ETR0303 005

Large Current Positive Voltage Regulators

■GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XC6203 series are highly precise, low power consumption, 3 terminal positive voltage regulators manufactured using CMOS and laser trimming technologies.

The series provides large currents with a significantly small dropout voltage.

The XC6203P consists of a driver transistor, a current limiter, a precision reference voltage and an error amplifier. The XC6203E is also available but without the current limiter function. Output voltage is selectable in 0.1V increments between a voltage of 1.8V and 6.0V.

SOT-23, SOT-89, SOT-223 package are available.

■APPLICATIONS

- Magnetic disk drive
- Note PCs / Tabet PCs
- Digital still cameras /Camcorders
- Digital audio equipments
- Reference voltage sources
- Multi-function power supplies

■FEATURES

Maximum Output Current : 400mA (3.3V)

Maximum Operating Voltage : 8.0V

Output Voltage Range : 1.8V ~ 6.0V

(selectable in 0.1V increments)

Highly Accurate : $\pm 2\%$

: ± 100 ppm/°C (TYP.)

Dropout Voltage : 150mV @ 100mA,

300mV @ 200mA

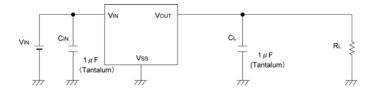
Operating Ambient Temperature : -40°C ~ 85°C

Packages : SOT-23, SOT-89,

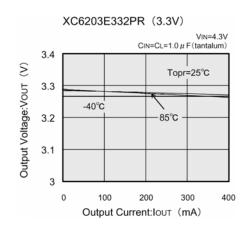
SOT-223

Environmentally Friendly : EU RoHS Compliant, Pb Free

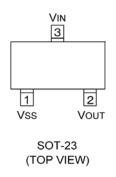
■TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

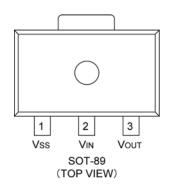


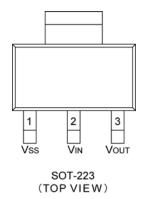
■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



■PIN CONFIGURATION







■PIN ASSIGNMENT

PIN NUMBER		PIN NAME	FUNCTIONS	
SOT-23	SOT-89/SOT-223	FIN NAIVIE	FUNCTIONS	
1	1	Vss	Ground	
3	2	Vin	Power Input	
2	3	Vout	Output	

■PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

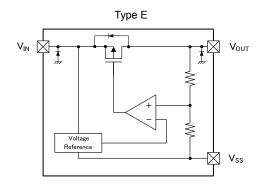
Ordering Information

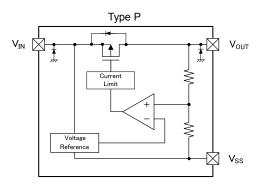
XC6203 123456-7(*1)

DESIGNATOR	ITEM	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	Type of Regulator	Р	Current limiter circuit built-in
U	Type of Regulator	Е	No current limiter circuit built-in
23	Output Voltage	18~	e.g. 1.8V → ③=1, ④=8
	Output Assurance	2	$\pm 2\%$ Output voltage is $\{x.x0V\}$ (the 2 nd decimal place is "0")
4	Output Accuracy	Α	±2% Output voltage is {x.x5V} (the 2 nd decimal place is "5)
	Packages	MR	SOT-23 (3,000/Reel)
		MR-G	SOT-23 (3,000/Reel)
5 6-7 ^(*1)		PR	SOT-89 (1,000/Reel)
30-0	(Order Unit)	PR-G	SOT-89 (1,000/Reel)
		FR	SOT-223 (1,000/Reel)
		FR-G	SOT-223 (1,000/Reel)

^(*1) The "-G" suffix denotes Halogen and Antimony free as well as being fully EU RoHS compliant.

■BLOCK DIAGRAMS





^{*} Diodes inside the circuits are ESD protection diodes and parasitic diodes.

■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Ta = 25°C

PARAM	PARAMETER SYN		RATINGS	UNITS
Input V	'oltage	Vin	-0.3~+12.0	V
Output (Current	lout	600(*1)	mA
Output \	Voltage	Vout	-0.3~V _{IN} +0.3	V
	SOT-23		250	
	301-23		500(PCB mounted)(*2)	
Power	SOT-89	Pd	500	mW
Dissipation		Pa	1000(PCB mounted)(*2)	IIIVV
	SOT-223		300	
	501-223		1500(PCB mounted)(*2)	
Operating Ambie	Operating Ambient Temperature		-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature		Tstg	-55 ~ +125	°C

^{*1:} $I_{OUT} \le Pd / (V_{IN}-V_{OUT})$

^{*2} These values are example data which is taken with the PCB mounted. Please refer to pages 20 to 22 for details.

■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C XC6203 Series Type E

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	DITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Output Voltage	V _{OUT(E)} (*2)	I _{OUT} =40mA	1.8V≦V _{OUT(T)}	×0.98	V _{OUT(T)} (*3)	×1.02	V	2
Maximum Output Current	I _{OUTMAX}	V _{OUT} ≧E-1 ^(*4)	V _{OUT} ≧E-1 ^(*4)		-	-	mA	2
Load Regulation	ΔV_{OUT}	1.8V≦V _{OUT(T)} 1mA≦I _{OUT} ≦150mA		-	40	100	mV	2
Dropout Voltage 1	Vdif1 ^(*5)	I _{OUT} =100mA		-	E-3	3(*4)	mV	<u> </u>
Dropout Voltage 2	Vdif2 ^(*5)	I _{OUT} =200mA		-	E-4 ^(*4)		mV	2
Supply Current	I _{DD}			-	E-5(*4)		μA	①
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}/$ $(\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT})$	$1.8V \le V_{OUT(T)},$ $V_{OUT(T)} + 1.0V \le V_{IN} \le 8.0V,$ $I_{OUT} = 40mA$		-	0.2	0.3	%/V	2
Input Voltage	V _{IN}			-	-	8.0	V	2
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	ΔV _{OUT} / (ΔTopr•V _{OUT})	I _{OUT} =40mA -40°C≦Topr≦85°C		-	±100	-	ppm/°C	2

*5: Vdif = {V_{IN1} - V_{OUT1}}
 V_{IN1}: The input voltage when V_{OUT1} appears as input voltage is gradually decreased.
 V_{OUT1}: A voltage equal to 98% of the output voltage when "V_{OUT (T)} + 1.0V" is input.

^{*1:} Unless overwise stated, V_{IN}=V_{OUT(T)}+1.0V
*2: V_{OUT(E)}: Effective output voltage
*3: V_{OUT(T)}: Nominal output voltage.
*4: Please refer to the table E-1, E-2, E-3, E-4, E-5.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

XC6203 Series Type P Ta=25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONE	DITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Output Voltage	V _{OUT(E)} (*2)	I _{OUT} =40mA	1.8V≦V _{OUT(T)}	×0.98	V _{OUT(T)} (*3)	×1.02	V	2
Maximum Output Current	I _{OUTMAX}	V _{OUT} ≧E-1 ^{(*4})	E-2 ^(*4)	-	-	mA	2
Load Regulation	ΔV_{OUT}	1.8V≦V _{OUT(} 1mA≦I _{OUT} ≦	- /	-	40	100	mV	2
Dropout Voltage 1	Vdif1 ^(*5)	I _{OUT} =100mA		1	E-3	3(*4)	mV	2
Dropout Voltage 2	Vdif2 ^(*5)	I _{OUT} =200mA		ı	E-4	1(*4)	mV	۷
Supply Current	I _{DD}			-	E-\$	5(*4)	μA	1
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}/$ $(\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT})$	1.8V≦V _{OUT(T)} V _{OUT(T)} +1.0V≦V _{IN} ≦8.0V I _{OUT} =40mA		-	0.2	0.3	%/V	2
Input Voltage	V _{IN}				-	8.0	V	2
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	ΔV _{OUT} / (ΔTopr•V _{OUT})	I _{OUT} =40mA -40°C≦Topr≦85°C		-	±100	-	ppm/°C	2
Short-Circuit Current	I _{SHORT}	V _{OUT} =V _{SS}		-	60	-	mA	2

^{*1:} Unless overwise stated, $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(T)}+1.0V$

^{*2:} V_{OUT(E)}: Effective output voltage
*3: V_{OUT(T)}: Nominal output voltage.
*4: Please refer to the table E-1, E-2, E-3, E-4, E-5.

^{*5:} Vdif = $\{V_{\text{IN1}} - V_{\text{OUT1}}\}$ V_{IN1} : The input voltage when V_{OUT1} appears as input voltage is gradually decreased. V_{OUT1} : A voltage equal to 98% of the output voltage when " $V_{\text{OUT}(T)} + 1.0V$ " is input.

■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

	E-1	E-2	E	E-3	E	<u>-</u> 4	E	-5
NOMINAL OUTPUT	MAXIMUN	1 OUTPUT	DRO	POUT	DRO	POUT	SUP	PLY
VOLTAGE		ΓAGE	VOLT	AGE1	VOL	TAGE2	CUR	RENT
	V _{OUT2} (V)	I _{OUTMAX} (mA)		(mV)		(mV)		μA)
$V_{OUT(T)}$	-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.
1.8	V _{OUT(E)} × 0.9							
1.9	001(L)							
2.0								
2.1			200	300	400	600		
2.2								
2.3								
2.4								
2.5	$V_{OUT(E)} \times 0.93$							
2.6							8.0	16.0
2.7			170	250	320	500		10.0
2.8								
2.85								
2.9								
3.0								
3.1								
3.2								
3.3		150						
3.4			150	220	300	420		
3.5								
3.6		400						
3.7								
3.8								
3.9					l l			
4.0								
4.1								
4.2	V _{OUT(E)} ×0.96							
4.3								
4.4			130	200	250	380	10.0	20.0
4.5							10.0	20.0
4.7								
4.7								
4.8								
5.0								
5.1								
5.2								
5.3			100	180	200	320		
5.4								
5.5								
*) The symbol is						1	<u> </u>	

^{*)} The symbol is as same as that in the chart of electrical characteristics.

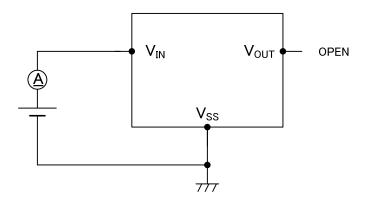
■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

NOMINAL	E-1	E-2	E	-3	Е	-4	Е	-5
OUTPUT	MAXIMUM OUTPUT VOLTAGE		DROPOUT VOLTAGE1		DROPOUT VOLTAGE2		SUPPLY CURRENT	
VOLTAGE	V _{OUT2} (V)	I _{OUTMAX} (mA)	V_{dif1}	(mV)	V _{dif2}	(mV)	I _{SS} ((<i>µ</i> A)
$V_{\text{OUT(T)}}$	-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.
5.6								
5.7								
5.8	V _{OUT(E)} ×0.96	400	100	180	200	320	10.0	20.0
5.9								
6.0								

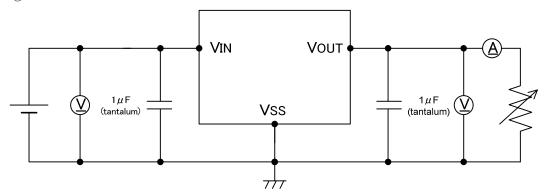
^{*)} The symbol is as same as that in the chart of electrical characteristics.

■TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

1) CIRCUIT(1)



2) CIRCUIT 2



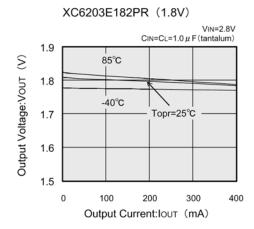
■NOTES ON USE

- For temporary, transitional voltage drop or voltage rising phenomenon, the IC is liable to malfunction should the ratings be exceeded.
- 2. Where wiring impedance is high, operations may become unstable due to noise and/or phase lag depending on output current. Please keep the resistance low for the V_{BIAS} , V_{IN} and V_{SS} wiring in particular.
- 3. Please wire the C_{IN} and C_L as close to the IC as possible.
- 4. Capacitances of these capacitors (C_{IN}, C_L) are decreased by the influences of bias voltage and ambient temperature. Care shall be taken for capacitor selection to ensure stability of phase compensation from the point of ESR influence.
- 5. When it is used in a quite small input / output dropout voltage, output may go into unstable operation. Please test it thoroughly before using it in production.
- 6. Torex places an importance on improving our products and their reliability. We request that users incorporate fail-safe designs and post-aging protection treatment when using Torex products in their systems.

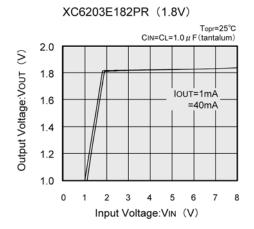
■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

●XC6203E182PR

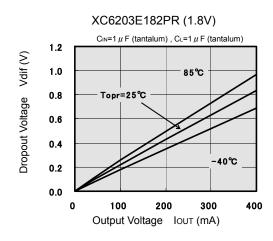
(1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current



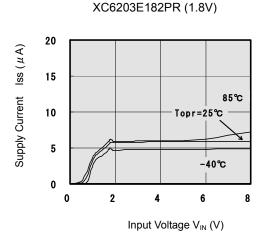
(2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage



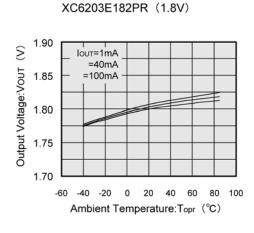
(3) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current



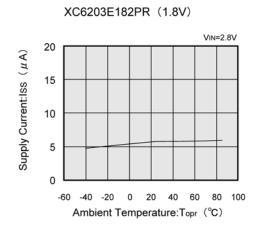
(4) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage



(5) Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



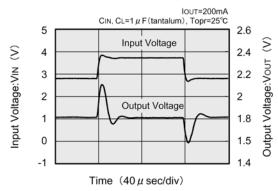
(6) Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature



●XC6203E182PR (Continued)

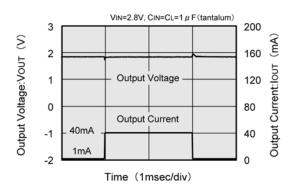
(7) Input Transient Response

XC6203E182PR (1.8V)

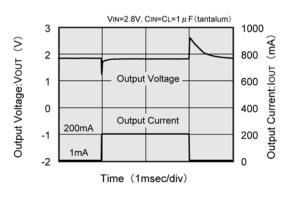


(8) Load Transient Response

XC6203E182PR (1.8V)

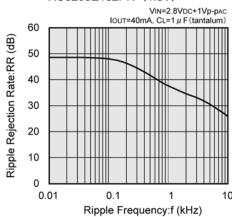


XC6203E182PR (1.8V)

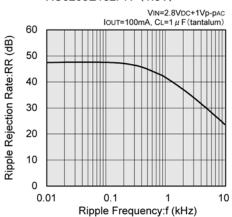


(9) Ripple Rejection Rate

XC6203E182PR (1.8V)



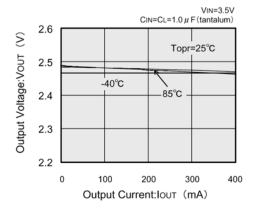
XC6203E182PR (1.8V)



●XC6203E252PR

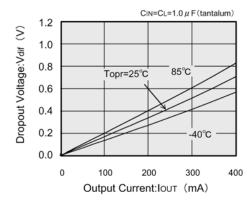
(1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current

XC6203E252PR (2.5V)



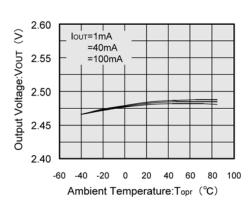
(3) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

XC6203E252PR (2.5V)



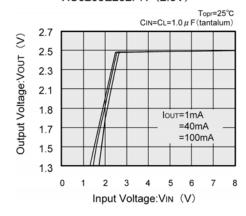
(5) Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

XC6203E252PR (2.5V)



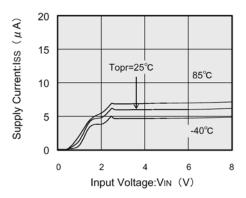
(2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

XC6203E252PR (2.5V)



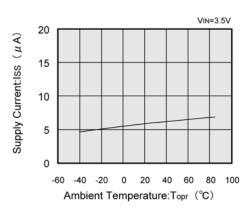
(4) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

XC6203E252PR (2.5V)



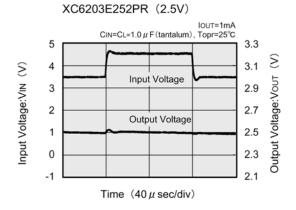
(6) Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature

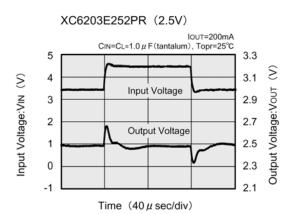
XC6203E252PR (2.5V)



●XC6203E252PR (Continued)

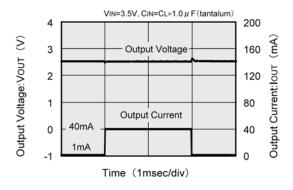
(7) Input Transient Response



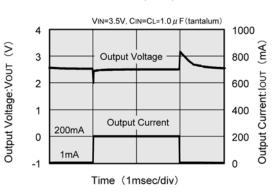


(8) Load Transient Response



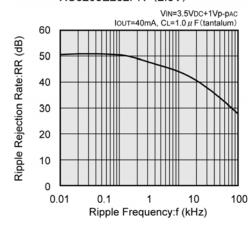


XC6203E252PR (2.5V)

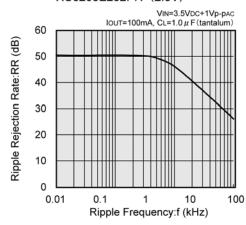


(9) Ripple Rejection Rate

XC6203E252PR (2.5V)

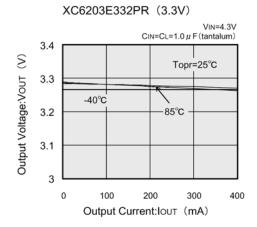


XC6203E252PR (2.5V)

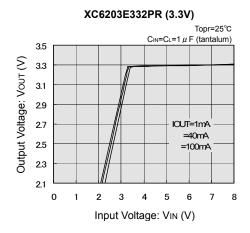


●XC6203E332PR

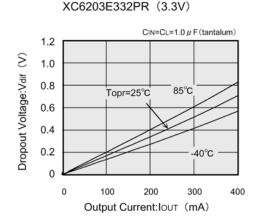
(1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current



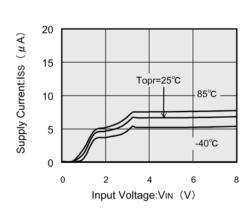
(2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage



(3) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

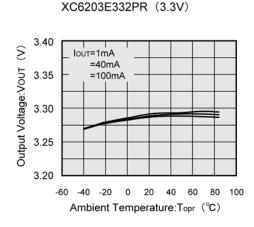


(4) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

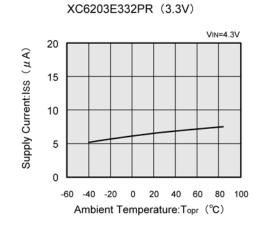


XC6203E332PR (3.3V)

(5) Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

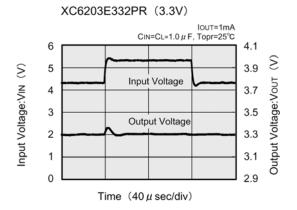


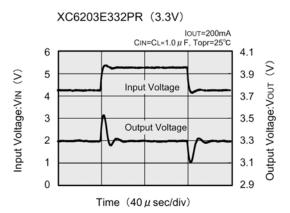
(6) Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature



●XC6203E332PR (Continued)

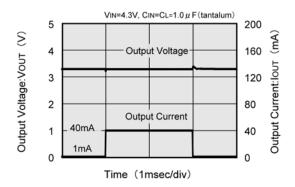
(7) Input Transient Response



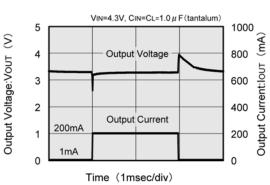


(8) Load Transient Response

XC6203E332PR (3.3V)

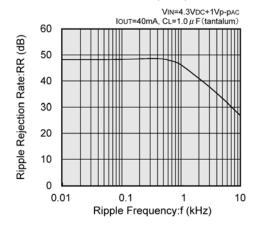


XC6203E332PR (3.3V)

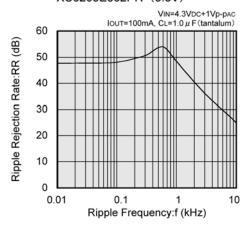


(9) Ripple Rejection Rate

XC6203E332PR (3.3V)



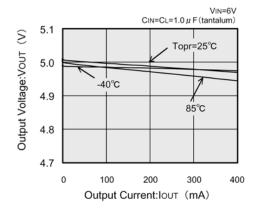
XC6203E332PR (3.3V)



●XC6203E502PR

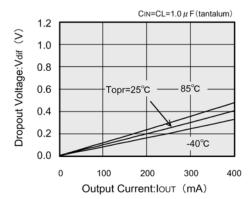
(1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current

XC6203E502PR (5.0V)



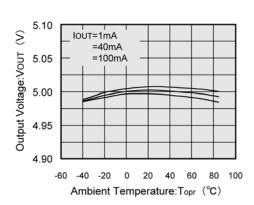
(3) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

XC6203E502PR (5.0V)



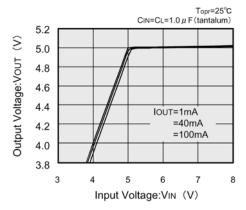
(5) Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

XC6203E502PR (5.0V)



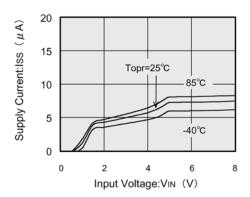
(2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

XC6203E502PR (5.0V)



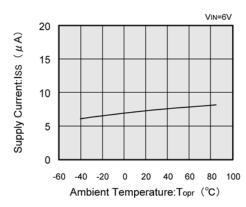
(4) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

XC6203E502PR (5.0V)



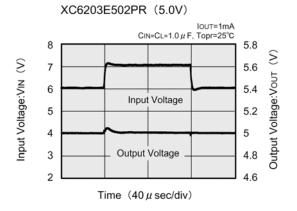
(6) Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature

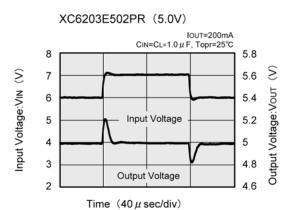
XC6203E502PR (5.0V)



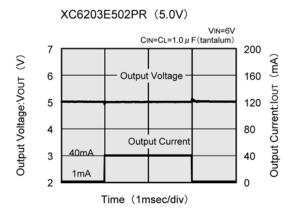
●XC6203E502PR (Continued)

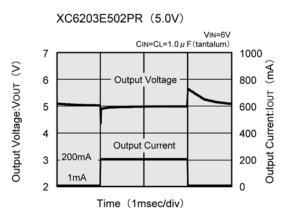
(7) Input Transient Response



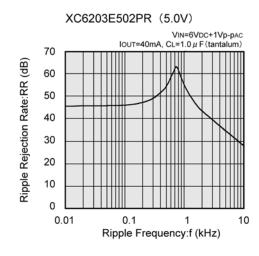


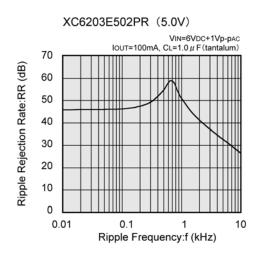
(8) Load Transient Response





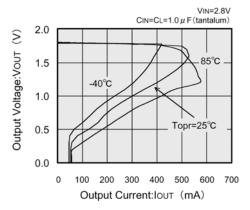
(9) Ripple Rejection Rate



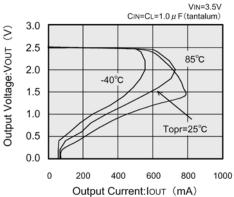


(10) Output Voltage vs. Output Current

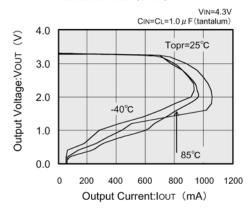




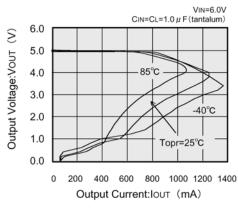
XC6203P252 (2.5V)



XC6203P332 (3.3V)

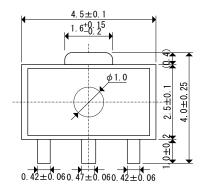


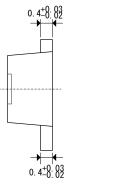
XC6203P502 (5.0V)



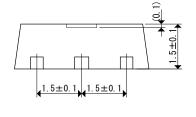
■PACKAGING INFORMATION

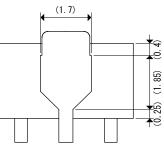






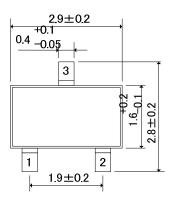
(unit:mm)

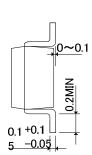


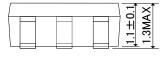


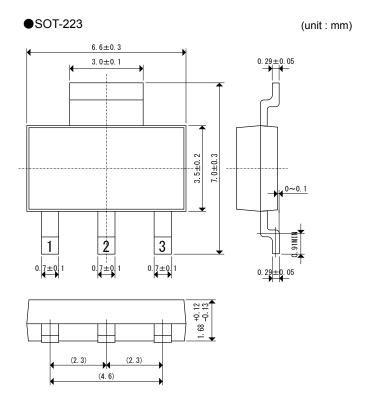
●SOT-23

(unit : mm)









•SOT-23 Power Dissipation

Power dissipation data for the SOT-23 is shown in this page.

The value of power dissipation varies with the mount board conditions.

Please use this data as the reference data taken in the following.

1. Measurement Condition

Condition: Mount on a board Ambient: Natural convection Soldering: Lead (Pb) free

Board : Dimensions 40×40mm (1600mm² in one side)

Copper (Cu) traces occupy 50% of the board area

In top and back faces

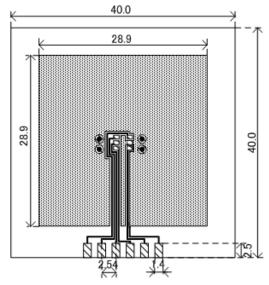
Package heat-sink is tied to the copper traces

(Board of SOT-26 is used)

Material: Glass Epoxy (FR-4)

Thickness: 1.6mm

Through-hole: 4 x 0.8 Diameter

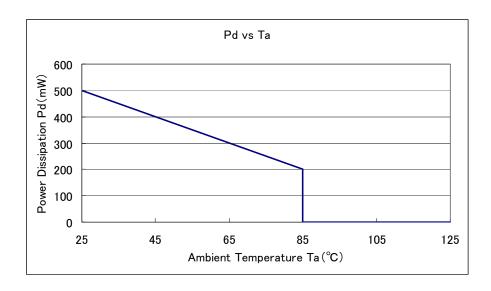


Evaluation Board (Unit: mm)

2. Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

Board Mount (Tjmax=125°C)

Ambient Temperature (°C)	Power Dissipation Pd (mW)	Thermal Resistance (°C/W)	
25	500	200.00	
85	200	7 200.00	



•SOT-89 Power Dissipation

Power dissipation data for the SOT-89 is shown in this page. The value of power dissipation varies with the mount board conditions. Please use this data as the reference data taken in the following.

1. Measurement Condition

Condition: Mount on a board Ambient: Natural convection Soldering: Lead (Pb) free

Board : Dimensions 40×40mm (1600mm² in one side) Copper (Cu) traces occupy 50% of the board area

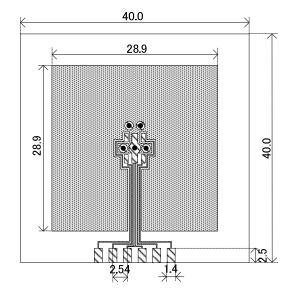
In top and back faces

Package heat-sink is tied to the copper traces

Material: Glass Epoxy (FR-4)

Thickness: 1.6mm

Through-hole: 5 x 0.8 Diameter

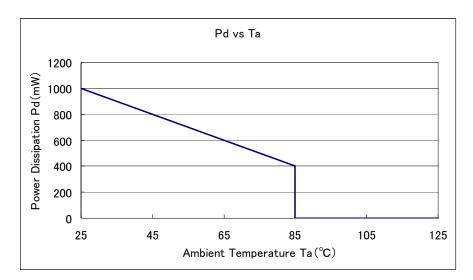


Evaluation Board (Unit: mm)

2. Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

Board Mount (Tjmax=125°C)

Ambient Temperature (°C)	Power Dissipation Pd (mW)	Thermal Resistance (°C/W)	
25	1000	100.00	
85	400		



●SOT-223 Power Dissipation

Power dissipation data for the SOT-223 is shown in this page. The value of power dissipation varies with the mount board conditions. Please use this data as the reference data taken in the following

condition.



Condition: Mount on a board
Ambient: Natural convection
Soldering: Lead (Pb) free

Board: Dimensions 40 x 40 mm (1600 mm² in one side)

Copper (Cu) traces occupy 50% of the board area

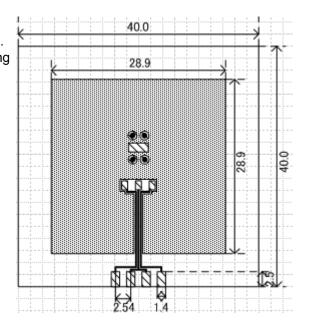
In top and back faces

Package heat-sink is tied to the copper traces

Material: Glass Epoxy (FR-4)

Thickness: 1.6 mm

Through-hole: 4 x 0.8 Diameter

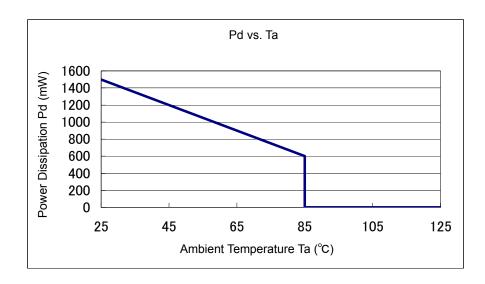


Evaluation Board (Unit: mm)

2. Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

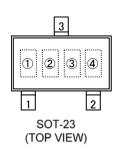
Board Mount (Tj max = 125°C)

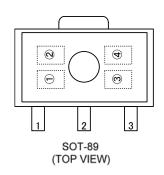
,		
Ambient Temperature (°C)	Power Dissipation Pd (mW)	Thermal Resistance (°C/W)
25	1500	
85	600	66.67

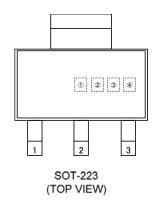


■MARKING RULE

●SOT-23, SOT-89, SOT-223







① represents product series

MARK	PRODUCT SERIES
3	XC6203xxxxx

② represents type of regulator

	MARK	PRODUCT SERIES	
VOLTAGE=0.1~3.0V	GE=0.1~3.0V VOLTAGE=3.1~6.0V V		FRODUCT SERIES
5	6	7	XC6203Pxxxxx
2	3	4	XC6203Exxxxx

3 represents output voltage

MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)			MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)		
0	_	3.1	_	F	_	4.6	_
1	_	3.2	_	Н	_	4.7	_
2	1	3.3	1	K	1.8	4.8	_
3	_	3.4	_	L	1.9	4.9	_
4	1	3.5	1	M	2.0	5.0	_
5	1	3.6	ı	N	2.1	5.1	_
6	1	3.7	l	Р	2.2	5.2	_
7	1	3.8	1	R	2.3	5.3	_
8	1	3.9	l	S	2.4	5.4	_
9	1	4.0	l	Т	2.5	5.5	_
Α	1	4.1	1	U	2.6	5.6	_
В	1	4.2	1	V	2.7	5.7	_
С		4.3		X	2.8	5.8	2.85
D	_	4.4	_	Y	2.9	5.9	_
Е	_	4.5	_	Z	3.0	6.0	_

4 represents production lot number

 $0\sim9$, A to Z or inverted characters of 0 to 9 and A to Z repeated (G, I, J, O, Q, W excluded)

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