Panasonic





1 Form C / 2 Form C, 2 A, 200 mW Nominal operating power relays

DS RELAYS



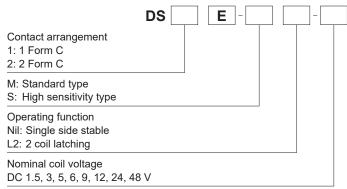
FEATURES

- 1. 1 Form C / 2 Form C contact
- 2. Available 2 coil latching type
- 3. DIL terminal array enables use of IC sockets

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- 1. Telecommunications and measuring devices
- 2. Office equipment
- 3. Computers and related equipment
- 4. Industrial equipment

ORDERING INFORMATION



Note: * Nominal coil voltage 1.5V type are 1 Form C only.

TYPES

| | | High sensit | ivity type | Standard type | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Contact arrangement | Nominal coil voltage | Single side stable type | 2 coil latching type | Single side stable type | 2 coil latching type Part No. | | |
| mangement | voltage | Part No. | Part No. | Part No. | | | |
| 1 Form C | 1.5 V DC | DS1E-S-DC1.5V | DS1E-SL2-DC1.5V | DS1E-M-DC1.5V | DS1E-ML2-DC1.5V | | |
| | 3 V DC | DS1E-S-DC3V | DS1E-SL2-DC3V | DS1E-M-DC3V | DS1E-ML2-DC3V | | |
| | 5 V DC | DS1E-S-DC5V | DS1E-SL2-DC5V | DS1E-M-DC5V | DS1E-ML2-DC5V | | |
| | 6 VDC | DS1E-S-DC6V | DS1E-SL2-DC6V | DS1E-M-DC6V | DS1E-ML2-DC6V | | |
| | 9 VDC | DS1E-S-DC9V | DS1E-SL2-DC9V | DS1E-M-DC9V | DS1E-ML2-DC9V | | |
| | 12 V DC | DS1E-S-DC12V | DS1E-SL2-DC12V | DS1E-M-DC12V | DS1E-ML2-DC12V | | |
| | 24 V DC | DS1E-S-DC24V | DS1E-SL2-DC24V | DS1E-M-DC24V | DS1E-ML2-DC24V | | |
| | 48 V DC | DS1E-S-DC48V | DS1E-SL2-DC48V | DS1E-M-DC48V | DS1E-ML2-DC48V | | |
| 2 Form C | 3 V DC | DS2E-S-DC3V | DS2E-SL2-DC3V | _ | _ | | |
| | 5 V DC | DS2E-S-DC5V | DS2E-SL2-DC5V | _ | _ | | |
| | 6 V DC | DS2E-S-DC6V | DS2E-SL2-DC6V | _ | _ | | |
| | 9 V DC | DS2E-S-DC9V | DS2E-SL2-DC9V | _ | _ | | |
| | 12 V DC | DS2E-S-DC12V | DS2E-SL2-DC12V | _ | _ | | |
| | 24 V DC | DS2E-S-DC24V | DS2E-SL2-DC24V | _ | _ | | |
| | 48 V DC | DS2E-S-DC48V | DS2E-SL2-DC48V | _ | _ | | |

Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

RATING

1.Coil data

- Operating characteristics such as 'Operate voltage' and 'Release voltage' are influenced by mounting conditions, ambient temperature, etc.
- Therefore, please use the relay within ± 5% of rated coil voltage.

 'Initial' means the condition of products at the time of delivery.

1) Single side stable type

| Туре | Nominal coil voltage | Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F) | Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F) | Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F) | Coil resistance[±10%] (at 20°C 68°F) | Nominal operating power | Max. applied voltage (at 50°C 122°F) |
|----------------------|----------------------|---|---|---|---|-------------------------|--|
| | 1.5 V DC | | 10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial) | 266.7 mA | 5.63 Ω | | |
| | 3 V DC | | | 133.3 mA | 22.5 Ω | | |
| | 5 V DC | | | 80.0 mA 62.5 Ω | | | |
| Standard | 6 V DC | 70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial) | | 66.7 mA | 90 Ω | 400 \ | 1 Form C: 120%V of nominal voltage |
| (M) type | 9 V DC | | | 44.4 mA | 203 Ω | 400 mW | |
| | 12 V DC | (IIIIIIII) | | 33.3 mA | 360 Ω | | |
| | 24 V DC | | | 16.7 mA | 1,440 Ω | | |
| | 48 V DC | | | 8.3 mA | 5,760 Ω | | |
| | 1.5 V DC | | 10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial) | 133.3 mA | 11.3 Ω | | |
| | 3 V DC | 1 Form C: | | 66.7 mA | 45 Ω | | 1 Form C: 160%V of nominal voltage 2 Form C: 220%V of nominal voltage |
| | 5 V DC | 80%V or less of nominal voltage | | 40.0 mA | 125 Ω | | |
| High | 6 V DC | Tiominal voltage | | 33.3 mA | 180 Ω | 000 \ | |
| sensitivity (S) type | 9 V DC | 2 Form C: | | 22.2 mA | 405 Ω | 200 mW | |
| | 12 V DC | 70%V or less of | | 16.7 mA | 720 Ω | | |
| | 24 V DC | nominal voltage (Initial) | | 8.3 mA | 2,880 Ω | | |
| | 48 V DC | (,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | 4.2 mA | 11,520 Ω | | |

2) 2 coil latching type

| Туре | Nominal coil voltage | Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F) | Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F) | Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F) | | | | Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F) | | | Nominal operating power | | Max. applied voltage (at 50°C 122°F) | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---|--|---|----|------|--------|--|-----|---------|-------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | Set co | il | Rese | t coil | Set co | oil | Reset c | oil | Set coil | Reset coil | oil (dt 00 0 122 1) |
| | 1.5 V DC | | | 240 | mΑ | 240 | mA | 6.2 | 5Ω | 6.2 | 5Ω | | 360 mW | 1 Form C: 120%V of |
| | 3 V DC | | | 120 | mΑ | 120 | mA | 25 | Ω | 25 | Ω | 360 mW | | |
| | 5 V DC | | 70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial) | 72 | mΑ | 72 | mA | 69.4 | ΙΩ | 69.4 | Ω | | | |
| Standard | 6 V DC | 70%V or less of | | 60 | mΑ | 60 | mA | 100 | Ω | 100 | Ω | | | |
| (M) type | 9 V DC | nominal voltage (Initial) | | 40 | mΑ | 40 | mA | 225 | Ω | 225 | Ω | 300 11100 | | nominal voltage |
| | 12 V DC | | | 30 | mΑ | 30 | mA | 400 | Ω | 400 | Ω | | | a. venage |
| | 24 V DC | | | 15 | mΑ | 15 | mA | 1,600 | Ω | 1,600 | Ω | | | |
| | 48 V DC | | | 7.5 | mΑ | 7.5 | mA | 6,400 | Ω | 6,400 | Ω | | | |
| | 1.5 V DC | | | 120 | mΑ | 120 | mA | 12.5 | Ω | 12.5 | Ω | 180 mW 180 | | |
| | 3 V DC | 1 Form C: 80%V or less of nominal voltage | | 60 | mΑ | 60 | mA | 50 | Ω | 50 | Ω | | | 1 Form C: |
| | 5 V DC | | | 36 | mΑ | 36 | mA | 139 | Ω | 139 | Ω | | | 160%V of |
| High | 6 V DC | nominal voltage | | 30 | mΑ | 30 | mA | 200 | Ω | 200 | Ω | | | nominal voltage |
| sensitivity (S) type | 9 V DC | 70%V or less of 70%V or nominal voltage nominal | 2 Form C: 70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial) | 20 | mΑ | 20 | mA | 450 | Ω | 450 | Ω | | 100 11100 | 2 Form C: |
| (5) type | 12 V DC | | | 15 | mΑ | 15 | mA | 800 | Ω | 800 | Ω | | | 220%V of |
| | 24 V DC | | | 7.5 | mΑ | 7.5 | mA | 3,200 | Ω | 3,200 | Ω | | r | nominal voltage |
| | 48 V DC | (| | 3.75 | mA | 3.75 | 5 mA | 12,800 | Ω | 12,800 | Ω | | | |

2. Specifications

| Characteristics | Ite | m | Specifications | | | | |
|-----------------|---|--------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | Arrangement | | 1 Form C 2 Form C | | | | |
| Contact | Initial contact resistance, m | ax. | Max. 50 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A) | | | | |
| | Contact material | | Ag + Au clad | | | | |
| | Nominal switching capacity | , | 2 A 30 V DC (resistive load) | | | | |
| | Max. switching power | | 60 W, 125 VA (resistive load) | | | | |
| | Max. switching voltage | | 220 V DC, 250 V AC | | | | |
| Rating | Max. carrying current | | 3 A | | | | |
| | Min. switching capacity (Re | eference value)*1 | 10μA 1 | 0 mV DC | | | |
| | Nominal operating power | | Single side stable (M type: 400 mW, S type: 200 mW); latching (M type: 360 mW, S type: 180 mW) | | | | |
| | Insulation resistance (Initial |) | Min. $100 M\Omega$ (at 500 V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section. | | | | |
| | | Between open contacts | 1,000 Vrms for 1min. (500 Vrms for 1min: 1 Form C type) (Detection current: 10mA.) | | | | |
| Electrical | Breakdown voltage (Initial) | Between contact and coil | 1,500 Vrms for 1min. (1,000 Vrms for 1min: 1 Form C type) (Detection current: 10mA.) | | | | |
| characteristics | Temperature rise | | 1 | . 65°C oplied to the coil, contact carrying current: 2A.) | | | |
| | Operate time [Set time] (at | 20°C 68°F) | Max. 10 ms [10 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) | | | | |
| | Release time [Reset time] (| (at 20°C 68°F) | Max. 5 ms [10 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce tir (without diode) | | | | |
| | 0 | Functional*2 | Min. 490 m/s ² | Min. 490 m/s ² | | | |
| Mechanical | Shock resistance | Destructive | Min. 980 m/s² (Half-wave | pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.) | | | |
| characteristics | \ (:\- == 4:=== === := 4===== | Functional | 10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.) | | | | |
| | Vibration resistance Destructive | | 10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5 mm | | | | |
| F41 116- | Mechanical | | Min. 10 ⁸ (10 ⁷ : 1 Form C latching type) (at 600 cpm) | | | | |
| Expected life | Electrical | | Min. 5×10⁵ rated load (at 60 cpm) | | | | |
| Conditions | Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3 | | Ambient temperature: -40°C to +70°C -40°F to +158°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature) | | | | |
| | Max. operating speed (at ra | ated load) | 60 cpm | | | | |
| Unit weight | | | Approx. 3g .11 oz Approx. 4g .14 oz | | | | |

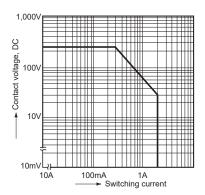
Notes: *1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load. TX/TX-S/TX-D relay AgPd contact type are available for low level load switching (10V DC, 10mA max. level).

*2 Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11ms; detection time: 10µs

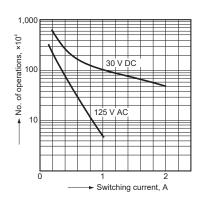
*3 Refer to "AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT" in GENERAL APPLICATION GUIDELINES.

REFERENCE DATA

1. Maximum switching capacity

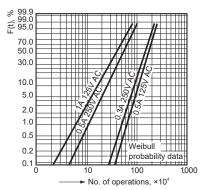


2. Life curve (Resistive load)



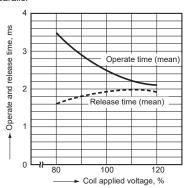
3. Contact reliability for AC loads Tested sample: DS2E-S-DC24V 10 pcs.

Operating speed: 20 cpm. Detection level: 200 m Ω

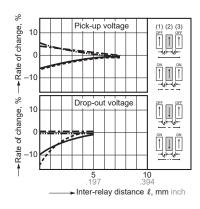


4. Operate and release time characteristics (2 Form C single side stable type)

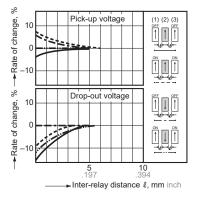
Test condition: Without diode connected to coil in parallel



5-(1). Influence of adjacent mounting (1 Form C)



5-(2). Influence of adjacent mounting (2 Form C)

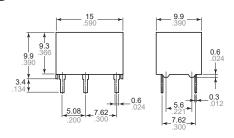


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

DS (1 Form C)Single side stable, 2 coil latching

CAD Data

External dimensions



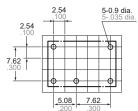
General tolerance: ±0.3 ±.012

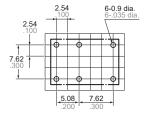
PC board pattern (Bottom view)

Single side stable

The CAD data of the products with a CAD Data mark can be downloaded from https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

2 coil latching





Schematic (Bottom view)

Single side stable

2 coil latching



+0-0-0+

(Deenergized condition)

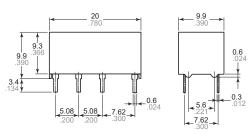
(Reset condition)

Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

DS (2 Form C)Single side stable

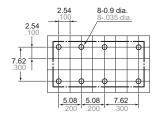
CAD Data

External dimensions



General tolerance: ±0.3 ±.012

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Schematic (Bottom view)



(Deenergized condition)

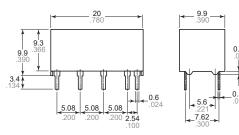
Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

DS (2 Form C)

2 coil latching

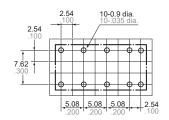
CAD Data

External dimensions



General tolerance: ±0.3 ±.012

PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Schematic (Bottom view)



(Reset condition)

Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

NOTES

1. Coil connection

When connecting coils, refer to the wiring diagram to prevent mis-operation or malfunction.

Ambient Environment

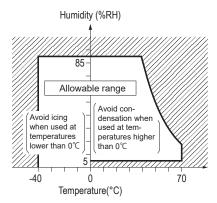
Usage, Transport, and Storage Conditions

During usage, storage, or transportation, avoid locations subjected to direct sunlight and maintain normal temperature, humidity and pressure conditions.

Temperature/Humidity

When transporting or storing relays while they are tube packaged, there are cases the temperature may differ from the allowable range. In this case be sure to check the individual specifications.

Also allowable humidity level is influenced by temperature, please check charts shown below and use relays within mentioned conditions. (Allowable temperature values)



Please refer to "the latest product specifications" when designing your product.

• Requests to customers :

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

GUIDELINES FOR SIGNAL RELAYS USAGE

For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE". https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions_use/index.jsp

Precautions for Coil Input

■Long term current carrying

A circuit that will be carrying a current continuously for long periods without relay switching operation. (circuits for emergency lamps, alarm devices and error inspection that, for example, revert only during malfunction and output warnings with form B contacts) Continuous, long-term current to the coil will facilitate deterioration of coil insulation and characteristics due to heating of the coil itself.

For circuits such as these, please use a magnetic-hold type latching relay. If you need to use a single stable relay, use a sealed type relay that is not easily affected by ambient conditions and make a failsafe circuit design that considers the possibility of contact failure or disconnection.

■DC Coil operating power

Steady state DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%

However, please check with the actual circuit since the electrical characteristics may vary. The rated coil voltage should be applied to the coil and the set/reset pulse time of latching type relay differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.

■Coil connection

When connecting coils of polarized relays, please check coil polarity (+,-) at the internal connection diagram (Schematic). If any wrong connection is made, it may cause unexpected malfunction, like abnormal heat, fire and so on, and circuit do not work. Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.

■ Maximum allowable voltage and temperature rise

Proper usage requires that the rated coil voltage be impressed on the coil. Note, however, that if a voltage greater than or equal to the maximum continuous voltage is impressed on the coil, the coil may burn or its layers short due to the temperature rise. Furthermore, do not exceed the usable ambient temperature range listed in the catalog.

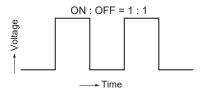
Maximum allowable voltage for coil

In addition to being a requirement for relay operation stability, the maximum continuous impressed coil voltage is an important constraint for the prevention of such problems as thermal deterioration or deformity of the insulation material, or the occurrence of fire hazards.

Temperature rise due to pulse voltage

When a pulse voltage with ON time of less than 2 minutes is used, the coil temperature rise bares no relationship to the ON time. This varies with the ratio of ON time to OFF time, and compared with continuous current passage, it is rather small. The various relays are essentially the same in this respect.

| Current passage time | (%) |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| For continuousu passage | Tempereture rise value is 100% |
| ON : OFF = 3 : 1 | About 80% |
| ON : OFF = 1 : 1 | About 50% |
| ON : OFF = 1 : 3 | About 35% |



Operate voltage change due to coil temperature rise (Hot start)

In DC relays, after continuous passage of current in the coil, if the current is turned OFF, then immediately turned ON again, due to the temperature rise in the coil, the pick-up voltage will become somewhat higher. Also, it will be the same as using it in a higher temperature atmosphere. The resistance/temperature relationship for copper wire is about 0.4% for 1°C, and with this ratio the coil resistance increases. That is, in order to operate of the relay, it is necessary that the voltage be higher than the pick-up voltage and the pick-up voltage rises in accordance with the increase in the resistance value. However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.

Panasonic Corporation Electromechanical Control Business Division

Ambient Environment

Dew condensation

Condensation occurs when the ambient temperature drops suddenly from a high temperature and humidity, or the relay and microwave device is suddenly transferred from a low ambient temperature to a high temperature and humidity. Condensation causes the failures like insulation deterioration, wire disconnection and rust etc.

Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by condensation.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of device itself, and the condensation may occur.

Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage. (Special attention should be paid when high temperature heating parts are close to the device. Also please consider the condensation may occur inside of the device.)

Icing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on relays when the temperature become lower than 0°C. This icing causes the sticking of movable portion, the operation delay and the contact conduction failure etc. Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by the icing.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of relay itself and the icing may occur. Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage.

•Low temperature and low humidity

The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

High temperature and high humidity

Storage for extended periods of time (including transportation periods) at high temperature or high humidity levels or in atmospheres with organic gases or sulfide gases may cause a sulfide film or oxide film to form on the surfaces of the contacts and/or it may interfere with the functions. Check out the atmosphere in which the units are to be stored and transported.

Package

In terms of the packing format used, make every effort to keep the effects of moisture, organic gases and sulfide gases to the absolute minimum.

Storage requirements

Since the SMD type is sensitive to humidity it is packaged with tightly sealed anti-humidity packaging. However, when storing, please be careful of the following.

1) Please use promptly once the anti-humidity pack is opened.(Signal relay: within 72 hours, Max. 30°C/70% RH). If left with the pack open, the relay will absorb moisture which will cause thermal stress when reflow mounting and thus cause the case to expand. As a result, the seal may break.

- If relays will not be used within 72 hours, please store relays in a humidity controlled desiccator or in an anti-humidity bag to which silica gel has been added.
- *If the relay is to be soldered after it has been exposed to excessive humidity atmosphere, cracks and leaks can occur. Be sure to mount the relay under the required mounting conditions
- 3) The following cautionary label is affixed to the anti-humidity pack.

Caution

This vacuum-sealed bag contains

Moisture Sensitive Products

After this bag is opened, the product must be used

within 72 hours

If product is not used within 72 hours, baking is necessary.

For baking conditions please contact us.

Silicon

When a source of silicone substances (silicone rubber, silicone oil, silicone coating materials and silicone filling materials etc.) is used around the relay, the silicone gas (low molecular siloxane etc.) may be produced.

This silicone gas may penetrate into the inside of the relay. When the relay is kept and used in this condition, silicone compound may adhere to the relay contacts which may cause the contact failure. Do not use any sources of silicone gas around the relay (Including plastic seal types).

NOx Generation

When relay is used in an atmosphere high in humidity to switch a load which easily produces an arc, the NOx created by the arc and the water absorbed from outside the relay combine to produce nitric acid. This corrodes the internal metal parts and adversely affects operation. Avoid use at an ambient humidity of 85% RH or higher (at 20°C). If use at high humidity is unavoidable, please contact our sales representative.

Others

■ Cleaning

- Although the environmentally sealed type relay (plastic sealed type, etc.) can be cleaned, avoid immersing the relay into cold liquid (such as cleaning solvent) immediately after soldering. Doing so may deteriorate the sealing performance.
- Surface mount terminal type relay is sealed type and it can be cleaned by immersion. Use pure water or alcohol-based cleaning solvent.
- Cleaning with the boiling method is recommended (The temperature of cleaning liquid should be 40°C or lower).
 - Avoid ultrasonic cleaning on relays. Use of ultrasonic cleaning may cause breaks in the coil or slight sticking of the contacts due to the ultrasonic energy.

Please refer to "the latest product specifications" when designing your product.

•Requests to customers:

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

Please contact

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