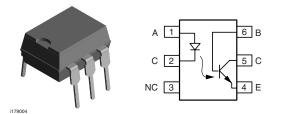
## **Vishay Semiconductors**



# Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, with Base Connection



## DESCRIPTION

The IL1, IL2, IL5 are optically coupled isolated pairs employing GaAs infrared LEDs and silicon NPN phototransistor. Signal information, including a DC level, can be transmitted by the drive while maintaining a high degree of electrical isolation between input and output. The IL1, IL2, IL5 are especially designed for driving medium-speed logic and can be used to eliminate troublesome ground loop and noise problems. These couplers can be used also to replace relays and transformers in many digital interface applications such as CRT modulation.

## FEATURES

- · Current transfer ratio (see order information)
- Isolation test voltage 5300 V<sub>RMS</sub>
- Lead (Pb)-free component
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC

#### AGENCY APPROVALS

- UL1577, file no. E52744 system code H or J, double protection
- DIN EN 60747-5-5 (VDE 0884) available with option 1
- BSI IEC 60950; IEC 60065

ORDER INFORMATION	
PART	REMARKS
IL1	CTR > 20 %, DIP-6
IL2	CTR > 100 %, DIP-6
IL5	CTR > 50 %, DIP-6
IL1-X006	CTR > 20 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
IL2-X006	CTR > 100 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
IL2-X009	CTR >100 %, SMD-6 (option 9)
IL5-X009	CTR > 50 %, SMD-6 (option 9)

#### Note

For additional information on the available options refer to option information.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS <sup>(1)</sup>												
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT							
INPUT				IF 6 V   IF 60 mA   SSM 2.5 A   diss 100 mW   1.33 mW/°C   VCEO 50 V   VCEO 70 V   VCEO 70 V								
Reverse voltage			V <sub>R</sub>	6	V							
Forward current			١ <sub>F</sub>	60	mA							
Surge current			I <sub>FSM</sub>	2.5	A							
Power dissipation			P <sub>diss</sub>	100	mW							
Derate linearly from 25 °C				1.33	mW/°C							
OUTPUT												
		IL1	BV <sub>CEO</sub>	50	V							
Collector emitter breakdown voltage		IL2	BV <sub>CEO</sub>	70	V							
		IL5	BV <sub>CEO</sub>	70	V							
Emitter base breakdown voltage			BV <sub>EBO</sub>	7	V							
Collector base breakdown voltage			BV <sub>CBO</sub>	70	V							
			Ι <sub>C</sub>	50	mA							
Collector current	t < 1.0 ms		Ι <sub>C</sub>	400	mA							
Power dissipation			P <sub>diss</sub>	200	mW							
Derate linearly from 25 °C				2.6	mW/°C							



ROHS COMPLIANT



## Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, with Base Connection

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS <sup>(1)</sup>									
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT				
COUPLER	· · ·								
Package power dissipation			P <sub>tot</sub>	250	mW				
Derate linearly from 25 °C				3.3	mW/°C				
Isolation test voltage between emitter and detector			V <sub>ISO</sub>	5300	V <sub>RMS</sub>				
Creepage distance				≥ 7	mm				
Clearance distance				≥ 7	mm				
Comparative tracking index per DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303, part 1			СТІ	175					
Isolation resistance	$V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{amb} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		R <sub>IO</sub>	≥ 10 <sup>12</sup>	Ω				
Isolation resistance	$V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{amb} = 100 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		R <sub>IO</sub>	≥ 10 <sup>11</sup>	Ω				
Storage temperature			T <sub>stg</sub>	- 40 to + 150	°C				
Operating temperature			T <sub>amb</sub>	- 40 to + 100	°C				
Junction temperature			Tj	100	°C				
Soldering temperature <sup>(2)</sup>	2.0 mm from case bottom		T <sub>sld</sub>	260	°C				

Notes

<sup>(1)</sup>  $T_{amb} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified.

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of the time can adversely affect reliability.

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to reflow profile for soldering conditions for surface mounted devices (SMD). Refer to wave profile for soldering conditions for through hole devices (DIP).

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS									
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT			
INPUT	· ·					•			
Forward voltage	l <sub>F</sub> = 60 mA	VF		1.25	1.65	V			
Breakdown voltage	I <sub>R</sub> = 10 μA	V <sub>BR</sub>	6	30		V			
Reverse current	V <sub>R</sub> = 6.0 V	I <sub>R</sub>		0.01	10	μΑ			
Capacitance	V <sub>R</sub> = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz	Co		40		pF			
Thermal resistance junction to lead		R <sub>thjl</sub>		750		K/W			
OUTPUT	· ·					•			
Collector emitter capacitance	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0 V, f = 1.0 MHz	C <sub>CE</sub>		6.8		pF			
Collector base capacitance	V <sub>CB</sub> = 5.0 V, f = 1.0 MHz	C <sub>CB</sub>		8.5		pF			
Emitter base capacitance	V <sub>EB</sub> = 5.0 V, f = 1.0 MHz	C <sub>EB</sub>		11		pF			
Collector emitter leakage voltage	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V	I <sub>CEO</sub>		5	50	nA			
Collector emitter saturation voltage	$I_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 20 \mu \text{A}$	V <sub>CEsat</sub>		0.25		V			
Base emitter voltage	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{B} = 20 \mu\text{A}$	V <sub>BE</sub>		0.65		V			
DC forward current gain	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{B} = 20 \mu\text{A}$	h <sub>FE</sub>	200	650	1800				
DC forward current gain saturated	$V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}, I_B = 20 \ \mu\text{A}$	h <sub>FEsat</sub>	120	400	600				
Thermal resistance junction to lead		R <sub>thjl</sub>		500		K/W			
COUPLER									
Capacitance (input to output)	V <sub>I-O</sub> = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz	C <sub>IO</sub>		0.6		pF			
Insulation resistance	V <sub>I-O</sub> = 500 V	Rs		10 <sup>14</sup>		Ω			

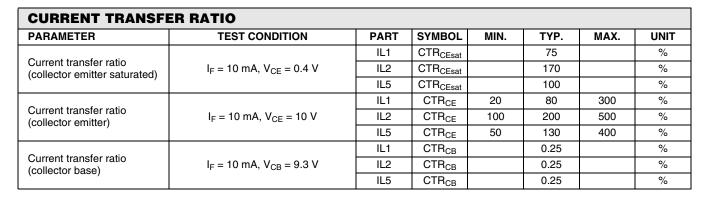
#### Note

 $T_{amb} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified.

Minimum and maximum values are testing requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluation. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements.

## **Vishay Semiconductors**

## Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, with Base Connection



SWITCHING CHA	RACTERISTICS						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
NON-SATURATED					•	•	
		IL1			20		
Current time	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 75 \Omega,$ t <sub>P</sub> measured at 50 % of output	IL2	IF		4		mA
		IL5			10		
		IL1			0.8		
Delay time	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 75 \Omega,$ t <sub>P</sub> measured at 50 % of output	IL2	t <sub>D</sub>		1.7		μs
		IL5			1.7		
		IL1			1.9		
Rise time	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 75 \Omega,$ t <sub>P</sub> measured at 50 % of output	IL2	tr		2.6		μs
		IL5			2.6		
		IL1			0.2		
Storage time	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 75 \Omega,$ t <sub>P</sub> measured at 50 % of output	IL2	t <sub>s</sub>		0.4		μs
		IL5			0.4		
		IL1			1.4		
Fall time	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 75 \Omega,$ t <sub>P</sub> measured at 50 % of output	IL2	t <sub>f</sub>		2.2		μs
		IL5			2.2		
	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 75 \Omega,$ tp measured at 50 % of output	IL1	t <sub>PHL</sub>		0.7		
Propagation H to L		IL2			1.2		μs
		IL5			1.1	µ	
		IL1			1.4		
Propagation L to H	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 75 \Omega,$ t <sub>P</sub> measured at 50 % of output	IL2	t <sub>PLH</sub>		2.3		μs
		IL5			2.5		
SATURATED							
		IL1			20		
Current time	$V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega,$ $V_{CL} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{TH} = 1.5 \text{ V}$	IL2	I <sub>F</sub>		5		mA
		IL5			10		
		IL1			0.8		
Delay time	$V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega,$ $V_{CL} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{TH} = 1.5 \text{ V}$	IL2	t <sub>D</sub>		1		μs
		IL5			1.7		
		IL1			1.2		
Rise time	$V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega, \\ V_{CL} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{TH} = 1.5 \text{ V}$	IL2	t <sub>r</sub>	2	μs		
		IL5			7		
		IL1			7.4		
Storage time	$V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega, \\ V_{CL} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{TH} = 1.5 \text{ V}$	IL2	t <sub>S</sub>		5.4		μs
	$v_{CL} = 0, v_{H} = 1.0, v_{H}$	IL5	]		4.6	1	

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## Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, with Base Connection

Vishay Semiconductors

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS								
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
SATURATED								
		IL1			7.6			
Fall time	$V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega,$ $V_{CL} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{TH} = 1.5 \text{ V}$	IL2	t <sub>f</sub>		13.5		μs	
		IL5			20			
	$\begin{array}{l} V_{CE} = 0.4 \ V, \ R_L = 1.0 \ k\Omega, \\ V_{CL} = 5 \ V, \ V_{TH} = 1.5 \ V \end{array}$	IL1	t <sub>PHL</sub>		1.6			
Propagation H to L		IL2			5.4		μs	
		IL5			2.6			
Propagation L to H	$\begin{array}{l} V_{CE} = 0.4 \; V, \; R_L = 1.0 \; k\Omega, \\ V_{CL} = 5 \; V, \; V_{TH} = 1.5 \; V \end{array}$	IL1			8.6			
		IL2	t <sub>PLH</sub>		7.4		μs	
		IL5			7.2			

COMMON MODE TRANSIENT IMMUNITY								
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Common mode rejection output high	$V_{CM} = 50 \ V_{P\text{-}P}, \ R_L = 1 \ k\Omega, \ I_F = 10 \ mA$		CM <sub>H</sub>		5000		V/µs	
Common mode rejection output low	$V_{CM} = 50 \ V_{P\text{-}P}, \ R_L = 1 \ k\Omega, \ I_F = 10 \ mA$		CM <sub>L</sub>		5000		V/µs	
Common mode coupling capacitance			C <sub>CM</sub>		0.01		pF	

## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

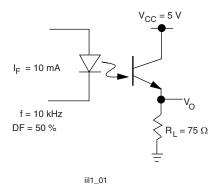


Fig. 1 - Non-Saturated Switching Schematic

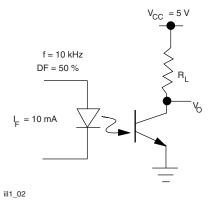
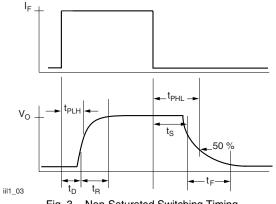


Fig. 2 - Saturated Switching Schematic





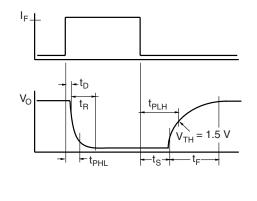


Fig. 4 - Saturated Switching Timing

For technical questions, contact: optocoupler.answers@vishay.com

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## Vishay Semiconductors

Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, with Base Connection



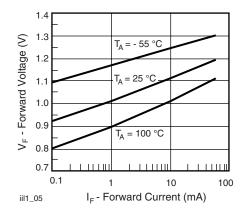


Fig. 5 - Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current

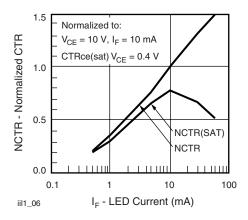


Fig. 6 - Normalized Non-Saturated and Saturated CTR vs. LED Current

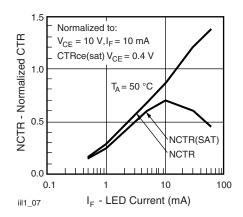


Fig. 7 - Normalized Non-Saturated and Saturated CTR vs. LED Current

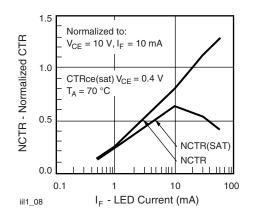


Fig. 8 - Normalized Non-Saturated and Saturated CTR vs. LED Current

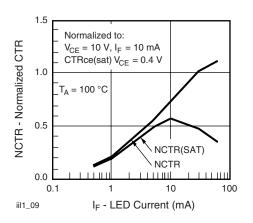


Fig. 9 - Normalized Non-Saturated and Saturated CTR,  $T_{amb}$  = 100  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  vs. LED Current

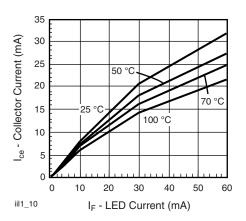


Fig. 10 - Collector Emitter Current vs. Temperature and LED Current



Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, with Base Connection **Vishay Semiconductors** 

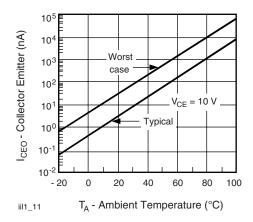


Fig. 11 - Collector Emitter Leakage Current vs. Temperature

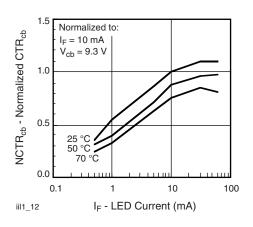


Fig. 12 - Normalized CTR<sub>cb</sub> vs. LED Current and Temperature

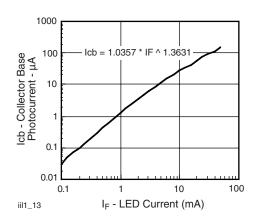


Fig. 13 - Collector Base Photocurrent vs. LED Current

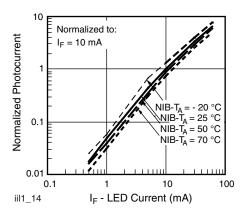


Fig. 14 - Normalized Photocurrent vs. IF and Temperature

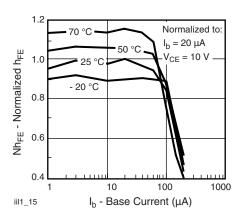
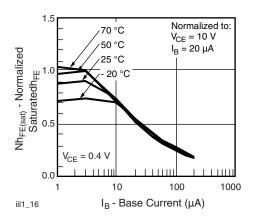
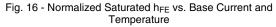


Fig. 15 - Normalized Non-Saturated  $h_{\mbox{Fe}}$  vs. Base Current and Temperature





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## Vishay Semiconductors

Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, with Base Connection

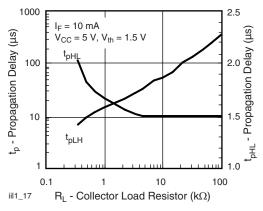
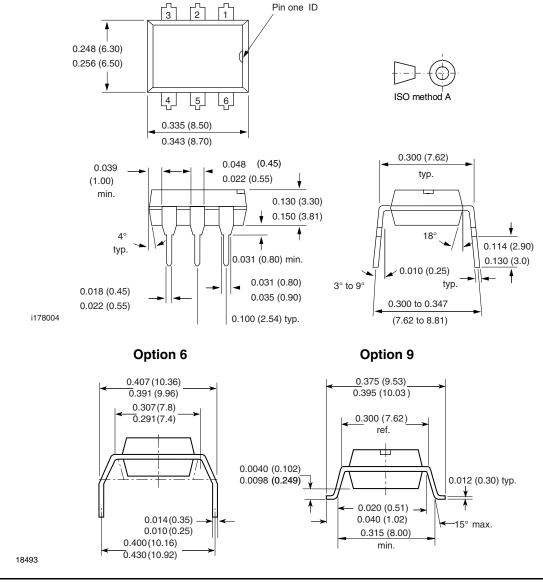


Fig. 17 - Propagation Delay vs. Collector Load Resistor





For technical questions, contact: optocoupler.answers@vishay.com



Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, with Base Connection Vishay Semiconductors

#### **OZONE DEPLETING SUBSTANCES POLICY STATEMENT**

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

- 1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
- 2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

- 1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively.
- 2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA.
- 3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH, P.O.B. 3535, D-74025 Heilbronn, Germany



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>>Vishay(威世)