

■ Asymmetrical TVS Diode for Extended Common-Mode RS-485

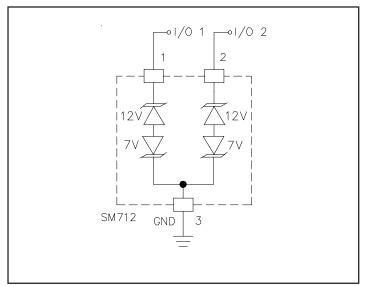
Descriptions

The SM712 transient voltage suppressor (TVS) diode is designed for asymmetrical (12V to -7V) protection in multi-point data transmission standard RS-485 applications. The SM712 may be used to protect devices from transient voltages resulting from electrostatic discharge (ESD), electrical fast transients (EFT), and lightning.

The SM712 features 400 Watts (tp = $8/20\mu s$) of power handling capability to accommodate the higher transient voltage levels which may be expected in extended common mode applications. This provides higher equipment reliability and eliminates the "guess work" required when using zener diodes that are not rated to handle such transient conditions.

The SM712 replaces four discrete components by integrating two 12V and two 7V TVS diodes in a single package. The integrated design aids in reducing voltage over-shoot associated with trace inductance. The low clamping voltage of the SM712 minimizes the stress on the protected transceiver. The SOT23 package allows flexibility in the design of "crowded" circuit boards.

■ Circuit Diagram



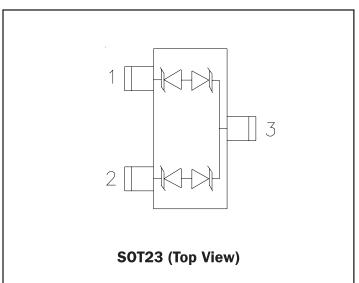
Features

- 400 watts peak pulse power (t₀ = 8/20µs)
- Transient protection for asymmetrical data lines to IEC 61000-4-2 (ESD) ±15kV (air), ±8kV (contact) IEC 61000-4-4 (EFT) 40A (5/50ns) IEC 61000-4-5 (Lightning) 12A (8/20µs)
- Protects two +12V to -7V lines
- Low capacitance
- Low clamping voltage
- Solid-state silicon avalanche technology

Applications

- Protection of RS-485 transceivers with extended common-mode range
- Security systems
- Automatic Teller Machines
- HFC systems
- Networks

Schematic PIN Configuration





■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

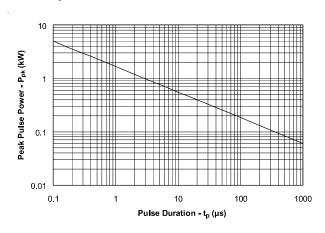
Rating	Symbol	Value	Units	
Peak Pulse Power (t _p = 8/20μs)	P_{pk}	400	Watts	
Peak Pulse Current (t _p = 8/20μs)	l _{PP}	17	А	
Lead Soldering Temperature	T _L	260 (10 sec.)	°C	
Operating Temperature	T _J	-55 to +125	°C	
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-55 to +150	°C	

■ Electrical Characteristics

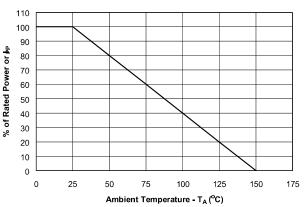
SM712									
			Pins 1 to 3 and 2 to 3 (12V TVS)			Pins 3 to 1 and 3 to 2 (7V TVS)			
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN	TYP	МАХ	MIN	TYP	MAX	Units
Reverse Stand-Off Voltage	V _{RWM}	Pin 3 to 1 or Pin 2 to 1			12			7	V
Reverse Breakdown Voltage	V _{BR}	I _{PT} = 1mA	13.3			7.5			V
Reverse Leakage Current	I _R	$V_{R} = V_{RWM}$			1			20	μΑ
Clamping Voltage	V _c	$I_{pp} = 5A,$ tp = 8/20µs			20			10	V
Clamping Voltage	V _c	I _{pp} = 17A, tp = 8/20μs			26			12	V
Junction Capacitance	C _j	$V_R = OV, f = 1MHz$			75			75	pF
		$V_R = V_{RWM}$, $f = 1MHz$		45			45		pF



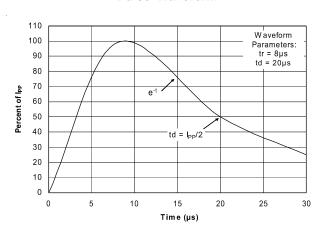
Non-Repetitive Peak Pulse Power vs. Pulse Time



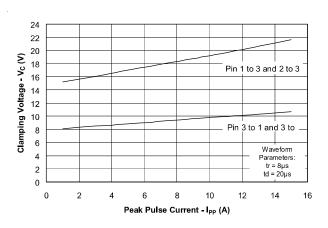
Power Derating Curve



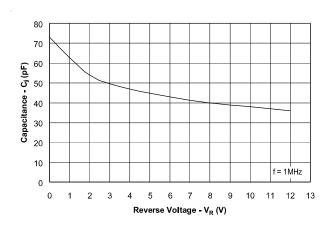
Pulse Waveform



Clamping Voltage vs. Peak Pulse Current



Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage





Applications Information

Device Connection for Protection of Two RS-485 Data Lines

EIA RS-485 specifies a \pm 7V ground difference between devices on the bus. This permits the bus voltage to range from \pm 12V (5V + 7V) to \pm 7V (0 - 7V).

The SM712 is designed to protect two RS-485 data lines in extended common mode applications. The SM712 may be used to protect devices from transient voltages resulting from ESD, EFT, and lightning. The device is designed with asymmetrical operating voltages for optimum protection. The TVS diodes at pins 1 and 2 have a working voltage of 12 volts. These pins are connected to the differential data line pairs. The TVS diodes at pin 3 have a working voltage of 7 volts. Pin 3 is connected to ground. The internal TVS diodes of the SM712 will protect the transceiver input from positive transient voltage spikes greater than 12V and negative spikes greater than 7V.

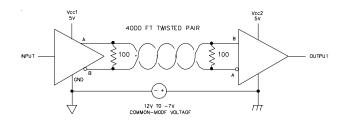
A series current limiting resistor may be added in applications requiring enhanced surge immunity.

Circuit Board Layout Recommendations.

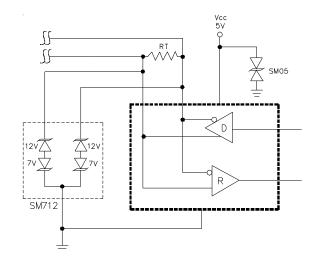
Good circuit board layout is critical for the suppression of fast rise-time transients such as ESD. The following guidelines are recommended:

- Place the SM712 near the input terminals or connectors to restrict electromagnetic coupling.
- Minimize the path length between the SM712 and the protected line. This minimizes voltage overshoot due to parasitic inductance of board traces.
- Use ground planes whenever possible.
- Long, single trace ground conductors should be avoided. The ground pin (Pin 3) should be connected directly to a ground plane on the circuit board for best results.
- Minimize all conductive loops including power and ground loops.
- Never run critical signals near board edges.

RS-485 Common Mode Voltages



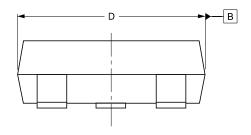
RS-485 Protection Circuit

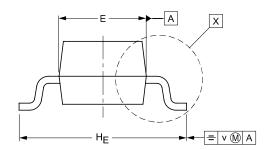


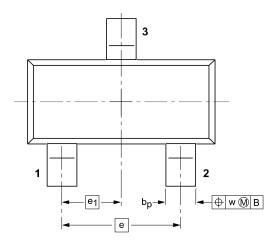


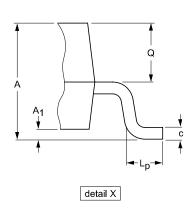
Package Outline

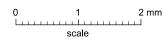
SOT-23











DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A	A ₁	bp	c	D	F	е	e ₄	HE	1	Q	v	w
0.11.	^	max.	∼p	٠		_		٧1	F	−p	•		
mm	1.1 0.9	0.1	0.48 0.38	0.15 0.09	3.0 2.8	1.4 1.2	1.9	0.95	2.5 2.1	0.45 0.15	0.55 0.45	0.2	0.1

Summary of Packing Options

Package	Packing Description	Packing Quantity	Industry Standard		
SOT-23	Tape/Reel,7"reel	3000	EIA-481-1		

单击下面可查看定价,库存,交付和生命周期等信息

>>YFW(佑风微)