



flow3xNPFC 1

650 V / 30 A

Features

- High speed IGBT
- Very compact module
- 3 phases in one housing
- Integrated NTC

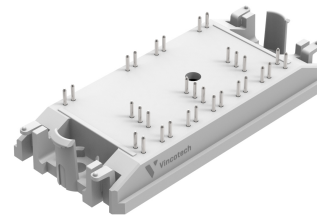
Target applications

- Charging Stations
- Power Supply

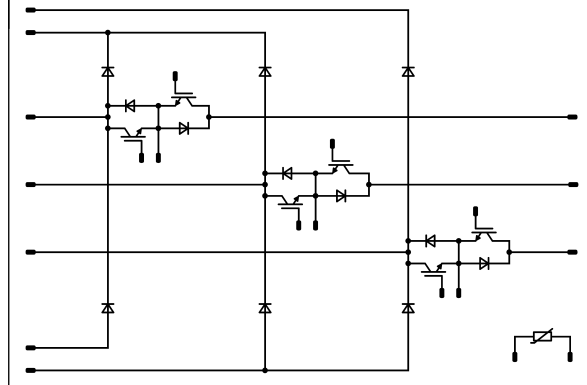
Types

- 10-TY12NMB030SM01-L394L18

flow 1 12 mm housing



Schematic





Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Buck Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	35	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	60	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	50	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Boost Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		650	V
Collector current	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	31	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	90	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	60	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		±20	V
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	32	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	170	A
Surge current capability	I^2t		145	A ² s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	71	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C



Vincotech

10-TY12NMB030SM01-L394L18
datasheet

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
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Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...+(T_{jmax} - 25)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			min. 12,7	mm
Clearance			11,89	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 200	

*100 % tested in production



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Buck Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				30	25 125 150		1,48 1,4 1,38	1,92	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 650$ V				25			1,6	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink*	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,92		K/W
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*Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Boost Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0003	25	3,3	4	4,7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		30	25 125 150		1,67 1,8 1,84	2,22	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	650		25			40	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		2100		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							7,7		pF
Gate charge	Q_g	$V_{CC} = 520 \text{ V}$	15		30	25		70		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink*	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						1,57		K/W
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*Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 16 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 16 \Omega$	-5/15	350	30	25		50,4		ns				
						125		50,6						
						150		49,8						
Rise time	t_r									25		11		ns
										125		12,6		
										150		13,4		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$									25		91,6		ns
						125		102,8						
						150		107,6						
Fall time	t_f					25		7		ns				
						125		11,17						
						150		11,94						
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{fwd} = 1,65 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{fwd} = 3,28 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{fwd} = 3,98 \mu\text{C}$				25		0,811		mWs				
						125		0,949						
						150		1,01						
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25		0,085		mWs				
						125		0,207						
						150		0,242						



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Boost Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				35	25 150		2,36 2,35	2,62 2,62	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_i = 1200$ V				25 150		2700	60 5500	μ A

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink*	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,34		K/W
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*Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

Dynamic

Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}					25 125 150		21,61 34,06 38,62		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 125 150		173,59 251,86 271,81		ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt=3209$ A/ μ s $di/dt=2031$ A/ μ s $di/dt=2003$ A/ μ s	-5/15	350	30	25 125 150		1,65 3,28 3,98		μ C
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 125 150		0,303 0,724 0,899		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		423,07 743,05 879,72		A/ μ s



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Thermistor

Static

Rated resistance	R				25		22		k Ω
Deviation of R_{100}	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1486 \Omega$			100	-12		14	%
Power dissipation	P						200		mW
Power dissipation constant	d				25		2		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ± 3 %					3950		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ± 3 %					3998		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference								B	



Buck Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

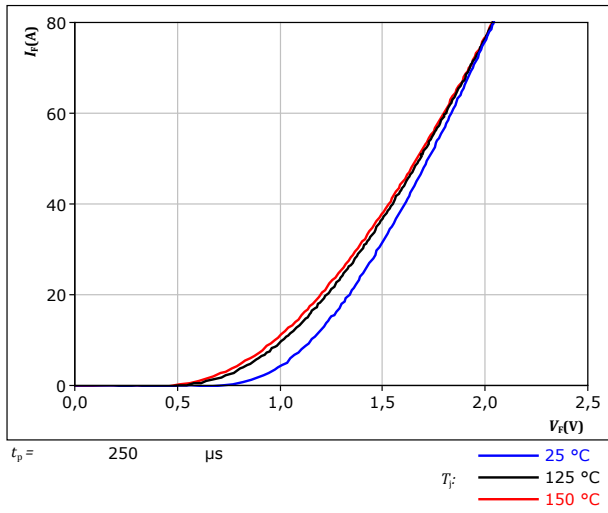
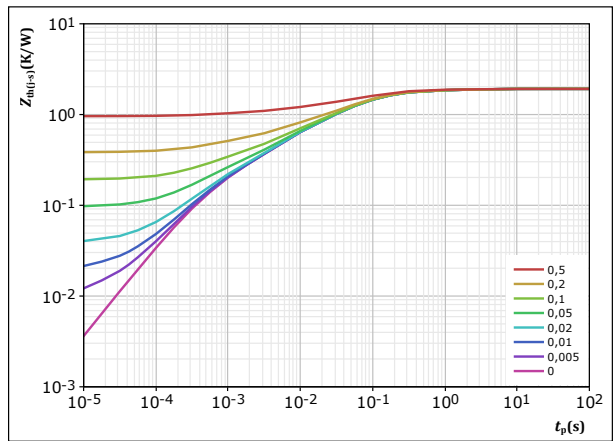


figure 2. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,918 \text{ K/W}$
 IGBT thermal model values

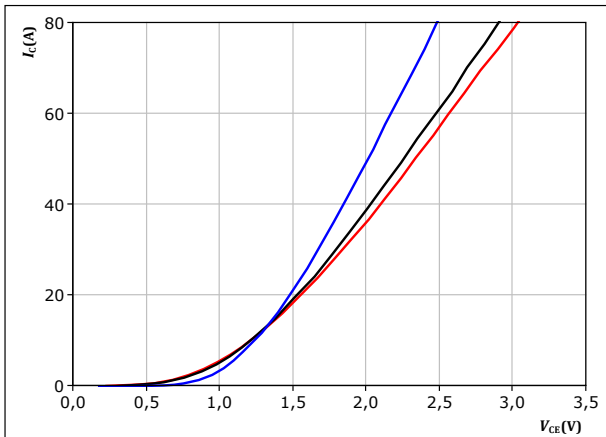
R (K/W)	τ (s)
9,41E-02	2,25E+00
3,44E-01	2,12E-01
8,56E-01	5,84E-02
3,61E-01	9,83E-03
1,37E-01	2,89E-03
1,27E-01	4,79E-04



Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 3. IGBT

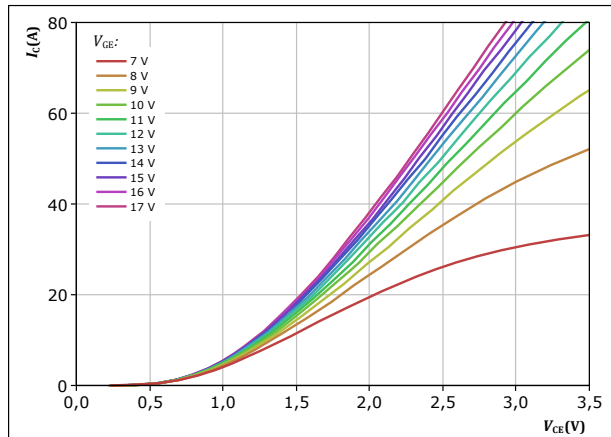
Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$t_p = 250\ \mu\text{s}$
 $V_{GE} = 15\ \text{V}$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 4. IGBT

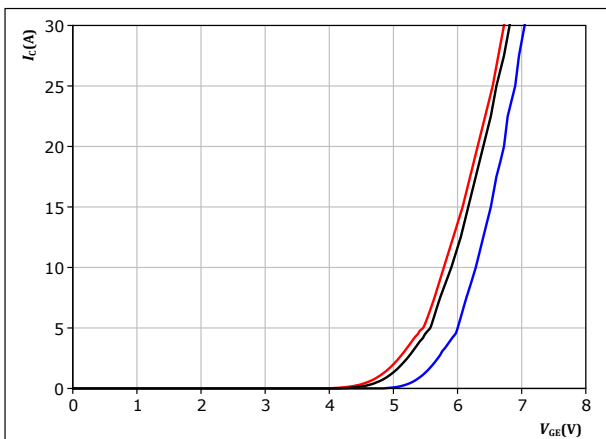
Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$t_p = 250\ \mu\text{s}$
 $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 5. IGBT

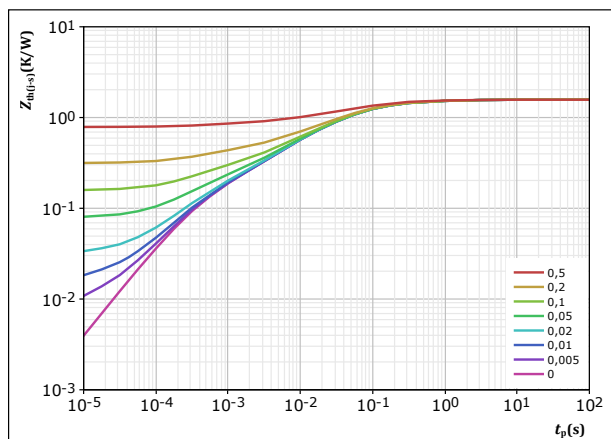
Typical transfer characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$



$t_p = 250\ \mu\text{s}$
 $V_{CE} = 10\ \text{V}$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 6. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,572\ \text{K/W}$
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
7,66E-02	1,73E+00
2,00E-01	2,58E-01
6,54E-01	5,93E-02
3,77E-01	1,31E-02
1,51E-01	2,99E-03
1,13E-01	3,69E-04

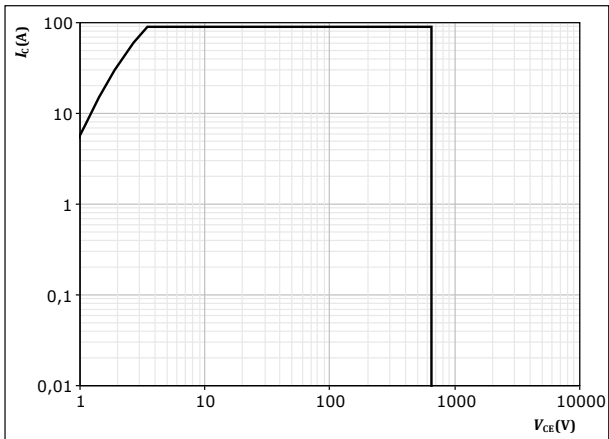


Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 7. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$ single pulse

$T_s = 80$ °C

$V_{CE} = 15$ V

$T_j = T_{jmax}$



Boost Diode Characteristics

figure 8. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

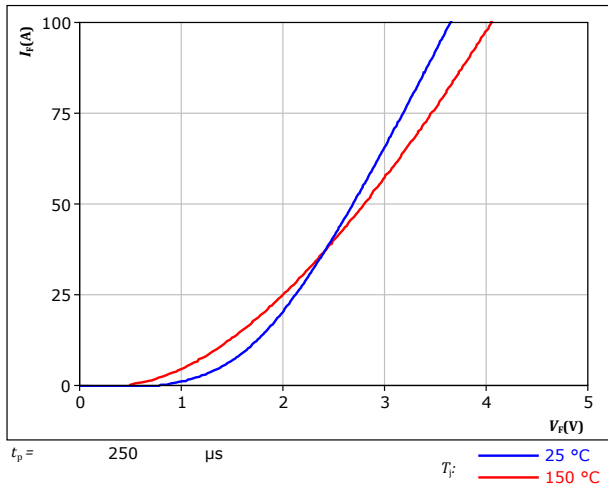
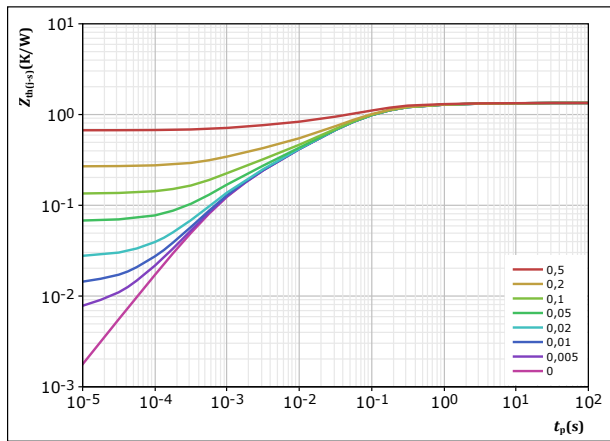


figure 9. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 1,342 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
3,06E-02	9,16E+00
1,47E-01	6,10E-01
6,10E-01	8,89E-02
2,96E-01	2,14E-02
1,39E-01	5,05E-03
1,19E-01	9,19E-04

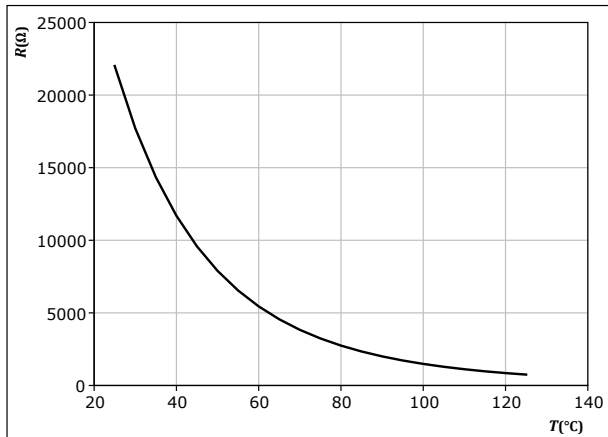


Thermistor Characteristics

figure 10. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

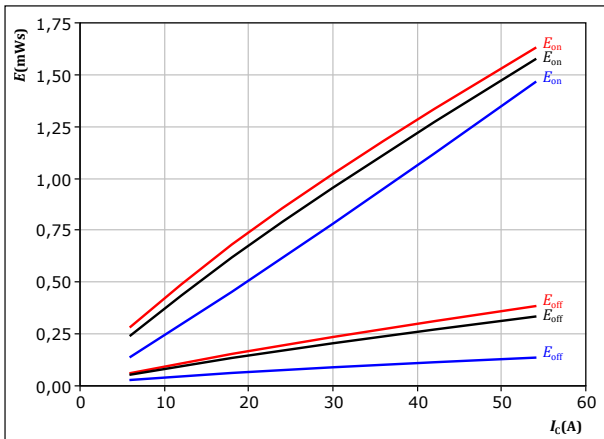




Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 11. IGBT

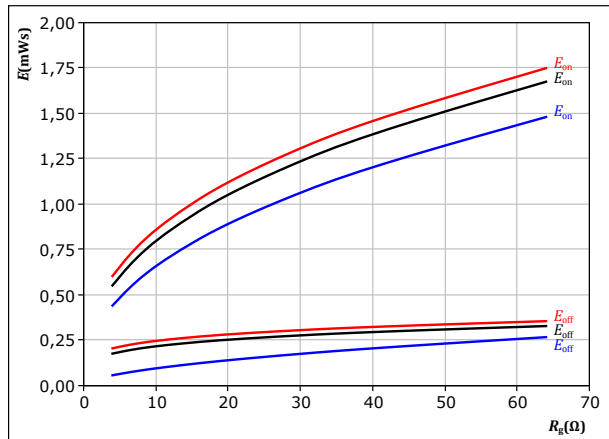
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$ V
 $R_{g(on)} = 16$ Ω
 $R_{g(off)} = 16$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 12. IGBT

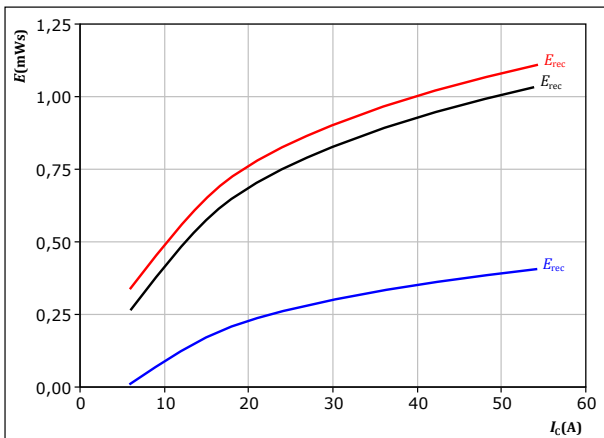
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$ V
 $I_c = 30$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 13. FWD

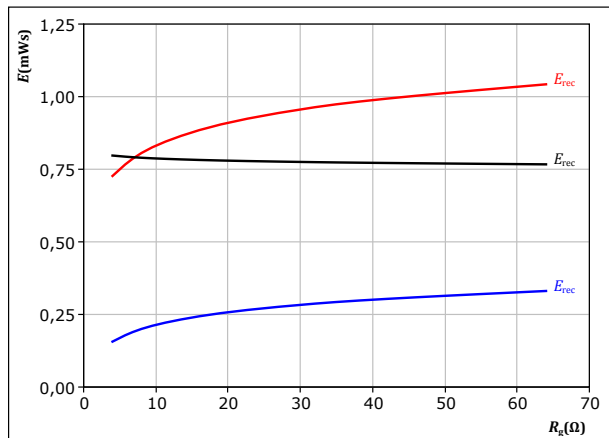
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$ V
 $R_{g(on)} = 16$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 14. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



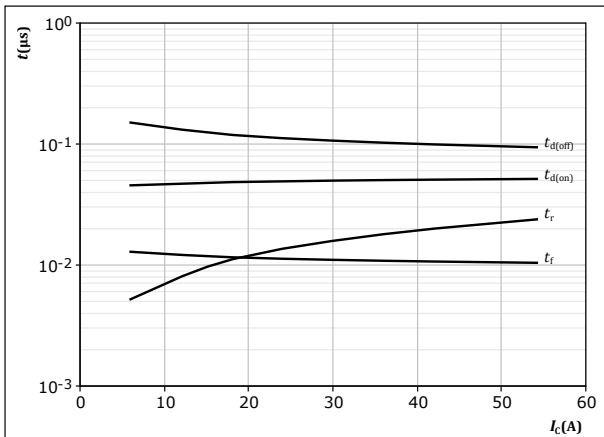
With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$ V
 $I_c = 30$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 15. IGBT

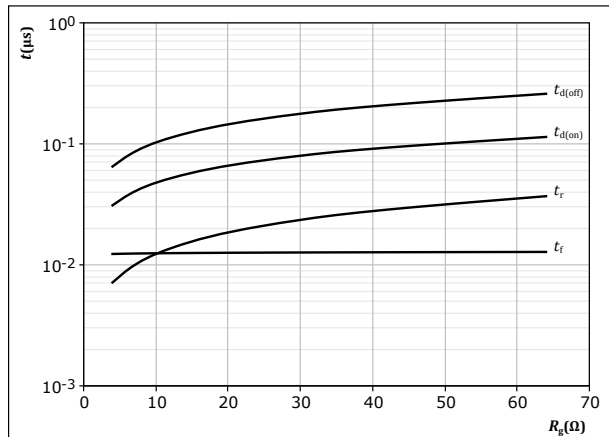
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 16. IGBT

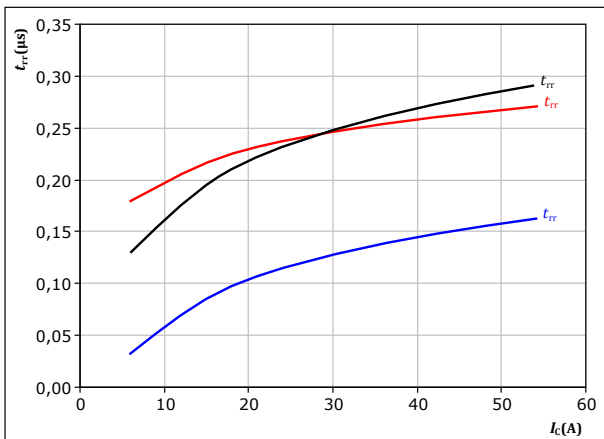
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 30 \text{ A}$

figure 17. FWD

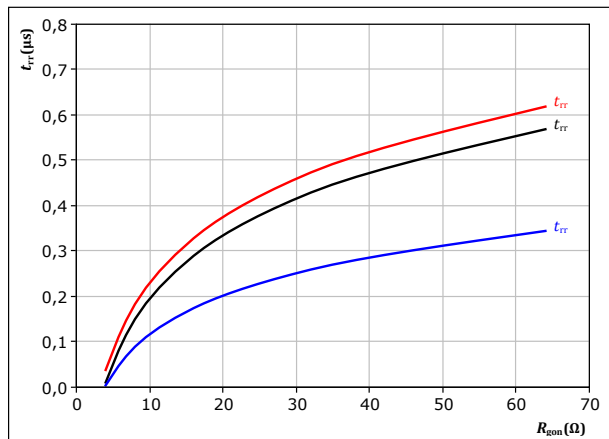
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$
 $T_j: \text{ } \text{---} 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{---} 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{---} 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 18. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 30 \text{ A}$
 $T_j: \text{ } \text{---} 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{---} 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{---} 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

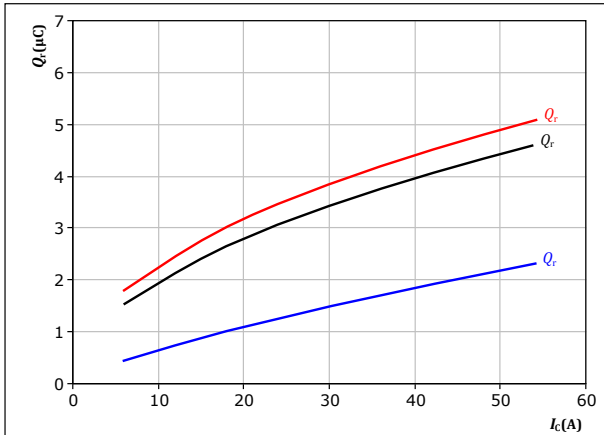


Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 19. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

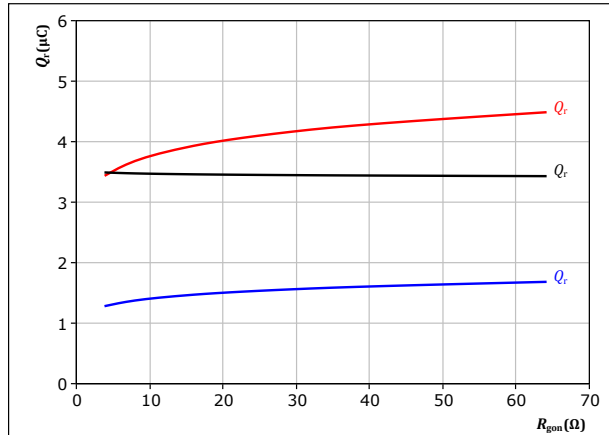
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 16 \ \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 20. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

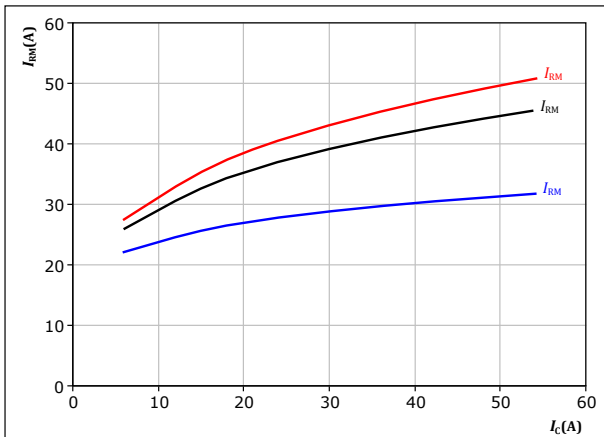
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 30 \text{ A}$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 21. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

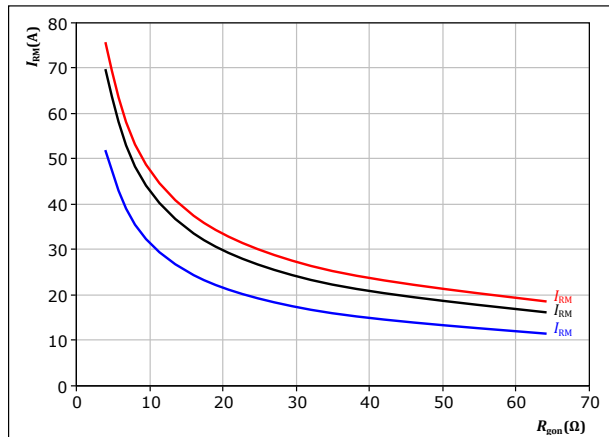
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 16 \ \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 22. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 30 \text{ A}$

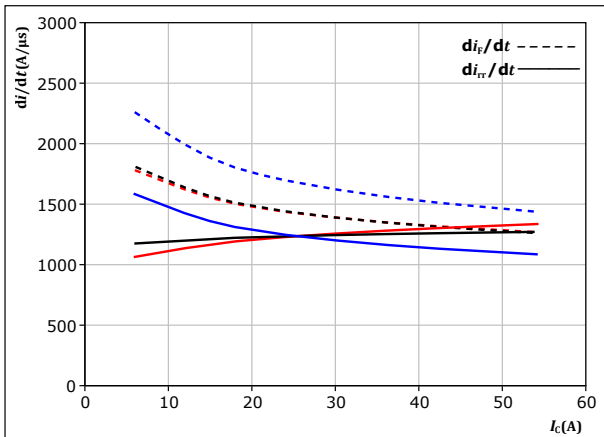
T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 23. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



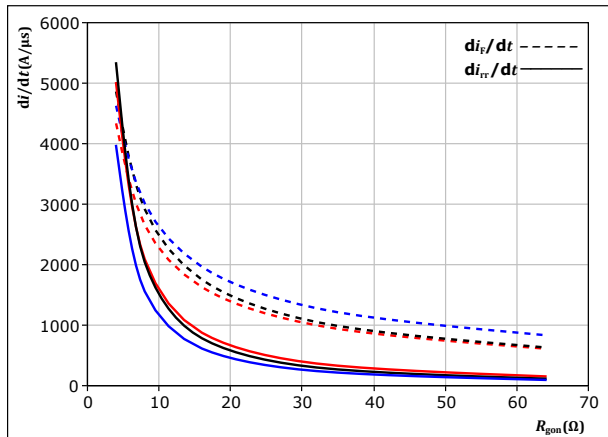
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 16$ Ω

T_j : 25 °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 24. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

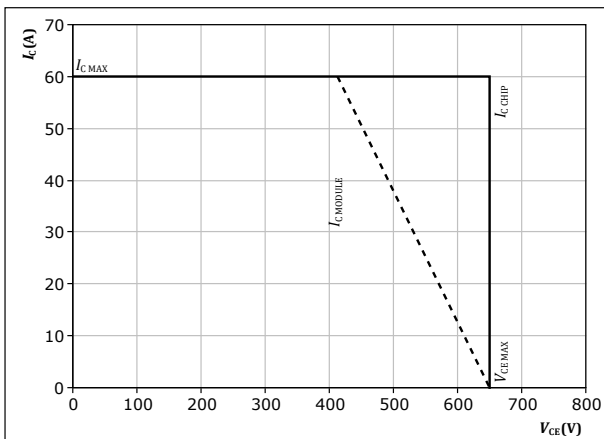
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5/15$ V
 $I_c = 30$ A

T_j : 25 °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 25. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 150$ °C
 $R_{gon} = 16$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 16$ Ω



Boost Switching Definitions

figure 26. IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

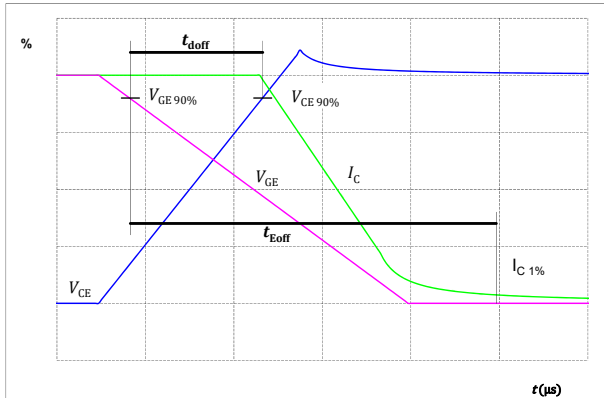


figure 27. IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

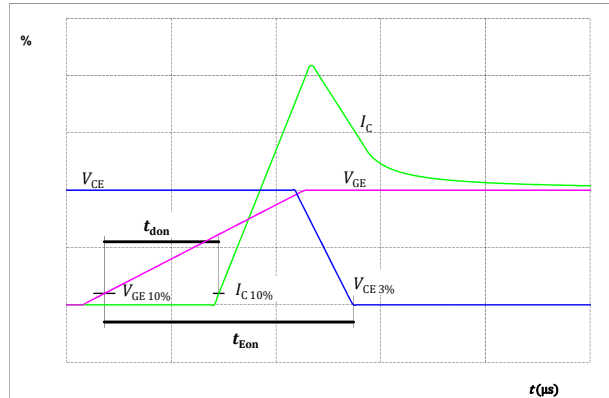


figure 28. IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

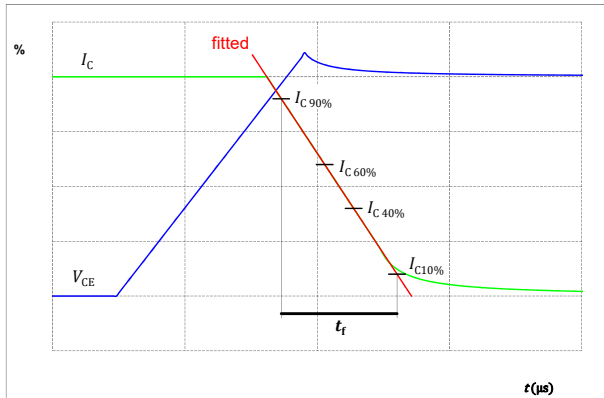
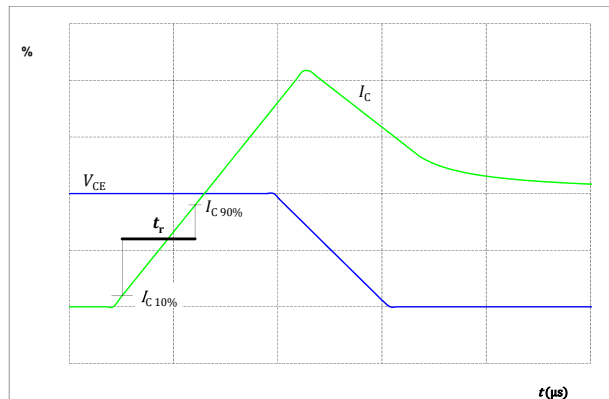


figure 29. IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r





Boost Switching Definitions

figure 30. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}

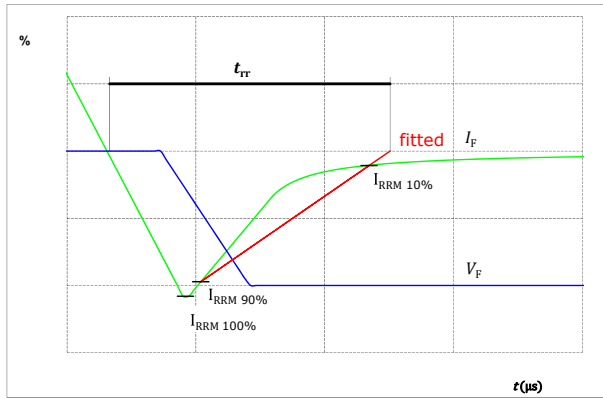
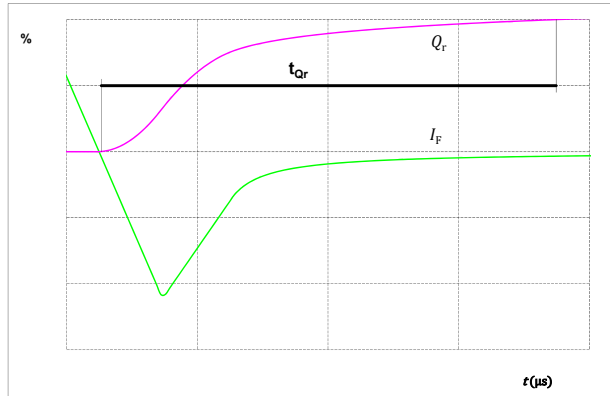


figure 31. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} (t_{Qr} = integrating time for Q_r)






10-TY12NMB030SM01-L394L18

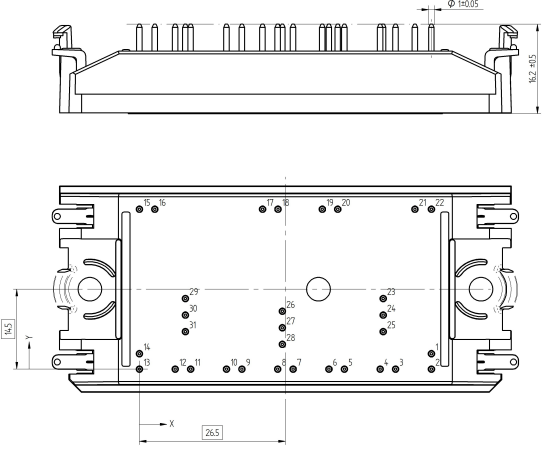
datasheet

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Ordering Code	
Version	Ordering Code
Without thermal paste	10-TY12NMB030SM01-L394L18
With thermal paste	10-TY12NMB030SM01-L394L18-/3/

Marking						
	Text	Name NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTVV	Date code WWYY	UL & VIN UL VIN	Lot LLLLL	Serial SSSS
	Datamatrix	Type&Ver TTTTTTTV	Lot number LLLLL	Serial SSSS	Date code WWYY	

Pin table [mm]			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	53	2,8	DC+2
2	53	0	DC+2
3	46,5	0	N3
4	43,7	0	N3
5	37,2	0	DC-2
6	34,4	0	DC-2
7	27,9	0	N2
8	25,1	0	N2
9	18,6	0	DC+1
10	15,8	0	DC+1
11	9,3	0	N1
12	6,5	0	N1
13	0	0	DC-1
14	0	2,8	DC-1
15	0	29	L1
16	2,8	29	L1
17	22,35	29	L2
18	25,15	29	L2
19	33,2	29	L3
20	36	29	L3
21	50	29	NTC1
22	53	29	NTC2
23	44,25	12,8	G5
24	44,25	9,8	E5
25	44,25	6,8	G6
26	25,95	10,5	G3
27	25,95	7,5	E3
28	25,95	4,5	G4
29	8,35	12,8	G1
30	8,35	9,8	E1
31	8,35	6,8	G2

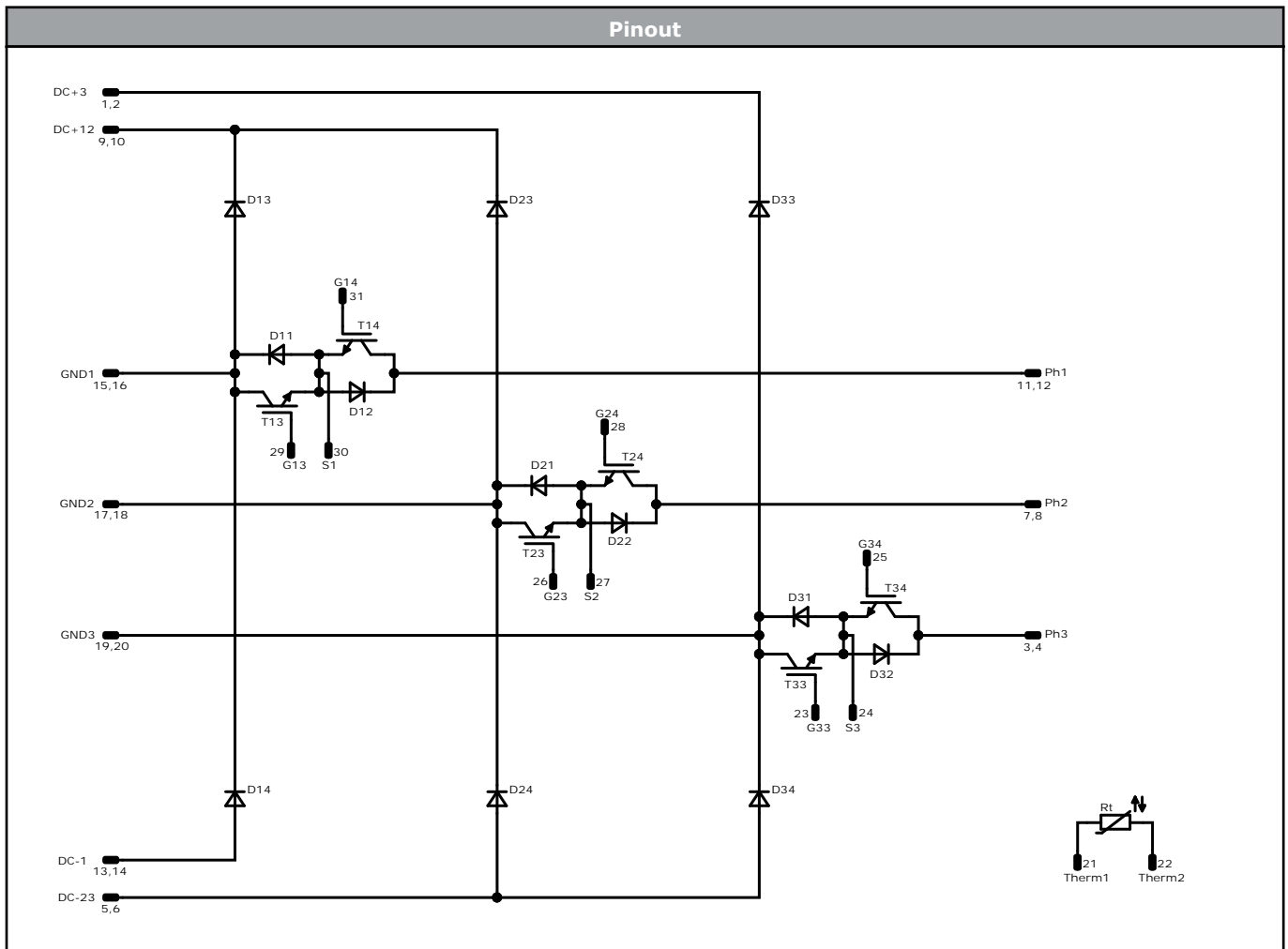


$\phi 1\pm 0,05$
 $1\pm 0,05$
 $26,5$

Tolerance of pinpositions: $\pm 0,5\text{mm}$ at the end of pins
 Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



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Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
D11, D12, D21, D22, D31, D32	FWD	650 V	30 A	Buck Diode	
T13, T14, T23, T24, T33, T34	IGBT	650 V	30 A	Boost Switch	
D13, D14, D23, D24, D33, D34	FWD	1200 V	35 A	Boost Diode	
Rt	NTC			Thermistor	




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Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 100	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 1</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 1</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-TY12NMB030SM01-L394L18-D1-14	18 Dec. 2019		

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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