the EN pin is held above 1.7 V, and the input voltage is greater than the UVLO rising voltage, the device enables.

The enable falling edge is 0.4 V, minimum. When the EN pin is held below 0.4 V, the device is disabled. The quiescent current is reduced in this state.

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8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

Figure 13 shows a typical application circuit for the TPS7A1901. Based on the end-application, different values of external components can be used. Some applications may require a larger output capacitor during fast load steps in order to prevent a PG low from occurring. Use a low-ESR ceramic capacitor with a dielectric of type X5R or X7R for better load transient response.

8.2 Typical Application

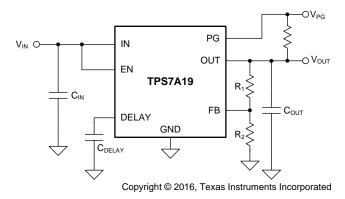


Figure 13. Adjustable Operation

8.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 1.

Table 1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage	12 V, ±10%
Output voltage	3.3 V
Output current	50 mA (max)
PG delay time	1 ms

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process:

- First, make sure that the combination of maximum current, maximum ambient temperature, maximum input voltage, and minimum output voltage does not exceed the maximum operating condition of T_J = 125°C. The Power Dissipation and Thermal Considerations section describes how to calculate the maximum ambient temperature and power dissipation.
- 2. Next, set the feedback resistors to give the desired output voltage. See Equation 2 for the V_{OUT} relationship to R1 and R2. A good nominal value for R2 is 10 k Ω .
- Then, calculate the required C_{DELAY} capacitor to achieve the desired PG delay time using Equation 1. For 1
 ms of delay, the nearest standard value capacitor is 10 nF.
- 4. Finally, select an output capacitor with a total effective capacitance between 22 μ F and 500 μ F, a sufficient voltage rating, and an ESR below 20 Ω . Higher capacitance gives improved transient response, but results in higher inrush current at startup.

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8.2.2.1 Power Dissipation and Thermal Considerations

Device power dissipation is calculated with Equation 3.

$$P_D = I_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) + I_Q \times V_{IN}$$

where

- P_D = continuous power dissipation
- I_{OUT} = output current
- V_{IN} = input voltage

As $I_Q \ll I_{OUT}$, the term $I_Q \times V_{IN}$ in Equation 3 can be ignored.

For a device under operation at a given ambient air temperature (T_A) , calculate the junction temperature (T_J) with Equation 4.

$$T_J = T_A + (\theta_{JA} \times P_D)$$

where

•
$$\theta_{JA}$$
 = junction-to-ambient air thermal impedance (4)

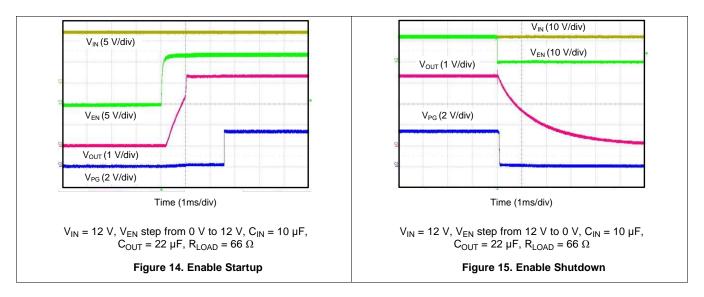
A rise in junction temperature because of power dissipation can be calculated with Equation 5.

$$\Delta T = T_{J} - T_{A} = (\theta_{JA} \times P_{D})$$
(5)

For a given maximum junction temperature (T_{JM}) , the maximum ambient air temperature (T_{AM}) at which the device can operate is calculated with Equation 6.

$$T_{AM} = T_{JM} - (\theta_{JA} \times P_{D}) \tag{6}$$

8.2.3 Application Curves





9 Power Supply Recommendations

The device operates from an input voltage supply range between 4 V and 40 V. This input supply must be well regulated. If the input supply is located more than a few inches from the TPS7A19 device, add an electrolytic capacitor with a value of $47 \, \mu F$ and a ceramic bypass capacitor at the input.

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

- To improve ac performance such as PSRR, output noise, and transient response, design the board with separate ground planes for V_{IN} and V_{OUT}, with each ground plane connected only at the GND pin of the device. In addition, connect the ground connection for the output capacitor directly to the GND pin of the device.
- Minimize equivalent series inductance (ESL) and equivalent series resistance (ESR) in order to maximize
 performance and stability. Place every capacitor as close to the device as possible, and on the same side of
 the PCB as the regulator.
- Do not place any of the capacitors on the opposite side of the PCB from where the regulator is installed. The use of vias and long traces are strongly discouraged because of the negative impact on system performance. Vias and long traces can also cause instability.
- If possible, and to maximize the performance listed in this data sheet, use the same layout pattern used for the TPS7A19 evaluation module, TPS7A1901EVM-760 (SBVU031).

10.2 Layout Example

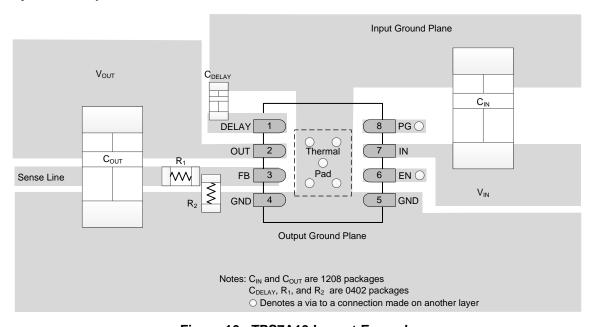


Figure 16. TPS7A19 Layout Example



11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Device Support

11.1.1 Development Support

11.1.1.1 Evaluation Modules

An evaluation module (EVM) is available to assist in the initial circuit performance evaluation using the TPS7A19. The summary information for this fixture is shown in Table 2.

Table 2. Evaluation Modules

NAME	EVM FOLDER
TPS7A19 40-V, 450-mA, High-Voltage, Ultra-Low IQ Low-Dropout Regulator Evaluation Module	TPS7A1901EVM-760

11.1.1.2 Spice Models

Computer simulation of circuit performance using SPICE is often useful when analyzing the performance of analog circuits and systems. A SPICE model for the TPS7A19 is available through the TPS7A19 product folder under the tools and software tab.

11.1.2 Device Nomenclature

Table 3. Ordering Information⁽¹⁾

PRODUCT	DESCRIPTION			
TPS7A19 XXYYYZ	XX is the nominal output voltage option; 01 for adjustable. YYY is the package designator. Z is the package quantity.			

⁽¹⁾ For the most current package and ordering information see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the device product folder at www.ti.com.

11.2 Documentation Support

11.2.1 Related Documentation

TPS7A1901EVM-760 Evaluation Module User's Guide (SBVU031)

11.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

11.4 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community T's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.5 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Submit Documentation Feedback

Product Folder Links: TPS7A19



11.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

11.7 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

Product Folder Links: TPS7A19

Downloaded From Oneyac.com

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM



10-Dec-2020

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS7A1901DRBR	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	A1901	Samples
TPS7A1901DRBT	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	A1901	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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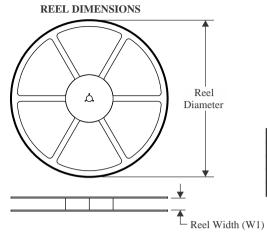
10-Dec-2020





www.ti.com 20-Apr-2023

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS7A1901DRBR	SON	DRB	8	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS7A1901DRBR	SON	DRB	8	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS7A1901DRBT	SON	DRB	8	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS7A1901DRBT	SON	DRB	8	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2



www.ti.com 20-Apr-2023



*All dimensions are nominal

7 till dillitoriolorio di o mominar							
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS7A1901DRBR	SON	DRB	8	3000	346.0	346.0	33.0
TPS7A1901DRBR	SON	DRB	8	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TPS7A1901DRBT	SON	DRB	8	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS7A1901DRBT	SON	DRB	8	250	210.0	185.0	35.0



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

4203482/L





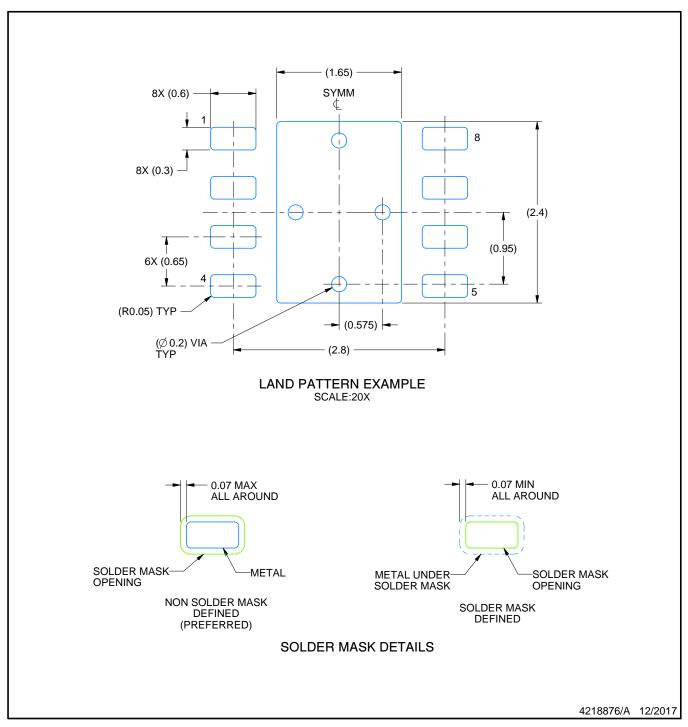
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD

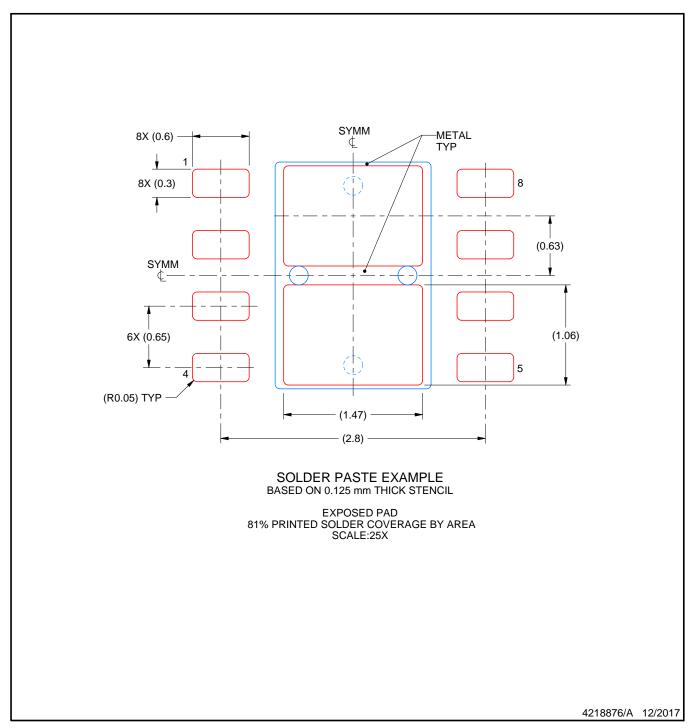


NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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