

DATA SHEET

Product Name High-Power Thick Film Chip Resistors

Part Name HP Series

File No. SMD-SP-003

Uniroyal Electronics Global Co., Ltd.

88#, Longteng Road, Economic & Technical Development Zone, Kunshan, Jiangsu, China

Tel +86 512 5763 1411 / 22 /33

Email marketing@uni-royal.cn

Manufacture Plant Uniroyal Electronics Industry Co., Ltd.

Aeon Technology Corporation

Royal Electronic Factory (Thailand) Co., Ltd.

Royal Technology (Thailand) Co., Ltd.







1. Scope

- 1.1 This datasheet is the characteristics of High Power Thick Film Chip Resistors manufactured by UNI-ROYAL.
- 1.2 High power standard size
- 1.3 Suitable for both wave & re-flow soldering
- 1.4 AEC-Q200 qualified
- 1.5 Application: AV adapters, LCD back-light, camera strobe ect.
- 1.6 Compliant with RoHS directive.
- 1.7 Halogen free requirement.

2. Part No. System

Part No. includes 14 codes shown as below:

2.1 1st~4th codes: Part name. E.g.: HP02、HP03、HP05、HP06、HP07、HP10、HP11、HP12

2.2 5th~6th codes: Power rating.

_	E.g.: W=Normal Size		"l~	$G'' = "1 \sim 1$	6"						
	Wattage	1/32	3/4	1/2	1/3	1/4	1/8	1/10	1/16	1/20	1
	Normal Size	WH	07	W2	W3	W4	W8	WA	WG	WM	1W

If power rating is equal or lower than 1 watt, 5th code would be "W" and 6th code would be a number or letter.

E.g.: WA=1/10W W4=1/4W

- 2.3 7^{th} code: Tolerance. E.g.: $F=\pm 1\%$ $J=\pm 5\%$
- 2.4 8th~11th codes: Resistance Value.
- 2.4.1 If value belongs to standard value of E-24 series, the 8^{th} code is zero, $9^{th} \sim 10^{th}$ codes are the significant figures of resistance value, and the 11^{th} code is the power of ten.
- 2.4.2 If value belongs to standard value of E-96 series, the 8th~10th codes are the significant figures of resistance value, and the 11th code is the power of ten.
- 2.4.3 11th codes listed as following:

 $0=10^0$ $1=10^1$ $2=10^2$ $3=10^3$ $4=10^4$ $5=10^5$ $6=10^6$ $J=10^{-1}$ $K=10^{-2}$ $L=10^{-3}$ $M=10^{-4}$

- 2.5 12th~14th codes.
- 2.5.1 12th code: Packaging Type. E.g.: B = Bulk / Box T=Tape/Reel
- 2.5.2 13th code: Standard Packing Quantity.

4=4,000pcs 5=5,000pcs C=10,000pcs D=20,000pcs E=15,000pcs

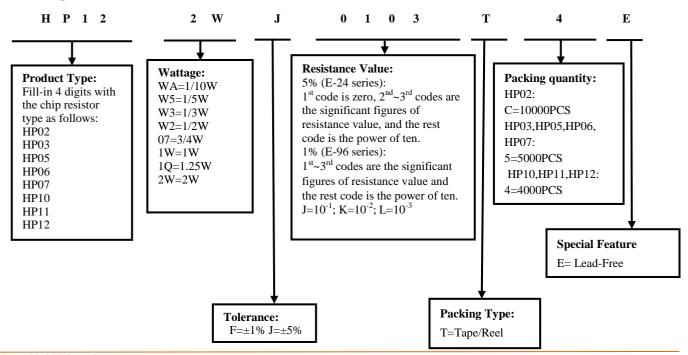
Chip Product: BD=B/B-20000pcs TC=T/R-10000pcs

2.5.3 14th code: Special features.

E = Environmental Protection, Lead Free, or Standard type.

3. Ordering Procedure

(Example: HP12 2W $\pm 5\%$ 10K Ω T/R-4000)









4. Marking

4.1 For HP02 size. Due to the very small size of the resistor'sbody, there is no marking on the body.

4.2 Normally, the making of 0Ω HP03, 0Ω HP05, 0Ω HP06, 0Ω HP07 + 0Ω HP10, 0Ω HP11 + 0Ω HP12 resistors as following

4.3 $\pm 5\%$ tolerance products (E-24 series):

3 codes.

1st~2nd codes are the significant figures of resistance value, and the rest code is the power of ten.

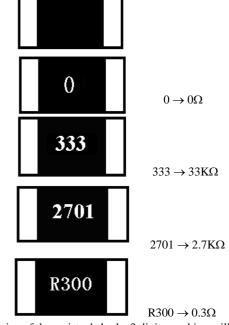
4.4 $\pm 1\%$ tolerance products (E-96 series):

4 codes.

 $1^{st} \sim 3^{rd}$ codes are the significant figures of resistance value, and the rest code is the power of ten.

Letter "R" in mark means decimal point.

4.5 More than HP05 specifications (including) 4 digits, Product below 1Ω , show as following, the first digit Is "R" which as decimal point.



4.6 Standard E-96 series values of 0603 ≤1%: due to the small size of the resistor's body, 3 digits marking will be used to indicate the accurate resistance value by using the following multiplier & resistance code.

Multiplier Code (for 0603 ≤±1% marking)

Code	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	X	Y	Z
Multiplier	10 ⁰	10^{1}	10^{2}	10^{3}	10^{4}	10 ⁵	10^{6}	10^{7}	10-1	10-2	10-3

Standard E-96 series Resistance Value code (for 0603\(\leq \pm 1\)\% marking)

Value	Code	Value	Code	Value	Code	Value	Code
100	01	178	25	316	49	562	73
102	02	182	26	324	50	576	74
105	03	187	27	332	51	590	75
107	04	191	28	340	52	604	76
110	05	196	29	348	53	619	77
113	06	200	30	357	54	634	78
115	07	205	31	365	55	649	79
118	08	210	32	374	56	665	80
121	09	215	33	383	57	681	81
124	10	221	34	392	58	698	82
127	11	226	35	402	59	715	83
130	12	232	36	412	60	732	84
133	13	237	37	422	61	750	85
137	14	243	38	432	62	768	86
140	15	249	39	442	63	787	87
143	16	255	40	453	64	806	88
147	17	261	41	464	65	825	89
150	18	267	42	475	66	845	90
154	19	274	43	487	67	866	91
158	20	280	44	499	68	887	92
162	21	287	45	511	69	909	93
165	22	294	46	523	70	931	94
169	23	301	47	536	71	953	95
174	24	309	48	549	72	976	96

Aug.10,2024 V.4 www. uni-royal.cn Page 3/9







So the resistance value are marked as the following examples



1.96K $\Omega = 196 \times 10^{1}$ $\Omega = 29$ B



4.7 Standard E-24 and not belong to E-96 series values ($\leq \pm 1\%$) of 0603 size: the marking is the same as 5% tolerance but marking as underline.



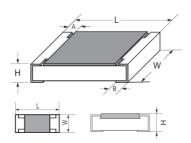
<u>333</u>=33ΚΩ



 $680 = 68\Omega$

5. <u>Dimension</u>

Truno	Dimension(mn	n)			
Туре	L	W	Н	A	В
HP02(0402)	1.00±0.10	0.50 ± 0.05	0.35±0.05	0.20±0.10	0.25±0.10
HP03(0603)	1.60±0.10	0.80 ± 0.10	0.45±0.10	0.30±0.20	0.30±0.20
HP05(0805)	2.00±0.15	1.25+0.15/-0.10	0.55±0.10	0.40 ± 0.20	0.40±0.20
HP06(1206)	3.10±0.15	1.55+0.15/-0.10	0.55±0.10	0.45±0.20	0.45±0.20
HP07(1210)	3.10±0.10	2.60±0.20	0.55±0.10	0.50±0.25	0.50±0.20
HP10(2010)	5.00±0.10	2.50±0.20	0.55±0.10	0.60 ± 0.25	0.50±0.20
HP11(1812)	4.50±0.20	3.20±0.20	0.55±0.20	0.50±0.20	0.50±0.20
HP12(2512)	6.35±0.10	3.20±0.20	0.55±0.10	0.60±0.25	0.50±0.20



6. Resistance Range

Туре	Size	Power Rating	Resistance Range of 1% & 5%	Max. Working Voltage/Current	Max. Overload Voltage/ Current	Dielectric withstanding Voltage	Operating Temperature	
HP02	0402	1/10W -	1Ω~10M	50V	100V	- 100V	-55℃~155℃	
111 02	0402	1/10 W	0Ω:≤10mΩ	3A	6A	100 v	-55 C~155 C	
HP03	0603	1/5W -	$0.1\Omega\sim10M$	75V	150V	- 300V	-55°C~155°C	
пР03	0003	1/3 W	0Ω:≤8mΩ	5A	10A	300 V	-33 C~133 C	
IID05	0005	1/2337	$0.01\Omega\sim10M$	150V	300V	500V	-55℃~155℃	
HP05	0805	1/3W -	0Ω:≤5mΩ	6A	12A	- 500V	-55 0.4155 0	
IIDOC	1206	1 /2337	0.01Ω~10M	200V	400V	500V	55°C 155°C	
HP06	06 1206	1/2W -	0Ω:≤5mΩ	10A	20A	- 500V	-55°C~155°C	
HP07	1210	3/4W -	$0.1\Omega\sim10M$	200V	500V	- 500V	-55°C~155°C	
HP07	1210	3/4 W	0Ω:≤4mΩ	12A	24A	- 500 V	-55 C~155 C	
IID10	2010	1337	$0.01\Omega\sim10M$	200V	500V	5001	55°C 155°C	
HP10	2010	1W -	0Ω:≤5mΩ	12A	24A	500V	-55°C~155°C	
LID11	1012	1.05337	0.1Ω~10M	200V	500V	5001	55°C 155°C	
HP11	1812	1.25W	0Ω:≤5mΩ	12A	24A	- 500V	-55℃~155℃	
IID12	2512	211/	0.01Ω~10M	300V	500V	5001	55°C 155°C	
HP12	2512	2W -	0Ω:≤5mΩ	16A	32A	500V	-55°C~155°C	

Aug.10,2024 V.4 www. uni-royal.cn Page 4/9

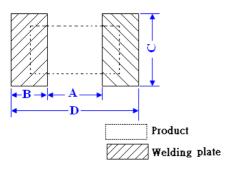






7. Soldering pad size recommended

T-ma	Dimension(mm)								
Type	\mathbf{A}	В	\mathbf{C}	D					
HP02	0.5 ± 0.05	0.5 ± 0.05	0.6 ± 0.05	1.5 ± 0.05					
HP03	0.8 ± 0.05	0.8 ± 0.05	0.9 ± 0.05	2.4±0.05					
HP05	1.0 ± 0.1	1±0.1	1.4 ± 0.1	3±0.1					
HP06	2.0±0.1	1.1±0.1	1.8±0.1	4.2±0.1					
HP07	2.0 ± 0.1	1.1 ± 0.1	2.9 ± 0.1	4.2±0.1					
HP10	3.6±0.1	1.4 ± 0.1	3±0.1	6.4±0.1					
HP11	3.0±0.1	1.4 ± 0.1	3.7±0.1	5.8±0.1					
HP12	4.9 ± 0.1	1.35 ± 0.1	3.7±0.1	7.6±0.1					

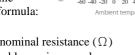


8. Derating Curve

Power rating will change based on continuous load at ambient temperature from -55 to $155\,^{\circ}$ C. It is constant between -55 to $70\,^{\circ}$ C, and derate to zero when temperature rise from 70 to $155\,^{\circ}$ C. Voltage rating:

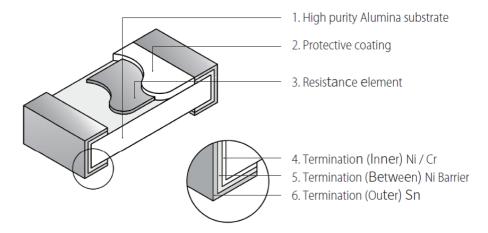
Resistors shall have a rated direct-current (DC) continuous working voltage or an approximate sine-wave root-mean-square (RMS) alternating-current (AC) continuous working voltage at commercial-line frequency and waveform corresponding to the power rating, as determined from the following formula:

 $RCWV = \sqrt{P \times R}$



Remark: RCWV: Rating Continuous Working Voltage (Volt.) P: power rating (Watt) R: nominal resistance (Ω) In no case shall the rated DC or RMS AC continuous working voltage be greater than the applicable maximum value. The overload voltage is 2.5 times RCWV or Max. Overload voltage whichever is lower.

9. Structure









10. Performance Specification

Characteristic	Limits	Ref. Standards	Test Methods
	±5%: ±(3.0%+0.1Ω) ±1%: ±(1.0%+0.1Ω)		125°C, at 36% of operating power, 1000H(1.5 hours "ON", 0.5 hour "OFF").
Operational life	HP02:<20mΩ;HP03<16 mΩ; HP05、HP06、HP10、HP11、HP12: <10 mΩ HP07:<8mΩ	MIL-STD-202	Apply to rate current for 0Ω
Electrical Characterization	HP02: $1\Omega \le R \le 10\Omega: \pm 400 \text{ PPM/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $10\Omega < R \le 100\Omega: \pm 200 \text{ PPM/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $10\Omega < R \le 10M: \pm 100 \text{ PPM/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $10\Omega\Omega < R \le 10M: \pm 100 \text{ PPM/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ HP03: $0.1\Omega \le R < 0.2\Omega: \pm 200 \text{PPM/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $0.2\Omega \le R \le 10M: \pm 100 \text{ PPM/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ HP05: $10m\Omega \le R \le 15m\Omega: \pm 800 \text{ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $15m\Omega < R \le 25m\Omega: \pm 600 \text{ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $25m\Omega < R \le 50m\Omega: \pm 400 \text{ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $50m\Omega < R < 0.1\Omega: \pm 200 \text{ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $0.1\Omega \le R \le 10M: \pm 100 \text{ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $15m\Omega \le R < 10M: \pm 100 \text{ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $15m\Omega \le R < 30m\Omega: \pm 400 \text{ ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $30m\Omega \le R < 30m\Omega: \pm 300 \text{ ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $50m\Omega \le R < 0.1\Omega: \pm 150 \text{ ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $0.1\Omega \le R \le 10M: \pm 100 \text{ ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $0.1\Omega \le R \le 10M: \pm 100 \text{ ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $15m\Omega \le R < 10M: \pm 100 \text{ ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $15m\Omega \le R < 50m\Omega: 0 \sim +800 \text{ ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $15m\Omega \le R < 10M: \pm 100 \text{ ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ HP12: $10m\Omega \le R < 20m\Omega: 0 \sim +800 \text{ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ HP12: $10m\Omega \le R < 20m\Omega: 0 \sim +800 \text{ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $20m\Omega \le R < 50m\Omega: 0 \sim +400 \text{ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $20m\Omega \le R \le 50m\Omega: 0 \sim +400 \text{ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ $50m\Omega < R \le 10M: \pm 100 \text{ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$	GB/T 5729 4.8 JIS-C-5201 4.8 IEC60115-1 4.8	Natural resistance changes per temp. Degree centigrade $\frac{R_2\text{-}R_1}{R_1(t_2\text{-}t_1)} \times 10^6 (\text{PPM/°C})$ $R_1: \text{Resistance Value at room temperature } (t_1) \; ;$ $R_2: \text{Resistance at test temperature } (t_2) \\ t_1: +25^{\circ}\text{C or specified room temperature} \\ t_2: \text{Test temperature } (-55^{\circ}\text{C or } 125^{\circ}\text{C})$
Short-time	$\pm 1\%$: $\pm (1.0\% + 0.1\Omega)$ $\pm 5\%$: $\pm (2.0\% + 0.1\Omega)$ HP02: ≤ 10 mΩ;HP03 ≤ 8 mΩ;	GB/T 5729 4.13 - JIS-C-5201 4.13	4.13 Permanent resistance change after the application of a potential of 2.5 times RCWV or Max. Overload Voltage whichever less for 5 seconds
Characterization	HP05、HP06、HP10、HP11、HP12: ≤5mΩ HP07: ≤4mΩ	IEC60115-1 4.13	Apply max Overload current for 0Ω
External Visual	No Mechanical Damage	MIL-STD-883 Method 2009	Electrical test not required.Inspect device construction, marking and workmanship
	Reference 5 Dimension Standards	JESD22 MH Method JB-100	Verify physical dimensions to the applicable device detail specification. Note: User(s) and Suppliers spec. Electrical test not required.
	Marking Unsmeared	MIL-STD-202 Method 215	Note: Add Aqueous wash chemical – OKEM Clean or equivalent. Do not use banned solvents.
Terminal Strength	Not broken	JIS-C-6429	HP02:5N; others:17.7N, 60±1 seconds.
High Temperature	±5%: ±(3.0%+0.1Ω) ±1%: ±(1.0%+0.1Ω)		1000hrs. @T=155°C.Unpowered. Measurement at 24±2 hours after test conclusion.
Exposure (Storage)	HP02: ≤10mΩ;HP03≤8 mΩ; HP05、HP06、HP10、HP11、HP12: ≤5mΩ HP07: ≤4mΩ	MIL-STD-202 Method 108	Apply to rate current for 0Ω







	$\pm (1.0\% + 0.05\Omega)$		1000 Cycles (-55°C to +155°C). Measurement at 24±2 hours after test conclusion.		
Temperature Cycling	HP02: ≤10mΩ;HP03≤8 mΩ; HP05、HP06、HP10、HP11、HP12: ≤5mΩ HP07: ≤4mΩ	JESD22 Method JA-104	Apply to rate current for 0Ω		
Biased	±5%: ±(3.0%+0.05Ω) ±1%: ±(1.0%+0.05Ω)	MIL-STD-202	1000 hours 85 °C,85%RH. Note: Specified conditions: 10% of operating power. Measurement at 24±2 hours after test conclusion.		
Humidity	$HP02: \le 10m\Omega; HP03 \le 8 m\Omega;$ HP05, $HP06$, $HP10$, $HP11$, $HP12:\le 5m\OmegaHP07: \le 4m\Omega$	Method 103	Apply to rate current for 0Ω		
	±1%: ±(1.0%+0.1Ω) ±5%: ±(2.0%+0.1Ω)		Wave Form: Tolerance for half sine shock pulse. Peak value is 100g's. Normal duration (D) is 6.		
Mechanical Shock	HP02: ≤10mΩ;HP03≤8 mΩ; HP05、HP06、HP10、HP11、HP12: ≤5mΩ HP07: ≤4mΩ	MIL-STD-202 Method 213	Apply to rate current for 0Ω		
Vibration	±1%: ±(1.0%+0.1Ω) ±5%: ±(2.0%+0.1Ω)	MIL-STD-202	5g's for 20 min., 12cycle each of 3 orientations. Note: Use 8"*5"PCB. 031" thick 7 secure points onone long side and 2 secure points at corners of opposite sides. Parts mounted within 2' from any secure point. Test from 10-2000Hz.		
	HP02: ≤10mΩ;HP03≤8 mΩ; HP05、HP06、HP10、HP11、HP12: ≤5mΩ HP07: ≤4mΩ	Method 204	Apply to rate current for 0Ω		
ESD	±(3.0%+0.1Ω)	AEC-Q200-002	With the electrometer in direct contact with the discharge tip, verify the voltage setting at levels of $\pm 500\text{V}, \pm 1\text{KV}, \pm 2\text{KV}, \pm 4\text{KV}, \pm 8\text{KV}$, The electrometer reading shall be within $\pm 10\%$ for voltages from 500V to $\leq 800\text{V}$.		
Solderability	Coverage must be over 95%.	J-STD-002	For both leaded & SMD. Electrical test not required. Magnification 50X. Conditions: a) Method B 4hrs at 155°C dry heat, the dip in bath with 245±3°C,5±0.5s. b) Method D: at 260±3°C, 30±0.5s		
Flammability	No ignition of the tissue paper or scorching or the pinewood board	UL-94	V-0 or V-1 are acceptable. Electrical test not required.		
	±(1.0%+0.05Ω)		2mm (Min)		
Board Flex	HP02: ≤10mΩ;HP03≤8 mΩ; HP05、HP06、HP10、HP11、HP12: ≤5mΩ HP07: ≤4mΩ	JIS-C-6429	Apply to rate current for 0Ω		
Flame Retardance	No flame	AEC-Q200-001	Only requested, when voltage/power will increase the surface temp to 350°C. Apply voltage from 9V to 32V. No flame; No explosion.		
Resistance to	$\pm (1.0\% + 0.05\Omega)$	MIL-STD-202	Condition B No per-heat of samples. Dipping the resistor into a solder bath having a temperature of 260 °C±5 °C and hold it for 10±1 seconds		
Soldering Heat	HP02: ≤10mΩ;HP03≤8 mΩ; HP05、HP06、HP10、HP11、HP12: ≤5mΩ HP07: ≤4mΩ	Method 210	Apply to rate current for 0Ω		

Aug.10,2024 V.4 www. uni-royal.cn Page 7/9



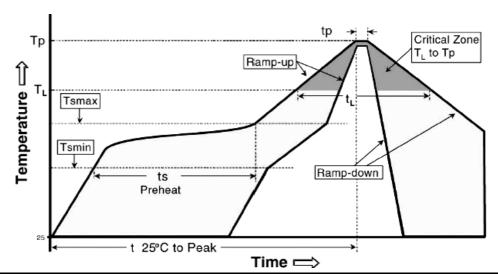




11. Soldering Condition

(This is for recommendation, please customer perform adjustment according to actual application)

11.1 Recommend Reflow Soldering Profile: (solder: Sn96.5 / Ag3 / Cu0.5)

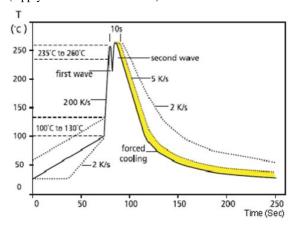


Profile Feature	Lead (Pb)-Free solder
Preheat:	
Temperature Min (Ts _{min})	150℃
Temperature Max (Ts _{max})	200℃
Time (Ts_{min} to Ts_{max}) (ts)	60 -120 seconds
Average ramp-up rate: (Ts max to Tp)	3℃ / second max.
Time maintained above : Temperature (T_L) Time (t_L)	217°C 60-150 seconds
Peak Temperature (Tp)	260℃
Time within $^{+0}_{-5}$ °C of actual peak Temperature (tp) ²	10 seconds
Ramp-own Rate	6°C/second max.
Time 25°℃ to Peak Temperature	8minutes max.

Allowed Re-flow times: 2 times

Remark: To avoid discoloration phenomena of chip on terminal electrodes, we suggest use N2 Re-flow furnace.

11.2 Recommend Wave Soldering Profile: (Apply to 0603 and above size)





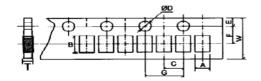




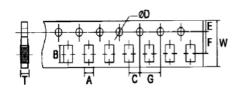
12. Packing

12.1 Dimension of Paper Taping: (Unit: mm)

Type	A ± 0.1	B ± 0.1	C ±0.05	$\Phi D_{-0}^{+0.1}$	E ±0.1	F ±0.05	G ±0.1	W ±0.2	T ±0.05
HP02	0.65	1.20	2.00	1.50	1.75	3.5	4.00	8.0	0.42

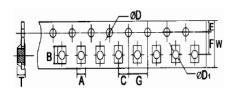


TYPE	A ± 0.2	B ± 0.2	C ± 0.05	$\Phi D_{-0}^{+0.1}$	E ± 0.1	F ± 0.05	G ± 0.1	W ± 0.2	T ±0.10
HP03	1.10	1.90	2.00	1.50	1.75	3.5	4.00	8.00	0.67
HP05	1.65	2.40	2.00	1.50	1.75	3.5	4.00	8.00	0.81
HP06	2.00	3.60	2.00	1.50	1.75	3.5	4.00	8.00	0.81
HP07	2.80	3.50	2.00	1.50	1.75	3.5	4.00	8.00	0.75



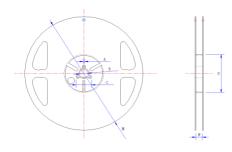
12.2 Dimension of plastic taping: (Unit: mm)

Type	A ±0.2	B ±0.2	C ±0.05	ΦD ^{+0.1}	ФD1 ^{+0.25}	E ±0.1	F ±0.05	G ±0.1	W ±0.2	T ±0.1
HP10	2.9	5.6	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.75	5.5	4.0	12.0	1.0
HP11	3.5	4.8	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.75	5.5	4.0	12.0	1.0
HP12	3.5	6.7	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.75	5.5	4.0	12.0	1.0



12.3 Dimension of Reel: (Unit: mm)

Type	Taping	Qty/Reel	A±0.5	B±0.5	C±0.5	ΦD±1	ΦL±2	W±1
HP02	Paper	10,000pcs	2.0	13.0	21.0	60.0	178.0	10.0
HP03	Paper	5,000pcs	2.0	13.0	21.0	60.0	178.0	10.0
HP05	Paper	5,000pcs	2.0	13.0	21.0	60.0	178.0	10.0
HP06	Paper	5,000pcs	2.0	13.0	21.0	60.0	178.0	10.0
HP07	Paper	5,000pcs	2.0	13.0	21.0	60.0	178.0	10.0
HP10	Embossed	4,000pcs	2.0	13.0	21.0	60.0	178.0	13.8
HP11	Embossed	4,000pcs	2.0	13.0	21.0	60.0	178.0	13.8
HP12	Embossed	4,000pcs	2.0	13.0	21.0	60.0	178.0	13.8



13. Note

- 13.1. UNI-ROYAL recommend the storage condition temperature: 15 ℃~35 ℃, humidity :25%~75%.
 - (Put condition for individual product). Even under UNI-ROYAL recommended storage condition, solderability of products over 1 year old. (Put condition for each product) may be degraded.
- 13.2. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton as a symbol.
 - Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- 13.3. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the products are stored in the following places:
 - a. Storage in high Electrostatic.
 - b. Storage in direct sunshine $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ rain and snow or condensation.
 - c. Where the products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl₂, H₂S₃ NH₃, SO₂, NO₂, Br etc.

14. Record

Version	Description	Page	Date	Amended by	Checked by
1	First version	1~8	May.22, 2020	Haiyan Chen	Yuhua Xu
2	 1.Add 0603 Marking 2. Add 0Ω the greater than the Max Overload Curren 3. Modify terminal strength test conditions 	3~4 4	Sep.19, 2022	Haiyan Chen	Yuhua Xu
3	Modify ESD test	7	Feb.19, 2024	Song Nie	Haiyan Chen
4	Modify temperature cycling test	5	Aug.10, 2024	Haiyan Chen	Yuhua Xu

© Uniroyal Electronics Global Co., Ltd. All rights reserved. Specification herein will be changed at any time without prior notice

Aug.10,2024 V.4 www. uni-royal.cn Page 9/9

单击下面可查看定价,库存,交付和生命周期等信息

>>Uni-Ohm(厚声)