

## Ultra Small Voltage Detector with High Precision Delay Circuit and Manual Reset Function

## ■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

XC6127 series is ultra small highly accurate voltage detector with delay circuit built-in.

The device includes a highly accurate reference voltage source, manufactured using CMOS process technology and laser trimming technologies, it maintains high accuracy, low power consumption, and accurate releases delay time over the full operation temperature range.

The release delay time periods are internally set in a range from 50ms to 800ms.

Moreover, with the manual reset function, reset can be asserted at any time.

The device is available in both CMOS and N-channel open drain output configurations. Also detect logic is available in both RESETB (Active Low) and RESET (Active High).

Ultra small package USPN-4 is ideally suited for small design of portable devices and high densely mounting applications. The conventional packages SSOT-24, SOT-25 is also available for upper compatible replacements.

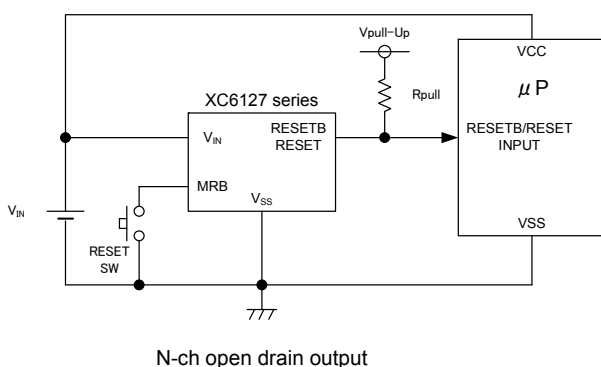
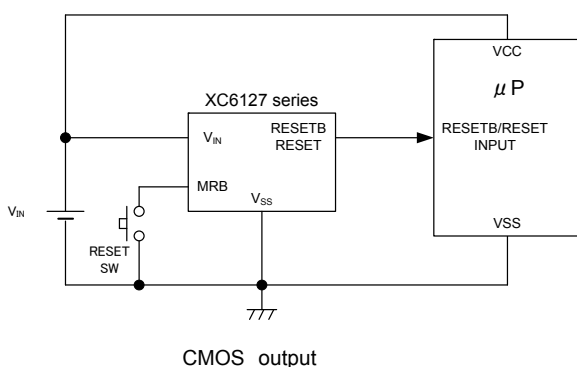
## ■ APPLICATIONS

- Microprocessor logic reset circuitry
- System battery life and charge voltage monitors
- Memory battery back-up circuits
- Power-on reset circuits
- Power failure Detection
- Delay circuit

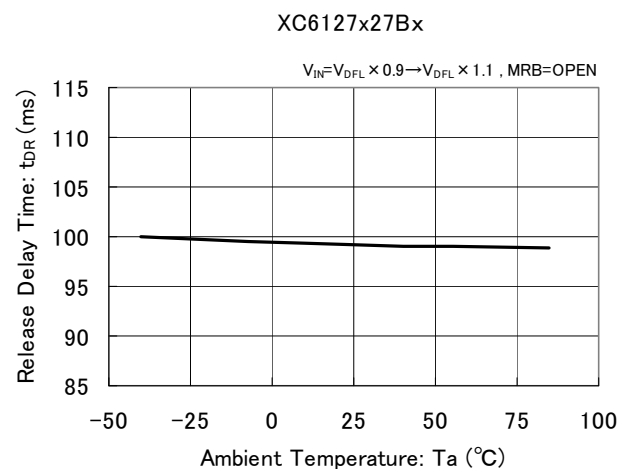
## ■ FEATURES

<b>High Accuracy</b>	:	$\pm 0.8\%$ (25°C)
<b>Temperature Characteristics</b>	:	$\pm 50\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Low Power Consumption</b>	:	0.6 $\mu\text{A}$ TYP. (Detect: $V_{DF}=1.8\text{V}$ , $V_{IN}=1.62\text{V}$ ) 0.7 $\mu\text{A}$ TYP. (Release: $V_{DF}=1.8\text{V}$ , $V_{IN}=1.98\text{V}$ )
<b>Operating Voltage Range</b>	:	0.7V~6.0V
<b>Detect Voltage Range</b>	:	1.5V~5.5V (0.1V increments)
<b>Manual Reset Input</b>	:	MRB Pin (Built-in Pull-up resistance)
<b>Output Configuration</b>	:	N-channel open drain or CMOS
<b>Output Logic</b>	:	RESETB (Active Low) RESET (Active High)
<b>Release Delay Time</b>	:	50ms/100ms/200ms/400ms/800ms $\pm 15\%$
<b>Operating Ambient Temperature</b>	:	-40°C ~ +85°C
<b>Packages</b>	:	USPN-4, SSOT-24, SOT-25
<b>Environmentally Friendly</b>	:	EU RoHS Compliant, Pb Free

## ■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

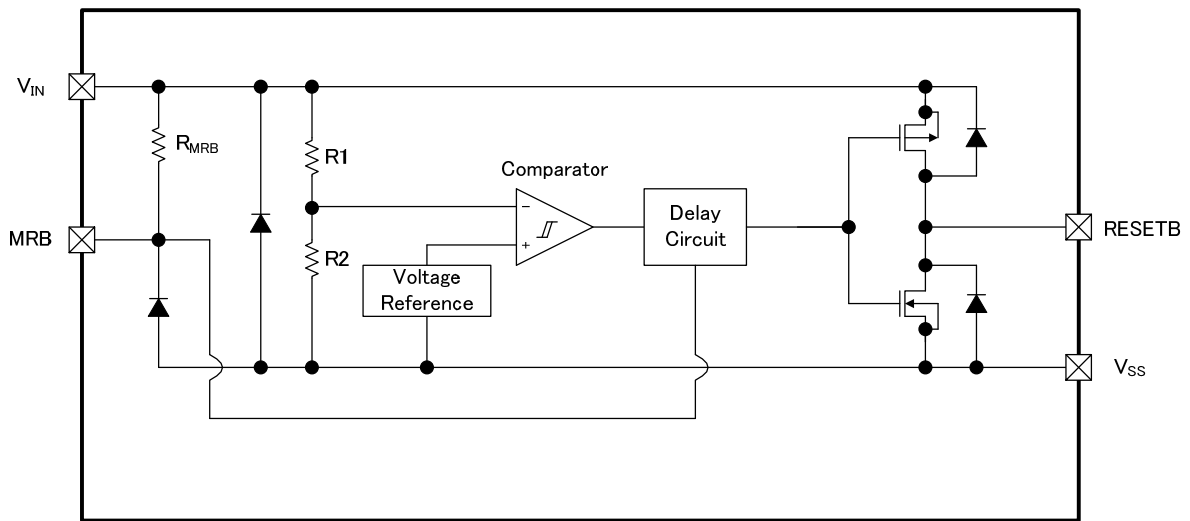


## ■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



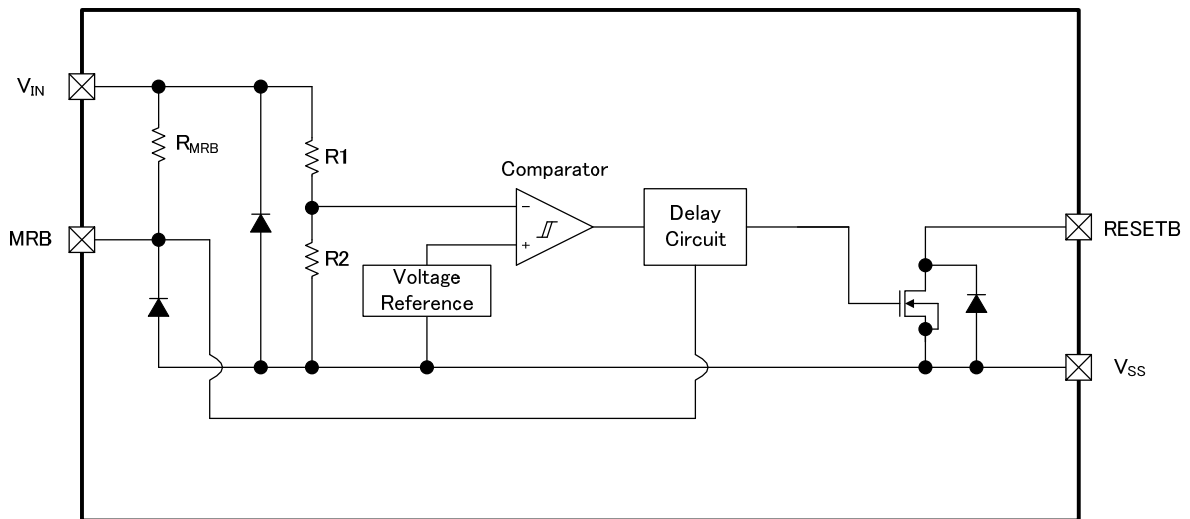
## ■ BLOCK DIAGRAMS

1) XC6127 Series, Type CxxA/CxxB/CxxC/CxxD/CxxE (CMOS Output, Output Logic: Active Low)



\* Diodes inside the circuits are ESD protection diodes and parasitic diodes.

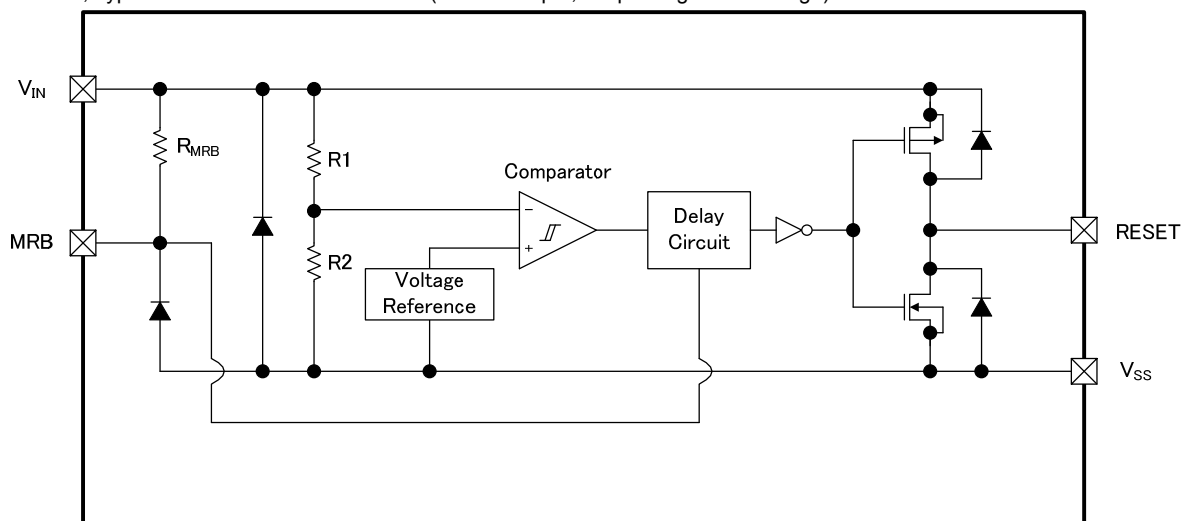
2) XC6127 Series, Type NxxA/NxxB/NxxC/NxxD/NxxE (N-ch Open Drain Output, Output Logic: Active Low)



\* Diodes inside the circuits are ESD protection diodes

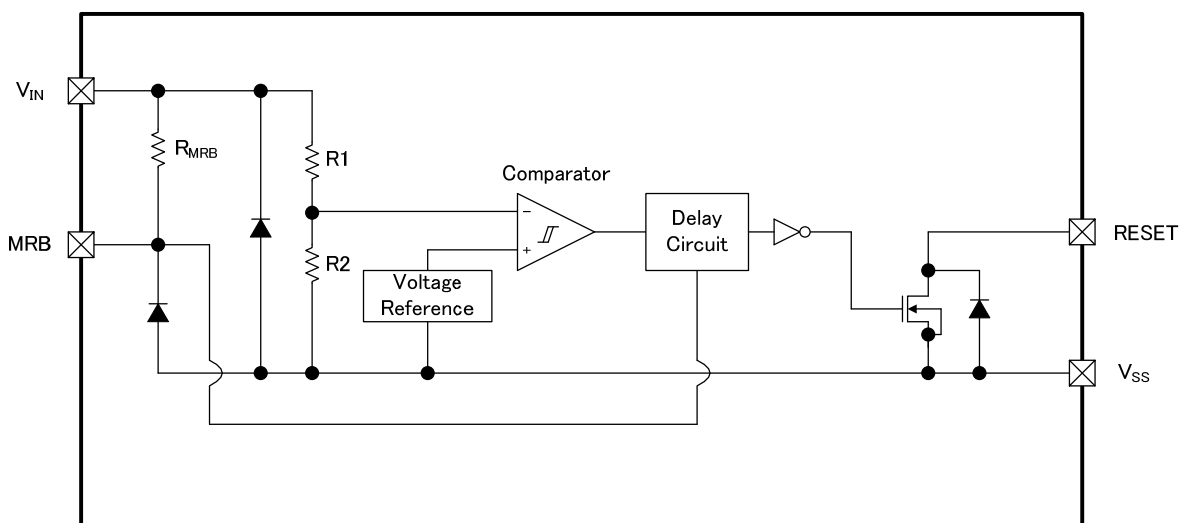
## ■ BLOCK DIAGRAMS (Continued)

3) XC6127 Series, Type CxxF/CxxG/CxxH/CxxJ/CxxK (CMOS Output, Output Logic: Active High)



\* Diodes inside the circuits are ESD protection diodes and parasitic diodes.

4) XC6127 Series, Type NxxF/NxxG/NxxH/NxxJ/NxxK (N-ch Open Drain Output, Output Logic: Active High).



\* Diodes inside the circuits are ESD protection diodes.

## ■ PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

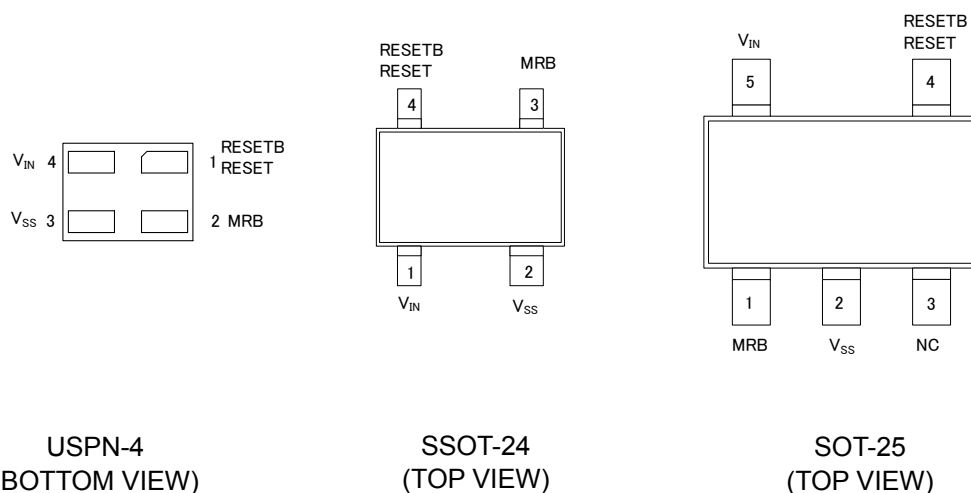
### ● Ordering Information

XC6127①②③④⑤⑥-⑦<sup>(\*)</sup>

DESIGNATOR	ITEM	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
①	Output Configuration	C	CMOS output
		N	N-ch open drain output
②③	Detect Voltage	15~55	e.g. 2.7V → ②=2, ③=7
④	Type	A	Reset Active Low, Release Delay Time: 50ms
		B	Reset Active Low, Release Delay Time: 100ms
		C	Reset Active Low, Release Delay Time: 200ms
		D	Reset Active Low, Release Delay Time: 400ms
		E	Reset Active Low, Release Delay Time: 800ms
		F	Reset Active High, Release Delay Time: 50ms
		G	Reset Active High, Release Delay Time: 100ms
		H	Reset Active High, Release Delay Time: 200ms
		J	Reset Active High, Release Delay Time: 400ms
		K	Reset Active High, Release Delay Time: 800ms
⑤⑥-⑦ <sup>(*)</sup>	Packages (Order Unit)	7R-G	USPN-4 (5,000pcs/Reel)
		MR-G	SOT-25 (3,000pcs/Reel)
		NR-G	SSOT-24 (3,000pcs/Reel)

<sup>(\*)</sup> The "-G" suffix denotes Halogen and Antimony free as well as being fully EU RoHS compliant.

## ■ PIN CONFIGURATION



## ■ PIN ASSIGNMENT

PIN NUMBER			PIN NAME	FUNCTIONS
USPN-4	SSOT-24	SOT-25		
1	4	4	RESETB	Signal Output (Active Low) <sup>(*)</sup>
1	4	4	RESET	Signal Output (Active High) <sup>(*)</sup>
2	3	1	MRB	Manual Reset Input
3	2	2	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
4	1	5	V <sub>IN</sub>	Power Input
-	-	3	NC	No Connection

<sup>(\*)</sup> Type A~E (Refer to the ④ in Ordering Information table)

<sup>(\*)</sup> Type F~K (Refer to the ④ in Ordering Information table)

## ■ FUNCTION CHART

PIN NAME	SIGNAL	STATUS
MRB	L	Forced Reset
	H	Normal Operation
	OPEN	Normal Operation

## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Ta=25°C

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNITS
Input Voltage		V <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3~V <sub>SS</sub> +6.5	V
MRB Input Voltage		V <sub>MRB</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> ~V <sub>SS</sub> +6.5	V
Output Current		(*)	20	mA
Output Voltage	XC6127C (*)	(*)	V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3~V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3 ≤ V <sub>SS</sub> +6.5	V
	XC6127N (*)		V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3~V <sub>SS</sub> +6.5	
Power Dissipation	USPN-4	Pd	100	mW
			600 (40mm x 40mm Standard board) (*)	
	250			
	600 (40mm x 40mm Standard board) (*)			
	150			
SSOT-24	500 (40mm x 40mm Standard board) (*)			
Operating Ambient Temperature		Topr	-40~+85	°C
Storage Temperature		Tstg	-55~+125	°C

Note:

(\*) SYMBOL is different for each product.

I<sub>RBOUT</sub>: Type XC6127CxxA/CxxB/CxxC/CxxD/CxxE, Type XC6127NxxA/NxxB/NxxC/NxxD/NxxE

I<sub>ROUT</sub>: Type XC6127CxxF/CxxG/CxxH/CxxJ/CxxK, Type XC6127NxxF/NxxG/NxxH/NxxJ/NxxK

(\*) CMOS Output

(\*) N-ch Open Drain Output

(\*) SYMBOL is different for each product.

V<sub>RESETB</sub>: Type XC6127CxxA/CxxB/CxxC/CxxD/CxxE, Type XC6127NxxA/NxxB/NxxC/NxxD/NxxE

V<sub>RESET</sub>: Type XC6127CxxF/CxxG/CxxH/CxxJ/CxxK, Type XC6127NxxF/NxxG/NxxH/NxxJ/NxxK

(\*) This is a reference data taken by using the test board. Please see the power dissipation page for the mounting condition.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

●XC6127CxxA/CxxB/CxxC/CxxD/CxxE, XC6127NxxA/NxxB/NxxC/NxxD/NxxE (Output Logic: Active Low)

Ta=25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Operating Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>DF(T)</sub> <sup>(1)</sup> =1.5~5.5V, MRB=OPEN <sup>(2)</sup>	0.7 <sup>(3)</sup>		6.0	V	-
Detect Voltage	V <sub>DFL</sub>	V <sub>DF(T)</sub> =1.5~5.5V, MRB=OPEN	V <sub>DF(T)</sub> ×0.992	V <sub>DF(T)</sub>	V <sub>DF(T)</sub> ×1.008	V	①
			E-1 <sup>(4)</sup>				
Hysteresis Width	V <sub>HYS</sub>		V <sub>DFL</sub> ×0.02	V <sub>DFL</sub> ×0.05	V <sub>DFL</sub> ×0.08	V	①
Supply Current 1	I <sub>SS1</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>DFL</sub> ×0.9, MRB=OPEN	-	0.6	1.4	μA	②
		V <sub>DF(T)</sub> =1.5~1.8V	-	0.7	1.6		
		V <sub>DF(T)</sub> =1.9~3.0V	-	1.0	1.9		
Supply Current 2	I <sub>SS2</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>DFL</sub> ×1.1 <sup>(5)</sup> , MRB=OPEN	-	0.7	1.6	μA	②
		V <sub>DF(T)</sub> =1.5~1.8V	-	0.8	1.9		
		V <sub>DF(T)</sub> =1.9~3.0V	-	1.1	2.35		
RESETB Output Current	I <sub>RBOUT1</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =0.7V, V <sub>RESETB</sub> =0.5V(Nch), MRB=OPEN	0.014	0.2	-	mA	③
		V <sub>IN</sub> =1.0V, V <sub>RESETB</sub> =0.5V(Nch), MRB=OPEN	0.5	1.6	-		
		V <sub>IN</sub> =2.0V <sup>(6)</sup> , V <sub>RESETB</sub> =0.5V(Nch), MRB=OPEN	4.4	7.0	-		
		V <sub>IN</sub> =3.0V <sup>(7)</sup> , V <sub>RESETB</sub> =0.5V(Nch), MRB=OPEN	7.0	9.0	-		
		V <sub>IN</sub> =4.0V <sup>(8)</sup> , V <sub>RESETB</sub> =0.5V(Nch), MRB=OPEN	8.5	11.0	-		
		V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V <sup>(9)</sup> , V <sub>RESETB</sub> =0.5V(Nch), MRB=OPEN	9.0	12.0	-		
	I <sub>RBOUT2</sub> <sup>(10)</sup>	V <sub>IN</sub> =6.0V, V <sub>RESETB</sub> =5.5V(Pch), MRB=OPEN	-	-4.5	-3.0	mA	③
RESETB Leakage Current	CMOS Output(Pch)	I <sub>LEAK</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>DFL</sub> ×0.9, V <sub>RESETB</sub> =0V, MRB=OPEN	-	-0.01	μA	③
	Nch Open Drain Output		V <sub>IN</sub> =6.0V, V <sub>RESETB</sub> =6.0V, MRB=OPEN	-	0.01	0.15	
Temperature Characteristics	ΔV <sub>DFL</sub> / (ΔT <sub>opr</sub> ·V <sub>DFL</sub> )	-40°C ≤ T <sub>opr</sub> ≤ 85°C	-	±50	-	ppm/°C	①
Detect Delay Time <sup>(11)</sup>	t <sub>DF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>DFL</sub> ×1.1→V <sub>DFL</sub> ×0.9 <sup>(11)</sup> , MRB=OPEN	-	-	100	μs	④
Release Delay Time <sup>(12)</sup>	t <sub>DR</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>DFL</sub> ×0.9→V <sub>DFL</sub> ×1.1 <sup>(12)</sup> , MRB=OPEN	E-2 <sup>(13)</sup>			ms	④
MRB "Low" Level Voltage <sup>(14)</sup>	V <sub>MRL</sub>	V <sub>DFL</sub> ×1.1 ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 6.0V	V <sub>SS</sub>	-	0.3	V	⑤
MRB "High" Level Voltage <sup>(14)</sup>	V <sub>MRH</sub>	V <sub>DFL</sub> ×1.1 ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 6.0V	1.0	-	6.0	V	⑤
MRB pull-up Resistance	R <sub>MRB</sub>		0.4	0.8	3.0	MΩ	⑥
Minimum MRB Pulse Width	T <sub>MRB</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =6.0V, Applied pulse to MRB pin,	150	-	-	ns	⑦

**Note:**

(1) V<sub>DF(T)</sub>: Nominal detect voltage

(2) For the N-ch Open Drain, R<sub>pull</sub>=100kΩ, V<sub>pull-Up</sub>=V<sub>IN</sub>

R<sub>pull</sub>: An External Pull-up resistor

V<sub>pull-Up</sub>: Pull-up Voltage

(3) V<sub>IN</sub> voltage for V<sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 0.3V is under detect state.

(4) For the detail value, please refer to "Voltage Table" in P10.

(5) V<sub>DF(T)</sub> = 5.5V where V<sub>IN</sub>=6.0V

(6) For V<sub>DF(T)</sub> > 2.0V products.

(7) For V<sub>DF(T)</sub> > 3.0V products.

(8) For V<sub>DF(T)</sub> > 4.0V products.

(9) For V<sub>DF(T)</sub> > 5.0V products.

(10) For the XC6127C (CMOS output)

(11) A time between V<sub>IN</sub>=V<sub>DFL</sub> and V<sub>RESETB</sub>=V<sub>DFL</sub>×0.45 when V<sub>IN</sub> falls.

(12) A time between V<sub>IN</sub>=V<sub>DFL</sub>+V<sub>HYS</sub> and V<sub>RESETB</sub>=V<sub>DFL</sub>×0.55 when V<sub>IN</sub> rises.

(13) For the detail value, please refer to "Release Delay Time" in P11.

(14) For MRB pin, please do not apply the voltage below V<sub>SS</sub>.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Ta=25°C

●XC6127CxxF/CxxG/CxxH/CxxJ/CxxK, XC6127NxxF/NxxG/NxxH/NxxJ/NxxK (Output Logic: Active High)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Operating Voltage		V <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>DF(T)</sub> <sup>(1)</sup> =1.5~5.5V, MRB=OPEN <sup>(2)</sup>	0.7 <sup>(3)</sup>		6.0	V	—
Detect Voltage		V <sub>DFH</sub>	V <sub>DF(T)</sub> =1.5~5.5V, MRB=OPEN	V <sub>DF(T)</sub> ×0.992	V <sub>DF(T)</sub>	V <sub>DF(T)</sub> ×1.008	V	①
Hysteresis Width		V <sub>HYS</sub>		V <sub>DFH</sub> ×0.02	V <sub>DFH</sub> ×0.05	V <sub>DFH</sub> ×0.08	V	①
Supply Current 1		I <sub>SS1</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>DFH</sub> ×0.9, MRB=OPEN V <sub>DF(T)</sub> =1.5~1.8V V <sub>DF(T)</sub> =1.9~3.0V V <sub>DF(T)</sub> =3.1~5.5V	- - -	0.6 0.7 1.0	1.4 1.6 1.9	μA	②
Supply Current 2		I <sub>SS2</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>DFH</sub> ×1.1 <sup>(5)</sup> , MRB=OPEN V <sub>DF(T)</sub> =1.5~1.8V V <sub>DF(T)</sub> =1.9~3.0V V <sub>DF(T)</sub> =3.1~5.5V	- - -	0.7 0.8 1.1	1.6 1.9 2.35	μA	②
RESET Output Current		I <sub>ROUT1</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =1.65V <sup>(6)</sup> , V <sub>RESET</sub> =0.5V(Nch), MRB=OPEN	0.5	1.6	-	mA	③
			V <sub>IN</sub> =2.0V <sup>(7)</sup> , V <sub>RESET</sub> =0.5V(Nch), MRB=OPEN	4.4	7.0	-		
			V <sub>IN</sub> =3.0V <sup>(8)</sup> , V <sub>RESET</sub> =0.5V(Nch), MRB=OPEN	7.0	9.0	-		
			V <sub>IN</sub> =4.0V <sup>(9)</sup> , V <sub>RESET</sub> =0.5V(Nch), MRB=OPEN	8.5	11.0	-		
			V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V <sup>(10)</sup> , V <sub>RESET</sub> =0.5V(Nch), MRB=OPEN	9.0	12.0	-		
			V <sub>IN</sub> =6.0V, V <sub>RESET</sub> =0.5V(Nch), MRB=OPEN	9.0	12.0	-		
		I <sub>ROUT2</sub> <sup>(11)</sup>	V <sub>IN</sub> =0.7V, V <sub>RESET</sub> =0.2V(Pch), MRB=OPEN	-	-0.07	-0.001	mA	③
			V <sub>IN</sub> =1.0V, V <sub>RESET</sub> =0.5V(Pch), MRB=OPEN	-	-0.4	-0.09		
			V <sub>IN</sub> =2.0V <sup>(12)</sup> , V <sub>RESET</sub> =1.5V(Pch), MRB=OPEN	-	-2.0	-1.3		
			V <sub>IN</sub> =3.0V <sup>(13)</sup> , V <sub>RESET</sub> =2.5V(Pch), MRB=OPEN	-	-3.0	-1.8		
			V <sub>IN</sub> =4.0V <sup>(14)</sup> , V <sub>RESET</sub> =3.5V(Pch), MRB=OPEN	-	-4.0	-2.5		
			V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V <sup>(15)</sup> , V <sub>RESET</sub> =4.5V(Pch), MRB=OPEN	-	-4.5	-3.0		
RESET Leakage Current	CMOS Output (P-ch)	I <sub>LEAK</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =6.0V, V <sub>RESET</sub> =0V, MRB=OPEN	-	-0.01	-	μA	③
	N-ch Open Drain Output		V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>DFH</sub> ×0.9, V <sub>RESET</sub> =6.0V, MRB=OPEN	-	0.01	0.15		
Temperature Characteristics		ΔV <sub>DFH</sub> / (ΔT <sub>opr</sub> ·V <sub>DFH</sub> )	-40°C ≤ T <sub>opr</sub> ≤ 85°C	-	±50	-	ppm/°C	①
Detect Delay Time <sup>(16)</sup>		t <sub>DF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>DFH</sub> ×1.1→V <sub>DFH</sub> ×0.9 <sup>(16)</sup> , MRB=OPEN	-	-	E-3 <sup>(17)</sup>	μs	④
Release Delay Time <sup>(18)</sup>		t <sub>DR</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>DFH</sub> ×0.9→V <sub>DFH</sub> ×1.1 <sup>(18)</sup> , MRB=OPEN	E-2 <sup>(19)</sup>			ms	④
MRB "Low" Level Voltage <sup>(20)</sup>		V <sub>MRL</sub>	V <sub>DFH</sub> ×1.1 ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 6.0V	V <sub>SS</sub>	-	0.3	V	⑤
MRB "High" Level Voltage <sup>(20)</sup>		V <sub>MRLH</sub>	V <sub>DFH</sub> ×1.1 ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 6.0V	1.0	-	6.0	V	⑤
MRB pull-up Resistance		R <sub>MRB</sub>		0.4	0.8	3.0	MΩ	⑥
Minimum MRB Pulse Width		T <sub>MRB</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =6.0V, Applied pulse to MRB pin, 6.0V→0V	150	-	-	ns	⑦



## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

- (\*1)  $V_{DF(T)}$ : Nominal detect voltage
- (\*2) For the N-ch Open Drain,  $R_{pull}=100k\Omega$ ,  $V_{pull-Up}=V_{IN}$   
 $R_{pull}$ : An External Pull-up resistor  
 $V_{pull-Up}$ : Pull-up Voltage
- (\*3)  $V_{IN}$  voltage for  $V_{OUT} \geq 0.4V$  is under detect state.
- (\*4) For the detail value, please refer to "Voltage Table" in P10.
- (\*5)  $V_{DF(T)} = 5.5V$  where  $V_{IN}=6.0V$
- (\*6) For  $V_{DF(T)} = 1.5V$  products.
- (\*7) For  $V_{DF(T)} \leq 1.8V$  products.
- (\*8) For  $V_{DF(T)} \leq 2.7V$  products.
- (\*9) For  $V_{DF(T)} \leq 3.6V$  products.
- (\*10) For  $V_{DF(T)} \leq 4.6V$  products.
- (\*11) For the XC6127C (CMOS output)
- (\*12) For  $V_{DF(T)} > 2.0V$  products.
- (\*13) For  $V_{DF(T)} > 3.0V$  products.
- (\*14) For  $V_{DF(T)} > 4.0V$  products.
- (\*15) For  $V_{DF(T)} > 5.0V$  products.
- (\*16) A time between  $V_{IN}=V_{DFH}$  and  $V_{RESET}=V_{DFH} \times 0.45$  when  $V_{IN}$  falls.
- (\*17) For the detail value, please refer to "Detect Delay Time" in P11.
- (\*18) A time between  $V_{IN}=V_{DFH}+V_{HYS}$  and  $V_{RESET}=V_{DFH} \times 0.55$  when  $V_{IN}$  rises.
- (\*19) For the detail value, please refer to "Release Delay Time" in P11.
- (\*20) For MRB pin, please do not apply the voltage below  $V_{SS}$ .

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Voltage Table 1

NOMINAL DETECT VOLTAGE (V)	DETECT VOLTAGE (V) E-1	
	V <sub>DFL</sub> or V <sub>DFH</sub>	
	MIN.	MAX.
V <sub>DF(T)</sub>		
1.50	1.4880	1.5120
1.60	1.5872	1.6128
1.70	1.6864	1.7136
1.80	1.7856	1.8144
1.90	1.8848	1.9152
2.00	1.9840	2.0160
2.10	2.0832	2.1168
2.20	2.1824	2.2176
2.30	2.2816	2.3184
2.40	2.3808	2.4192
2.50	2.4800	2.5200
2.60	2.5792	2.6208
2.70	2.6784	2.7216
2.80	2.7776	2.8224
2.90	2.8768	2.9232
3.00	2.9760	3.0240
3.10	3.0752	3.1248
3.20	3.1744	3.2256
3.30	3.2736	3.3264
3.40	3.3728	3.4272
3.50	3.4720	3.5280
3.60	3.5712	3.6288
3.70	3.6704	3.7296
3.80	3.7696	3.8304
3.90	3.8688	3.9312
4.00	3.9680	4.0320

Voltage Table 2

NOMINAL DETECT VOLTAGE (V)	DETECT VOLTAGE (V) E-1	
	V <sub>DFL</sub> or V <sub>DFH</sub>	
	MIN.	MAX.
V <sub>DF(T)</sub>		
4.10	4.0672	4.1328
4.20	4.1664	4.2336
4.30	4.2656	4.3344
4.40	4.3648	4.4352
4.50	4.4640	4.5360
4.60	4.5632	4.6368
4.70	4.6624	4.7376
4.80	4.7616	4.8384
4.90	4.8608	4.9392
5.00	4.9600	5.0400
5.10	5.0592	5.1408
5.20	5.1584	5.2416
5.30	5.2576	5.3424
5.40	5.3568	5.4432
5.50	5.4560	5.5440

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Release Delay Time Table

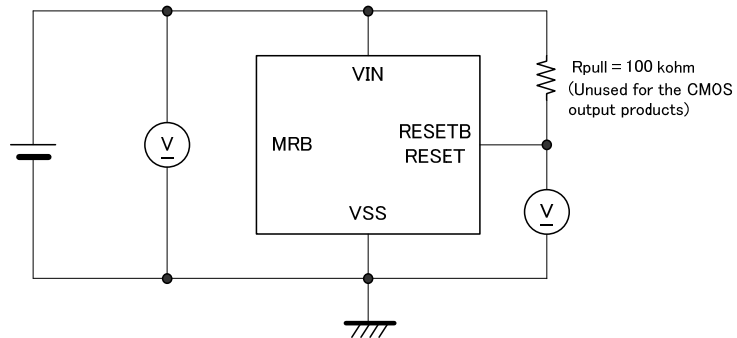
TYPE	RELEASE DELAY TIME (ms)		
	E-2		
	$t_{DR}$		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
XC6127CxxA / XC6127NxxA	42.5	50	57.5
XC6127CxxB / XC6127NxxB	85	100	115
XC6127CxxC / XC6127NxxC	170	200	230
XC6127CxxD / XC6127NxxD	340	400	460
XC6127CxxE / XC6127NxxE	680	800	920
XC6127CxxF / XC6127NxxF	42.5	50	57.5
XC6127CxxG / XC6127NxxG	85	100	115
XC6127CxxH / XC6127NxxH	170	200	230
XC6127CxxJ / XC6127NxxJ	340	400	460
XC6127CxxK / XC6127NxxK	680	800	920

Detect Delay Time Table

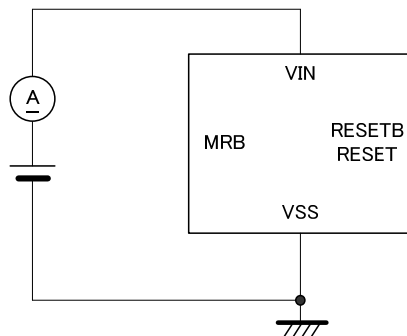
TYPE	DETECT DELAY TIME ( $\mu$ s)
	E-3
	$t_{DF}$
	MAX.
XC6127CxxF/CxxG/CxxH/CxxJ/CxxK	100
XC6127NxxF/NxxG/NxxH/NxxJ/NxxK	200

## TEST CIRCUITS

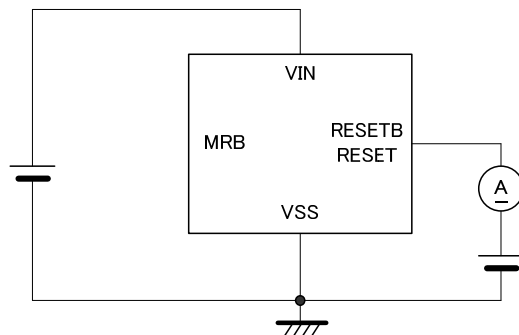
Circuit ①



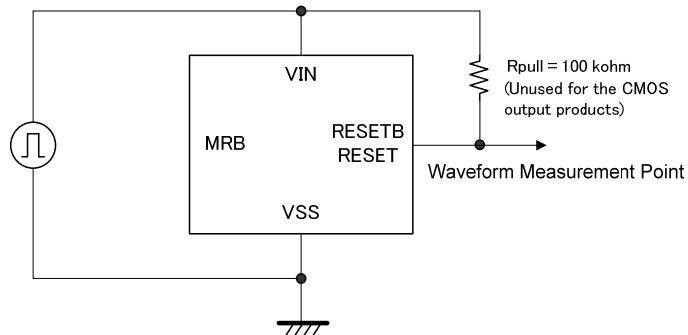
Circuit ②



Circuit ③

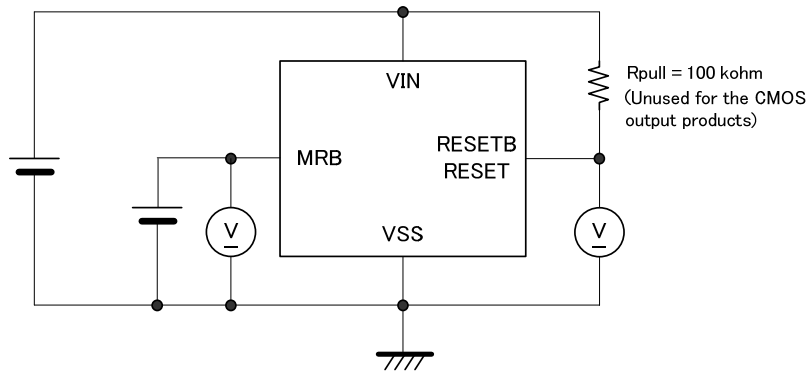


Circuit ④

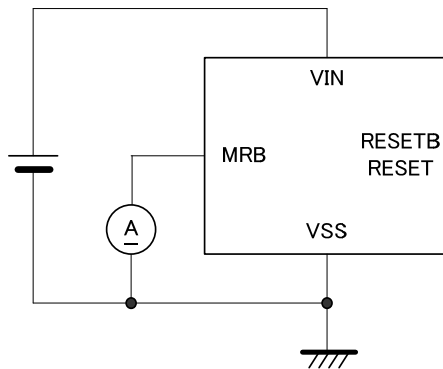


■ TEST CIRCUITS (Continued)

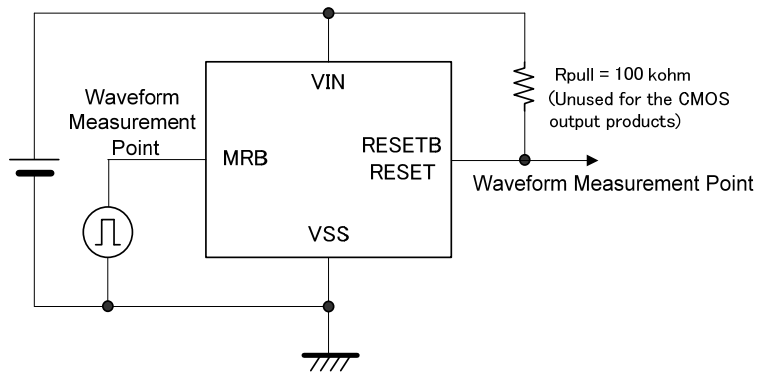
Circuit ⑤



Circuit ⑥



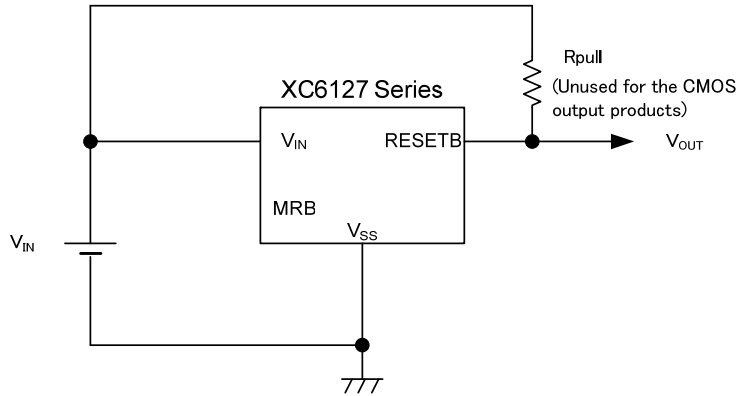
Circuit ⑦



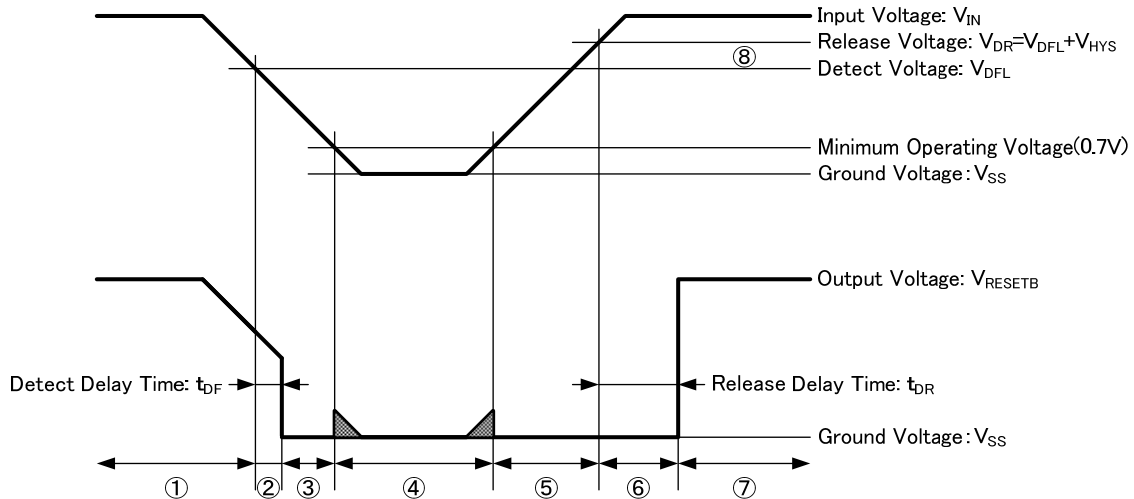
## OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION

1. Detect / Release operation using XC6127CxxA/CxxB/CxxC/CxxD/CxxE, XC6127NxxA/NxxB/NxxC/NxxD/NxxE  
(Output Logic: Active Low)

### Typical Application Circuit



### Timing Chart



A timing chart is used to explain the operation of the typical application circuit when MRB is open.

① In the initial state, an input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) higher than the release voltage ( $V_{DR}$ ) is applied, and then  $V_{IN}$  gradually falls.

While the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) is higher than the detect voltage ( $V_{DFL}$ ), an output voltage ( $V_{RESETB}$ ) equal to the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) goes out.

\*In the case of an N-ch open drain output product, the RESETB pin is in a high-impedance state, and if the output is pulled up, the output voltage ( $V_{RESETB}$ ) is equal to the pull-up voltage.

②③ After the elapse of the detect delay time ( $t_{DF}$ ) that starts when the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) falls below the detect voltage ( $V_{DFL}$ ), an output voltage ( $V_{RESETB}$ ) equal to the ground voltage ( $V_{SS}$ ) goes out (detection state).

\*This is the same on the N-ch open drain output product.

④ The input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) drops further, and if it falls below the minimum operating voltage (0.7V), the output becomes undefined state.

\*When an N-ch open drain output product is used and the output pin is pulled up, an output voltage ( $V_{RESETB}$ ) equal to the pull-up voltage may be output.

⑤ The input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) rises past the minimum operating voltage (0.7V), and until it reaches the release voltage ( $V_{DR}$ ), the output voltage ( $V_{RESETB}$ ) is equal to the ground voltage.

⑥ From the time that the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) becomes higher than the release voltage ( $V_{DR}$ ) until the release delay time ( $t_{DR}$ ) elapses, the output voltage ( $V_{RESETB}$ ) remains at the ground voltage due to the delay circuit.

⑦ After the release delay time ( $t_{DR}$ ) elapses, the output voltage ( $V_{RESETB}$ ) is equal to the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) (release state).

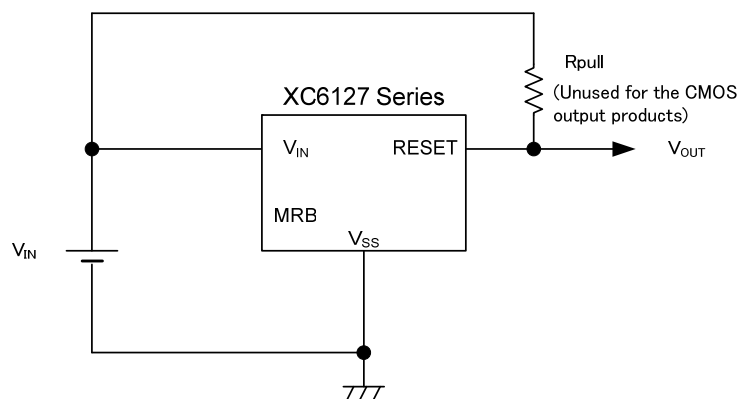
\*In the case of an N-ch open drain output product, the RESETB pin will be in a high impedance state like ①. If the output is pulled up, an output voltage ( $V_{RESETB}$ ) equal to the pull-up voltage will be output.

⑧ The difference between the release voltage ( $V_{DR}$ ) and the detect voltage ( $V_{DFL}$ ) is the hysteresis width ( $V_{HYS}$ ).

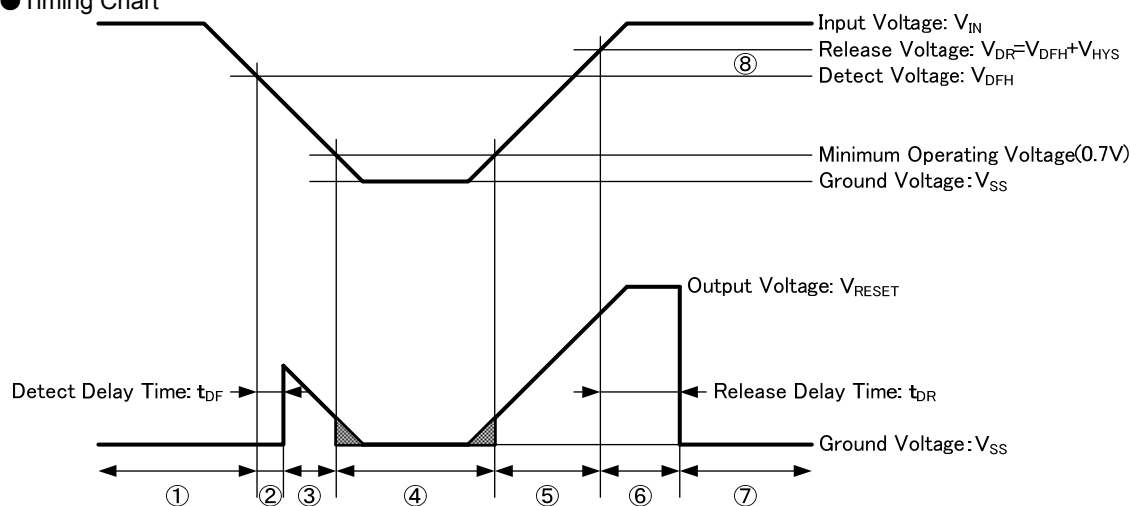
## OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION (Continued)

### 2. XC6127CxxF/CxxG/CxxH/CxxJ/CxxK, XC6127NxxF/NxxG/NxxH/NxxJ/NxxK (Output Logic: Active High)

#### Typical Application Circuit



#### Timing Chart



A timing chart is used above to explain the operation of the typical application circuit when MRB is open.

- ① In the initial state, an input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) higher than the release voltage ( $V_{DR}$ ) is applied, and then  $V_{IN}$  gradually falls.  
While the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) is higher than the detect voltage ( $V_{DFH}$ ), an output voltage ( $V_{RESET}$ ) equal to the ground voltage ( $V_{SS}$ ) goes out.  
\*This is the same on the N-ch open drain output product.
- ②③ After the elapse of the detect delay time ( $t_{DF}$ ) that starts when the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) falls below the detect voltage ( $V_{DFH}$ ), the output voltage ( $V_{RESET}$ ) is equal to the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) (detection state).  
\*In the case of an N-ch open drain output product, the RESET pin is in a high-impedance state, and if the output is pulled up, the output voltage ( $V_{RESET}$ ) is equal to the pull-up voltage.
- ④ The input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) drops further, and if it falls below the minimum operating voltage (0.7V), the output becomes undefined state.
- ⑤ The input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) rises past the minimum operating voltage (0.7V), and until it reaches the release voltage ( $V_{DR}$ ), the output voltage ( $V_{RESET}$ ) is equal to the  $V_{IN}$  voltage.  
\*In the case of an N-ch open drain output product, the RESET pin is in a high-impedance state, and if the output is pulled up, the output voltage ( $V_{RESET}$ ) is equal to the pull-up voltage.
- ⑥ From the time that the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) becomes higher than the release voltage ( $V_{DR}$ ) until the release delay time ( $t_{DR}$ ) elapses, the output voltage ( $V_{RESET}$ ) remains equal to the  $V_{IN}$  voltage due to the delay circuit.
- ⑦ After the release delay time ( $t_{DR}$ ) elapses, the output voltage ( $V_{RESET}$ ) is equal to the ground voltage ( $V_{SS}$ ) (release state).
- ⑧ The difference between the release voltage ( $V_{DR}$ ) and the detect voltage ( $V_{DFH}$ ) is the hysteresis width ( $V_{HYS}$ ).

## OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION (Continued)

### 3. MRB Pin

The output pin signal can be forcibly changed to the detect state by an input signal to the MRB pin.

The operation of the circuit at MRB signal input is explained using a timing chart.

When an H level ( $V_{MRH}$ ) signal and then an L (or less) level ( $V_{MRL}$ ) signal are input to the MRB input voltage ( $V_{MRB}$ ) with a voltage equal to or higher than  $V_{DR}$  applied to the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ), the output pin outputs release state <sup>(1)</sup> and then detect state <sup>(2)</sup> signals.

During the release delay time ( $t_{DR}$ ) after the MRB input voltage ( $V_{MRB}$ ) changes from the L level ( $V_{MRL}$ ) to the H level ( $V_{MRH}$ ), the output pin maintains the detection state. After the release delay time ( $t_{DR}$ ) elapses, the output pin outputs the release state signal.

<sup>(1)</sup> The output voltage in the release state is indicated below by product type.

XC6127CxxA/CxxB/CxxC/CxxD/CxxE types, XC6127NxxA/NxxB/NxxC/NxxD/NxxE types (output logic: Active Low)

: Input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) <sup>(3)</sup>

XC6127CxxF/CxxG/CxxH/CxxJ/CxxK types, XC6127NxxF/NxxG/NxxH/NxxJ/NxxK types (output logic: Active High)

: Ground voltage ( $V_{SS}$ )

<sup>(2)</sup> The output voltage in the detect state is indicated below by product type.

XC6127CxxA/CxxB/CxxC/CxxD/CxxE types, XC6127NxxA/NxxB/NxxC/NxxD/NxxE types (output logic: Active Low)

: Ground voltage ( $V_{SS}$ )

XC6127CxxF/CxxG/CxxH/CxxJ/CxxK types, XC6127NxxF/NxxG/NxxH/NxxJ/NxxK types (output logic: Active High)

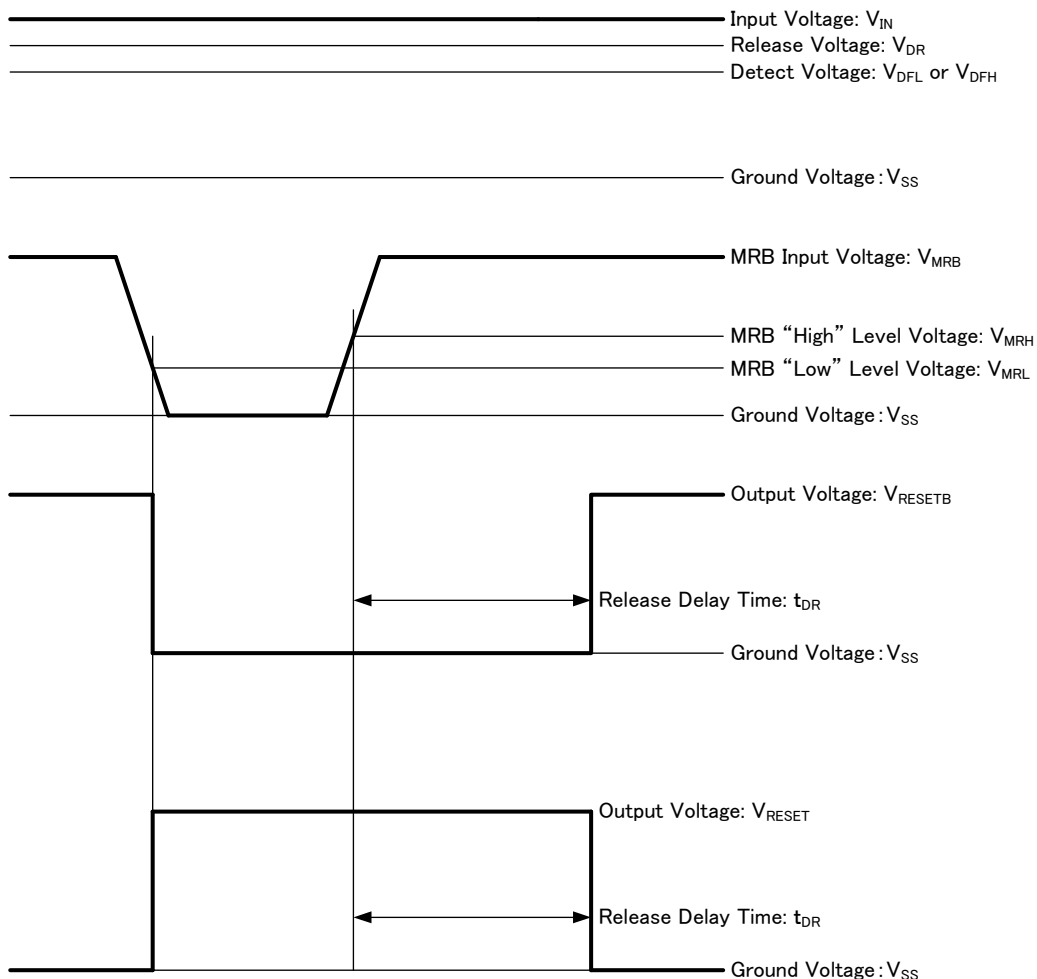
: Input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) <sup>(3)</sup>

<sup>(3)</sup> On an N-ch open drain output product, if the output is pulled up, the output voltage is the pull-up voltage.

<sup>(4)</sup> A pull-up resistance ( $R_{MRB}$ ) is built-in between the MRB pin and the  $V_{IN}$  pin, and thus if a voltage is applied to the MRB pin, current will flow from the  $V_{IN}$  pin to the MRB pin.

<sup>(5)</sup> The voltage input to the MRB pin should be within the range  $V_{SS}$  to 6.0 V.

#### ● Timing Chart





## ■ NOTES ON USE

1. Please use this IC within the stated maximum ratings. For temporary, transitional voltage drop or voltage rising phenomenon, the IC is liable to malfunction should the ratings be exceeded.
2. Note that there is a possibility of malfunctioning if the input voltage changes sharply or undergoes repeated, cyclical changes.
3. If the resistance  $R_{IN}$  is connected between the VIN pin and the power supply  $V_{DD}$ , the voltage drop due to the flow through current in the internal circuit and  $R_{IN}$  may cause oscillation when release takes place. When using the CMOS output product, oscillation due to  $R_{IN}$  and the flow through current may occur without relation to release and detection, and thus  $R_{IN}$  should not be connected.
4. When N-ch open drain output is used, the output voltage at detection is determined by the pull-up resistance connected to the output pin. Select the resistance based on the following considerations:

Using XC6127NxxA/NxxB/NxxC/NxxD/NxxE (output logic: Active Low)

At detection:  $V_{RESETB} = (V_{pull-Up}) / (1 + R_{pull}/R_{ON})$

$V_{pull-Up}$ : Voltage after pull-up

$R_{ON}$  <sup>(1)</sup>: ON resistance of N-ch driver (calculated from  $V_{RESETB}/I_{RBOU1}$  in electrical characteristics) <sup>(3)</sup>

Example calculation:

When  $V_{IN}=2.0V$  <sup>(2)</sup>,  $R_{ON}=0.5/4.4 \times 10^{-3} \approx 114 \Omega$  (MAX.). If you wish to make the  $V_{RESETB}$  voltage at detection 0.1V or lower with  $V_{pull-Up}=3.0V$ ,  $R_{pull}=(V_{pull-Up}/V_{RESETB}-1) \times R_{ON}=(3/0.1-1) \times 114 \approx 3.3k\Omega$ , and thus to make the output voltage at detection 0.1V or less under the above conditions, the pull-up resistance must be 3.3k $\Omega$  or higher.

<sup>(1)</sup> The smaller  $V_{IN}$  is, the larger  $R_{ON}$  becomes.

<sup>(2)</sup> When selecting  $V_{IN}$ , calculate using the lowest value of the input voltage range you will use.

<sup>(3)</sup>  $I_{RBOU1}$  specified in the electrical characteristics is the value at  $T_a=25^\circ C$ .  $I_{RBOU1}$  varies depending on the ambient temperature.

To select the pull-up resistance taking ambient temperature into account, please consult us.

At release:  $V_{RESETB} = (V_{pull-Up}) / (1 + R_{pull}/R_{OFF})$

$V_{pull-Up}$ : Voltage after pull-up

$R_{OFF}$ : Resistance value 40M $\Omega$  (MIN.) when N-ch driver is OFF (calculated from  $V_{RESETB}/I_{LEAK}$  in electrical characteristics)

Calculation example:

If you wish to make  $V_{RESETB}$  5.99V or higher with  $V_{pull-Up}=6.0V$

$R_{pull}=(V_{pull-Up}/V_{RESETB}-1) \times R_{OFF}=(6/5.99-1) \times 40 \times 10^6 \approx 66k\Omega$ , and thus to make the output voltage 5.99V or higher at release under the above conditions, the pull-up resistance must be 66k $\Omega$  or less.

Using the C6127NxxF/NxxG/NxxH/NxxJ/NxxK (output logic: Active High)

At detection :  $V_{RESET} = (V_{pull-Up}) / (1 + R_{pull}/R_{OFF})$

$V_{pull-Up}$ : Voltage after pull-up

$R_{OFF}$ : When the N-ch driver is OFF, the resistance is 40M $\Omega$  (MIN.) (calculated from  $V_{RESET}/I_{LEAK}$  in the electrical characteristics)

Calculation example:

If you wish to make  $V_{RESET}$  5.99V or higher with  $V_{pull-Up} = 6.0V$

$R_{pull}=(V_{pull-Up}/V_{RESET}-1) \times R_{OFF}=(6/5.99-1) \times 40 \times 10^6 \approx 66k\Omega$  and thus to make the output voltage 5.99V or higher at detection under the above conditions, the pull-up resistance must be 66k $\Omega$  or less.

At release :  $V_{RESET} = (V_{pull-Up}) / (1 + R_{pull}/R_{ON})$

$V_{pull-Up}$  : Voltage after pull-up

$R_{ON}$  <sup>(1)</sup>: ON resistance of N-ch driver (calculated from  $V_{RESET}/I_{ROUT1}$  in the electrical characteristics) <sup>(3)</sup>

Calculation example:

When  $V_{IN}=2.0V$  <sup>(2)</sup>,  $R_{ON}=0.5/4.4 \times 10^{-3} \approx 114 \Omega$  (MAX.). If you wish to make the  $V_{RESET}$  voltage 0.1V or lower at detection with  $V_{pull-Up}=3.0V$ ,  $R_{pull}=(V_{pull-Up}/V_{RESET}-1) \times R_{ON}=(3/0.1-1) \times 114 \approx 3.3k\Omega$  and thus to make the output voltage 0.1V or lower at release under the above conditions, the pull-up resistance must be 3.3k $\Omega$  or higher.

<sup>(1)</sup> The smaller  $V_{IN}$  is the larger  $R_{ON}$  becomes.

<sup>(2)</sup> When selecting  $V_{IN}$ , calculate using the lowest value of the input voltage range you will be using.

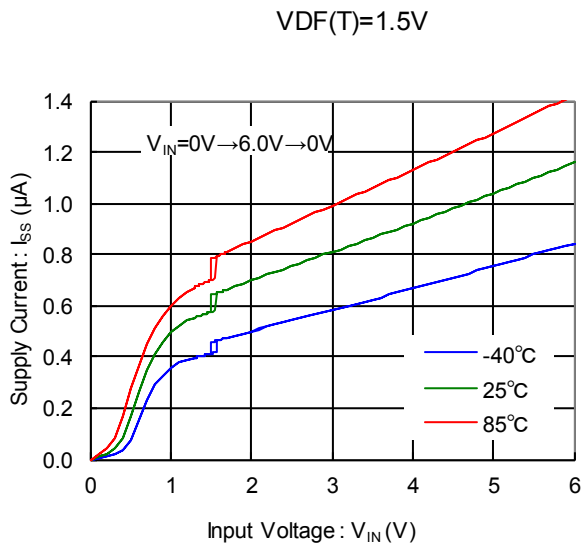
<sup>(3)</sup>  $I_{ROUT1}$  specified in the electrical characteristics is the value at  $T_a=25^\circ C$ .  $I_{ROUT1}$  varies depending on the ambient temperature.

To select the pull-up resistance taking ambient temperature into account, please consult us.

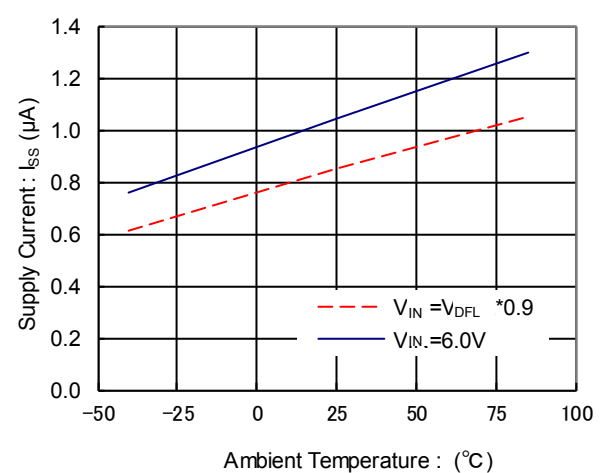
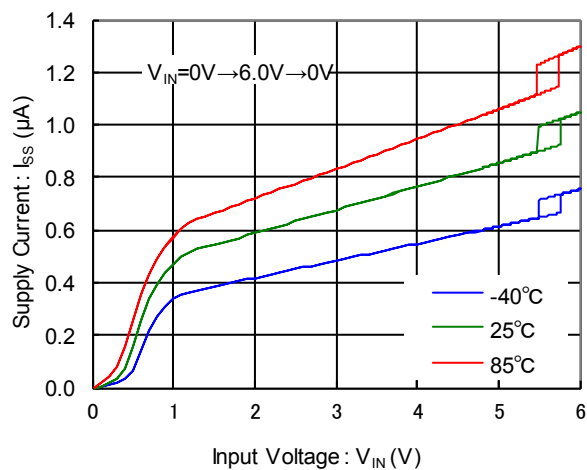
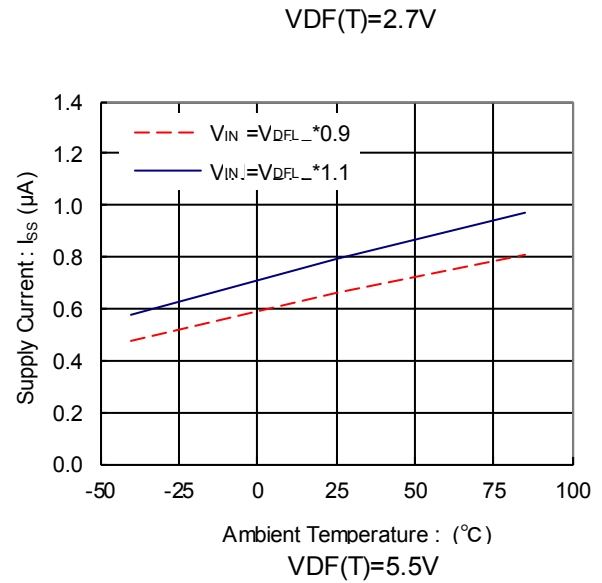
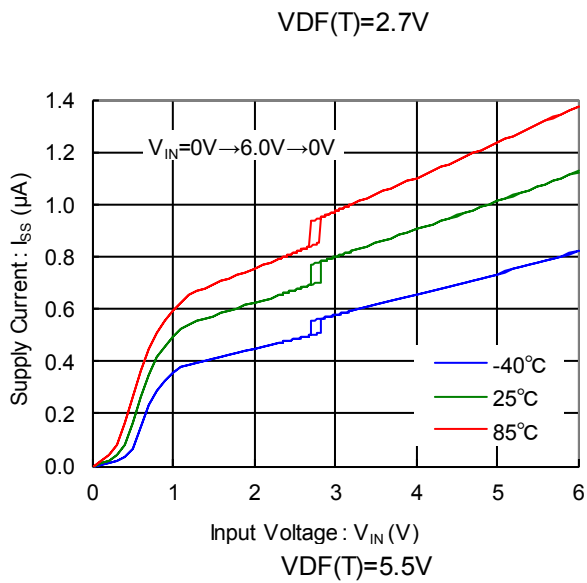
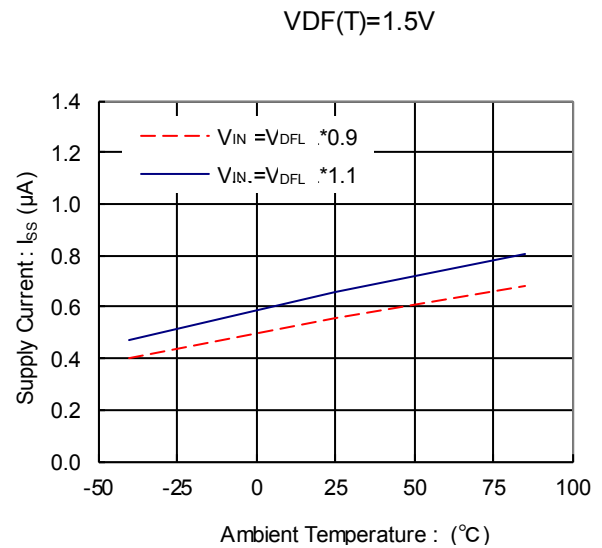
5. We work hard to improve our products and increase reliability. Nevertheless, to allow for the unexpected, please employ a design such as a failsafe design that is sufficiently safe in terms of both devices and the system, and conduct aging or other testing.

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

(1) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

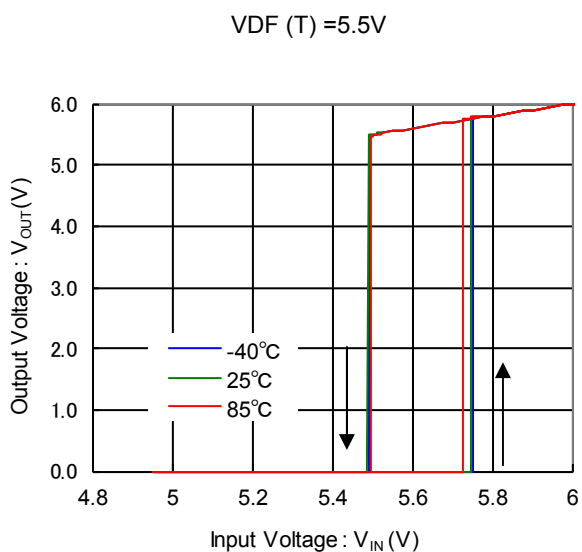
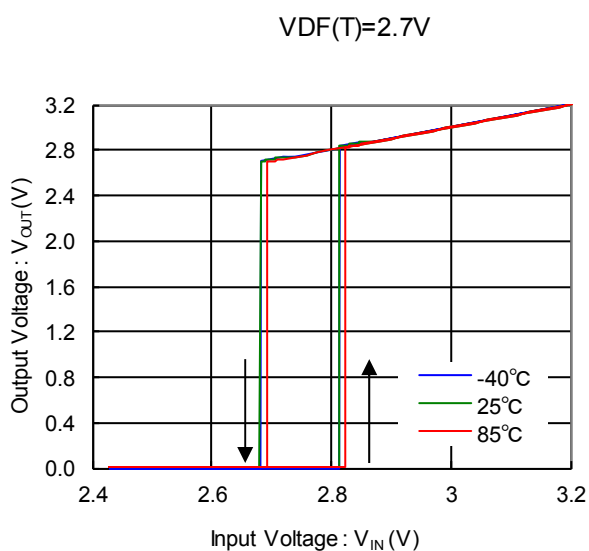
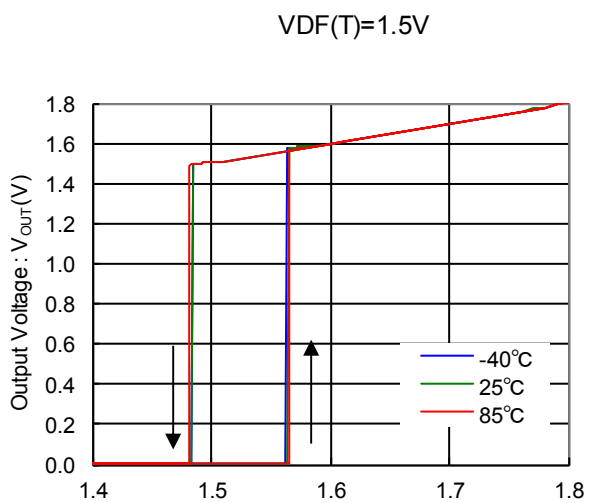


(2) Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature

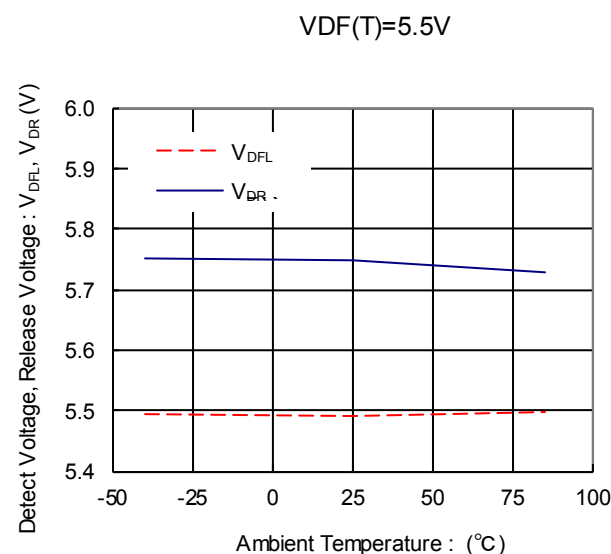
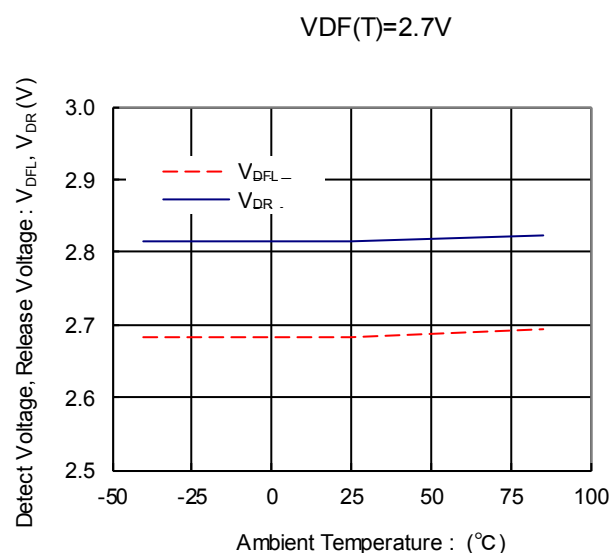
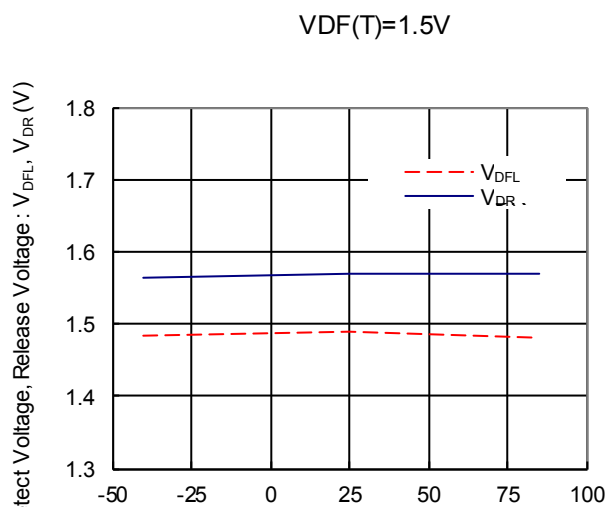


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS(Continued)

(3) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage1



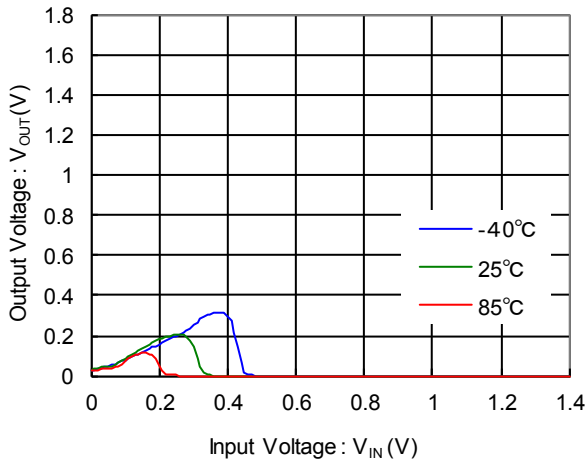
(4) Detect Voltage, Release Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS(Continued)

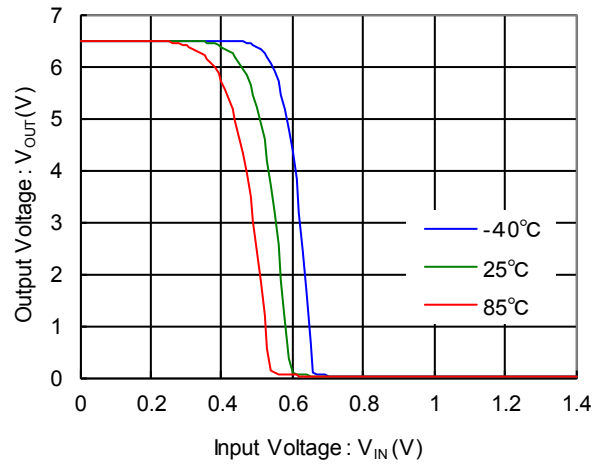
(5) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage<sub>2</sub>

CMOS Output



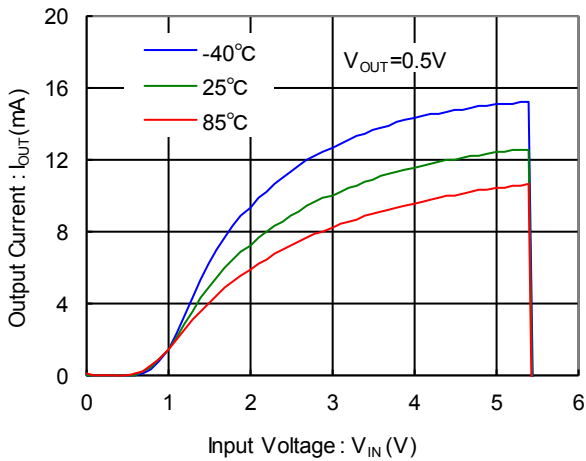
N-ch Open Drain Output

V<sub>pull-Up</sub>=6.5V, R<sub>pull</sub>=100kΩ



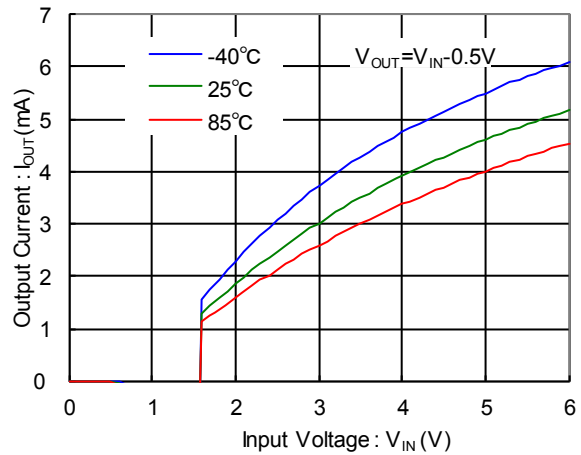
(6) Output Current (Nch Driver) vs. Input Voltage

V<sub>DFT</sub>(T)=5.5V



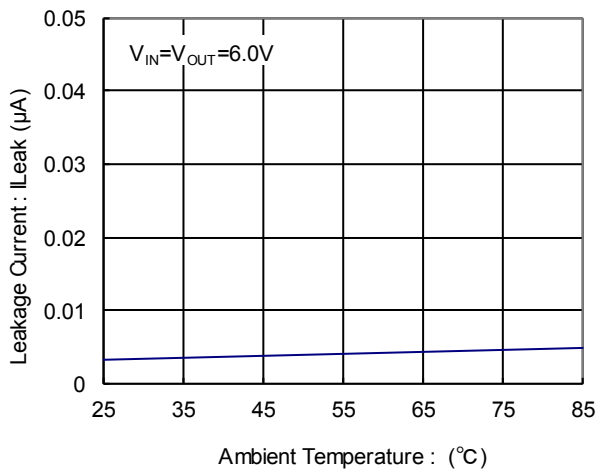
(7) Output Current (Pch Driver) vs. Input Voltage

V<sub>DFT</sub>(T)=1.5V



(8) Leakage Current vs. Ambient temperature

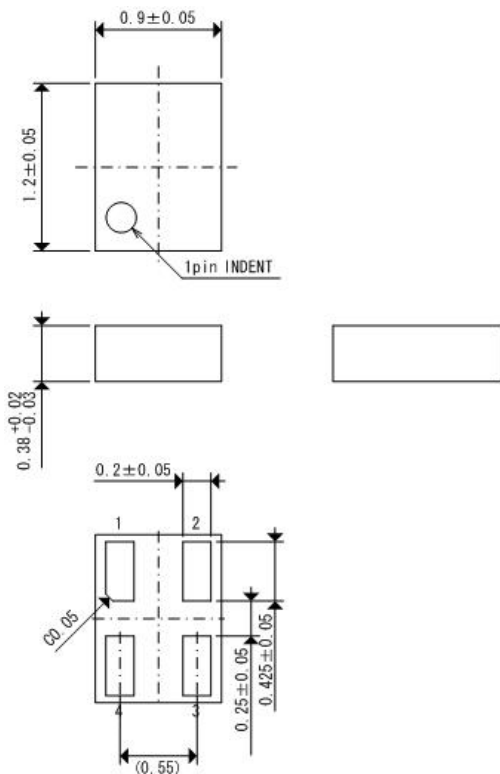
N-ch Open Drain Output



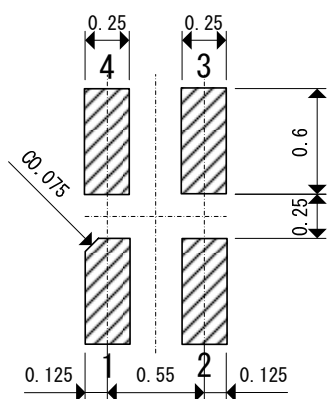
# PACKAGING INFORMATION

Unit:mm

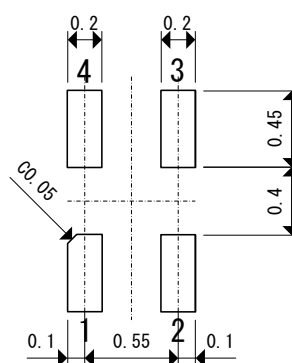
●USPN-4



●USPN-4 Reference Pattern Layout



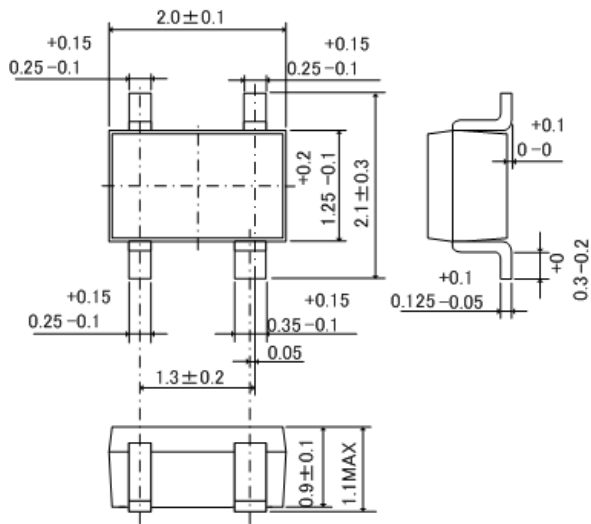
●USPN-4 Reference Metal Mask Design



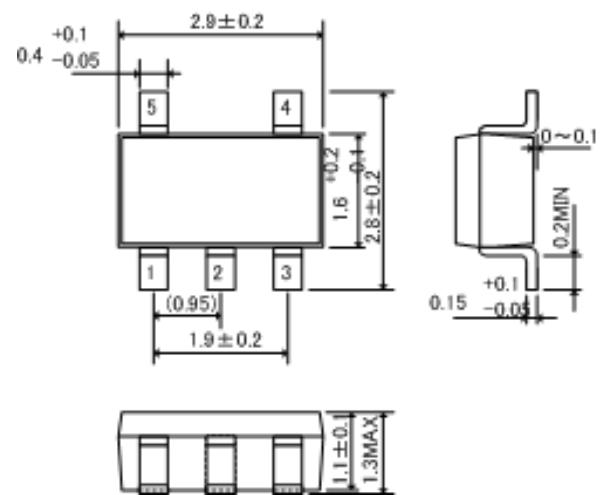
## PACKAGING INFORMATION (Continued)

Unit:mm

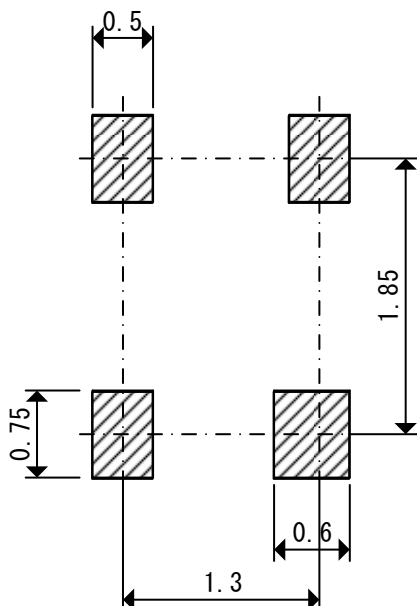
### SSOT-24



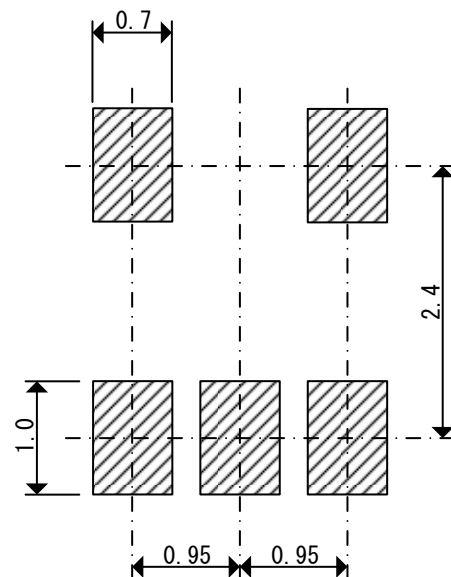
### SOT-25



### SSOT-24 Reference Pattern Layout



### SOT-25 Reference Pattern Layout

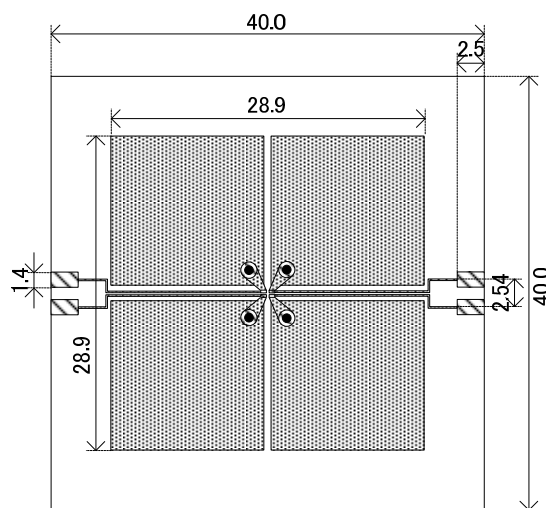


**●USPN-4 Power Dissipation (40mm x 40mm Standard board)**

Power dissipation data for the USPN-4 is shown in this page.  
The value of power dissipation varies with the mount board conditions.  
Please use this data as the reference data taken in the following condition.

1. Measurement Condition

- Condition : Mount on a board
- Ambient : Natural convection
- Soldering : Lead (Pb) free
- Board: Dimensions 40 x 40 mm  
(1600 mm<sup>2</sup> in one side)
- Copper (Cu) traces occupy 50% of the front and 50% of the back.
- The copper area is divided into four block, one block is 12.5% of total.
- The USPN-4 package has for terminals.
- Each terminal connects one copper block in the front and one in the back.
- Material: Glass Epoxy (FR-4)
- Thickness: 1.6 mm
- Through-hole: 4 x 0.8 Diameter

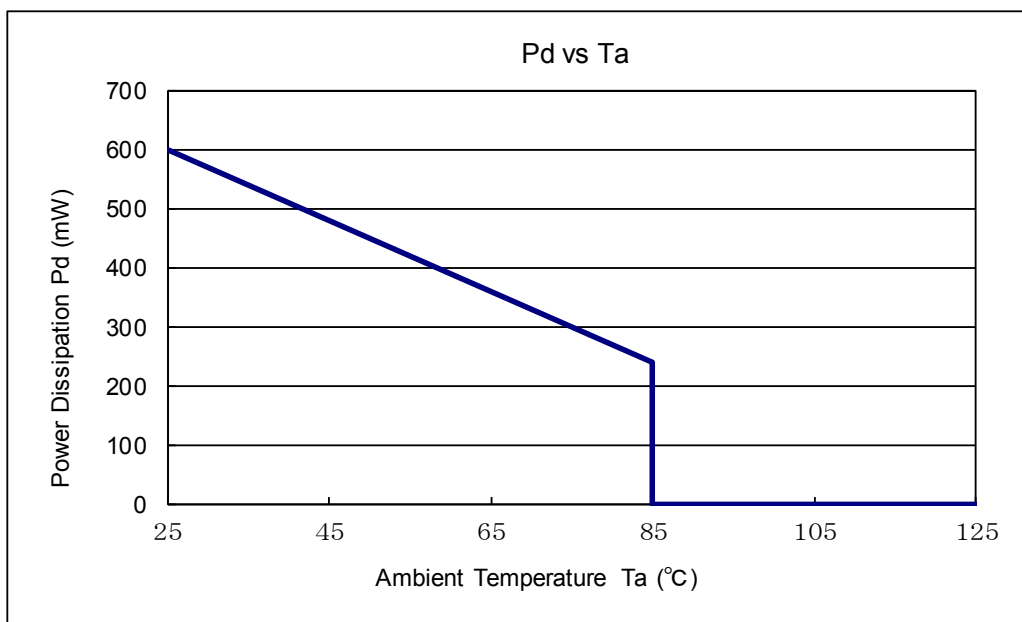


Evaluation Board (Unit: mm)

2. Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

Board Mount (T<sub>j</sub> max = 125°C)

Ambient Temperature (°C)	Power Dissipation Pd (mW)	Thermal Resistance (°C/W)
25	600	166.67
85	240	



## ● SSOT-24 Power Dissipation(40mm x 40mm Standard board)

Power dissipation data for the SSOT-24 is shown in this page.

The value of power dissipation varies with the mount board conditions.

Please use this data as the reference data taken in the following condition.

### 1. Measurement Condition

Condition : Mount on a board

Ambient : Natural convection

Soldering : Lead (Pb) free

Board : Dimensions 40 x 40 mm  
(1600 mm<sup>2</sup> in one side)

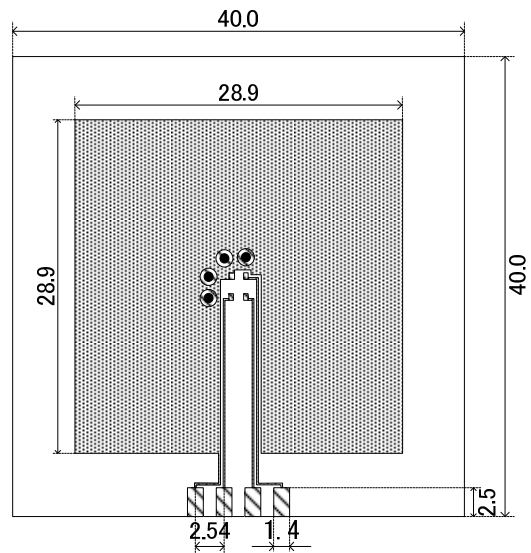
Copper (Cu) traces occupy 50% of the board area in top and back faces

Package heat-sink is tied to the copper traces

Material : Glass Epoxy (FR-4)

Thickness : 1.6mm

through-hole : 4 x 0.8 Diameter

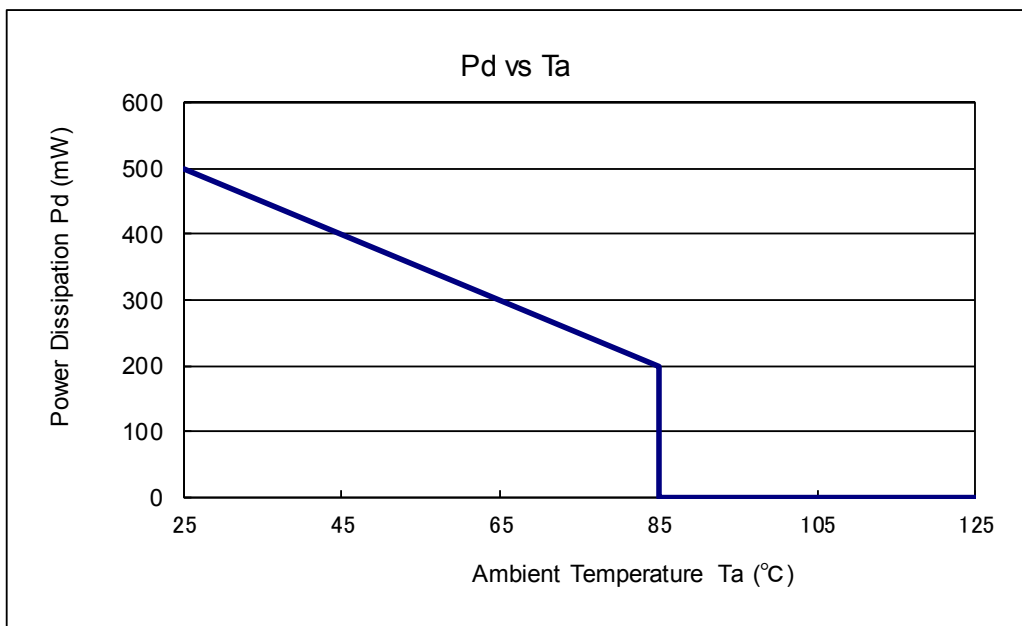


Evaluation Board (Unit : mm)

### 2. Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

Board Mount ( $T_j$  max = 125°C)

Ambient Temperature (°C)	Power Dissipation Pd (mW)	Thermal Resistance (°C/W)
25	500	200.00
85	200	



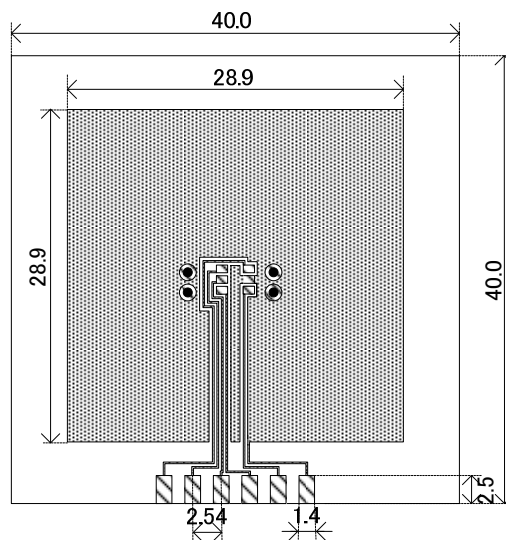


**● SOT-25 Power Dissipation (40mm x 40mm Standard board)**

Power dissipation data for the SOT-25 is shown in this page.  
The value of power dissipation varies with the mount board conditions.  
Please use this data as the reference data taken in the following condition.

**1. Measurement Condition**

- Condition: Mount on a board
- Ambient: Natural convection
- Soldering: Lead (Pb) free
- Board: Dimensions 40 x 40 mm  
(1600 mm<sup>2</sup> in one side)
- Copper (Cu) traces occupy 50% of the board area in top and back faces
- Package heat-sink is tied to the copper traces  
(Board of SOT-26 is used.)
- Material: Glass Epoxy (FR-4)
- Thickness: 1.6mm
- Through-hole: 4 x 0.8 Diameter

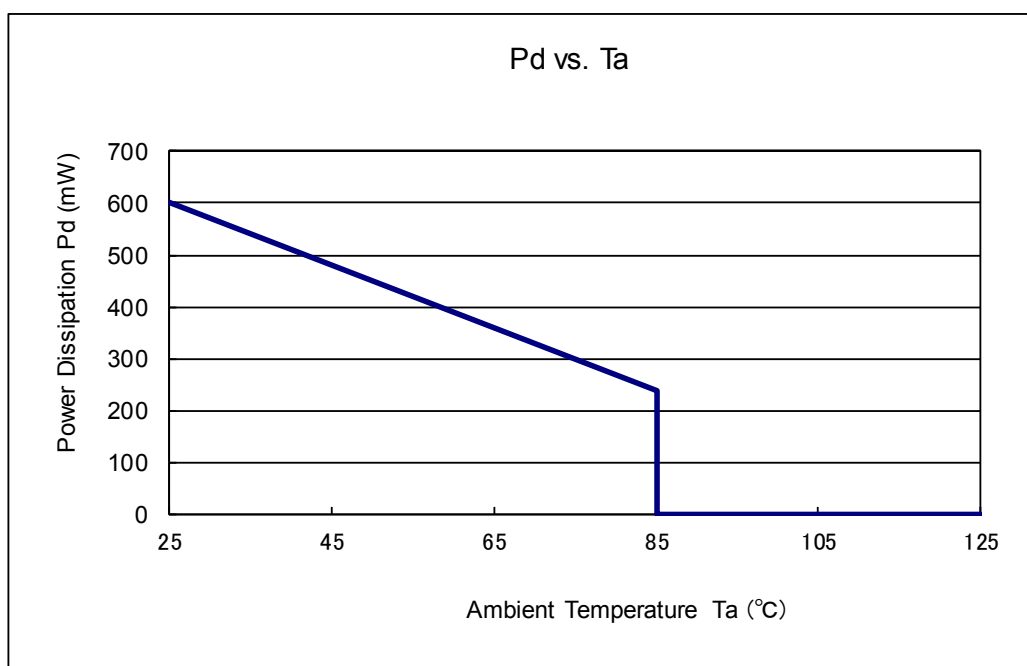


Evaluation Board (Unit : mm)

**2. Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**

Board Mount (T<sub>J</sub> max = 125°C)

Ambient Temperature (°C)	Power Dissipation Pd (mW)	Thermal Resistance (°C/W)
25	600	166.67
85	240	

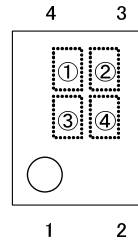


## MARKING RULE

### ●USPN-4

① represents product series and output configuration.

MARK	OUTPUT CONFIGURATION	PRODUCT SERIES
F	CMOS	XC6127C****-G
H	Nch	XC6127N****-G



② represents detect voltage.

MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE(V)		MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE(V)		MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE(V)	
A	1.5	1.6	K	2.9	3.0	T	4.3	4.4
B	1.7	1.8	L	3.1	3.2	U	4.5	4.6
C	1.9	2.0	M	3.3	3.4	V	4.7	4.8
D	2.1	2.2	N	3.5	3.6	X	4.9	5.0
E	2.3	2.4	P	3.7	3.8	Y	5.1	5.2
F	2.5	2.6	R	3.9	4.0	Z	5.3	5.4
H	2.7	2.8	S	4.1	4.2	0	5.5	-

③ represents detect voltage range and release delay time / detect logic.

MARK	DETECT VOLTAGE [V]	RELEASE DELAY TIME/ DETECT LOGIC	PRODUCT SERIES
A	Odd number	50ms/Low	XC6127*15A**-G ~ XC6127*55A**-G
B		100ms/Low	XC6127*15B**-G ~ XC6127*55B**-G
C		200ms/Low	XC6127*15C**-G ~ XC6127*55C**-G
D		400ms/Low	XC6127*15D**-G ~ XC6127*55D**-G
E		800ms/Low	XC6127*15E**-G ~ XC6127*55E**-G
F		50ms/High	XC6127*15F**-G ~ XC6127*55F**-G
H		100ms/High	XC6127*15G**-G ~ XC6127*55G**-G
K		200ms/High	XC6127*15H**-G ~ XC6127*55H**-G
L		400ms/High	XC6127*15J**-G ~ XC6127*55J**-G
M		800ms/High	XC6127*15K**-G ~ XC6127*55K**-G
N	Even number	50ms/Low	XC6127*16A**-G ~ XC6127*54A**-G
P		100ms/Low	XC6127*16B**-G ~ XC6127*54B**-G
R		200ms/Low	XC6127*16C**-G ~ XC6127*54C**-G
S		400ms/Low	XC6127*16D**-G ~ XC6127*54D**-G
T		800ms/Low	XC6127*16E**-G ~ XC6127*54E**-G
U		50ms/High	XC6127*16F**-G ~ XC6127*54F**-G
V		100ms/High	XC6127*16G**-G ~ XC6127*54G**-G
X		200ms/High	XC6127*16H**-G ~ XC6127*54H**-G
Y		400ms/High	XC6127*16J**-G ~ XC6127*54J**-G
Z		800ms/High	XC6127*16K**-G ~ XC6127*54K**-G

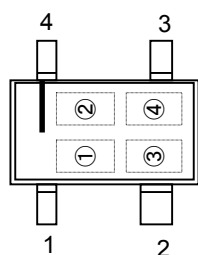
④ represents production lot number.

0 to 9, A to Z repeated. (G, I, J, O, Q, W excepted.)

\* No character inversion used.

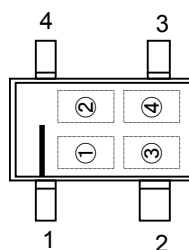
## ■ MARKING RULE (Continued)

### ● SSOT-24



SSOT-24

(With the orientation bar at the top)



SSOT-24

(With the orientation bar at the bottom)

①-1 represents product series and detect voltage range, output configuration.

MARK	OUTPUT CONFIGURATION	DETECT VOLTAGE [V]	RELEASE DELAY TIME/ DETECT LOGIC	PRODUCT SERIES
5	CMOS	Odd number	50ms/Low	XC6127C15A**-G ~ XC6127C55A**-G
6			100ms/Low	XC6127C15B**-G ~ XC6127C55B**-G
7			200ms/Low	XC6127C15C**-G ~ XC6127C55C**-G
8			400ms/Low	XC6127C15D**-G ~ XC6127C55D**-G
9			800ms/Low	XC6127C15E**-G ~ XC6127C55E**-G
A			50ms/High	XC6127C15F**-G ~ XC6127C55F**-G
B			100ms/High	XC6127C15G**-G ~ XC6127C55G**-G
C			200ms/High	XC6127C15H**-G ~ XC6127C55H**-G
D			400ms/High	XC6127C15J**-G ~ XC6127C55J**-G
E			800ms/High	XC6127C15K**-G ~ XC6127C55K**-G
F		Even number	50ms/Low	XC6127C16A**-G ~ XC6127C54A**-G
H			100ms/Low	XC6127C16B**-G ~ XC6127C54B**-G
K			200ms/Low	XC6127C16C**-G ~ XC6127C54C**-G
N			400ms/Low	XC6127C16D**-G ~ XC6127C54D**-G
P			800ms/Low	XC6127C16E**-G ~ XC6127C54E**-G
R			50ms/High	XC6127C16F**-G ~ XC6127C54F**-G
S			100ms/High	XC6127C16G**-G ~ XC6127C54G**-G
T			200ms/High	XC6127C16H**-G ~ XC6127C54H**-G
U			400ms/High	XC6127C16J**-G ~ XC6127C54J**-G
V			50ms/Low	XC6127C15A**-G ~ XC6127C55A**-G

\* The products of CMOS output configuration are shipped in the package having the orientation bar marked in the top.

## MARKING RULE (Continued)

①-2 represents product series and detect voltage range, output configuration.

MARK	OUTPUT CONFIGURATION	DETECT VOLTAGE [V]	RELEASE DELAY TIME/ DETECT LOGIC	品名表記例
0	Nch	Odd number	50ms/Low	XC6127N15A**-G ~ XC6127N55A**-G
1			100ms/Low	XC6127N15B**-G ~ XC6127N55B**-G
2			200ms/Low	XC6127N15C**-G ~ XC6127N55C**-G
3			400ms/Low	XC6127N15D**-G ~ XC6127N55D**-G
4			800ms/Low	XC6127N15E**-G ~ XC6127N55E**-G
5			50ms/High	XC6127N15F**-G ~ XC6127N55F**-G
6			100ms/High	XC6127N15G**-G ~ XC6127N55G**-G
7			200ms/High	XC6127N15H**-G ~ XC6127N55H**-G
8			400ms/High	XC6127N15J**-G ~ XC6127N55J**-G
9			800ms/High	XC6127N15K**-G ~ XC6127N55K**-G
A		Even number	50ms/Low	XC6127N16A**-G ~ XC6127N54A**-G
B			100ms/Low	XC6127N16B**-G ~ XC6127N54B**-G
C			200ms/Low	XC6127N16C**-G ~ XC6127N54C**-G
D			400ms/Low	XC6127N16D**-G ~ XC6127N54D**-G
E			800ms/Low	XC6127N16E**-G ~ XC6127N54E**-G
F			50ms/High	XC6127N16F**-G ~ XC6127N54F**-G
H			100ms/High	XC6127N16G**-G ~ XC6127N54G**-G
K			200ms/High	XC6127N16H**-G ~ XC6127N54H**-G
L			400ms/High	XC6127N16J**-G ~ XC6127N54J**-G
M			800ms/High	XC6127N16K**-G ~ XC6127N54K**-G

\* The products of Nch output configuration are shipped in the package having the orientation bar marked in the bottom.

② represents detect voltage.

MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE(V)		MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE(V)		MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE(V)	
A	1.5	1.6	K	2.9	3.0	T	4.3	4.4
B	1.7	1.8	L	3.1	3.2	U	4.5	4.6
C	1.9	2.0	M	3.3	3.4	V	4.7	4.8
D	2.1	2.2	N	3.5	3.6	X	4.9	5.0
E	2.3	2.4	P	3.7	3.8	Y	5.1	5.2
F	2.5	2.6	R	3.9	4.0	Z	5.3	5.4
H	2.7	2.8	S	4.1	4.2	0	5.5	-

③④ represents production lot number. 01~09, 0A~0Z, 11~9Z, A1~A9, AA~AZ, B1~ZZ repeated.

(G, I, J, O, Q, W excluded.)

\* No character inversion used.

## MARKING RULE (Continued)

### ● SOT-25

① represents product series and output configuration.

MARK	OUTPUT CONFIGURATION	PRODUCT SERIES
5	CMOS	XC6127C****-G
6	Nch	XC6127N****-G

\* SOT-25 with the under-dot marking is used.

② represents detect voltage.

MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE(V)		MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE(V)		MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE(V)	
A	1.5	1.6	K	2.9	3.0	T	4.3	4.4
B	1.7	1.8	L	3.1	3.2	U	4.5	4.6
C	1.9	2.0	M	3.3	3.4	V	4.7	4.8
D	2.1	2.2	N	3.5	3.6	X	4.9	5.0
E	2.3	2.4	P	3.7	3.8	Y	5.1	5.2
F	2.5	2.6	R	3.9	4.0	Z	5.3	5.4
H	2.7	2.8	S	4.1	4.2	0	5.5	-

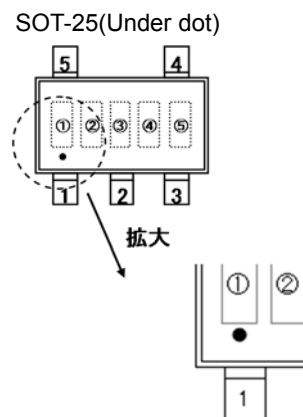
③ represents detect voltage range and release delay time / detect logic.

MARK	DETECT VOLTAGE [V]	RELEASE DELAY TIME/ DETECT LOGIC	PRODUCT SERIES
A	Odd number	50ms/Low	XC6127*15A**-G ~ XC6127*55A**-G
B		100ms/Low	XC6127*15B**-G ~ XC6127*55B**-G
C		200ms/Low	XC6127*15C**-G ~ XC6127*55C**-G
D		400ms/Low	XC6127*15D**-G ~ XC6127*55D**-G
E		800ms/Low	XC6127*15E**-G ~ XC6127*55E**-G
F		50ms/High	XC6127*15F**-G ~ XC6127*55F**-G
H		100ms/High	XC6127*15G**-G ~ XC6127*55G**-G
K		200ms/High	XC6127*15H**-G ~ XC6127*55H**-G
L		400ms/High	XC6127*15J**-G ~ XC6127*55J**-G
M		800ms/High	XC6127*15K**-G ~ XC6127*55K**-G
N	Even number	50ms/Low	XC6127*16A**-G ~ XC6127*54A**-G
P		100ms/Low	XC6127*16B**-G ~ XC6127*54B**-G
R		200ms/Low	XC6127*16C**-G ~ XC6127*54C**-G
S		400ms/Low	XC6127*16D**-G ~ XC6127*54D**-G
T		800ms/Low	XC6127*16E**-G ~ XC6127*54E**-G
U		50ms/High	XC6127*16F**-G ~ XC6127*54F**-G
V		100ms/High	XC6127*16G**-G ~ XC6127*54G**-G
X		200ms/High	XC6127*16H**-G ~ XC6127*54H**-G
Y		400ms/High	XC6127*16J**-G ~ XC6127*54J**-G
Z		800ms/High	XC6127*16K**-G ~ XC6127*54K**-G

③④ represents production lot number. 01~09, 0A~0Z, 11~9Z, A1~A9, AA~AZ, B1~ZZ repeated.

(G, I, J, O, Q, W excluded.)

\* No character inversion used.



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