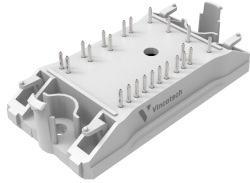
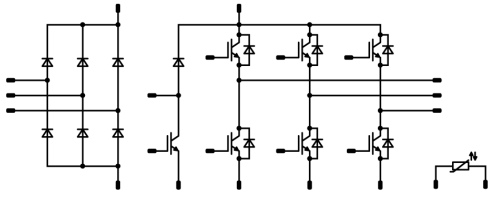




flowPIM 0		1200 V / 8 A	
Features <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 2 Clips housing in 12 mm height• Trench Fieldstop Technology IGBT4• Integrated BRC		flow 0 12 mm housing 	
Target applications <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Industrial Drives		Schematic 	
Types <ul style="list-style-type: none">• V23990-P849-A48-PM			



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Inverter Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	16	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	24	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	61	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	10	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Inverter Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	19	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	20	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	46	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Brake Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	9	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	12	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	37	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	10	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Brake Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	9	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	6	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	25	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		150	°C

Rectifier Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1600	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	35	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	200	A
Surge current capability	I^2t		200	A ² s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	44	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		150	°C

Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			9,29	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 200	

*100 % tested in production



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Inverter Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00015	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		8	25 125	1,58	1,87 2,21	2,07 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			1	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		490		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}									
Gate charge	Q_g	$V_{CC} = 960 \text{ V}$	15		8	25		53		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						1,57		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 32 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 32 \Omega$	±15	600	8	25		71,4		ns
Rise time	t_r					125		70,6		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		18,6		ns
Fall time	t_f					125		22,8		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}					25		194,4		ns
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					125		236,4		ns
						25		78,46		ns
		125		108,16		ns				
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{trFD} = 0,885 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{trWD} = 1,57 \mu\text{C}$				25		0,499		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					125		0,748		mWs
						25		0,435		mWs
						125		0,624		mWs



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Inverter Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				10	25 150	1,35	1,85 1,77	2,05 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_i = 1200$ V				25			2,7	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						2,07		K/W
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Dynamic

Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}	$di/dt=452$ A/μs $di/dt=399$ A/μs	±15	600	8	25		8,46		A
						125		9,88		
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25		250,51		ns
						125		382,73		
Recovered charge	Q_r					25		0,885		μC
						125		1,57		
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}	25		0,345		mWs				
		125		0,634						
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$	25		83,99		A/μs				
		125		69,05						



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Brake Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00015	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		4	25 125	1,58	1,95 2,17	2,02 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			0,5	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		250		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							15		pF

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						2,58		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 64 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 64 \Omega$	± 15	600	4	25		93		ns								
						125		89,8										
						150		90,6										
Rise time	t_r					$R_{gon} = 64 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 64 \Omega$	± 15	600	4	25		18,8		ns				
										125		24						
										150		24,2						
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$									$R_{gon} = 64 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 64 \Omega$	± 15	600	4	25		184,4		ns
														125		226		
														150		235		
Fall time	t_f	$R_{gon} = 64 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 64 \Omega$	± 15	600	4									25		71,34		ns
														125		98,45		
														150		101,98		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}					$Q_{tFWD} = 0,442 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 0,76 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 0,871 \mu\text{C}$	± 15	600	4					25		0,253		mWs
														125		0,339		
														150		0,366		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}									$Q_{tFWD} = 0,442 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 0,76 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 0,871 \mu\text{C}$	± 15	600	4	25		0,221		mWs
														125		0,303		
														150		0,324		



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Brake Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				3	25 125	1,23	1,73 1,64	1,97 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_i = 1200$ V				25			27	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						2,8		K/W
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Dynamic

Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}	$di/dt=204$ A/μs $di/dt=202$ A/μs $di/dt=191$ A/μs	±15	600	4	25		4,22		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					125		268,29	ns	
						150		445,74		
								465,72		
Recovered charge	Q_r					25		0,442	μC	
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					125		0,76		
		150		0,871						
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$	25		44,17	A/μs					
		125		39,91						
		150		36,33						



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Rectifier Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				8	25 125 150		0,976 0,879 0,85	1,21 ⁽¹⁾ 1,1 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_T = 1600$ V				25			50	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,59		K/W
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Thermistor

Static

Rated resistance	R					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of R_{100}	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ Ω				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	P							5		mW
Power dissipation constant	d					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±1 %						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±1 %						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

⁽¹⁾ Value at chip level

⁽²⁾ Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

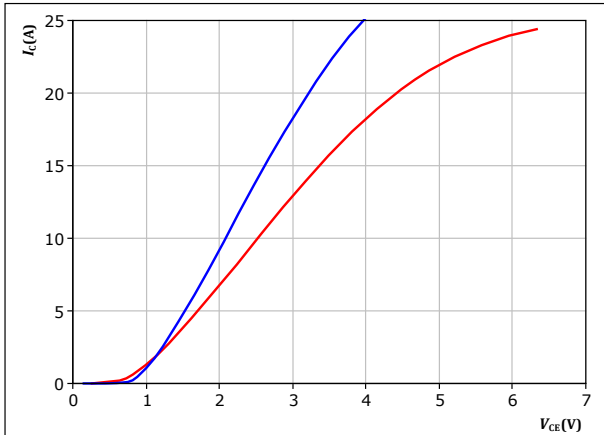


Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_c = f(V_{CE})$$

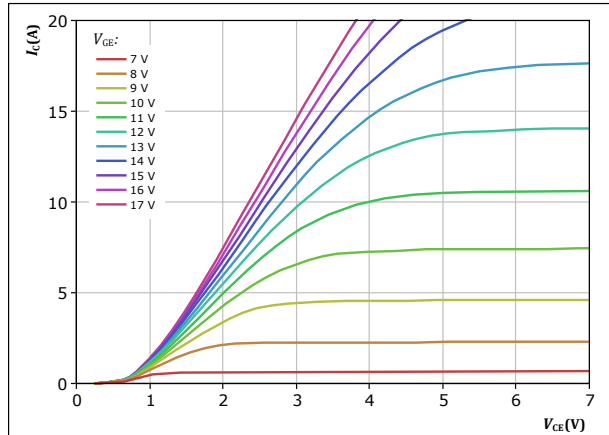


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_c = f(V_{CE})$$

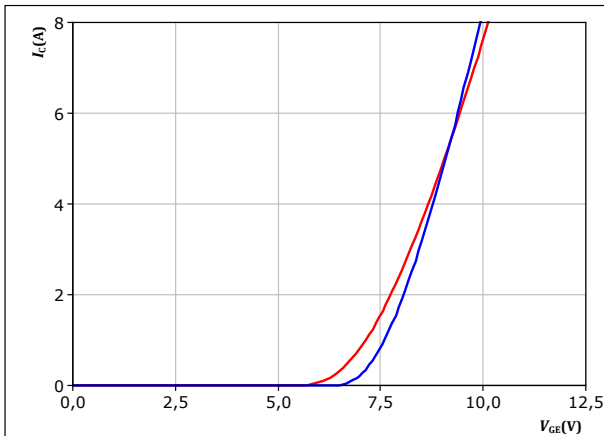


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_c = f(V_{GE})$$

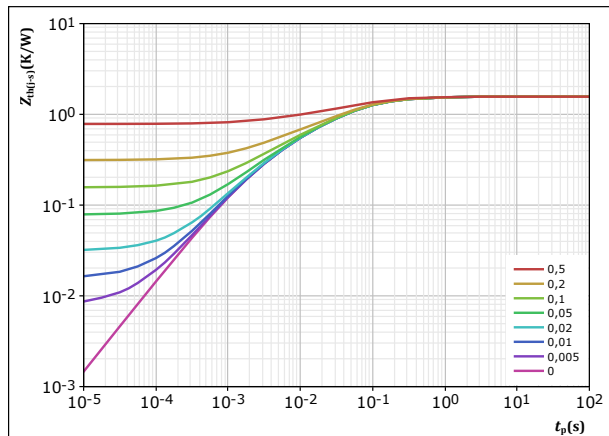


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,566 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
1,42E-01	5,98E-01
6,32E-01	7,71E-02
3,98E-01	2,43E-02
2,86E-01	6,16E-03
1,08E-01	1,44E-03

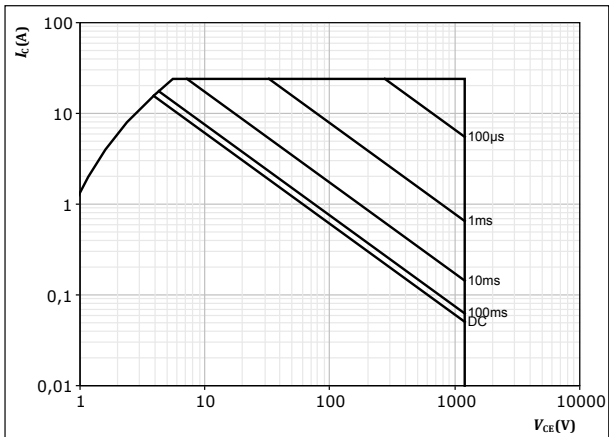


Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



D = single pulse
T_s = 80 °C
V_{GE} = 15 V
T_j = T_{jmax}



Inverter Diode Characteristics

figure 6. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

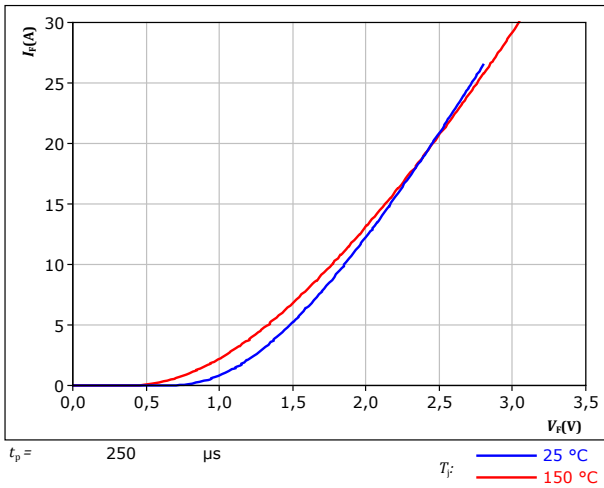
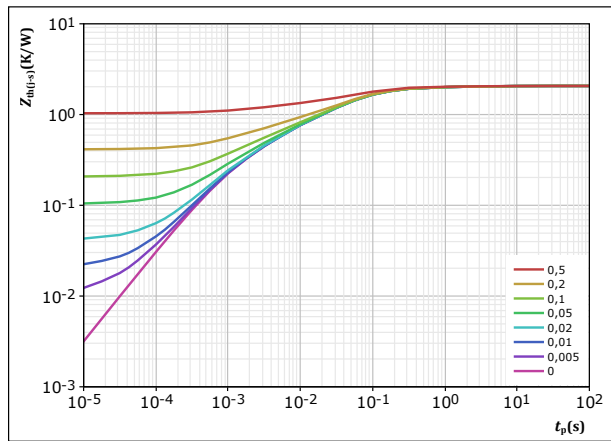


figure 7. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 2,066 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
5,09E-02	4,26E+00
1,55E-01	5,03E-01
7,75E-01	7,89E-02
5,33E-01	2,68E-02
3,54E-01	5,03E-03
1,97E-01	9,09E-04

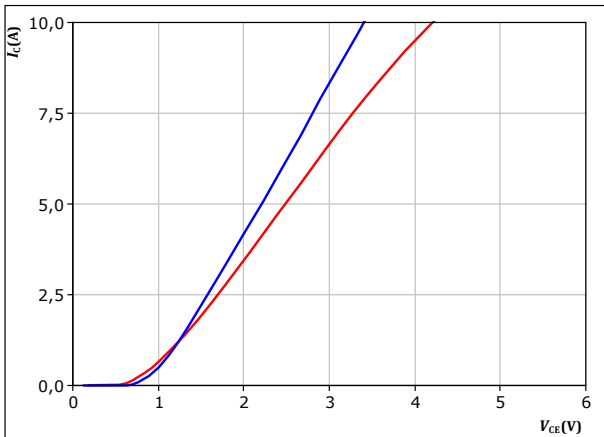


Brake Switch Characteristics

figure 8. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

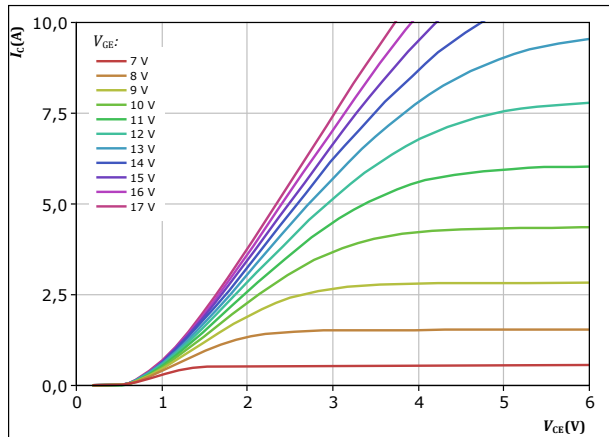


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$
 T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 9. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

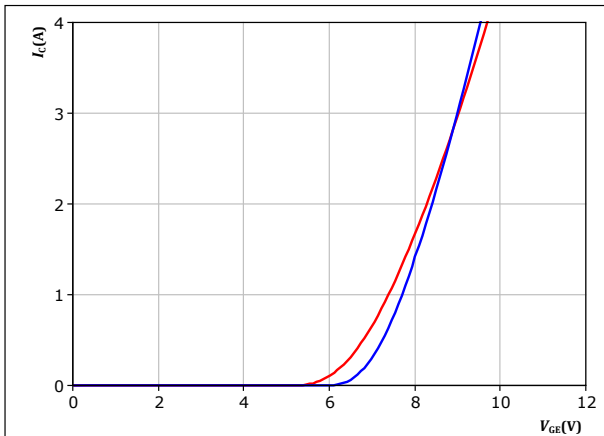


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125 \text{ °C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 10. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

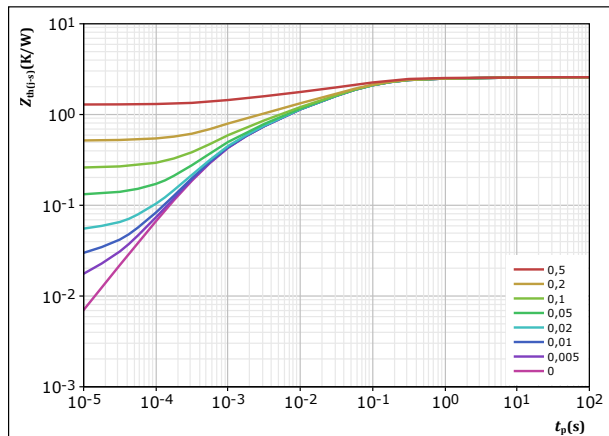


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$
 T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 11. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 2,577 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
8,49E-02	6,59E+00
1,97E-01	3,69E-01
1,01E+00	6,94E-02
4,64E-01	1,61E-02
4,43E-01	4,16E-03
3,82E-01	6,88E-04

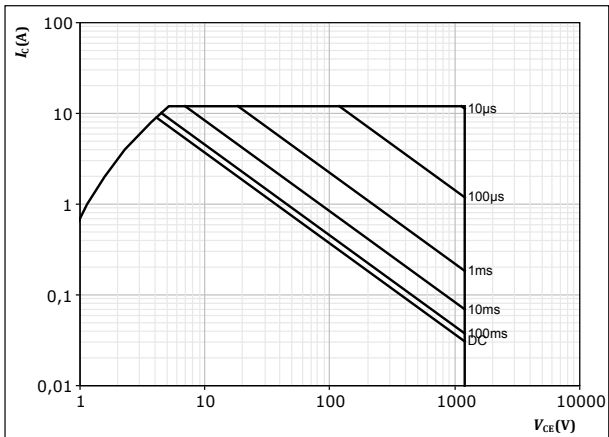


Brake Switch Characteristics

figure 12. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



D = single pulse
T_s = 80 °C
V_{CE} = 15 V
T_j = T_{jmax}

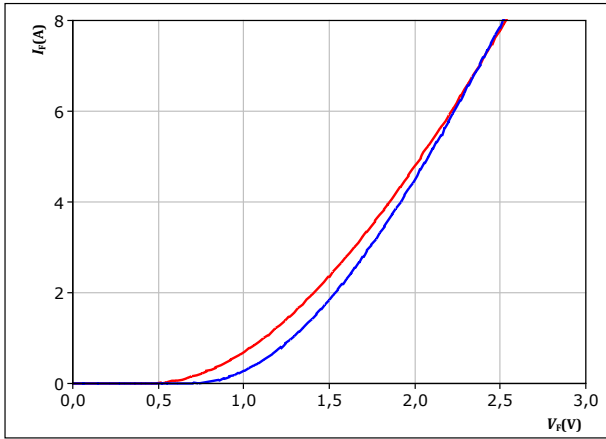


Brake Diode Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

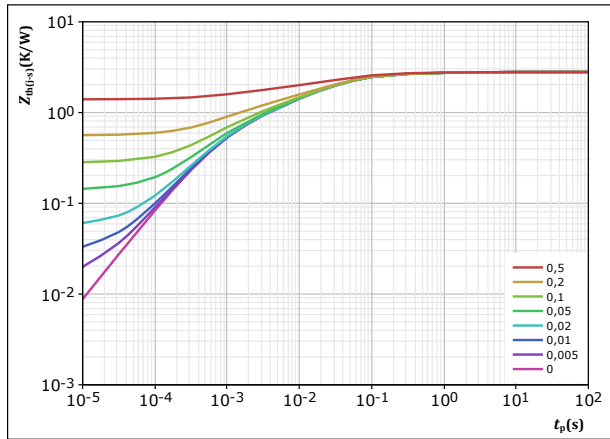


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C

figure 14. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 2,796 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
7,82E-02	2,45E+00
1,95E-01	2,65E-01
9,84E-01	4,77E-02
6,58E-01	1,23E-02
5,09E-01	2,70E-03
3,71E-01	5,98E-04



Rectifier Diode Characteristics

figure 15. Rectifier

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

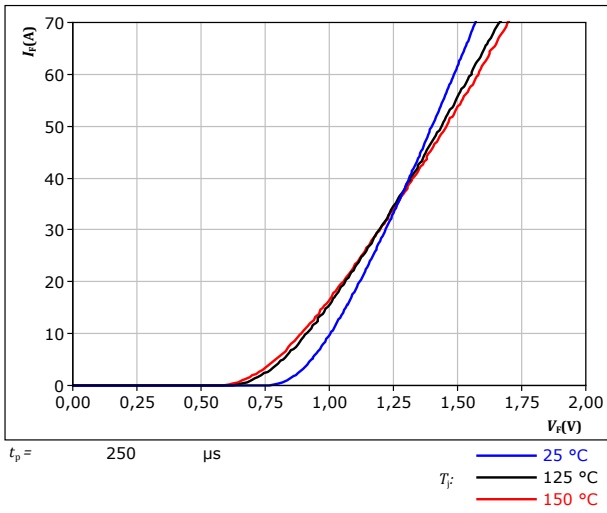
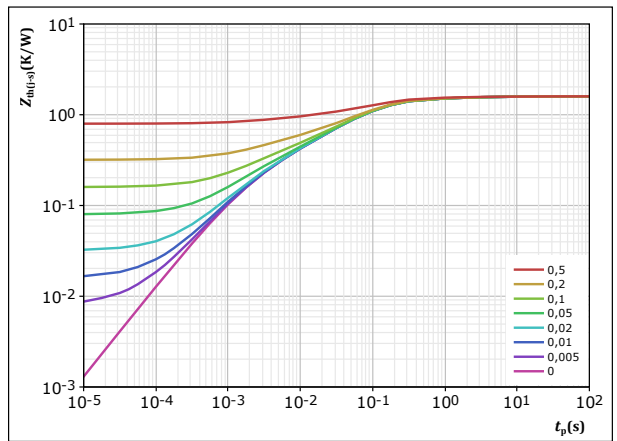


figure 16. Rectifier

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,594 \text{ K/W}$

Rectifier thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
3,44E-02	9,66E+00
1,12E-01	1,22E+00
5,81E-01	1,45E-01
4,89E-01	5,05E-02
2,38E-01	9,26E-03
1,22E-01	1,79E-03
1,81E-02	7,88E-04

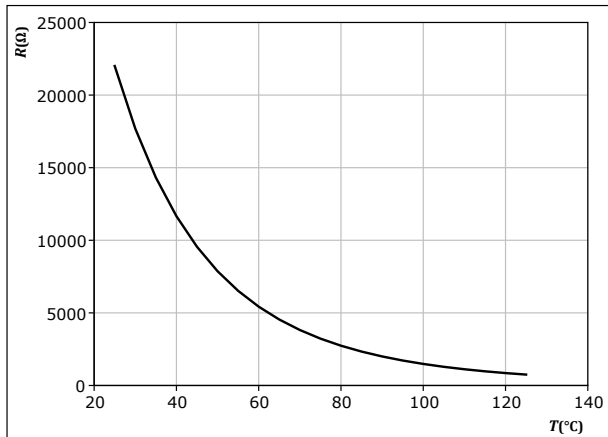


Thermistor Characteristics

figure 17. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

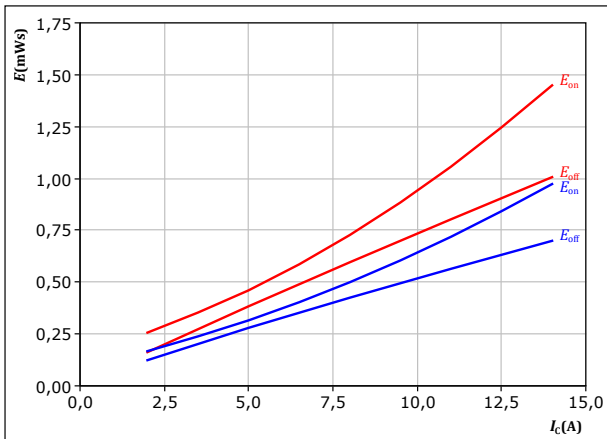




Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 18. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$



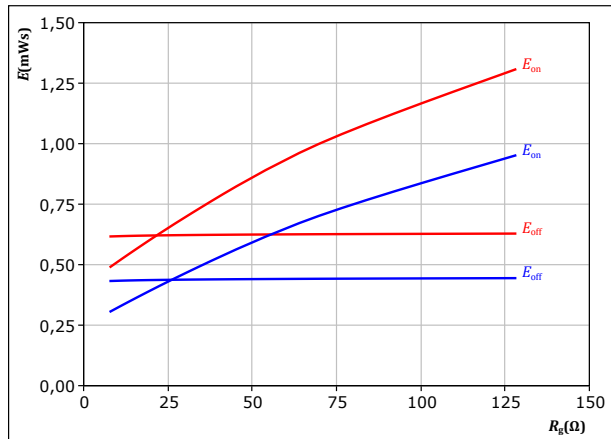
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 32$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 19. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$



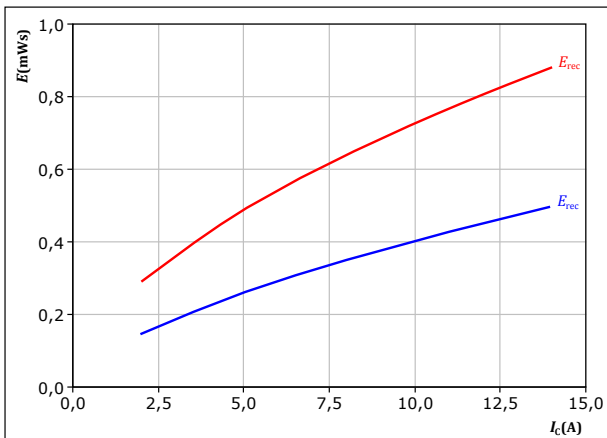
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 8$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 20. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



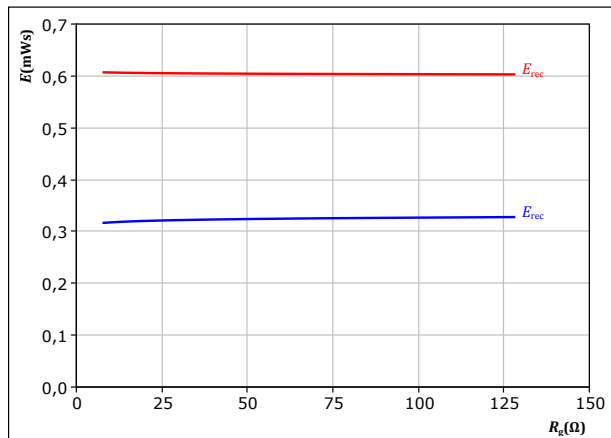
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 21. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 8$ A

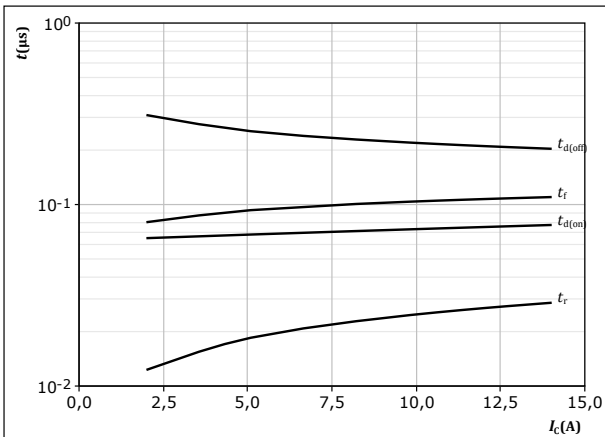
T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C



Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 22. IGBT

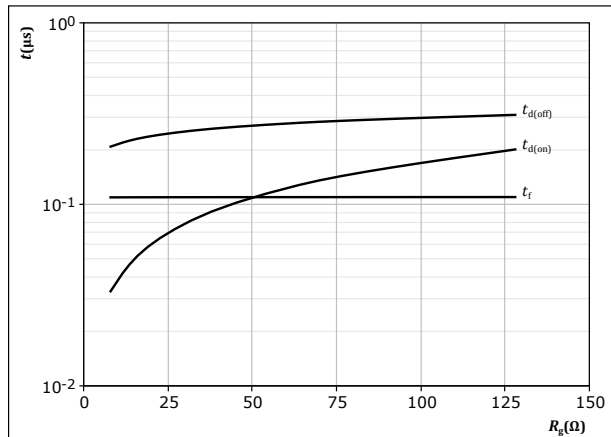
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 23. IGBT

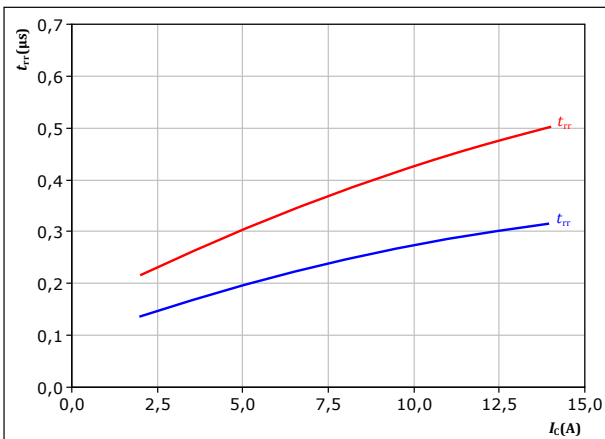
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 8 \text{ A}$

figure 24. FWD

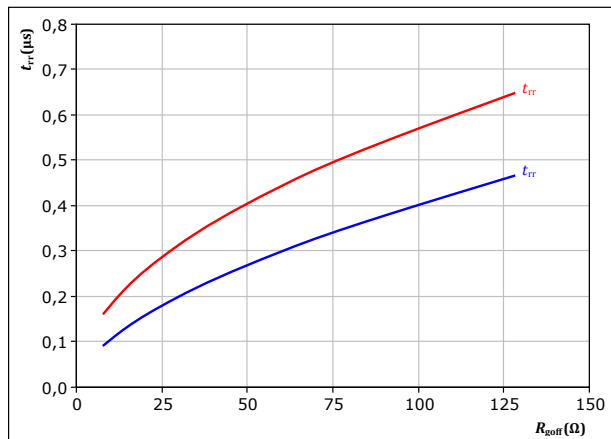
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 25. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 8 \text{ A}$
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

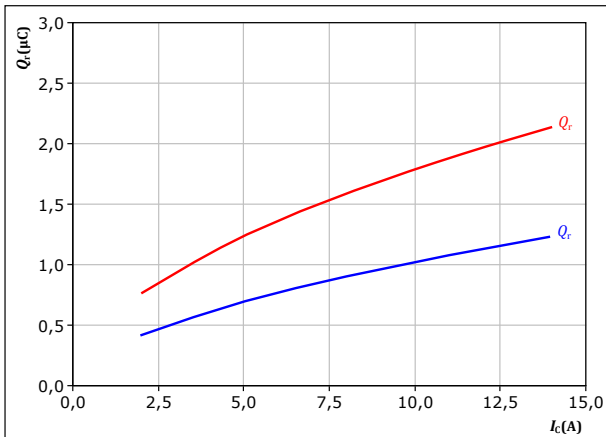


Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 26. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

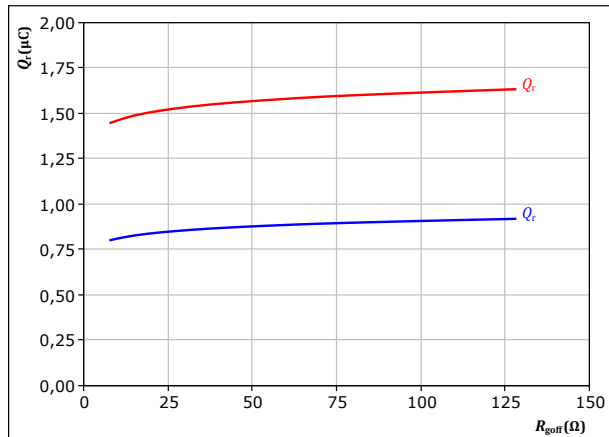
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{goff} = 32$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 27. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

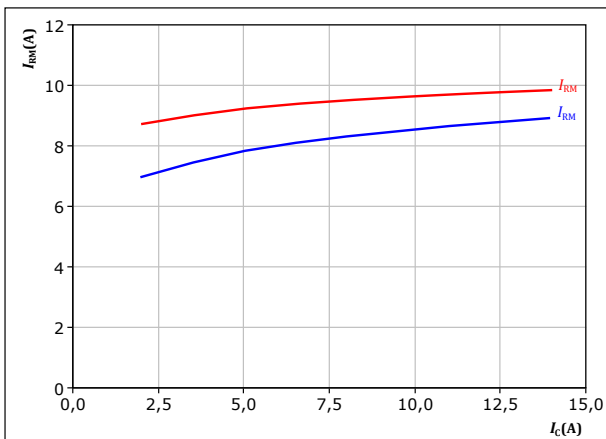
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 8$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 28. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

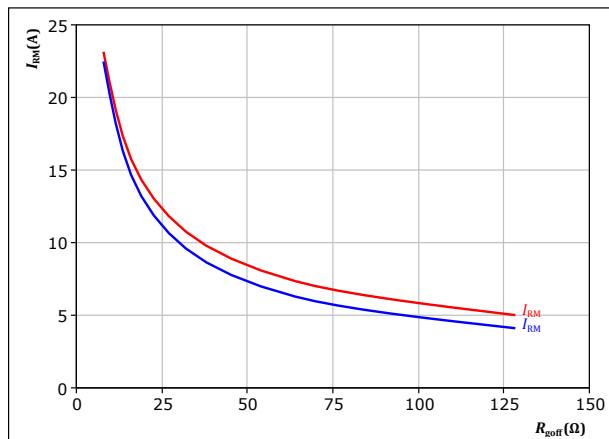
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{goff} = 32$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 29. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 8$ A

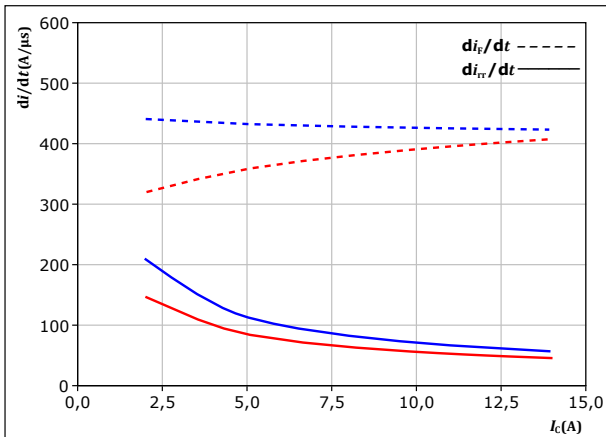
T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C



Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 30. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



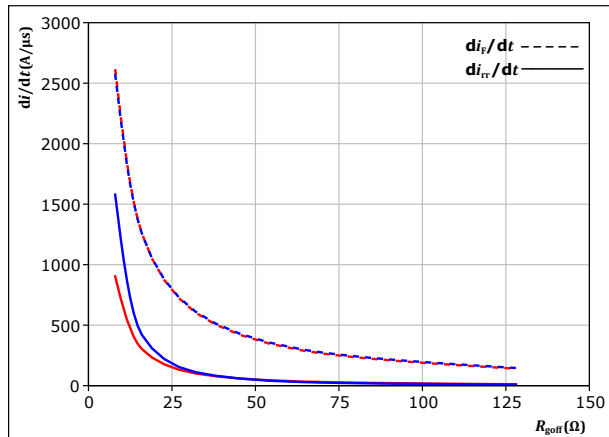
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{goff} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C

figure 31. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

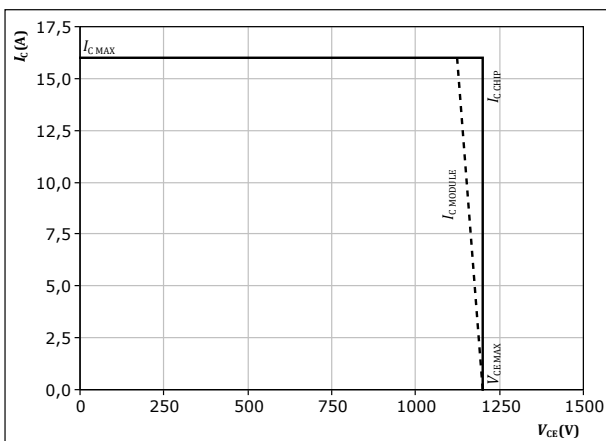
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 8 \text{ A}$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C

figure 32. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $R_{goff} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$

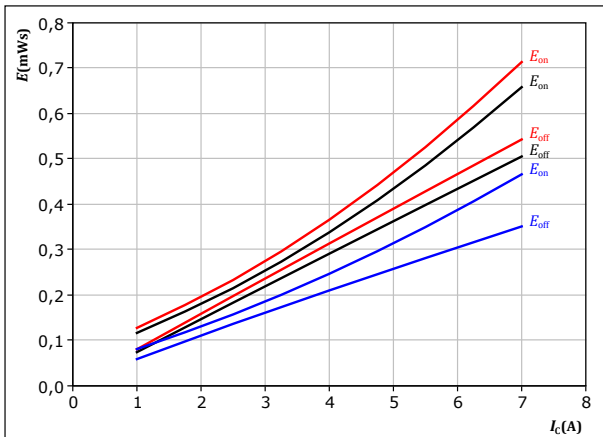


Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 33. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



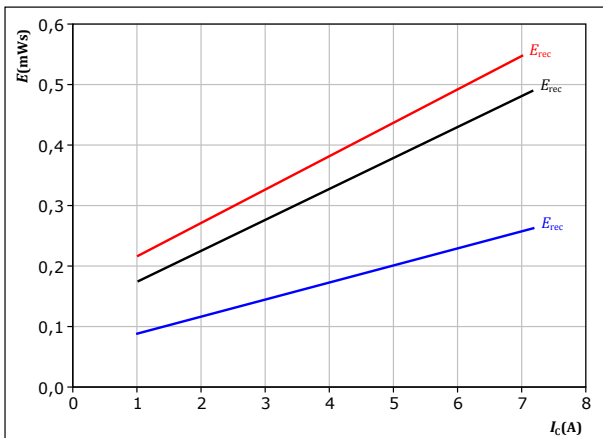
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		— 125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	64	Ω		— 150 °C
$R_{goff} =$	64	Ω		

figure 35. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



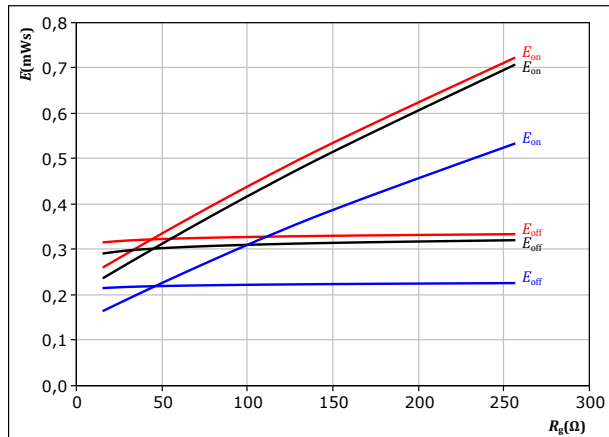
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		— 125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	64	Ω		— 150 °C

figure 34. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



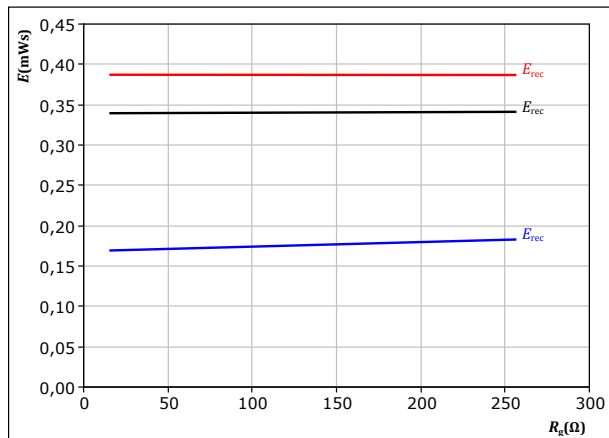
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		— 125 °C
$I_c =$	4	A		— 150 °C

figure 36. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

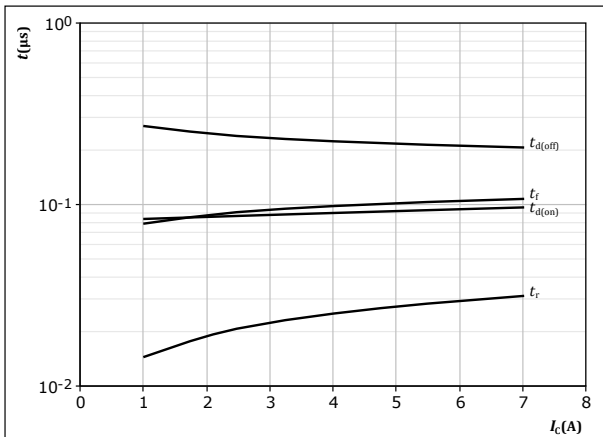
$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		— 125 °C
$I_c =$	4	A		— 150 °C



Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 37. IGBT

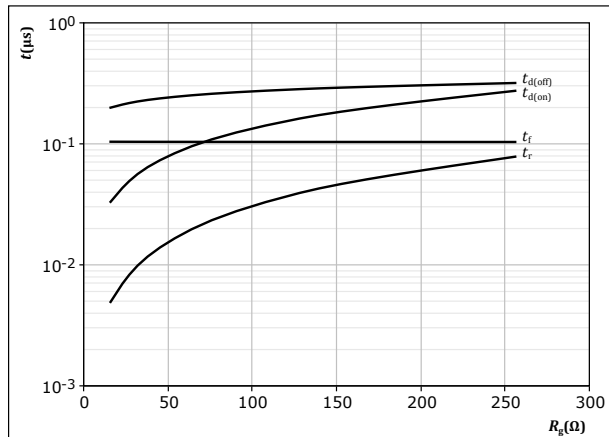
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{g(on)} = 64 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{g(off)} = 64 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 38. IGBT

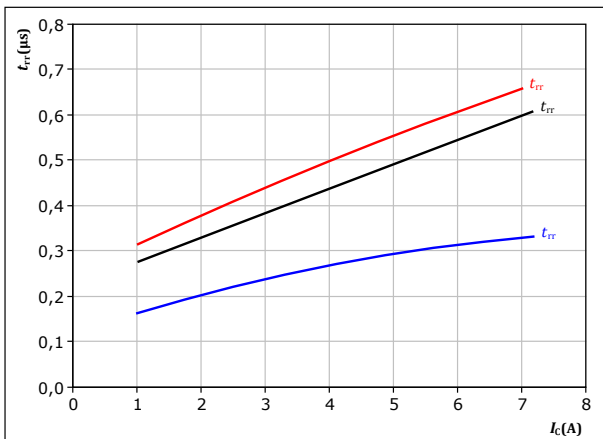
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 4 \text{ A}$

figure 39. FWD

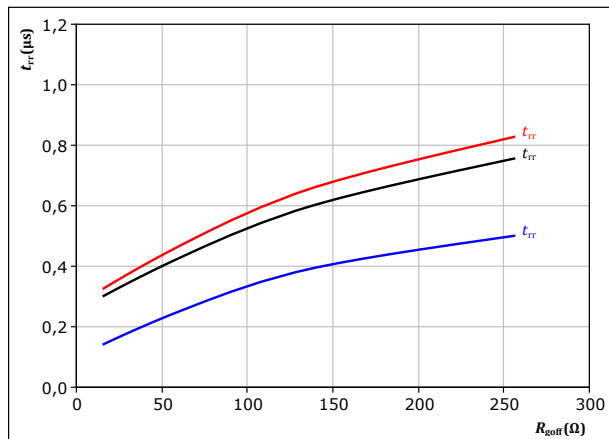
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{g(on)} = 64 \text{ } \Omega$
 $T_j: \text{ } \text{---} 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{---} 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{---} 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 40. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{g(off)})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 4 \text{ A}$
 $T_j: \text{ } \text{---} 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{---} 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{---} 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

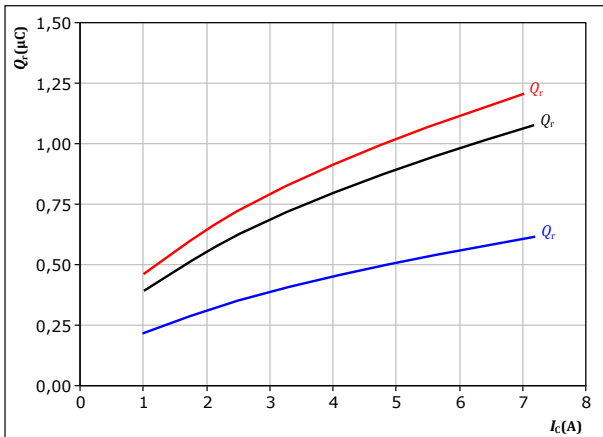


Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 41. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



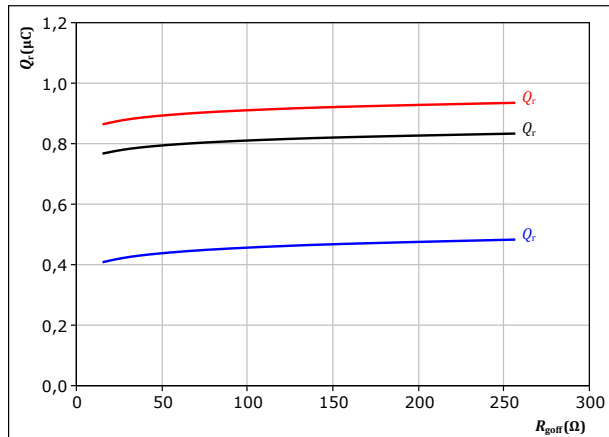
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{goff} = 64$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 42. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



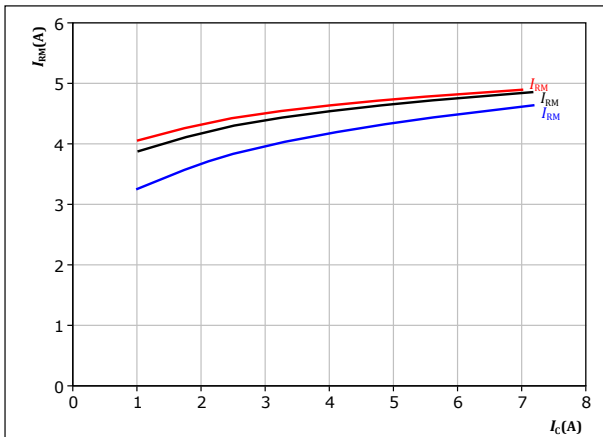
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 4$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 43. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



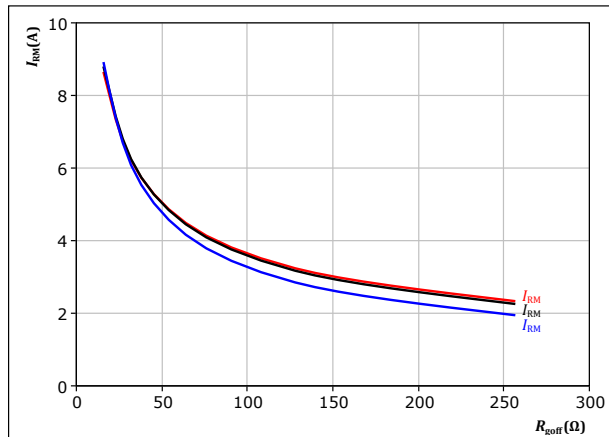
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{goff} = 64$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 44. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

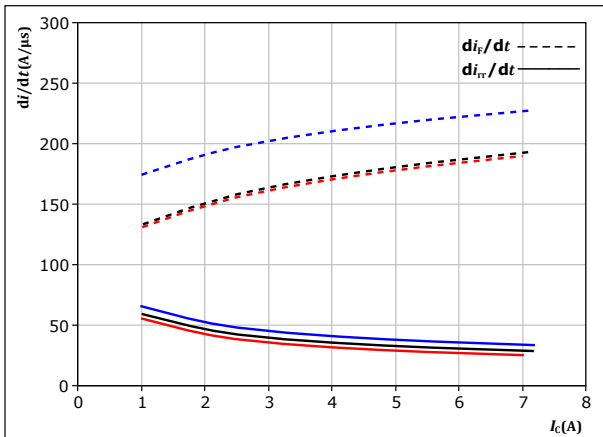
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 4$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)



Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 45. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_c)$

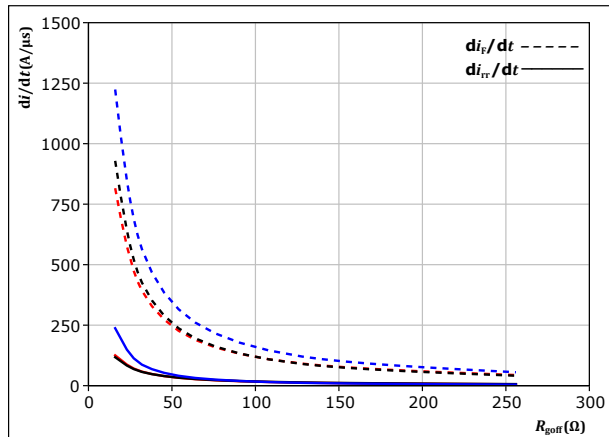


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$R_{goff} =$	64	Ω		150 °C

figure 46. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{goff})$

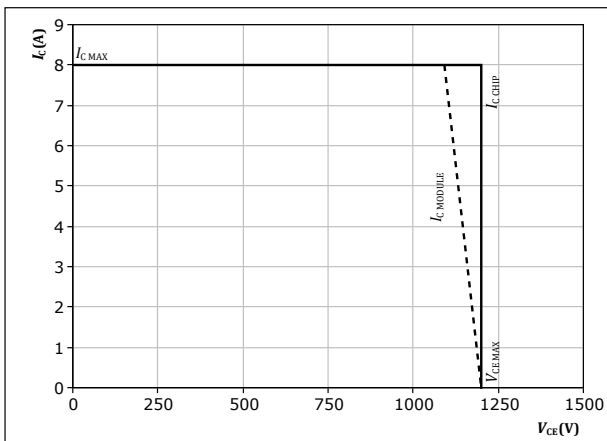


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$I_c =$	4	A		150 °C

figure 47. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area
 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j =$ 150 °C
 $R_{goff} =$ 64 Ω
 $R_{goff} =$ 64 Ω



Switching Definitions

figure 48. IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

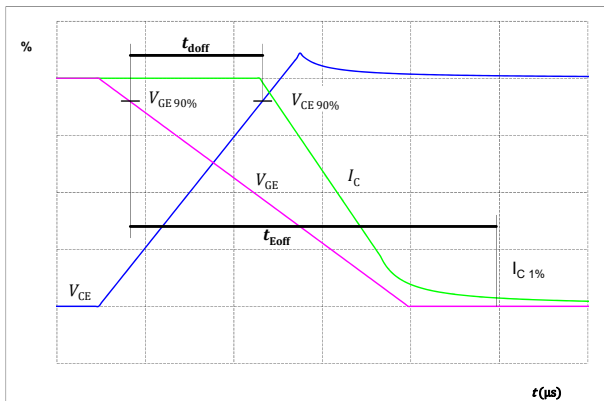


figure 49. IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

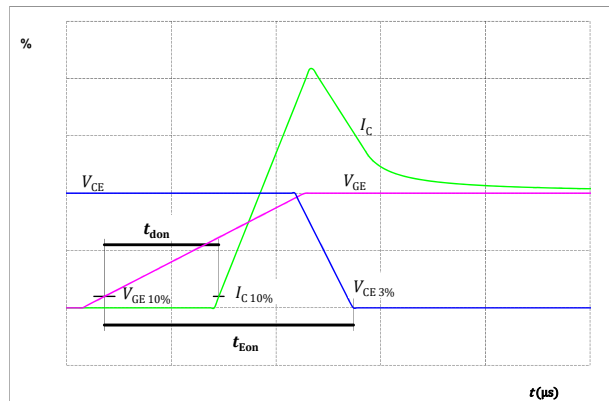


figure 50. IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

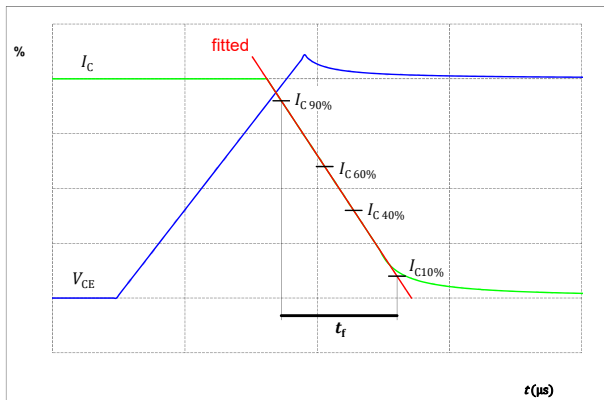
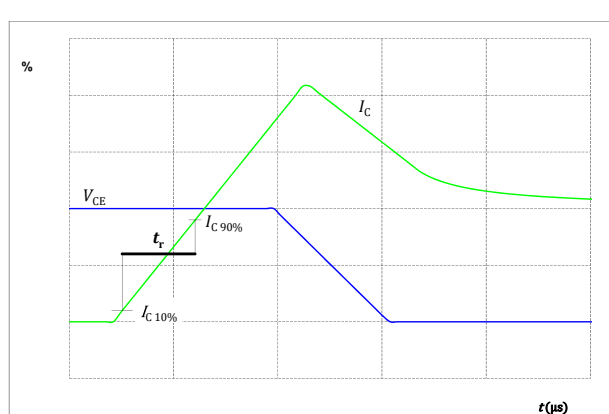


figure 51. IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r





Switching Definitions

figure 52. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}

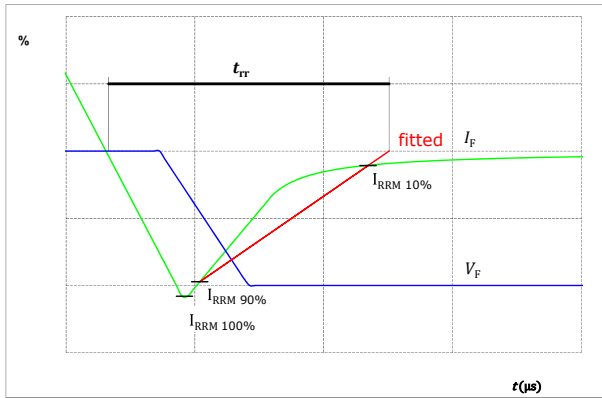
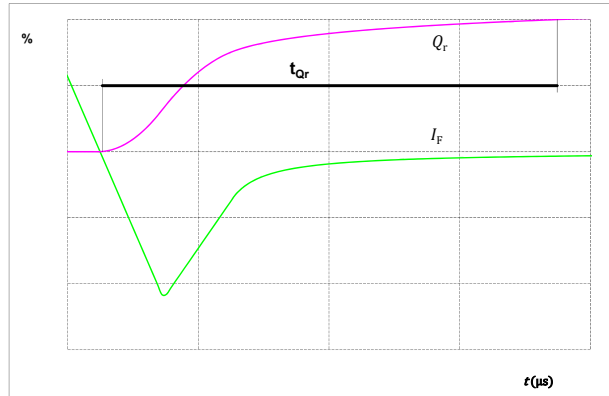


figure 53. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} (t_{Qr} = integrating time for Q_r)



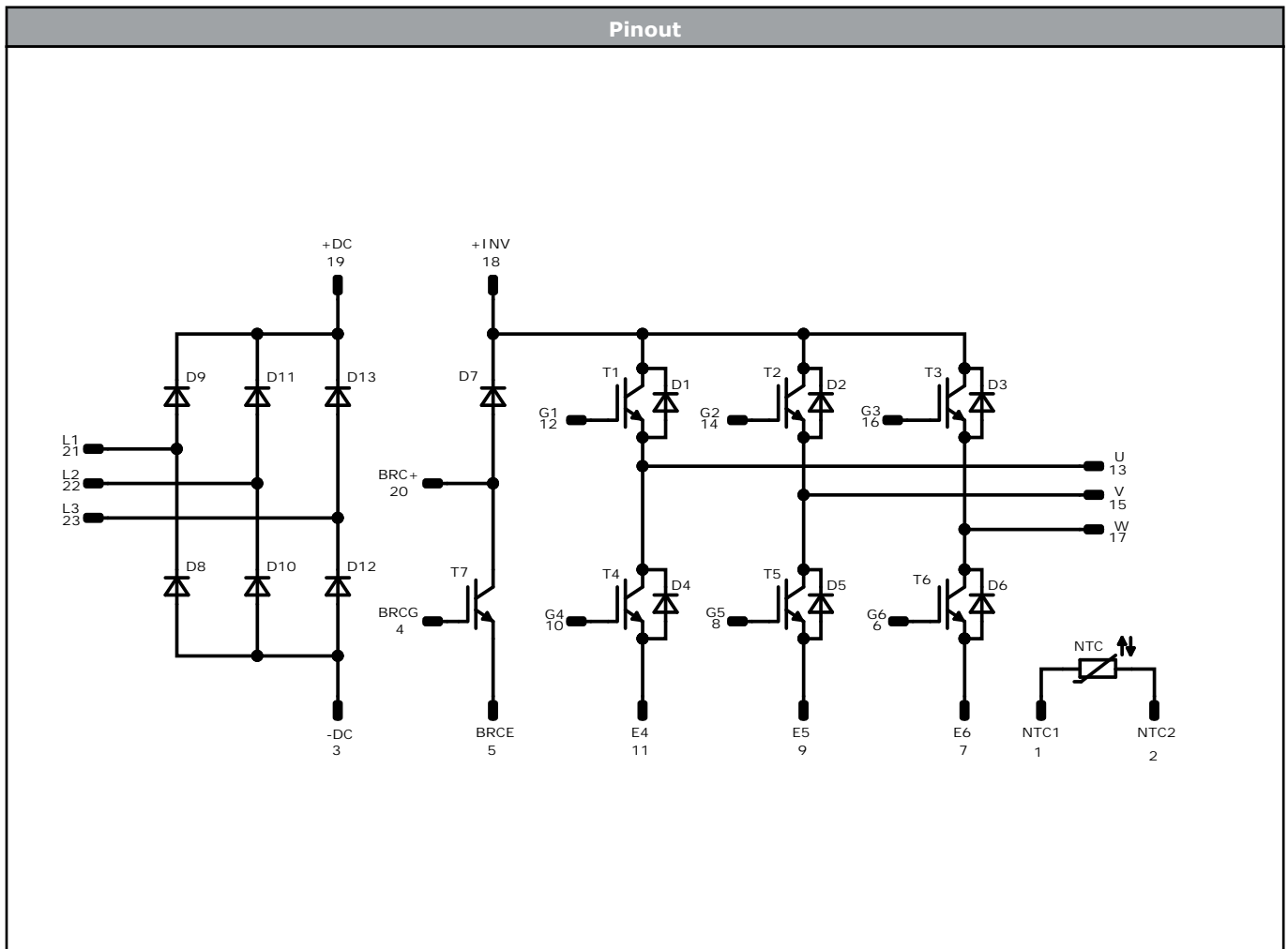


Ordering Code	
Version	Ordering Code
Without thermal paste	V23990-P849-A48-PM
With thermal paste (5,2 W/mK, PTM6000HV)	V23990-P849-A48-/7/-PM
With thermal paste (3,4 W/mK, PSX-P7)	V23990-P849-A48-/3/-PM

Marking							
	Text	VIN	Date code	Type&Ver	UL	Lot	Serial
		VIN	WWYY	TTTTTTVV	UL	LLLLL	SSSS
	Datamatrix	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code		
		TTTTTTVV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY		

Pin table [mm]				Outline
Pin	X	Y	Function	
1	25,5	2,7	NTC1	
2	25,5	0	NTC2	
3	22,8	0	-DC	
4	20,1	0	BRCG	
5	16,2	0	BRCE	
6	13,5	0	G6	
7	10,8	0	E6	
8	8,1	0	G5	
9	5,4	0	E5	
10	2,7	0	G4	
11	0	0	E4	
12	0	19,8	G1	
13	0	22,5	U	
14	7,5	19,8	G2	
15	7,5	22,5	V	
16	15	19,8	G3	
17	15	22,5	W	
18	22,8	22,5	+INV	
19	25,5	22,5	+DC	
20	33,5	22,5	BRC+	
21	33,5	15	L1	
22	33,5	7,5	L2	
23	33,5	0	L3	

Tolerance of pinpositions: 30.5mm at the end of pins
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T4, T1, T5, T2, T6, T3	IGBT	1200 V	8 A	Inverter Switch	
D1, D4, D2, D5, D3, D6	FWD	1200 V	10 A	Inverter Diode	
T7	IGBT	1200 V	4 A	Brake Switch	
D7	FWD	1200 V	3 A	Brake Diode	
D8, D9, D10, D11, D12, D13	Rectifier	1600 V	25 A	Rectifier Diode	
NTC	Thermistor			Thermistor	




Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 135	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 0</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 0</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
V23990-P849-A48-PM-D9-14	30 Sep. 2021	New Datasheet format, module is unchanged Correct Static values of Inverter Diode, Brake Diode, Rectifier Diode Correct Thermal values of Brake Switch, Brake Diode Separate datasheet	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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