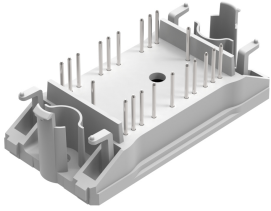
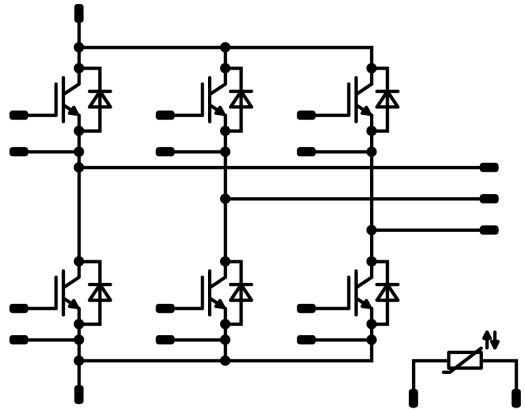




<b>flowPACK 0</b>		<b>600 V / 15 A</b>	
<b>Features</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Trench Fieldstop IGBT3 technology</li><li>• Compact and low inductance design</li><li>• Built-in NTC</li></ul>		<b>flow 0 17 mm housing</b> 	
<b>Target applications</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Motor Drives</li><li>• Power Generation</li><li>• UPS</li></ul>		<b>Schematic</b> 	
<b>Types</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• V23990-P862-F49-PM</li></ul>			



Vincotech

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Inverter Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		600	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	22	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	45	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	52	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC} = 360\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	6	$\mu\text{s}$
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## Inverter Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		600	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	26	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	30	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	48	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## Module Properties

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Isolation voltage	$V'_{isol}$	AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			>12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		$\geq 200$	

\*100 % tested in production



Vincotech

### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Inverter Switch

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00021	25	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		15	25 150	1,1	1,6 1,85	1,9 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	600		25			0,85	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			300	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							800		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25		25		55		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							24		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15		0	25		87		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,83		K/W
--	---------------	---------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 32$ Ω $R_{goff} = 32$ Ω	±15	300	15	25		106,2		ns
						150		104,6		
Rise time	$t_r$					25		15		
						150		18		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		134		
						150		154,6		
Fall time	$t_f$					25		92,02		
		150		109,06						
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,715$ µC $Q_{tFWD} = 1,44$ µC				25		0,276		mWs
						150		0,38		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25		0,345		mWs
						150		0,459		



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Inverter Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				15	25 150	1,25	1,6 1,51	1,95 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_i = 600$ V				25			27	μA

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,99		K/W
--	---------------	---------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

##### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt=1184$ A/μs $di/dt=1026$ A/μs	±15	300	15	25		11,27		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					150		16,06		
						25		180,19		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					150		272,04		
						25		0,715		μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					150		1,44		
		25		0,159		mWs				
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$	150		0,306						
		25		469,5		A/μs				
						150		193,76		



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

### Thermistor

#### Static

Rated resistance	$R$				25		22		kΩ
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484 \Omega$			100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$						5		mW
Power dissipation constant	$d$				25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$					3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$					4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference								I	

(1) Value at chip level

(2) Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

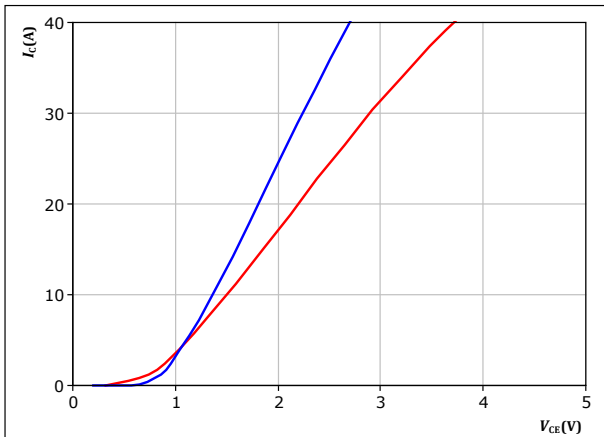


## Inverter Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

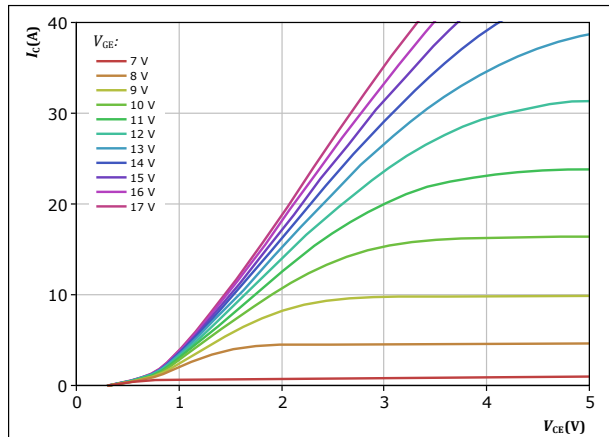


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$   
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (blue),  $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (red)

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

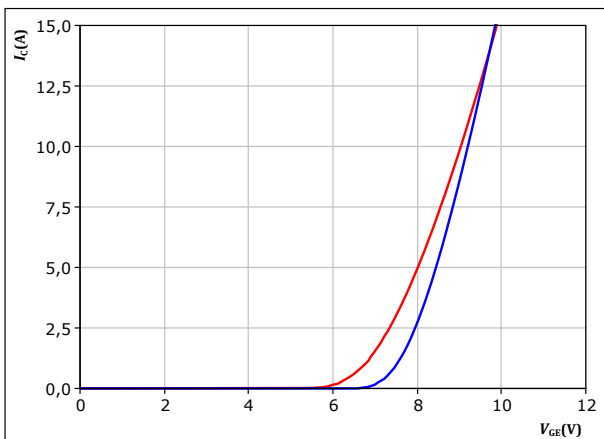


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

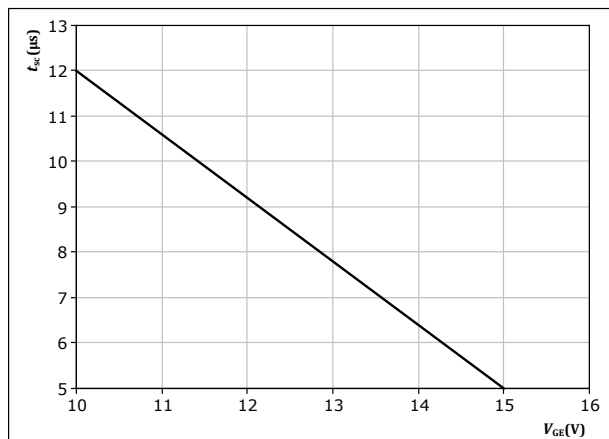


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$   
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (blue),  $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (red)

**figure 4.** IGBT

Short circuit withstand time as a function of  $V_{GE}$

$$t_{sc} = f(V_{GE})$$



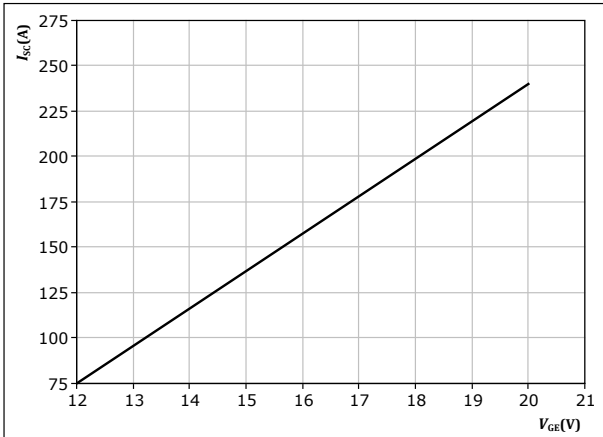
At  $V_{CE} = 600 V$   
 $T_j \leq 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$



## Inverter Switch Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

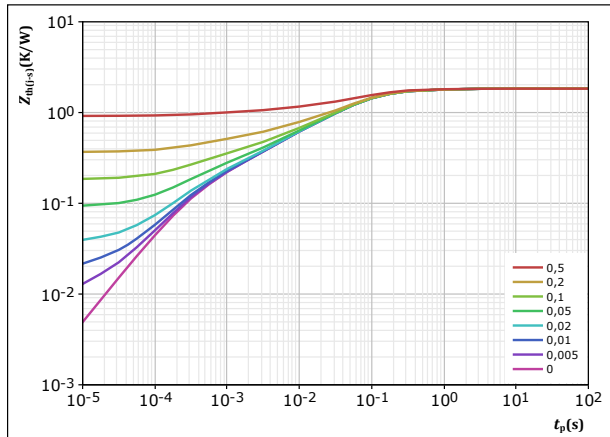
Typical short circuit current as a function of  $V_{GE}$   
 $I_{SC} = f(V_{GE})$



At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  
 $T_j \leq 150$  °C

**figure 6.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$

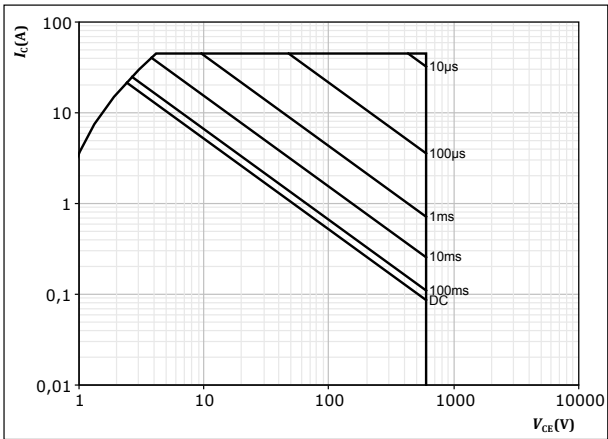


$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,834$  K/W  
IGBT thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
8,30E-02	1,29E+00
3,76E-01	1,56E-01
8,46E-01	5,15E-02
2,81E-01	8,16E-03
1,16E-01	2,04E-03
1,32E-01	3,43E-04

**figure 7.** IGBT

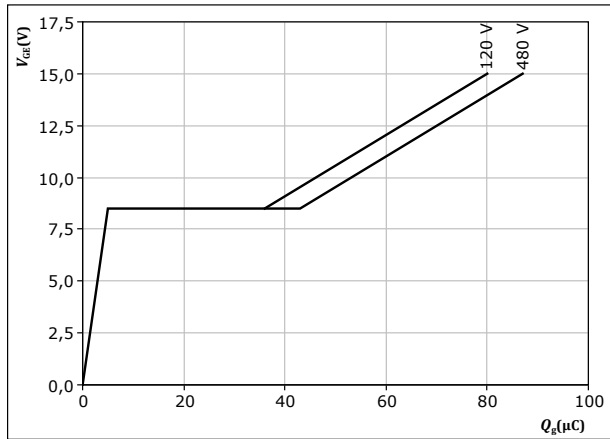
Safe operating area  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_j = 80$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V  
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

**figure 8.** IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge  
 $V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



$I_C = 15$  A  
 $T_j = 25$  °C



### Inverter Diode Characteristics

figure 9. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

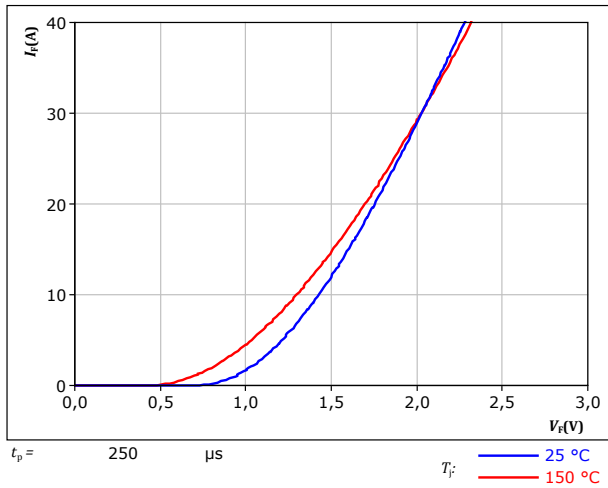
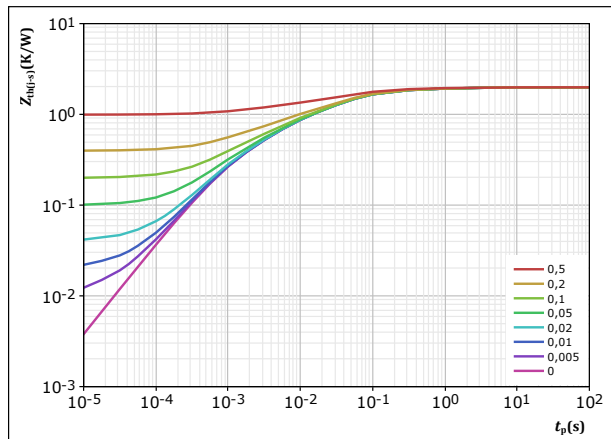


figure 10. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 1,985 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
8,91E-02	2,42E+00
2,69E-01	2,03E-01
8,60E-01	4,06E-02
5,20E-01	6,04E-03
2,47E-01	9,13E-04



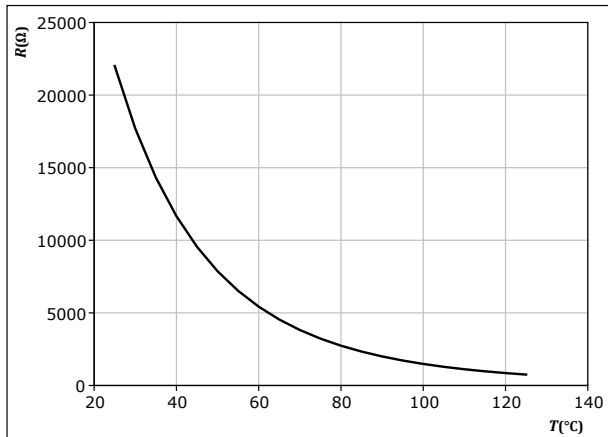


## Thermistor Characteristics

figure 11. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

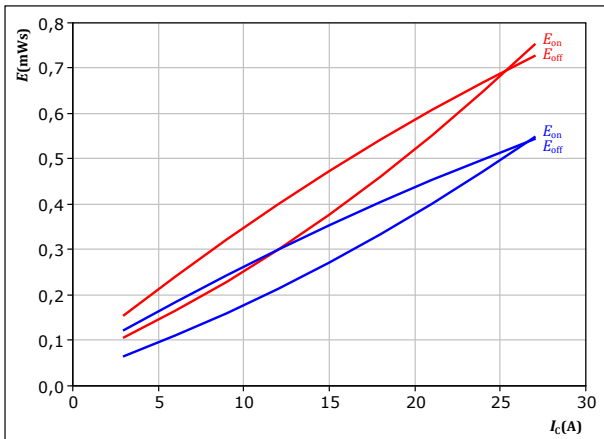




## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 12.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current  
 $E = f(I_c)$



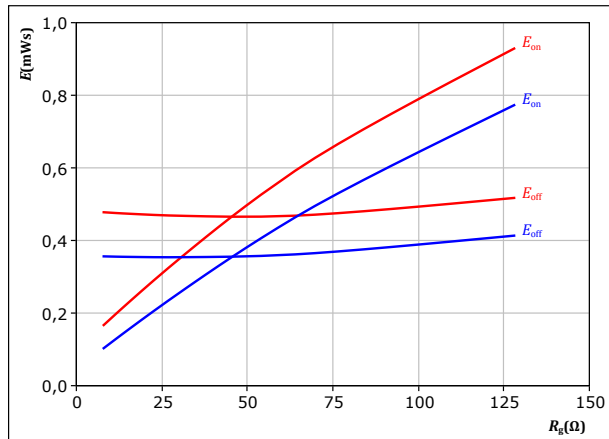
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{g\text{off}} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 13.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_g)$



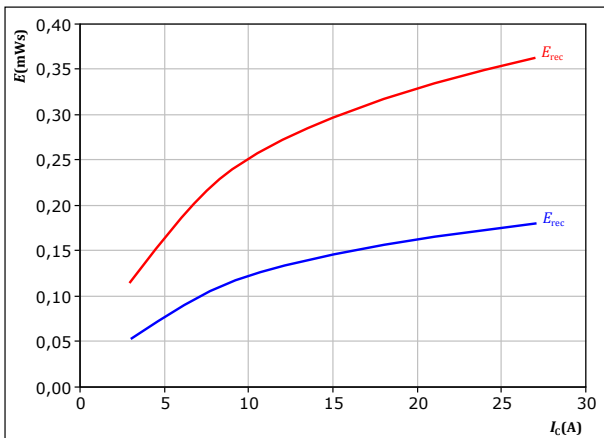
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 14.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



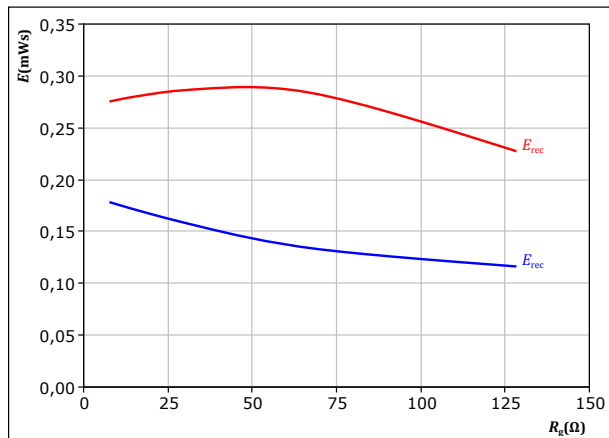
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 15.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$

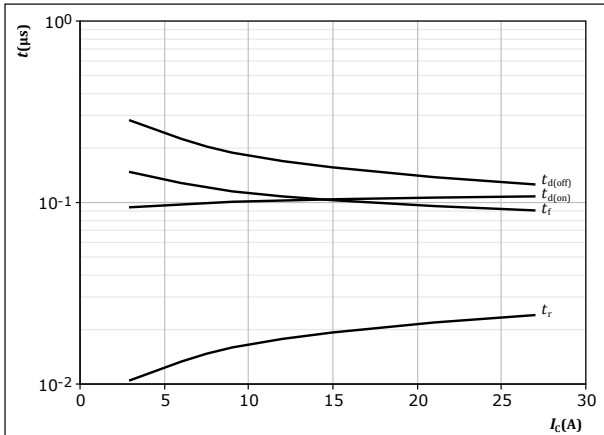
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 150 °C



## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 16.** IGBT

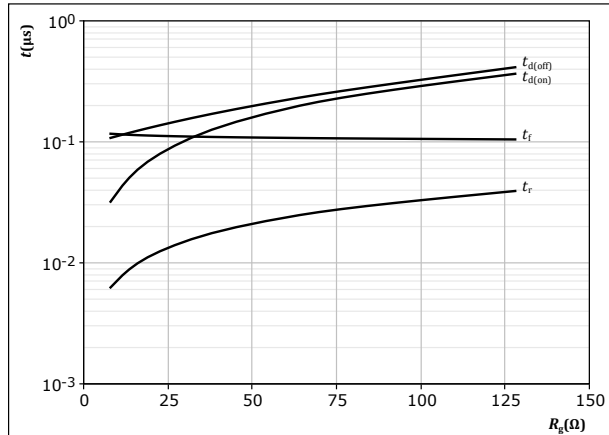
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 300$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{g(on)} = 32$  Ω  
 $R_{g(off)} = 32$  Ω

**figure 17.** IGBT

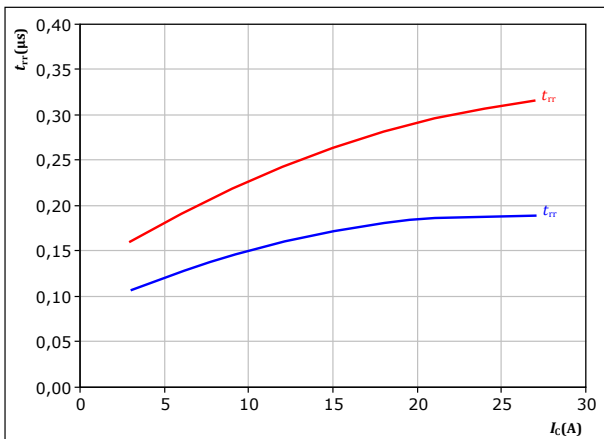
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 300$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

**figure 18.** FWD

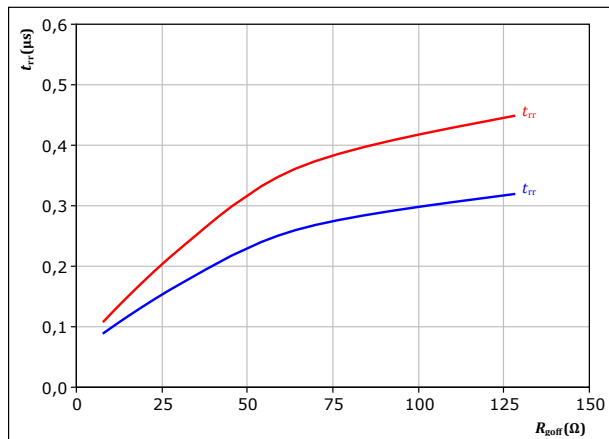
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 300$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{g(on)} = 32$  Ω  
 $T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 19.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{g(off)})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 300$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A  
 $T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 150 °C

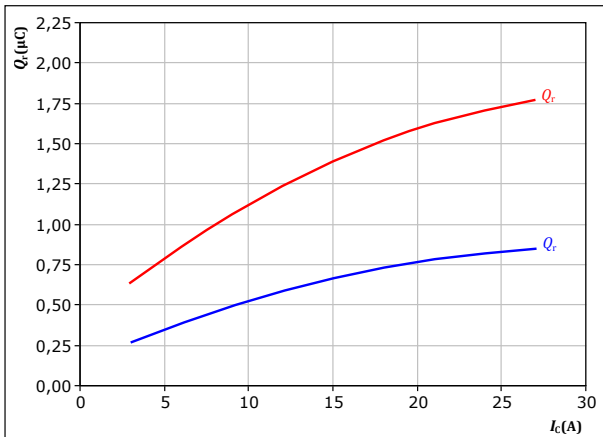


## Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 20. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

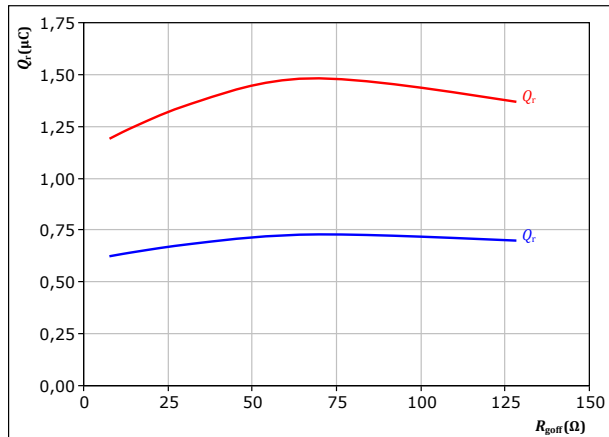
$V_{CE} = 300$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{goff} = 32$  Ω

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 21. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

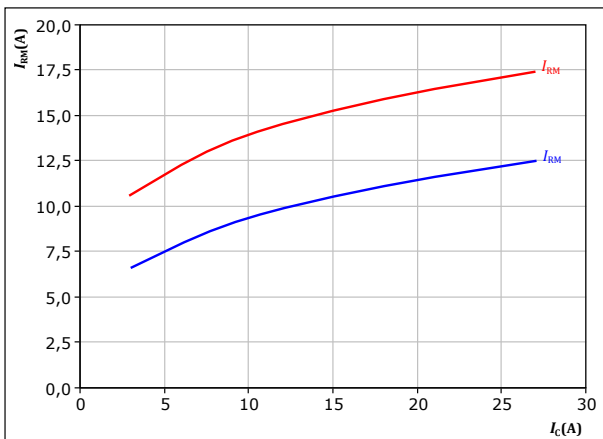
$V_{CE} = 300$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 22. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

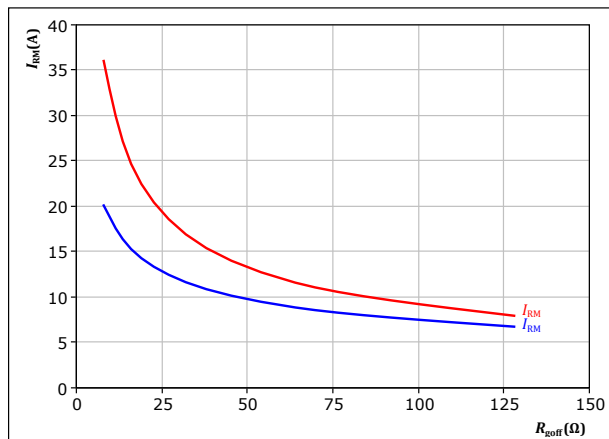
$V_{CE} = 300$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{goff} = 32$  Ω

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 23. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 300$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

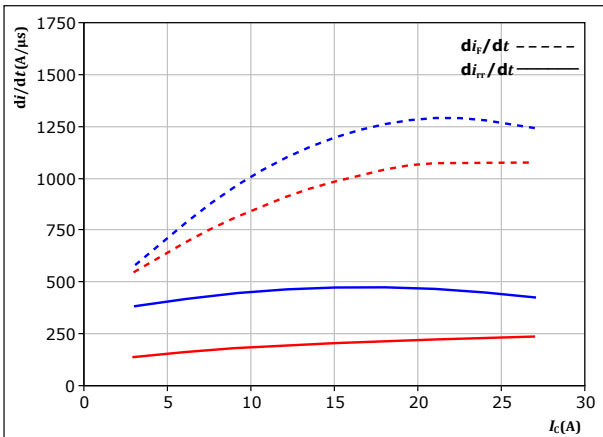
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 150 °C



## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 24.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_c)$

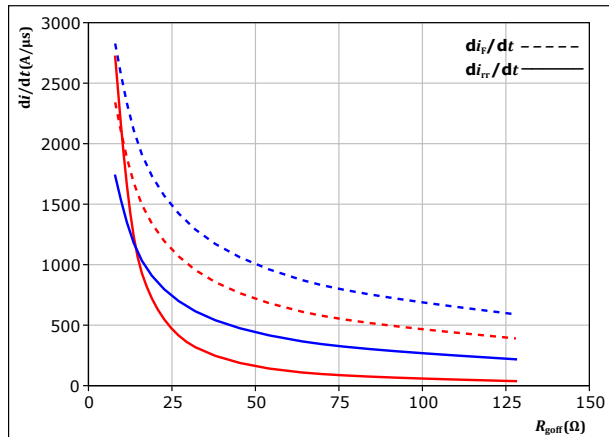


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 25.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{goff})$

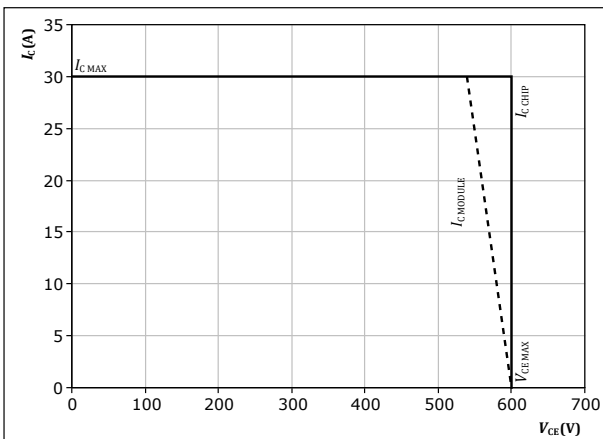


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 26.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area  
 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$



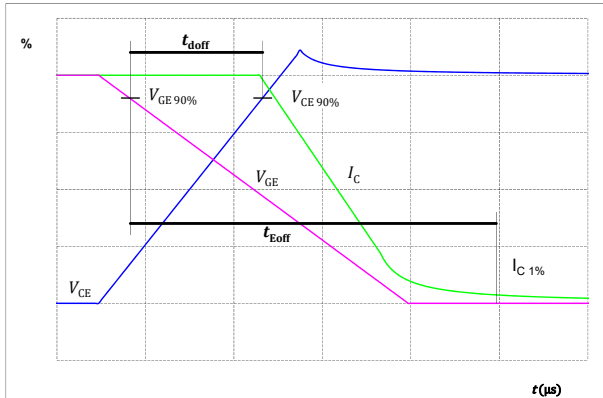
At  $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{goff} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$



## Inverter Switching Definitions

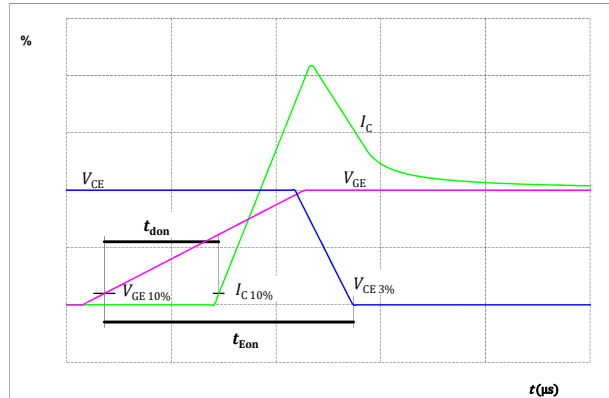
**figure 27. IGBT**

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



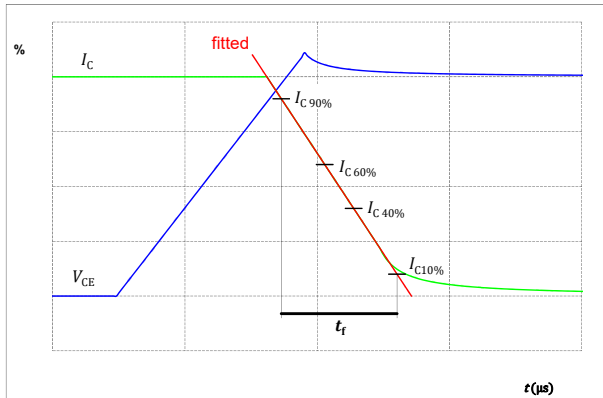
**figure 28. IGBT**

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



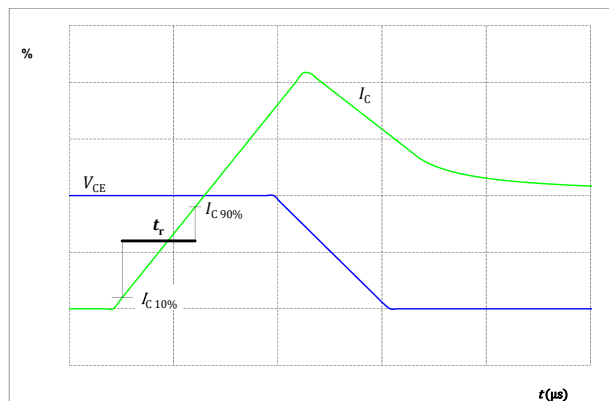
**figure 29. IGBT**

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



**figure 30. IGBT**

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$





### Inverter Switching Definitions

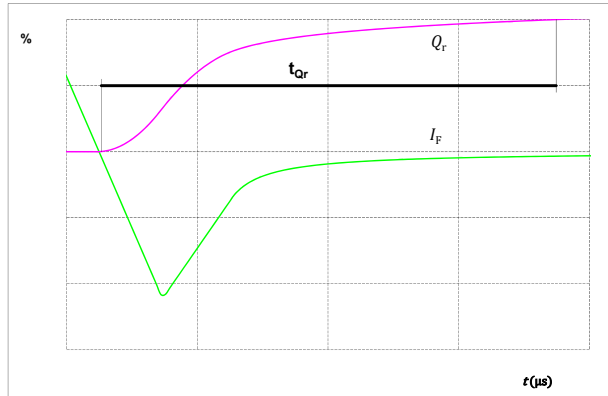
figure 31. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$



figure 32. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qr}$  ( $t_{Qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )





Ordering Code	
<b>Version</b>	<b>Ordering Code</b>
Without thermal paste	V23990-P862-F49-PM
With thermal paste (5,2 W/mK, PTM6000HV)	V23990-P862-F49-/7/-PM
With thermal paste (3,4 W/mK, PSX-P7)	V23990-P862-F49-/3/-PM

Marking							
	<b>Text</b>	<b>VIN</b> VIN	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	<b>Type&amp;Ver</b> TTTTITTVV	<b>UL</b> UL	<b>Lot</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS
	<b>Datamatrix</b>	<b>Type&amp;Ver</b>	<b>Lot number</b>	<b>Serial</b>	<b>Date code</b>		
		TTTTITTVV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY		

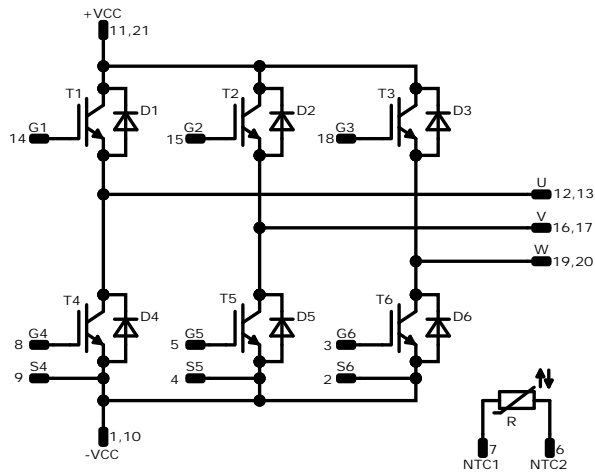
Outline				
Pin table [mm]				
Pin	X	Y	Function	
1	33,3	0	-Vcc	
2	30,7	0	S6	
3	27,9	0	G6	
4	23,85	0	S5	
5	21,05	0	G5	
6	15,95	0	NTC2	
7	9,6	0	NTC1	
8	5,4	0	G4	
9	2,6	0	S4	
10	0	0	-Vcc	
11	0	11,15	+Vcc	
12	0	22,3	U	
13	2,6	22,3	U	
14	5,5	22,3	G1	
15	13,1	22,3	G2	
16	15,9	22,3	V	
17	19,4	22,3	V	
18	27,7	22,3	G3	
19	30,7	22,3	W	
20	33,3	22,3	W	
21	33,3	11,15	+Vcc	

Tolerance of pinpositions ±0.5mm at the end of pins  
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance





Pinout



Identification

ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T4, T1, T5, T2, T6, T3	IGBT	600 V	15 A	Inverter Switch	
D1, D4, D2, D5, D3, D6	FWD	600 V	15 A	Inverter Diode	
R	Thermistor			Thermistor	




Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 135	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 0</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 0</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
V23990-P862-F49-PM-D5-14	10 Sep. 2021	Updated characteristic values of inverter switch and thermistor Introduce Rth values with PSX-P7 TIM Separate datasheet for 17 mm housing solder pin New datasheet format, module is unchanged	

**DISCLAIMER**

The information, specifications, procedures, methods and recommendations herein (together "information") are presented by Vincotech to reader in good faith, are believed to be accurate and reliable, but may well be incomplete and/or not applicable to all conditions or situations that may exist or occur. Vincotech reserves the right to make any changes without further notice to any products to improve reliability, function or design. No representation, guarantee or warranty is made to reader as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of said information or that the application or use of any of the same will avoid hazards, accidents, losses, damages or injury of any kind to persons or property or that the same will not infringe third parties rights or give desired results. It is reader's sole responsibility to test and determine the suitability of the information and the product for reader's intended use.

**LIFE SUPPORT POLICY**

Vincotech products are not authorised for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of Vincotech.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

单击下面可查看定价，库存，交付和生命周期等信息

[>>Vincotech\(威科\)](#)