Achieving the best system cost in Mid/High Power

Mid-Power LED – 3030 Series STW8C2PB-E1 (Cool, Neutral, Warm)

















#### **Product Brief**

#### **Description**

- This White Colored surface-mount LED comes in standard package dimension. Package Size: 3.0x3.0x0.6mm
- It has a substrate made up of a molded plastic reflector sitting on top of a lead frame.
- The die is attached within the reflector cavity and the cavity is encapsulated by silicone.
- The package design coupled with careful selection of component materials allow these products to perform with high reliability.

#### **Features and Benefits**

- Thermally Enhanced Package Design
- Mid Power to High Power up to 1.4W
- Max. Driving Current 400mA
- Compact Package Size
- High Color Quality with CRI Min.80(R9>0)
- Pb-free Reflow Soldering Application

#### **Key Applications**

- Replacement lamps Bulb, Tube
- Commercial
- Industrial
- Residential

**Table 1. Product Selection Table** 

Part Number	сст							
Fait Nullibel	Color	Min.	Тур.	Max.				
	Cool White	4700K	5600K	7000K				
STW8C2PB-E1	Neutral White	3700K	4200K	4700K				
	Warm White	2600K	3000K	3700K				

Rev 1.5, Dec 05, 2022 www.seoulsemicon.com

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### **Performance Characteristics**

Table 2. Product Selection Guide,  $I_F = 65mA$ ,  $T_i = 25^{\circ}C$ , RH30%

	00- 40 [1]		Luminous	Intensity <sup>[2]</sup>	Luminou	ıs Flux <sup>[3]</sup>	CRI
Part Number	CCT (K) <sup>[1]</sup>	RANK	I <sub>v</sub> (	cd)	Ф <sub>V</sub> (	(lm)	$R_a$
	Тур.		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min.
		T5	10.5	11	32.6	34.1	80
	6500	U0	11	11.3	34.1	35.0	80
		U3	11.3	11.7	35.0	36.3	80
		T5	10.5	11	32.6	34.1	80
	5600	U0	11	11.3	34.1	35	80
		U3	11.3	11.7	35.0	36.3	80
		U0	11	11.3	34.1	35.0	80
	5000	U3	11.3	11.7	35.0	36.3	80
		U7	11.7	12.5	36.3	38.8	80
		U0	11	11.3	33.6	34.5	80
	4500	U3	11.3	11.7	34.5	35.7	80
OTW000DD 54		U7	11.7	12.5	35.7	38.1	80
STW8C2PB-E1		U0	11	11.3	33.6	34.5	80
	4000	U3	11.3	11.7	34.5	35.7	80
		U7	11.7	12.5	35.7	38.1	80
		U0	11	11.3	33.0	33.9	80
	3500	U3	11.3	11.7	33.9	35.1	80
		U7	11.7	12.5	35.1	37.5	80
		T5	10.5	11	31.5	33.0	80
	3000	U0	11	11.3	33.0	33.9	80
		U3	11.3	11.7	33.9	35.1	80
		T5	10.5	11	31.5	33.0	80
	2700	U0	11	11.3	33.0	33.9	80
		U3	11.3	11.7	33.9	35.1	80

#### Notes:

- (1) Correlated Color Temperature is derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity diagram.
- (2) Seoul Semiconductor maintains a tolerance of  $\pm 7\%$  on Intensity and power measurements. The luminous intensity IV was measured at the peak of the spatial pattern which may not be aligned with the mechanical axis of the LED package.
- (3) The lumen table is only for reference.

#### **Performance Characteristics**

Table 3. Characteristics, I<sub>F</sub>=65mA, T<sub>i</sub>= 25°C, RH30%

D	Complete	Value			11
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max. <sup>[4]</sup>	Unit
Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	-	65	-	mA
Forward Voltage <sup>[1]</sup>	$V_{F}$	2.7	-	2.9	V
Luminous Intensity (5000K) <sup>[1]</sup>	l <sub>v</sub>	-	11.5 (35.6)	-	cd (lm)
Luminous Intensity (4000K) <sup>[1]</sup>	l <sub>v</sub>	-	11.7 (35.7)	-	cd (lm)
Luminous Intensity (2700K) <sup>[1]</sup>	l <sub>v</sub>	-	11.0 (33.0)	-	cd (lm)
CRI <sup>[1]</sup>	R <sub>a</sub>	80	-	-	
Viewing Angle [2]	2Θ <sub>1/2</sub>	-	120	-	Deg.
Thermal resistance (J to S) [3]	Rθ <sub>J-S</sub>	-	10	-	°C/W
ESD Sensitivity(HBM)	-		Class 3A JESE	)22-A114-E	

#### Table 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings[4]

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Forward Current	l <sub>F</sub>	400	mA
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	1.16	W
Junction Temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	125	°C
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40~ + 85	°C
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-40 ~ + 100	°C

#### Notes:

- [1] Tolerance : VF : $\pm$ 0.1V, IV : $\pm$ 7%, Ra : $\pm$ 2, x,y : $\pm$ 0.005
- [2]  $2\Theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the peak intensity.
- [3] Thermal resistance : Rth<sub>JS</sub> (Junction / solder)
- [4] It is recommended to use it in the condition that the reliability is secured within the Max value.
  - Calculated performance values are for reference only
  - All measurements were made under the standardized environment of seoul semiconductor
- LED's properties might be different from suggested values like above and below tables if
  operation condition will be exceeded our parameter range. Care is to be taken that power
  dissipation does not exceed the absolute maximum rating of the product.
- Thermal resistance can be increased substantially depending on the heat sink design/operating condition, and the maximum possible driving current will decrease accordingly.
- All measurements were made under the standardized environment of Seoul Semiconductor.

Fig 1. Color Spectrum, T<sub>i</sub> = 25°C

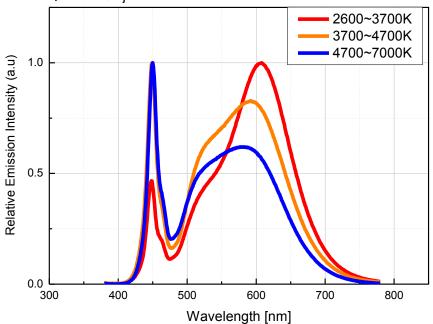


Fig 2. Radiant Pattern, T<sub>i</sub> = 25°C

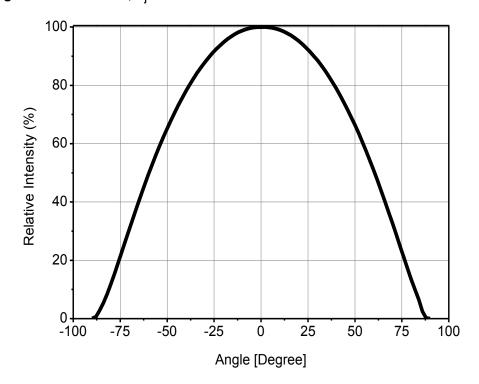


Fig 3. Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current, T<sub>i</sub> = 25°C

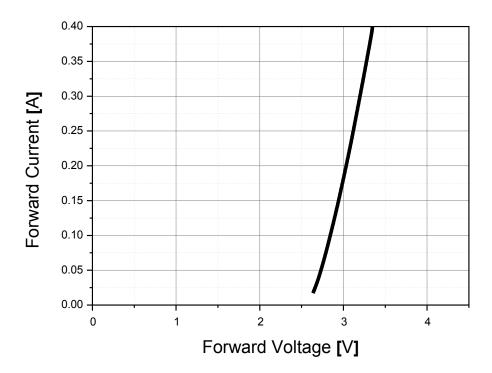


Fig 4. Forward Current vs. Relative Luminous Intensity, T<sub>i</sub> = 25°C

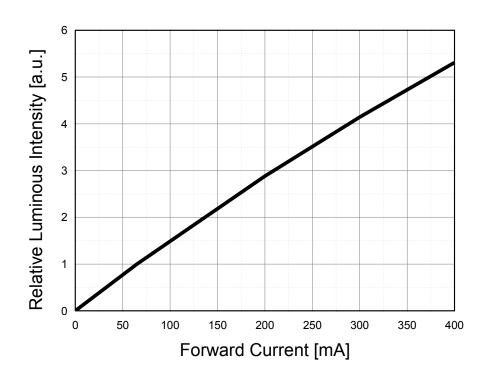
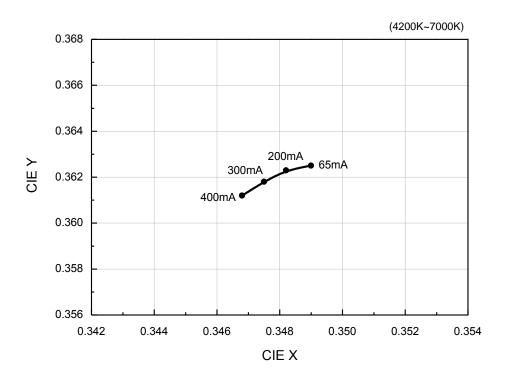


Fig 5. Forward Current vs. CIE X, Y Shift,  $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ 



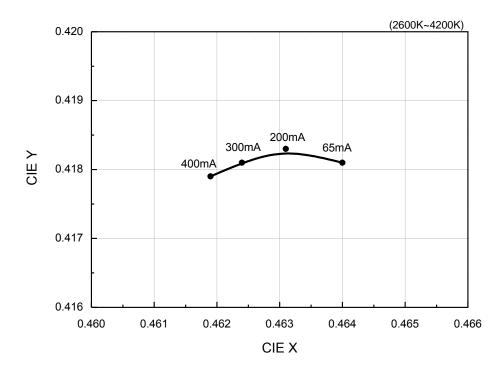


Fig 6. Junction Temperature vs. Relative Luminous Intensity, I<sub>F</sub>=65mA

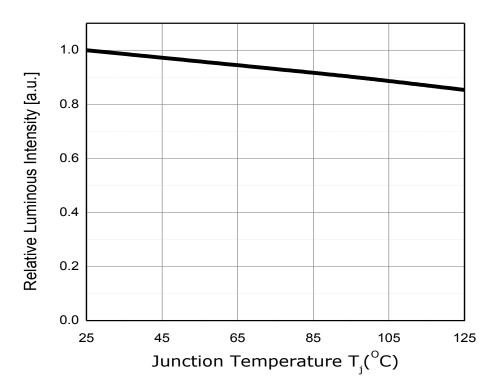


Fig 7. Junction Temperature vs. Relative Forward Voltage, I<sub>F</sub>=65mA

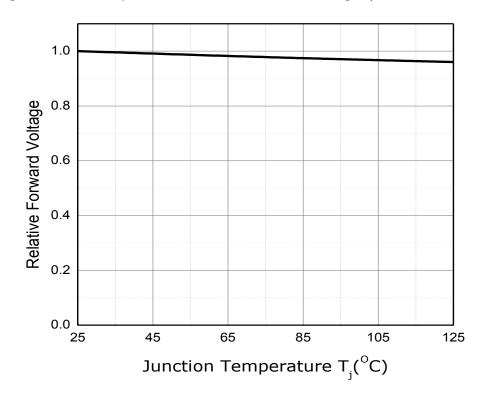
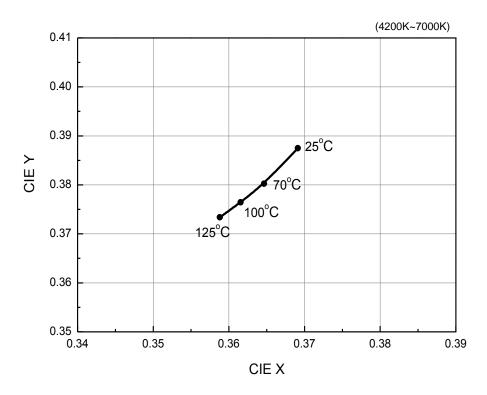


Fig 8. Chromaticity Coordinate vs. Junction Temperature, I<sub>F</sub>=65mA



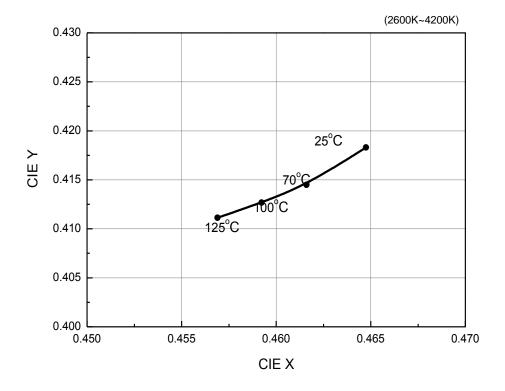
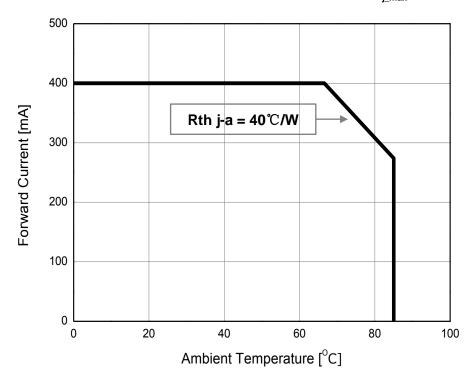


Fig 9. Ambient Temperature vs. Maximum Forward Current,  $T_{j\_max}$  = 125  $^{\circ}$ C



### **Color Bin Structure**

Table 5. Bin Code description, T<sub>i</sub>=25℃, I<sub>F</sub>=65mA

Part Number	Luminous Intensity (cd)			Color Chromaticity	Typical Forward Voltage (V)		
Part Number	Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Coordinate	Bin Code	Min.	Max.
	T0	10.0	10.5		Y1	2.7	2.8
	T5	10.5	11.0	•	Y2	2.8	2.9
STW8C2PB-E1	U0	11.0	11.3	Refer to page.12			
	U3	11.3	11.7				
	U7	11.7	12.5	•			·

#### Table 6. Intensity rank distribution

Available ranks

сст	CIE	IV Rank						
6000- 7000K	Α	ТО	T5	U0	U3	U7		
5300- 6000K	В	ТО	T5	U0	U3	U7		
4700 ~ 5300K	С	ТО	T5	U0	U3	U7		
4200 ~ 4700K	D	ТО	T5	U0	U3	U7		
3700 ~ 4200K	Е	ТО	T5	U0	U3	U7		
3200 ~ 3700K	F	ТО	T5	U0	U3	U7		
2900 ~ 3200K	G	ТО	T5	U0	U3	U7		
2600 ~ 2900K	Н	ТО	T5	U0	U3	U7		

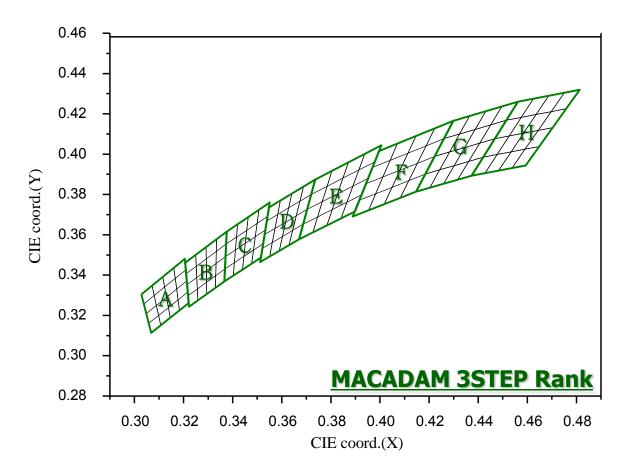
#### \*Notes:

All measurements were made under the standardized environment of Seoul Semiconductor.

In order to ensure availability, single color rank will not be orderable.

### **Color Bin Structure**

#### CIE Chromaticity Diagram T<sub>i</sub>=25℃, I<sub>F</sub>=65mA

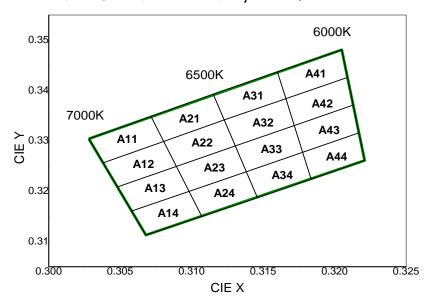


#### \*Notes:

- (1) Energy Star binning applied to all 2600~7000K.
- (2) Measurement Uncertainty of the Color Coordinates :  $\pm$  0.005

### **Color Bin Structure**

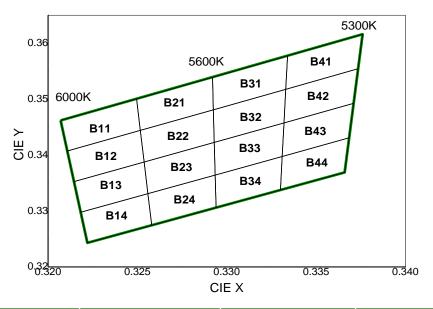
## CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Cool white), $T_j$ =25 $^{\circ}$ C, $I_F$ =65mA



<b>A</b> ′	11	A:	21	A3	3 <b>1</b>	A	41
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3028	0.3304	0.3072	0.3349	0.3115	0.3393	0.3160	0.3437
0.3038	0.3256	0.3080	0.3299	0.3123	0.3342	0.3166	0.3384
0.3080	0.3299	0.3123	0.3342	0.3166	0.3384	0.3209	0.3426
0.3072	0.3349	0.3115	0.3393	0.3160	0.3437	0.3205	0.3481
A	12	A:	22	A3	32	A	42
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3038	0.3256	0.3080	0.3299	0.3123	0.3342	0.3166	0.3384
0.3048	0.3209	0.3089	0.3249	0.3131	0.3290	0.3172	0.3331
0.3089	0.3249	0.3131	0.3290	0.3172	0.3331	0.3213	0.3371
0.3080	0.3299	0.3123	0.3342	0.3166	0.3384	0.3209	0.3426
A <sup>2</sup>	13	A:	23	A3	33	A	43
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3048	0.3209	0.3089	0.3249	0.3131	0.3290	0.3172	0.3331
0.3058	0.3161	0.3098	0.3200	0.3138	0.3239	0.3178	0.3277
0.3098	0.3200	0.3138	0.3239	0.3178	0.3277	0.3217	0.3316
0.3089	0.3249	0.3131	0.3290	0.3172	0.3331	0.3213	0.3371
A	14	A:	24	A3	34	A	44
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3058	0.3161	0.3098	0.3200	0.3138	0.3239	0.3178	0.3277
0.3068	0.3113	0.3107	0.3150	0.3146	0.3187	0.3184	0.3224
0.3107	0.3150	0.3146	0.3187	0.3184	0.3224	0.3221	0.3261

### **Color Bin Structure**

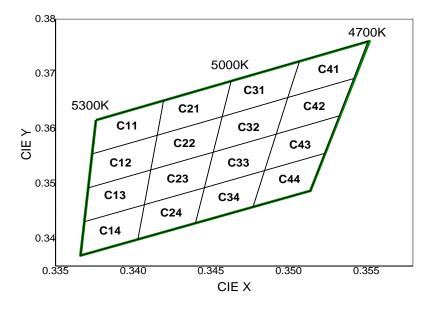
## CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Cool white), $T_j$ =25 $^{\circ}$ C, $I_F$ =65mA



	11	_ B	24		04	B	<b>11</b>
В		В	21	B3		В.	41
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3207	0.3462	0.3250	0.3501	0.3292	0.3539	0.3334	0.3578
0.3211	0.3407	0.3252	0.3444	0.3293	0.3481	0.3333	0.3518
0.3252	0.3444	0.3293	0.3481	0.3333	0.3518	0.3374	0.3554
0.3250	0.3501	0.3292	0.3539	0.3334	0.3578	0.3376	0.3616
В	12	В	22	В3	32	В	42
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3211	0.3407	0.3252	0.3444	0.3293	0.3481	0.3333	0.3518
0.3215	0.3353	0.3254	0.3388	0.3293	0.3423	0.3332	0.3458
0.3254	0.3388	0.3293	0.3423	0.3332	0.3458	0.3371	0.3493
0.3252	0.3444	0.3293	0.3481	0.3333	0.3518	0.3374	0.3554
R	13	B23		B33		B43	
	13						
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
			CIE Y 0.3388	CIE X 0.3293	CIE Y 0.3423	CIE X 0.3332	CIE Y 0.3458
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X					
CIE X 0.3215	CIE Y 0.3353	CIE X 0.3254	0.3388	0.3293	0.3423	0.3332	0.3458
CIE X 0.3215 0.3218	CIE Y 0.3353 0.3298	CIE X 0.3254 0.3256	0.3388 0.3331	0.3293 0.3294	0.3423 0.3364	0.3332 0.3331	0.3458
CIE X 0.3215 0.3218 0.3256 0.3254	CIE Y 0.3353 0.3298 0.3331	CIE X 0.3254 0.3256 0.3294 0.3293	0.3388 0.3331 0.3364	0.3293 0.3294 0.3331	0.3423 0.3364 0.3398 0.3458	0.3332 0.3331 0.3369 0.3371	0.3458 0.3398 0.3431
CIE X 0.3215 0.3218 0.3256 0.3254	CIE Y 0.3353 0.3298 0.3331 0.3388	CIE X 0.3254 0.3256 0.3294 0.3293	0.3388 0.3331 0.3364 0.3423	0.3293 0.3294 0.3331 0.3332	0.3423 0.3364 0.3398 0.3458	0.3332 0.3331 0.3369 0.3371	0.3458 0.3398 0.3431 0.3493
CIE X 0.3215 0.3218 0.3256 0.3254	CIE Y 0.3353 0.3298 0.3331 0.3388	CIE X 0.3254 0.3256 0.3294 0.3293 B	0.3388 0.3331 0.3364 0.3423	0.3293 0.3294 0.3331 0.3332	0.3423 0.3364 0.3398 0.3458	0.3332 0.3331 0.3369 0.3371	0.3458 0.3398 0.3431 0.3493
CIE X 0.3215 0.3218 0.3256 0.3254 B CIE X	CIE Y 0.3353 0.3298 0.3331 0.3388 14 CIE Y	CIE X 0.3254 0.3256 0.3294 0.3293 B CIE X	0.3388 0.3331 0.3364 0.3423 24 CIE Y	0.3293 0.3294 0.3331 0.3332 CIE X	0.3423 0.3364 0.3398 0.3458 34 CIE Y	0.3332 0.3331 0.3369 0.3371 B	0.3458 0.3398 0.3431 0.3493 44 CIE Y
CIE X 0.3215 0.3218 0.3256 0.3254 B CIE X 0.3218	CIE Y 0.3353 0.3298 0.3331 0.3388 14 CIE Y 0.3298	CIE X 0.3254 0.3256 0.3294 0.3293 B CIE X 0.3256	0.3388 0.3331 0.3364 0.3423 24 CIE Y 0.3331	0.3293 0.3294 0.3331 0.3332 B3 CIE X 0.3294	0.3423 0.3364 0.3398 0.3458 34 CIE Y 0.3364	0.3332 0.3331 0.3369 0.3371 B CIE X 0.3331	0.3458 0.3398 0.3431 0.3493 44 CIE Y 0.3398

### **Color Bin Structure**

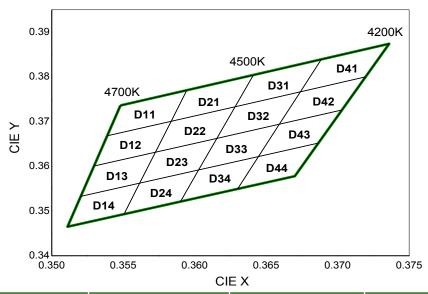
## CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Cool white), $T_j$ =25 $^{\circ}$ C, $I_F$ =65mA



C.	11	C	21	C	31	C41		
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	
0.3376	0.3616	0.3420	0.3652	0.3463	0.3687	0.3507	0.3724	
0.3374	0.3554	0.3415	0.3588	0.3457	0.3622	0.3500	0.3657	
0.3415	0.3588	0.3457	0.3622	0.3500	0.3657	0.3542	0.3692	
0.3420	0.3652	0.3463	0.3687	0.3507	0.3724	0.3551	0.3760	
C	12	C	22	C	32	C.	42	
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	
0.3374	0.3554	0.3415	0.3588	0.3457	0.3622	0.3500	0.3657	
0.3371	0.3493	0.3411	0.3525	0.3452	0.3558	0.3492	0.3591	
0.3411	0.3525	0.3452	0.3558	0.3492	0.3591	0.3533	0.3624	
0.3415	0.3588	0.3457	0.3622	0.3500	0.3657	0.3542	0.3692	
	C13 C23			C33			C43	
C.	13	C	23	C	33	C.	43	
CIE X	13 CIE Y	CIE X	23 CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	43 CIE Y	
			. *					
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	
CIE X 0.3371	CIE Y 0.3493	CIE X 0.3411	CIE Y 0.3525	CIE X 0.3452	CIE Y 0.3558	CIE X 0.3492	CIE Y 0.3591	
O.3371 0.3369	CIE Y 0.3493 0.3431	CIE X 0.3411 0.3407	CIE Y 0.3525 0.3462	CIE X 0.3452 0.3446	CIE Y 0.3558 0.3493	CIE X 0.3492 0.3485	CIE Y 0.3591 0.3524	
CIE X 0.3371 0.3369 0.3407	CIE Y 0.3493 0.3431 0.3462 0.3525	CIE X 0.3411 0.3407 0.3446 0.3452	CIE Y 0.3525 0.3462 0.3493	CIE X 0.3452 0.3446 0.3485	CIE Y 0.3558 0.3493 0.3524 0.3591	CIE X 0.3492 0.3485 0.3523 0.3533	CIE Y 0.3591 0.3524 0.3555	
CIE X 0.3371 0.3369 0.3407 0.3411	CIE Y 0.3493 0.3431 0.3462 0.3525	CIE X 0.3411 0.3407 0.3446 0.3452	CIE Y 0.3525 0.3462 0.3493 0.3558	CIE X 0.3452 0.3446 0.3485 0.3492	CIE Y 0.3558 0.3493 0.3524 0.3591	CIE X 0.3492 0.3485 0.3523 0.3533	CIE Y 0.3591 0.3524 0.3555 0.3624	
CIE X 0.3371 0.3369 0.3407 0.3411	CIE Y 0.3493 0.3431 0.3462 0.3525	CIE X 0.3411 0.3407 0.3446 0.3452	CIE Y 0.3525 0.3462 0.3493 0.3558	CIE X 0.3452 0.3446 0.3485 0.3492	CIE Y 0.3558 0.3493 0.3524 0.3591	CIE X 0.3492 0.3485 0.3523 0.3533	CIE Y 0.3591 0.3524 0.3555 0.3624	
CIE X 0.3371 0.3369 0.3407 0.3411 C: CIE X	CIE Y 0.3493 0.3431 0.3462 0.3525 14 CIE Y	CIE X 0.3411 0.3407 0.3446 0.3452 CIE X	CIE Y 0.3525 0.3462 0.3493 0.3558 24 CIE Y	CIE X 0.3452 0.3446 0.3485 0.3492 CIE X	CIE Y 0.3558 0.3493 0.3524 0.3591 34 CIE Y	CIE X 0.3492 0.3485 0.3523 0.3533 C: CIE X	CIE Y 0.3591 0.3524 0.3555 0.3624 44 CIE Y	
CIE X 0.3371 0.3369 0.3407 0.3411 C: CIE X 0.3369	CIE Y 0.3493 0.3431 0.3462 0.3525 14 CIE Y 0.3431	CIE X 0.3411 0.3407 0.3446 0.3452 CIE X 0.3407	CIE Y 0.3525 0.3462 0.3493 0.3558 24 CIE Y 0.3462	CIE X 0.3452 0.3446 0.3485 0.3492 CIE X 0.3446	CIE Y 0.3558 0.3493 0.3524 0.3591 34 CIE Y 0.3493	CIE X 0.3492 0.3485 0.3523 0.3533 CIE X 0.3485	CIE Y 0.3591 0.3524 0.3555 0.3624 44 CIE Y 0.3524	

## **Color Bin Structure**

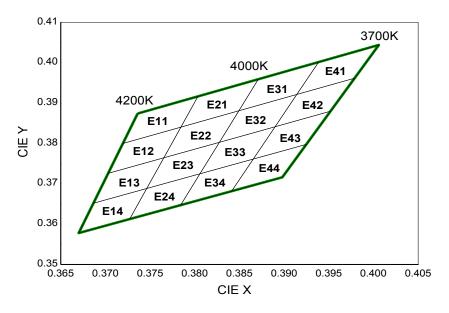
### CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Neutral white), $T_i$ =25 $^{\circ}$ C, $I_F$ =65mA



D <sup>*</sup>	11	D	21	D3	31	D <sub>1</sub>	41
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3548	0.3736	0.3595	0.3770	0.3641	0.3804	0.3689	0.3839
0.3539	0.3668	0.3584	0.3701	0.3628	0.3733	0.3674	0.3767
0.3584	0.3701	0.3628	0.3733	0.3674	0.3767	0.3720	0.3800
0.3595	0.3770	0.3641	0.3804	0.3689	0.3839	0.3736	0.3874
D <sup>2</sup>	12	D	22	D3	32	D <sub>1</sub>	42
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3539	0.3668	0.3584	0.3701	0.3628	0.3733	0.3674	0.3767
0.3530	0.3601	0.3573	0.3632	0.3616	0.3663	0.3659	0.3694
0.3573	0.3632	0.3616	0.3663	0.3659	0.3694	0.3703	0.3726
0.3584	0.3701	0.3628	0.3733	0.3674	0.3767	0.3720	0.3800
D.	13	D	23	D33		D43	
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3530	0.3601	0.3573	0.3632	0.3616	0.3663	0.3659	0.3694
0.3530	0.3601 0.3533	0.3573 0.3562	0.3632 0.3562	0.3616 0.3603	0.3663 0.3592	0.3659 0.3645	0.3694 0.3622
0.3520	0.3533	0.3562	0.3562	0.3603	0.3592	0.3645	0.3622
0.3520 0.3562	0.3533 0.3562 0.3632	0.3562 0.3603 0.3616	0.3562 0.3592	0.3603 0.3645	0.3592 0.3622 0.3694	0.3645 0.3687 0.3703	0.3622 0.3652
0.3520 0.3562 0.3573	0.3533 0.3562 0.3632	0.3562 0.3603 0.3616	0.3562 0.3592 0.3663	0.3603 0.3645 0.3659	0.3592 0.3622 0.3694	0.3645 0.3687 0.3703	0.3622 0.3652 0.3726
0.3520 0.3562 0.3573	0.3533 0.3562 0.3632	0.3562 0.3603 0.3616	0.3562 0.3592 0.3663	0.3603 0.3645 0.3659	0.3592 0.3622 0.3694	0.3645 0.3687 0.3703	0.3622 0.3652 0.3726
0.3520 0.3562 0.3573 D	0.3533 0.3562 0.3632 14 CIE Y	0.3562 0.3603 0.3616 Di	0.3562 0.3592 0.3663 24 CIE Y	0.3603 0.3645 0.3659 D3	0.3592 0.3622 0.3694 34 CIE Y	0.3645 0.3687 0.3703 De	0.3622 0.3652 0.3726 44 CIE Y
0.3520 0.3562 0.3573 D: CIE X 0.3520	0.3533 0.3562 0.3632 14 CIE Y 0.3533	0.3562 0.3603 0.3616 D: CIE X 0.3562	0.3562 0.3592 0.3663 24 CIE Y 0.3562	0.3603 0.3645 0.3659 D3 CIE X 0.3603	0.3592 0.3622 0.3694 84 CIE Y 0.3592	0.3645 0.3687 0.3703 D.CIE X 0.3645	0.3622 0.3652 0.3726 44 CIE Y 0.3622

### **Color Bin Structure**

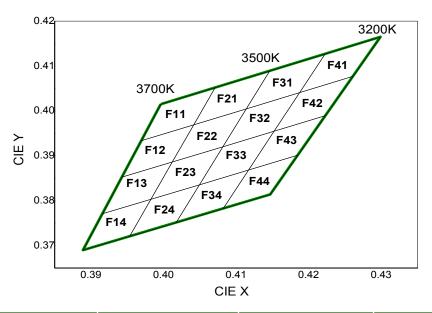
### CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Neutral white), $T_i$ =25 $^{\circ}$ C, $I_F$ =65mA



E	11	E	21	E3	31	E4	41	
CIE X	CIE Y							
0.3736	0.3874	0.3804	0.3917	0.3871	0.3959	0.3939	0.4002	
0.3720	0.3800	0.3784	0.3841	0.3849	0.3881	0.3914	0.3922	
0.3784	0.3841	0.3849	0.3881	0.3914	0.3922	0.3979	0.3962	
0.3804	0.3917	0.3871	0.3959	0.3939	0.4002	0.4006	0.4044	
E	12	E	22	E3	32	E/	42	
CIE X	CIE Y							
0.3720	0.3800	0.3784	0.3841	0.3849	0.3881	0.3914	0.3922	
0.3703	0.3726	0.3765	0.3765	0.3828	0.3803	0.3890	0.3842	
0.3765	0.3765	0.3828	0.3803	0.3890	0.3842	0.3952	0.3880	
0.3784	0.3841	0.3849	0.3881	0.3914	0.3922	0.3979	0.3962	
E	13	E	E23		E33		E43	
CIE X	CIE Y							
0.3703	0.3726	0.3765	0.3765	0.3828	0.3803	0.3890	0.3842	
0.3687	0.3652	0.3746	0.3689	0.3806	0.3725	0.3865	0.3762	
0.3746	0.3689	0.3806	0.3725	0.3865	0.3762	0.3925	0.3798	
0.3765	0.3765	0.3828	0.3803	0.3890	0.3842	0.3952	0.3880	
E	14	E	24	E3	34	E.	44	
CIE X	CIE Y							
0.3687	0.3652	0.3746	0.3689	0.3806	0.3725	0.3865	0.3762	
0.3670	0.3578	0.3727	0.3613	0.3784	0.3647	0.3841	0.3682	
0.3727	0.3613	0.3784	0.3647	0.3841	0.3682	0.3898	0.3716	
0.3746	0.3689	0.3806	0.3725	0.3865	0.3762	0.3925	0.3798	

## **Color Bin Structure**

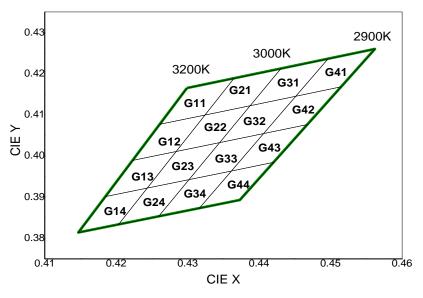
## CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Warm white), $T_j$ =25 $^{\circ}$ C, $I_F$ =65mA



			04	_=-		_ =	
F <sub>1</sub>	11	F:	21	F3	51	F4	41
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3996	0.4015	0.4071	0.4052	0.4146	0.4089	0.4223	0.4127
0.3969	0.3934	0.4042	0.3969	0.4114	0.4005	0.4187	0.4041
0.4042	0.3969	0.4114	0.4005	0.4187	0.4041	0.4261	0.4077
0.4071	0.4052	0.4146	0.4089	0.4223	0.4127	0.4299	0.4165
F′	12	F:	22	F3	32	F4	42
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3969	0.3934	0.4042	0.3969	0.4114	0.4005	0.4187	0.4041
0.3943	0.3853	0.4012	0.3886	0.4082	0.3920	0.4152	0.3955
0.4012	0.3886	0.4082	0.3920	0.4152	0.3955	0.4223	0.3990
0.4042	0.3969	0.4114	0.4005	0.4187	0.4041	0.4261	0.4077
F <sup>2</sup>	13	F:	23	F3	33	F4	43
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3943	0.3853	0.4012	0.3886	0.4082	0.3920	0.4152	0.3955
0.3916	0.3771	0.3983	0.3803	0.4049	0.3836	0.4117	0.3869
0.3983	0.3803	0.4049	0.3836	0.4117	0.3869	0.4185	0.3902
0.4012	0.3886	0.4082	0.3920	0.4152	0.3955	0.4223	0.3990
F <sup>2</sup>	14	F:	24	F3	34	F4	14
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.3916	0.3771	0.3983	0.3803	0.4049	0.3836	0.4117	0.3869
0.3889	0.3690	0.3953	0.3721	0.4017	0.3751	0.4082	0.3783
0.3953	0.3721	0.4017	0.3751	0.4082	0.3783	0.4147	0.3814
0.3983	0.3803	0.4049	0.3836	0.4117	0.3869	0.4185	0.3902

### **Color Bin Structure**

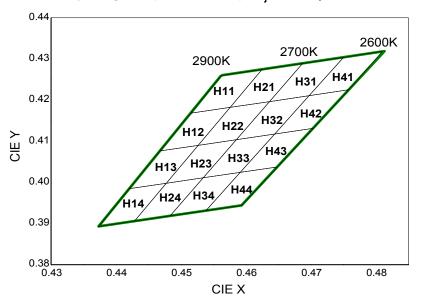
### CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Warm white), T<sub>j</sub>=25℃, I<sub>F</sub>=65mA



G	11	G	21	G:	31	G	41
CIE X	CIE Y						
0.4299	0.4165	0.4364	0.4188	0.4430	0.4212	0.4496	0.4236
0.4261	0.4077	0.4324	0.4099	0.4387	0.4122	0.4451	0.4145
0.4324	0.4100	0.4387	0.4122	0.4451	0.4145	0.4514	0.4168
0.4365	0.4189	0.4430	0.4212	0.4496	0.4236	0.4562	0.4260
G	12	G	22	G:	32	G	42
CIE X	CIE Y						
0.4261	0.4077	0.4324	0.4100	0.4387	0.4122	0.4451	0.4145
0.4223	0.3990	0.4284	0.4011	0.4345	0.4033	0.4406	0.4055
0.4284	0.4011	0.4345	0.4033	0.4406	0.4055	0.4468	0.4077
0.4324	0.4100	0.4387	0.4122	0.4451	0.4145	0.4515	0.4168
G	13	G	23	G:	33	G	43
CIE X	CIE Y						
0.4223	0.3990	0.4284	0.4011	0.4345	0.4033	0.4406	0.4055
0.4185	0.3902	0.4243	0.3922	0.4302	0.3943	0.4361	0.3964
0.4243	0.3922	0.4302	0.3943	0.4361	0.3964	0.4420	0.3985
0.4284	0.4011	0.4345	0.4033	0.4406	0.4055	0.4468	0.4077
G	14	G	24	G:	34	G	44
CIE X	CIE Y						
0.4243	0.3922	0.4302	0.3943	0.4302	0.3943	0.4361	0.3964
0.4203	0.3834	0.4259	0.3853	0.4259	0.3853	0.4316	0.3873
0.4147	0.3814	0.4203	0.3834	0.4316	0.3873	0.4373	0.3893
0.4185	0.3902	0.4243	0.3922	0.4361	0.3964	0.4420	0.3985

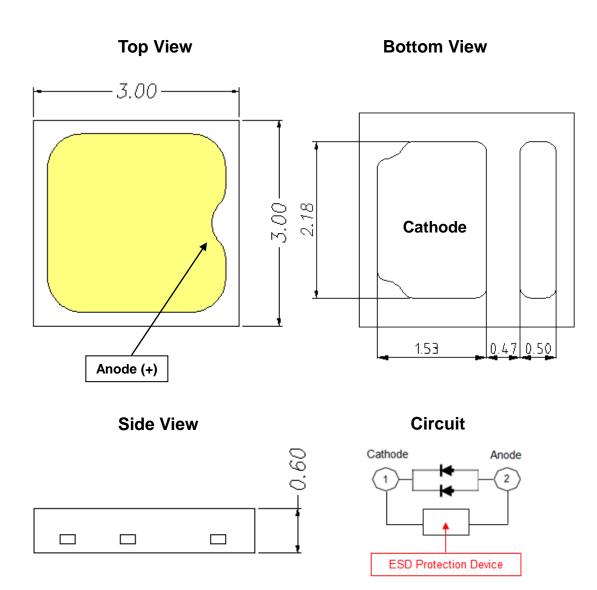
### **Color Bin Structure**

### CIE Chromaticity Diagram (Warm white), T<sub>i</sub>=25℃, I<sub>F</sub>=65mA



H	11	H	21	Н	31	H	41
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.4562	0.4260	0.4625	0.4275	0.4687	0.4289	0.4750	0.4304
0.4515	0.4168	0.4575	0.4182	0.4636	0.4197	0.4697	0.4211
0.4575	0.4182	0.4636	0.4197	0.4697	0.4211	0.4758	0.4225
0.4625	0.4275	0.4687	0.4289	0.4750	0.4304	0.4810	0.4319
H	12	H	22	H	32	H	42
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
0.4515	0.4168	0.4575	0.4182	0.4636	0.4197	0.4697	0.4211
0.4468	0.4077	0.4526	0.4090	0.4585	0.4104	0.4644	0.4118
0.4526	0.4090	0.4585	0.4104	0.4644	0.4118	0.4703	0.4132
0.4575	0.4182	0.4636	0.4197	0.4697	0.4211	0.4758	0.4225
H	13	H	23	H:	33	H	43
CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y	CIE X	CIE Y
CIE X 0.4468	CIE Y 0.4077	CIE X 0.4526	CIE Y 0.4090	CIE X 0.4585	CIE Y 0.4104	CIE X 0.4644	CIE Y 0.4118
0.4468	0.4077	0.4526	0.4090	0.4585	0.4104	0.4644	0.4118
0.4468	0.4077 0.3985	0.4526 0.4477	0.4090 0.3998	0.4585 0.4534	0.4104 0.4012	0.4644 0.4591	0.4118 0.4025
0.4468 0.4420 0.4477	0.4077 0.3985 0.3998 0.4090	0.4526 0.4477 0.4534 0.4585	0.4090 0.3998 0.4012	0.4585 0.4534 0.4591	0.4104 0.4012 0.4025 0.4118	0.4644 0.4591 0.4648	0.4118 0.4025 0.4038 0.4132
0.4468 0.4420 0.4477 0.4526	0.4077 0.3985 0.3998 0.4090	0.4526 0.4477 0.4534 0.4585	0.4090 0.3998 0.4012 0.4104	0.4585 0.4534 0.4591 0.4644	0.4104 0.4012 0.4025 0.4118	0.4644 0.4591 0.4648 0.4703	0.4118 0.4025 0.4038 0.4132
0.4468 0.4420 0.4477 0.4526	0.4077 0.3985 0.3998 0.4090	0.4526 0.4477 0.4534 0.4585	0.4090 0.3998 0.4012 0.4104	0.4585 0.4534 0.4591 0.4644	0.4104 0.4012 0.4025 0.4118	0.4644 0.4591 0.4648 0.4703	0.4118 0.4025 0.4038 0.4132
0.4468 0.4420 0.4477 0.4526 H	0.4077 0.3985 0.3998 0.4090 14	0.4526 0.4477 0.4534 0.4585 H:	0.4090 0.3998 0.4012 0.4104 24 CIE Y	0.4585 0.4534 0.4591 0.4644 CIE X	0.4104 0.4012 0.4025 0.4118 34 CIE Y	0.4644 0.4591 0.4648 0.4703	0.4118 0.4025 0.4038 0.4132 44 CIE Y
0.4468 0.4420 0.4477 0.4526 H' CIE X 0.4420	0.4077 0.3985 0.3998 0.4090 14 CIE Y 0.3985	0.4526 0.4477 0.4534 0.4585 H: CIE X 0.4477	0.4090 0.3998 0.4012 0.4104 24 CIE Y 0.3998	0.4585 0.4534 0.4591 0.4644 H3 CIE X 0.4534	0.4104 0.4012 0.4025 0.4118 34 CIE Y 0.4012	0.4644 0.4591 0.4648 0.4703 H-CIE X 0.4591	0.4118 0.4025 0.4038 0.4132 44 CIE Y 0.4025

### **Mechanical Dimensions**

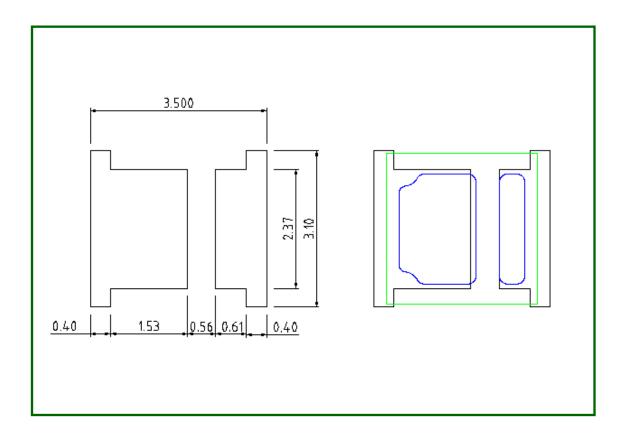


(1) All dimensions are in millimeters.

(2) Scale: none

(3) Undefined tolerance is  $\pm 0.2 \text{mm}$ 

### **Recommended Solder Pad**



#### Notes:

- (1) All dimensions are in millimeters.
- (2) Scale: none
- (3) This drawing without tolerances are for reference only
- (4) Undefined tolerance is  $\pm 0.1 \text{mm}$

## **Reflow Soldering Characteristics**

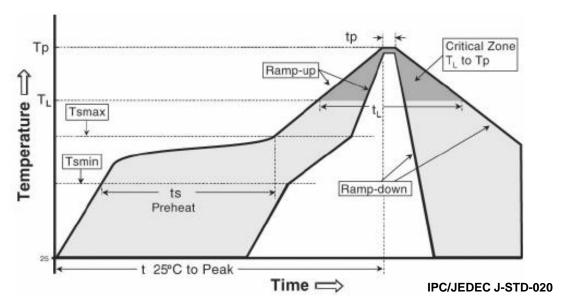


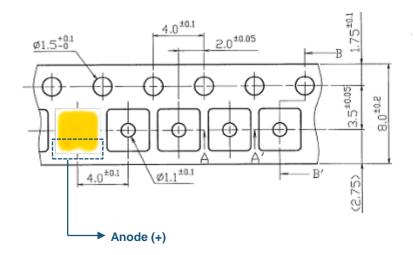
Table 7.

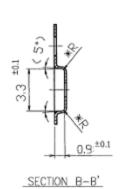
Profile Feature	Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly	Pb-Free Assembly
Average ramp-up rate (Tsmax to Tp)	3° C/second max.	3° C/second max.
Preheat - Temperature Min (Tsmin) - Temperature Max (Tsmax) - Time (Tsmin to Tsmax) (ts)	100 °C 150 °C 60-120 seconds	150 °C 200 °C 60-180 seconds
Time maintained above: - Temperature (TL) - Time (tL)	183 °C 60-150 seconds	217 °C 60-150 seconds
Peak Temperature (Tp)	215℃	260℃
Time within 5°C of actual Peak Temperature (tp)2	10-30 seconds	20-40 seconds
Ramp-down Rate	6 °C/second max.	6 °C/second max.
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	6 minutes max.	8 minutes max.

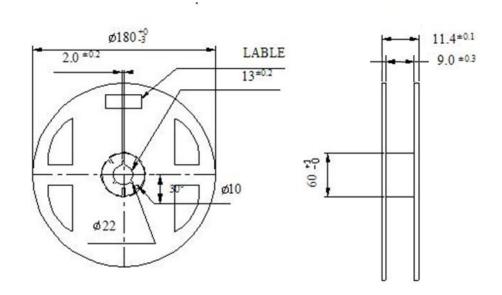
#### Caution

- (1) Reflow soldering is recommended not to be done more than two times. In the case of more than 24 hours passed soldering after first, LEDs will be damaged.
- (2) Repairs should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repair is unavoidable, suitable tools must be used.
- (3) Die slug is to be soldered.
- (4) When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- (5) After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

## **Emitter Tape & Reel Packing**







( Tolerance:  $\pm 0.2$ , Unit: mm )

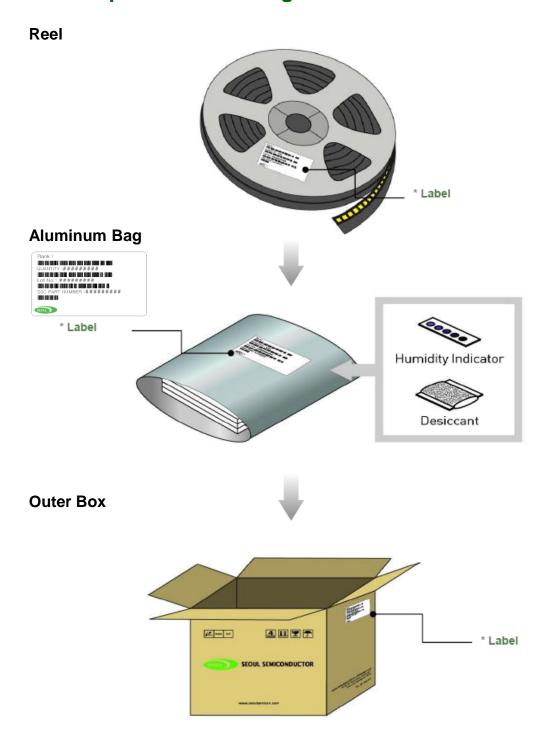
- (1) Quantity: 4,500pcs/Reel
- (2) Cumulative Tolerance : Cumulative Tolerance/10 pitches to be  $\pm 0.2$ mm
- (3) Adhesion Strength of Cover Tape

Adhesion strength to be 0.1-0.7N when the cover tape is turned off from the carrier tape at the angle of 10° to the carrier tape.

(4) Package: P/N, Manufacturing data Code No. and Quantity to be indicated on a damp proof Package.



# **Emitter Tape & Reel Packing**



### **Product Nomenclature**

Table 8. Part Numbering System :  $X_1X_2X_3X_4X_5X_6X_7X_8-X_9X_{10}$ 

Part Number Code	Description	Part Number	Value
<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub>	Company	S	
X <sub>2</sub>	Top View LED series	Т	
X <sub>3</sub> X <sub>4</sub>	Color Specification	W8	CRI 80
X <sub>5</sub>	Package series	С	C series
X <sub>6</sub> X <sub>7</sub>	Characteristic code	2P	
X <sub>8</sub>	Revision	В	
X <sub>9</sub> X <sub>10</sub>	Characteristic	E1	

Table 9. Lot Numbering System :Y<sub>1</sub>Y<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>3</sub>Y<sub>4</sub>Y<sub>5</sub>Y<sub>6</sub>Y<sub>7</sub>Y<sub>8</sub>Y<sub>9</sub>Y<sub>10</sub>-Y<sub>11</sub>Y<sub>12</sub>Y<sub>13</sub>Y<sub>14</sub>Y<sub>15</sub>Y<sub>16</sub>Y<sub>17</sub>

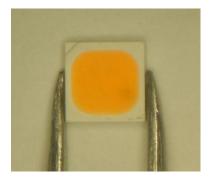
Lot Number Code	Description	Lot Number	Value
Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>2</sub>	Year		
Y <sub>3</sub>	Month		
Y <sub>4</sub> Y <sub>5</sub>	Day		
Y <sub>6</sub>	Top View LED series		
Y <sub>7</sub> Y <sub>8</sub> Y <sub>9</sub> Y <sub>10</sub>	Mass order		
Y <sub>11</sub> Y <sub>12</sub> Y <sub>13</sub> Y <sub>14</sub> Y <sub>15</sub> Y <sub>16</sub> Y <sub>17</sub>	Internal Number		

## **Handling of Silicone Resin for LEDs**

(1) During processing, mechanical stress on the surface should be minimized as much as possible. Sharp objects of all types should not be used to pierce the sealing compound.



(2) In general, LEDs should only be handled from the side. By the way, this also applies to LEDs without a silicone sealant, since the surface can also become scratched.



- (3) When populating boards in SMT production, there are basically no restrictions regarding the form of the pick and place nozzle, except that mechanical pressure on the surface of the resin must be prevented. This is assured by choosing a pick and place nozzle which is larger than the LED's reflector area.
- (4) Silicone differs from materials conventionally used for the manufacturing of LEDs. These conditions must be considered during the handling of such devices. Compared to standard encapsulants, silicone is generally softer, and the surface is more likely to attract dust.

As mentioned previously, the increased sensitivity to dust requires special care during processing. In cases where a minimal level of dirt and dust particles cannot be guaranteed, a suitable cleaning solution must be applied to the surface after the soldering of components.

- (5) SSC suggests using isopropyl alcohol for cleaning. In case other solvents are used, it must be assured that these solvents do not dissolve the package or resin.

  Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended. Ultrasonic cleaning may cause damage to the LED.
- (6) Please do not mold this product into another resin (epoxy, urethane, etc) and do not handle this. product with acid or sulfur material in sealed space.

### **Precaution for Use**

(1) Storage

To avoid the moisture penetration, we recommend store in a dry box with a desiccant. The recommended storage temperature range is  $5^{\circ}$ C to  $30^{\circ}$ C and a maximum humidity of RH50%.

(2) Use Precaution after Opening the Packaging

Use SMT techniques properly when you solder the LED as separation of the lens may affect the light output efficiency.

Pay attention to the following:

- a. Recommend conditions after opening the package
  - Sealing / Temperature : 5 ~ 40 °C Humidity : less than RH30%
- b. If the package has been opened more than 4 week(MSL\_2a) or the color of the desiccant changes, components should be dried for 10-12hr at  $60\pm5$  °C
- (3) Do not apply mechanical force or excess vibration during the cooling process to normal temperature after soldering.
- (4) Do not rapidly cool device after soldering.
- (5) Components should not be mounted on warped (non coplanar) portion of PCB.
- (6) Radioactive exposure is not considered for the products listed here in.
- (7) Gallium arsenide is used in some of the products listed in this publication. These products are dangerous if they are burned or shredded in the process of disposal. It is also dangerous to drink the liquid or inhale the gas generated by such products when chemically disposed of.
- (8) This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent and etc. When washing is required, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) should be used.
- (9) When the LEDs are in operation the maximum current should be decided after measuring the package temperature.
- (10) Don't recommend to use it for cold storage lighting .

#### **Precaution for Use**

- (11) The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.
- (12) Long time exposure of sunlight or occasional UV exposure will cause lens discoloration.
- (13) VOCs (Volatile organic compounds) emitted from materials used in the construction of fixtures can penetrate silicone encapsulants of LEDs and discolor when exposed to heat and photonic energy. The result can be a significant loss of light output from the fixture. Knowledge of the properties of the materials selected to be used in the construction of fixtures can help prevent these issues.
- (14) Attaching LEDs, do not use adhesives that outgas organic vapor.
- (15) The driving circuit must be designed to allow forward voltage only when it is ON or OFF.
  If the reverse voltage is applied to LED, migration can be generated resulting in LED damage.
- (16) Similar to most Solid state devices;
  LEDs are sensitive to Electro-Static Discharge (ESD) and Electrical Over Stress (EOS).
  Below is a list of suggestions that Seoul Semiconductor purposes to minimize these effects.
- a. ESD (Electro Static Discharge)

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) is the defined as the release of static electricity when two objects come into contact. While most ESD events are considered harmless, it can be an expensive problem in many industrial environments during production and storage. The damage from ESD to an LEDs may cause the product to demonstrate unusual characteristics such as:

- Increase in reverse leakage current lowered turn-on voltage
- Abnormal emissions from the LED at low current

The following recommendations are suggested to help minimize the potential for an ESD event. One or more recommended work area suggestions:

- Ionizing fan setup
- ESD table/shelf mat made of conductive materials
- ESD safe storage containers

One or more personnel suggestion options:

- Antistatic wrist-strap
- Antistatic material shoes
- Antistatic clothes

#### Environmental controls:

- Humidity control (ESD gets worse in a dry environment)

#### **Precaution for Use**

#### b. EOS (Electrical Over Stress)

Electrical Over-Stress (EOS) is defined as damage that may occur when an electronic device is subjected to a current or voltage that is beyond the maximum specification limits of the device. The effects from an EOS event can be noticed through product performance like:

- Changes to the performance of the LED package
  (If the damage is around the bond pad area and since the package is completely encapsulated the package may turn on but flicker show severe performance degradation.)
- Changes to the light output of the luminaire from component failure
- Components on the board not operating at determined drive power

Failure of performance from entire fixture due to changes in circuit voltage and current across total circuit causing trickle down failures. It is impossible to predict the failure mode of every LED exposed to electrical overstress as the failure modes have been investigated to vary, but there are some common signs that will indicate an EOS event has occurred:

- Damaged may be noticed to the bond wires (appearing similar to a blown fuse)
- Damage to the bond pads located on the emission surface of the LED package (shadowing can be noticed around the bond pads while viewing through a microscope)
- Anomalies noticed in the encapsulation and phosphor around the bond wires.
- This damage usually appears due to the thermal stress produced during the EOS event.
- c. To help minimize the damage from an EOS event Seoul Semiconductor recommends utilizing:
  - A surge protection circuit
  - An appropriately rated over voltage protection device
  - A current limiting device



## **Company Information**

#### Published by

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#### **Company Information**

Seoul Semiconductor (www.SeoulSemicon.com) manufacturers and packages a wide selection of light emitting diodes (LEDs) for the automotive, general illumination/lighting, Home appliance, signage and back lighting markets. The company is the world's fifth largest LED supplier, holding more than 10,000 patents globally, while offering a wide range of LED technology and production capacity in areas such as "nPola", "Acrich", the world's first commercially produced AC LED, and "Acrich MJT - Multi-Junction Technology" a proprietary family of high-voltage LEDs.

The company's broad product portfolio includes a wide array of package and device choices such as Acrich and Acirch2, high-brightness LEDs, mid-power LEDs, side-view LEDs, and through-hole type LEDs as well as custom modules, displays, and sensors.

#### **Legal Disclaimer**

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